



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



COUNTRY PROGRAMMING FRAMEWORK FOR UKRAINE

2016 to 2019

July 2016

I. Introduction

1. This Country Programming Framework (CPF) targets six of the 10 Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food of Ukraine (MAPF) priority areas on agriculture and rural development, to guide FAO partnership with and support to the MAPF, bringing together innovative international best practices and global standards with national and regional expertise during four years, from 2016 to 2019.
2. The CPF was prepared following consultation and agreement with the MAPF as well as representatives of other relevant line Ministries, professional business associations, science and civil society.

II. Country context and priorities

3. The main national development and sector legislative framework in the area of FAO's mandate is the "[Strategy for Agriculture and Rural Development 2015-2020](#)" (hereinafter referred to as the "Strategy"). The Strategy was approved by the National Reforms Council on 4 December 2015 and has set-up the ten Government priority areas for the agriculture and rural development sector of the country; in addition to the 10 priority areas identified, the Strategy highlights the greater vulnerability of rural women compared to men, especially those women in older age¹. Priority actions mentioned in the Strategy in this context are, among others, promotion of opportunities for young people and women in running family farms, and support to rural women's economic empowerment². Specific priority actions and timeframe for the implementation of the Strategy are described in the [Strategy Action Plan](#). Both Strategy and Action Plan have been the main references for the development of this CPF.
4. The CPF is implemented in line with FAO Strategic Objectives through their alignment into Regional Priorities and Regional Initiatives³ as officially adopted by respective FAO Conferences. Ukraine is a focus country for the Regional Initiative on Agri-food Trade and Market Integration in Europe and Central Asia.

III. FAO's contribution and expected results

5. In line with the Strategy priority areas as well as with programmes and projects of other relevant partners working in the country, the MAPF and FAO have agreed on the following priority areas and expected results (reflected as outputs in Annex 1):
 1. Business climate and law enforcement and setting up of a stable legal framework
 2. Land reform and food security
 3. Agri-food production chain development and access to international markets
 4. Environment and management of natural resources including forestry and fisheries.
6. The CPF is also aligned with the priority areas and outcomes of the 2012-16 [United Nations Partnership Framework](#) (UNPF), as described in Annex 2, in order to maximize FAO's comparative advantage, leverage synergies and increase effectiveness with other UN agencies. Through its activities, FAO will support the incorporation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) into the national policy documents on agriculture and environment and will support MAPF efforts for their effective implementation in the respective areas.

¹UNDP & Ukrainian Parliament Commissioner for Human Rights [study](#) on the status of rural women (2015)

² This goes in line with the priorities set by the Government in the *State Programme on Ensuring Equal Rights and Opportunities of Women and Men up to 2016*, grounded in the CEDAW reports and reaffirmed in the National Review under the Beijing +.

³ (i) Empowering smallholders and family farms in Europe and Central Asia (Regional Initiative 1), and (ii) Agri-food trade and market integration in Europe and Central Asia (Regional Initiative 2); as well as attention to strengthening food security and nutrition, natural resource management including fisheries and forestry, and control of animal and plant pests and diseases and food safety hazards.

7. The description below outlines the main fields of cooperation under the priority areas while a detailed list of outputs and targets is available in the Results and Resource Requirements matrix (Annex 1) that also shows the coherence with FAO Regional Priorities and Initiatives and UNPF outcomes. During the implementation of the CPF the cross-cutting themes of nutrition, gender equality and governance from FAO's Strategic Framework will be mainstreamed into the projects and regular work under the priority areas.

Priority area 1: Business climate and law enforcement and setting up of a stable legal framework

1.a) Market integration and access to markets for women and men farmers as well as adequate plant protection support is limited and capacities of public institutions are underdeveloped. In that sense, focus of FAO intervention will be on phytosanitary control services at national level. Specific results to be achieved with the intervention are related to the development of an implementation framework for national phytosanitary control services and enhancement of capacities of personnel and inspectors with regard to pest risk analysis and surveillance.

1.b) Sustainable land management and soil conservation in Ukraine is a key issue. Conservation Agriculture (CA) is applied by large agro holdings but an adequate framework and legislation are missing. FAO intervention would focus on assessment of the situation. The results to be achieved would comprise recommendations for promotion of CA and identification of investments to further support the implementation of CA in the country.

1.c) Organic production and certification are an issue of high priority for Ukraine, considering the high potential of the country given its naturally fertile soils and the minimum requirement for use of synthetic fertilizers, pesticides and herbicides. However the number of agricultural holdings in Ukraine that have been certified under EU standards and regulations related to Organic Farming is still very limited. FAO intervention in this area will be focused on supporting the development of the legislative framework related to organic production and certification in line with EU standards and regulations and on providing capacity building and awareness to relevant MAPF staff and farmers.

1.d) The seed sector in Ukraine plays a key role in agriculture production. Nevertheless a clear understanding of the situation of the Sector is needed in order to identify the best approach for supporting it. FAO will focus its assistance on assessing what the current status of the Sector is and defining which priority actions to support.

1.e) Trans boundary Animal Diseases (TADs) pose a high risk to the country in terms of animal and public health. The country lacks adequate tools and capacities to implement appropriate strategies for prevention, control and surveillance of relevant TADs. Through FAO's support to this field, capacities and awareness among key stakeholders at national level will be strengthened.

1.f) Animal production in Ukraine needs better technical management and increased efficiency on animal production systems. Further efforts are needed in order to ensure conservation of animal genetic resources. FAO will contribute to this through enhancing capacities of male and female small-scale livestock farmers as well as NGOs involved with these specific issues.

1.g) Ukraine is a country with an active import-export activity in the agriculture sector. Adaptation of the current legislation with international and EU requirements will be key in obtaining rights of exports to relevant trading partners. FAO will contribute to this process by enhancing policy and technical capacities at national level related to food safety and value chain development, and draft legal texts related to the agriculture sector in the context of the EU-UA Association Agreement.

1.h) The donor community in Ukraine is actively involved in the implementation of the Strategy for Agriculture and Rural Development. FAO will continue supporting this process facilitating coordination and providing technical advice through the Strategy Coordination Team in the MAPF.

1.i) The food and agriculture statistical system in Ukraine needs to be strengthened. FAO will provide technical assistance to the country to develop and implement methodologies and standards for data collection, validation, processing and analysis.

Priority area 2: Land reform and food security

2.a) The land tenure structure of many small farms in Ukraine is frequently divided into fragmented parcels that are often not well prepared for agricultural purposes. FAO will support the development of a land consolidation instrument, based on the FAO Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure, allowing women and men small-scale farmers to acquire farms with fewer parcels that are larger and better shaped, and also to expand the size of their holdings to enable them to become more competitive.

2.b) Further efforts are necessary to facilitate decision-making processes in Ukraine aimed at developing a sound food and nutrition security policy. This implies the development of appropriate tools such as governance mechanisms, monitoring systems and capacity development and awareness programs for the target population. In addition to the ongoing FAO support to the country in the context of the Agricultural Market Information System (AMIS), the information and monitoring system on food and nutrition security in the country will be assessed through a feasibility study, which will include recommendations on methods, tools and best practises to develop. At the same time, the status and needs related of school nutrition information campaigns will be assessed and recommendations made in this context.

Priority area 3: Agri-food production chain development and access to international markets

3.a) The progressive increase in trade related to agricultural and food products needs to be complemented by strengthened capacities of the main stakeholders involved in this process. In order to ensure that, FAO will provide technical and policy guidelines to both public and private sectors (from Government officials to industry associations and agribusiness), including reinforcement of the cooperatives legal framework. International and regional standards related to trade will be taken as the reference for increasing those capacities (WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement, and EU adhesion standards among them).

Priority area 4: Environment and management of natural resources including forestry and fisheries

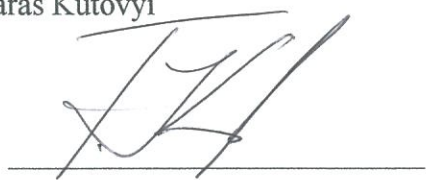

4.a) Improper management of natural resources in Ukraine has resulted in negative impacts on the environment and climate, resulting in a reduction of both the quality and quantity of agricultural production. Sustainable management of natural resources requires addressing key aspects across all sectors involved: land, water, forestry, genetic resources and biodiversity. FAO will contribute to this through the provision of technical and policy advice and knowledge transfer, with strong emphasis on issues related to climate change, forestry and land management; improving responses to global environmental challenges affecting food production and agriculture such as climate change and land degradation; assessing opportunities and challenges of bioenergy investments; supporting the development of water/irrigation strategy; and contributing to the development of a National Programme for Plant Genetic Resources.

4.b) The fisheries and aquaculture sector in Ukraine has great potential in terms of food security and trade. However, the sector lacks technical and managerial investment in order to maximize its contribution to the national economy. FAO will support the fisheries and aquaculture sector in a regulated and environmentally sound manner through assessing the status and needs of the aquaculture sector and fishing industry, strengthening governance and cooperation with other countries in the region, and developing technical capacities at national and regional levels.

8. In addition to the above-mentioned long-term programming priorities that FAO will address during implementation of this CPF, FAO will continue working on the emerging needs of the rural population in the conflict area of Ukraine, in areas of FAO's mandate and with particular attention to the most vulnerable part of the population, contributing in this way to resilience and to the peace-building process in the framework of the Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP) for the country.⁴

IV. Implementation, monitoring and reporting arrangements

9. Total resource requirements for implementation of this CPF are USD 10,747,000, to be obtained from external partners as well as from FAO's Technical Cooperation Programme (details in Annex 1 and 3). In order to mobilize the funds needed and enhance coordination and aid effectiveness in the country, this CPF will be implemented in partnerships as broad as possible (civil society organizations, private sector, academia and research institutions) and in alignment with the joint efforts of the Government of Ukraine and development partners. In addition, regional cooperation between and among countries in the region will be promoted through South-South Cooperation (SSC) and Triangular Cooperation (TrC) initiatives.
10. Some of the mechanisms FAO will use for the engagement of non-state actors in the implementation of this CPF are: (i) contribution to FAO's technical work related to food security, poverty reduction and livelihood promotion, and fisheries; (ii) mobilization of resources through partnering with the private sector; (iii) knowledge management and sharing related to nutrition and food security; (iv) review and design of relevant international regulatory frameworks in areas related to FAO's mandate; and (v) participation in policy dialogue related to some of the technical areas of FAO mandate (trade and rural development, among others).
11. FAO Environmental and Social Management Standards⁵ and the minimum standards established by the FAO Policy on Gender Equality will frame the implementation, monitoring and reporting of CPF actions. Gender-sensitive situational analyses will be conducted and close monitoring of the CPF implementation is ensured.
12. To support implementation and monitoring of the CPF the appointment of an FAO National Correspondent in the MAPF is foreseen. Considering the CPF as a living document, it may be reviewed as often as needed at the request of either Party; each review will include an evaluation of the operation and effectiveness of the CPF.

On behalf of:		The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	
Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food			
Name: Taras Kutovyi		Name: Raimund Jehle	
Title: Minister of agrarian policy and food of Ukraine		Title: Deputy Regional Representative and Regional Strategic Programmes Coordinator	
Date: July 13, 2016		Date: July 13, 2016	

⁴https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/en/system/files/documents/files/2016_hrp_ukraine_english.pdf

⁵The FAO Environmental and Social Standards, mandatory in any FAO intervention, are included in the FAO Environmental and Social Management Guidelines (2015). Accessible at: <http://www.fao.org/3/a-i4413e.pdf>

Annexes:

Annex 1: CPF results and resource requirements matrix

Annex 2: UN-system linkage (explicit reference and linkage to the wider UN-system developmental context within the country)

Annex 3: TCP indicative pipeline - potential areas of support

CPF Annex 1: CPF Results and Resource Requirements for 2016 to 2019

MAPF priority 1: Business climate and law enforcement and setting up of a stable legal framework

Country Outcome 1: Contribution to business climate and law enforcement and to setting up of a stable legal framework							
Related UNDAF Outcome: <i>Outcome 1 of UNPF Area 1 – New economic opportunities created particularly in the small and medium business sector as a result of enabling improvements in the business and investment environment, improved skills, improved reintegration of migrants and better utilization of Ukraine's scientific and innovation potential.</i>							
Regional Priorities: i) Control of animal disease, plant pests and food safety hazards; ii) Policy and institutional support for entry of Member States into regional and global trade standard-setting and organizations of regional economic cooperation.							
Output and indicator	Indicator target and year of achievement	Indicative Resource Requirements (USD)				Implementing partners (Government actors and other)	
		Total estimated resources required ⁶	Available funding	Resource mobilization target			
				Voluntary (including UTF)	SSC or other Partnerships	TCP	
1.1: Capacities of stakeholders to fulfil the requirements of the International Plant Protection Convention enhanced (Corporate Output Indicator 4.1.4 – linked to the Regional Initiative on Agri-Food Trade and Market Integration (RI-2)),	By 2017, 2% of stakeholders fulfil the requirements of the International Plant Protection Convention	25,000	25,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: FAO
1.2: Implementation framework for strengthening the national phytosanitary control services prepared (Corporate Output Indicator 4.1.4 linked to RI-2)	By 2017, there is in place an implementation framework for strengthening the national phytosanitary control services	25,000	25,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: FAO
1.3: Capacity of phytosanitary personnel and inspectors on the implementation of international standards, pest risk analysis and pest surveillance procedures enhanced (Corporate Output Indicator 4.1.4, linked to RI-2)	By 2017, capacity building has been provided to phytosanitary personnel and inspectors on the implementation of international standards, pest risk analysis and pest surveillance procedures (at least 30 percent of them are women)	25,000	25,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: FAO
1.4: Capacity of plant quarantine staff, phytosanitary inspectors in detection of quarantine pests associated with consignments strengthened (Corporate Output Indicator 4.1.4, linked to RI-2)	By 2017, capacity building has been provided to plant quarantine staff and phytosanitary inspectors in detection of quarantine pests associated with consignments (at least 30 percent of them are	25,000	25,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: FAO

⁶Total resources required represent the sum of Available funding (remaining budget of the operationally active projects at the start year of the CPF) and the Resource mobilization target (representing an indicative value of the resources needed for the implementation of the planned activities, as advised by the relevant technical officers or the figures already indicated in the project concept notes).

	women)								
1.5: Assessment of current situation of Conservation Agriculture (CA) and soil management practices carried out <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 2.1.1)</i>	By 2016, an assessment of the current situation of CA and soil management practices is prepared	20,000	20,000						Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO
1.6: Recommendations for promotion of CA elaborated <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 2.1.1)</i>	By 2016, recommendations for promotion of CA are elaborated	20,000	20,000						Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO
1.7: Assessment of seed sector and support for improvement of seed systems carried out <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 2.4.3 and 2.1.1)</i>	By 2017, an assessment of seed sector and support for improvement of Seed Systems is prepared	300,000		300,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner to be identified
1.8: Analytical Centre for risk based strategic planning and management of prevention and control programmes of Transboundary Animal Diseases (TADs), including zoonosis developed, and legal advice on EU regulatory frameworks related to TADs and zoonosis provided <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 5.2.1)</i>	By 2020, mechanisms related to surveillance, prevention and control programmes of TADs are developed	350,000		350,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner to be identified
1.9: Capacities of national competent veterinary staff on TADs developed <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 5.2.2)</i>	By 2019, capacity building on TADs has been provided to MAPF staffs (at least 30 percent of them are women)	1,000,000		1,000,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner to be identified
1.10: Risk awareness raising is conducted in cooperation with pork industry associations <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 5.3.1)</i>	By July 2016, awareness raising on prevention, mitigation measures and contingency planning carried out	568,659	568,659						Implementing partner: FAO MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: EBRD, FAO, other relevant line Ministries and institutions
1.11: Capacities of small scale livestock women and men farmers and NGOs dealing with conservation of animal genetic resources increased through capacity development in conservation of animal genetic resources and value chain development activities enhanced (Regional project for 3 countries including Ukraine) <i>(Corporate Output indicator 2.1.1, 2.1.3)</i>	Target 1: By 2019, (i) characterization of a dual-purpose breed and (ii) a public awareness and best practices material developed and distributed to at least 100 farmers. Target 2: By 2019, a breeding program created for a dual purpose breed and shared with the MAPF and/or a relevant breeding institute.								Implementing partner: FAO MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO

		Target 3: By 2019, a database established or complemented for a dual-purpose breed Target 4: By 2019, at (i) least 2 workshops conducted on animal production and insemination technologies and (ii) recommendations provided on artificial insemination system										
1.12: Policy, technical support and capacity building of State Service for Food Safety and Consumer Protection provided to apply food safety risk analysis in decision making and official control and risk analysis integration into the curriculum reform of professional higher education <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 4.1.4)</i>		By 2017 the capacity of the competent food safety authority will be raised in the application of risk analysis framework	350,000	300,000	50,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner to be identified		
1.13: Strategy Coordination Team reinforced <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 2.2.3)</i>		By 2016, capacities of the Strategy Coordination team are reinforced	20,000	20,000						Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: Norway		
1.14: Support the drafting of legal documents and capacity building in the context of EU standards and regulations, including organic production and certification <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 2.2.2, 2.3.3)</i>		By 2017, support has been provided for the drafting of legal documents in the context of the EU-UA Association Agreement	25,000	25,000						Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: Norway		
1.15: Assessment of the agriculture and food statistical system and roadmap for the development of an agricultural census <i>(Corporate Output Indicator 2.4.1)</i>		By 2016, the main gaps and needs in the context of the agriculture and foods statistical system will be identified	50,000		50,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO (to be confirmed)		
1.16: Policy and Technical support to the Public Administration Reform of Ukraine under the framework of agriculture and rural development <i>(Tentative Corporate Output Indicator 3.1.5)</i>		By 2017, technical and policy support is provided in the context of agriculture and rural development	215,000		215,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO (to be confirmed)		
Total resource requirements for priority area 1			3,018,659	753,659	1,950,000			315,000				

MAPF priority 2: Land Reform and Food Security

Country Outcome 1: Contribution to land reform, rural development and food security systems

Related UNDAF Outcome: Outcome 2 of UNPF Area 1: Reduction of poverty in rural areas through socio-economic development activities

Regional Priorities: i) Food security and nutrition; ii) Policy and institutional support for entry of Member States into regional and global trade standard-setting and organizations of regional economic cooperation

Output and indicator	Indicator target and year of achievement	Indicative Resource Requirements (USD)				Implementing partners (Government actors and other)	
		Total estimated resources required ⁷	Available funding	Resource mobilization target			
				Voluntary (Including UTP)	SSC or other Partnerships	TCP	
2.1: Voluntary land consolidation instrument developed, including the formulation of a land consolidation project <i>(Corporate Output indicator 3.1.2)</i>	By 2017, voluntary land consolidation instrument developed	72,000	72,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, State Service for Geodesy, Cartography, and Cadastre Resource partner: FAO
2.2: Feasibility study on a targeted information and monitoring system on Food and Nutrition security undertaken and recommendations on methods, tools and best practises to be developed in this context will be provided <i>(Corporate Output indicator 1.3.1)</i>	By 2017, a feasibility study on targeted food security support system prepared and information campaign of healthy food in schools carried out	50,000	50,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: Norway
2.3: Assessment on national school food policies and nutrition-focused social protection programmes and a pilot information campaign of healthy food in schools carried out <i>(Corporate Output indicator 1.3.1)</i>	By 2017, an assessment on national school food policies and nutrition focused social protection programmes and pilot information campaign is carried out	50,000	50,000				Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries Resource partner: Norway
2.4: Capacities and national legislative frameworks in the context of rural development strengthened and support to SME on improving access to information provided <i>(Tentative Corporate Output indicators 3.1.2 and 3.1.5)</i>	By 2019, capacities and legal frameworks on rural development strengthened and access to information to SMEs provided	250,000					Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries Resource partner: FAO
Total resource requirements for a priority area		422,000	172,000				250,000

⁷Total resources required represent the sum of Available funding (remaining budget of the operationally active projects at the start year of the CPF) and the Resource mobilization target (representing an indicative value of the resources needed for the implementation of the planned activities, as advised by the relevant technical officers or the figures already indicated in the project concept notes).

MAPF priority 3: Agri-food production chain development and access to International markets

Country Outcome 1: Contribution to Agri-food production chain development and Access to International markets						
Related UNDAF Outcome: Outcome 1 of UNPF Area 1 – New economic opportunities created particularly in the small and medium business sector as a result of enabling improvements in the business and investment environment, improved skills, improved reintegration of migrants and better utilization of Ukraine's scientific and innovation potential						
Regional Priorities: i) Policy and institutional support for entry of Member States into regional and global trade, standard-setting and organizations of regional economic cooperation.						
Output and indicator	Indicator target and year of achievement	Indicative Resource Requirements (USD)				Implementing partners (Government actors and other)
		Total estimated resources required ^a	Available funding	Resource mobilization target	TCP	
		Voluntary (including UTP)	SSG or other Partnerships			
3.1: Capacity development aimed to support country officials and agribusiness in understanding WTO procedure on resolving trade issues <i>(Corporate Output indicator 4.1.2, linked to RI-2)</i>	By 2017, capacity development in the context of WTO procedure on resolving trade issues is provided	35,000			35,000	Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO (to be confirmed)
3.2: Technical and policy support for development of effective domestic support policy provided <i>(Corporate Output indicator 4.2.1)</i>	By 2017, support on development of effective domestic support policy is provided	72,000	72,000			Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO
3.3: Capacities of MAPF staff and other relevant stakeholders on trade issues in the horticulture value chain developed (EU access among them) <i>(Corporate Output indicator 4.2.3, linked to RI-2)</i>	By 2017, capacities of MAPF staff and other relevant stakeholders, related to trade issues in the horticulture value chain are developed	96,000	96,000			Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: FAO
3.4: Capacities of industry associations on trade issues (WTO Trade	By June 2017,	232,968	232,968			Implementing

^aTotal resources required represent the sum of Available funding (remaining budget of the operationally active projects at the start year of the CPF) and the Resource mobilization target (representing an indicative value of the resources needed for the implementation of the planned activities, as advised by the relevant technical officers or the figures already indicated in the project concept notes).

<p>Facilitation Agreement on agri-food trade in the region, promotion of exports, etc.) strengthened (Corporate Output indicator 4.1.2, linked to RI-2)</p>	<p>capacities of industry associations on trade issues are strengthened</p>						<p>partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: EBRD, FAO</p>
<p>3.5: Market access and export promotion training to three industry associations provided (Corporate Output indicator 4.2.3, linked to RI-2)</p>	<p>By June 2017, trainings on market access and export promotion conducted</p>	<p>232,968</p>	<p>232,968</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: EBRD, FAO</p>
<p>3.6: Capacities and public-private dialogue in the grain, dairy and meat sectors promoted (Corporate Output indicator 4.2.3, linked to RI-2)</p>	<p>By June 2017, capacities and public-private dialogue promoted</p>	<p>1,287,615</p>	<p>1,287,615</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: EBRD, FAO</p>
<p>3.7: Review and drafting of legal acts related to producers and cooperatives organizations supported (Corporate Output indicator 4.2.1)</p>	<p>By June 2017, review and drafting process finalized</p>	<p>231,648</p>	<p>231,648</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner: EBRD, FAO</p>
<p>Total resource requirements for a priority area 3</p>		<p>2,192,199</p>	<p>2,157,199</p>			<p>35,000</p>	

MAPF priority 4: Environment and management of natural resources including forestry and fisheries

Country Outcome 1: Contribution to environment and management of natural resources including forestry and fisheries

Related UNDAF Outcome: Outcome 1 of UNPF Area 1 – New economic opportunities created particularly in the small and medium business sector as a result of enabling improvements in the business and investment environment, improved skills, improved reintegration of migrants and better utilization of Ukraine's scientific and innovation potential; Outcome 2 of PF Area 1: Reduction

of poverty in rural areas through socio-economic development activities

Regional Priorities: Natural resource management, including climate change mitigation and adaptation

Output and indicator	Indicator target and year of achievement	Indicative Resource Requirements (USD)				Implementing partners (Government actors and other)
		Total estimated resources required ⁹	Available funding	Resource mobilization target		
				Voluntary (Including UTF)	SSC or other Partnerships	
<p>4.1: Increased awareness and capacities of line Ministries and relevant stakeholders to sustainable manage natural resources (including and land, water and forest resources) and policies in the area of protection and sustainable use of land and other natural resources strengthened and harmonised (Corporate Output indicator 2.1.3)</p>	<p>By 2019, capacity building and awareness on sustainable management of natural resources and climate change has been provided and policies in the area of protection and sustainable exploitation of land and other natural resources updated and harmonized (at least 30 percent of participants are women)</p>	400,000	400,000			<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: GEF, FAO</p>
<p>4.2: Raise the capacity to develop and implement Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) programmes, including bioenergy initiatives at both national and local scales (Corporate Output indicator 2.1.3)</p>	<p>By 2019, capacities for the development and implementation of CSA programmes and initiatives are strengthened</p>	50,000	50,000			<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: FAO</p>
<p>4.3: Best suitable climate change mitigation measures and practices are identified and implemented (Corporate Output indicator 2.1.1)</p>	<p>By 2019, best suitable climate change adaptation measures and practices are identified and implemented</p>	970,000	970,000			<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: GEF</p>
<p>4.4: Development of a National Forest Resources Assessment and Monitoring System supported (Corporate Code 2.4.3)</p>	<p>By 2019, an assessment on the national forest resources is prepared and contributions are made to the development of a Monitoring System</p>	2,500,000	2,500,000			<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRBAGENTSTVO, other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner to be identified</p>

⁹Total resources required represent the sum of Available funding (remaining budget of the operationally active projects at the start year of the CPF) and the Resource mobilization target (representing an indicative value of the resources needed for the implementation of the planned activities, as advised by the relevant technical officers or the figures already indicated in the project concept notes).

<p>4.5: Technical support in enhancing the economic functions of forests through strengthening competitiveness of forest enterprises provided (Corporate Output Indicator 2.1.3)</p>	<p>By 2016, technical support provided for enhancing the economic functions of the forests</p>	<p>100,000</p>	<p>100,000</p>					<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRYBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: Norway</p>
<p>4.6: Sustainability assessment of selected bioenergy investments carried out (Corporate Output Indicator 2.4.3)</p>	<p>By mid-2016, Bioenergy and Food Security Operator Level Tool (BEFS OLT) implemented on a bioenergy-related investment, including training for local stakeholders</p>	<p>961,028</p>	<p>961,028</p>					<p>Implementing partner: FAO Resource partner: EBRD, FAO</p>
<p>4.7: Support the development of the water/irrigation strategy provided (Corporate Output Indicator 2.2.2)</p>	<p>By 2017, support provided for the development of a gender-sensitive water/irrigation strategy provided</p>	<p>500,000</p>	<p>500,000</p>					<p>Implementing partner: FAO Resource partner: WB</p>
<p>4.8: Capacities on the responsible and sustainable use of aquatic organisms of the Black Sea developed (Corporate Output Indicator 2.1.3)</p>	<p>By 2018, capacity development provided on the responsible and sustainable utilization of aquatic organisms of the Black Sea</p>	<p>1,390,000</p>		<p>1,390,000</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRYBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: GEF</p>
<p>4.9: Scientific, technical and institutional cooperation of the Black Sea littoral states strengthened to support responsible fisheries in the Black Sea technical support for the preparation of a comprehensive study of the state of the fishing industry provided (Corporate Output Indicator 2.3.2, 2.2.1)</p>	<p>By 2018, cooperation of the Black Sea littoral states is strengthened</p>	<p>283,000</p>		<p>283,000</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRYBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: GEF</p>
<p>4.10: Conserving Biodiversity through Strengthened Frameworks and Programs to Expand Protection of Marine Living Resources (Corporate Output Indicator 2.4.3)</p>	<p>By 2018, frameworks and programmes to expand protection of Marine Living Resources strengthened</p>	<p>1,557,000</p>		<p>1,557,000</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRYBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: GEF</p>
<p>4.11: Fostering Sustainable Ecosystem-based Management of Living Resources (Corporate Output Indicator 2.1.1)</p>	<p>By 2018, sustainable ecosystem-based Management of living resources fostered</p>	<p>547,000</p>		<p>547,000</p>				<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, DERZHRYBAGENTSTVO and other relevant line Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: GEF</p>
<p>4.12: Assessment of the state and needs of the fisheries sector and technical and policy support for the preparation of relevant</p>	<p>By 2017, study on the state and needs of the</p>	<p>100,000</p>	<p>100,000</p>					<p>Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF and other relevant line</p>

strategies provided (Corporate Output indicator 2.4.3)	<i>fishery sector prepared; by 2019, technical support for the preparation of relevant strategies provided</i>						Ministries and Institutions Resource partner: Norway, FAO
4.13: Elaboration and Implementation of National Program for Plant Genetic Resources supported (Corporate Output indicator 2.4.3)	<i>By 2019, a National Program for Plant Genetic Resources is elaborated</i>	500,000		500,000			Implementing partner: FAO, MAPF, other relevant line Ministries and institutions Resource partner to be identified
Total resource requirements for priority area 4		9,858,028	1,661,028	8,197,000			
Total resource requirements for all priority areas		15,490,886	4,743,886	10,147,000		600,000	

Annex 2: UN-system linkage

- 1) The United Nations Partnership Framework (UNPF) for Ukraine represents the UN joint commitment to the support of Ukraine and serves as the common strategic planning framework for the UN development operations and assistance to Ukraine at the country level.
- 2) The UNPF for 2012-2016 determines four Priority Areas:
 - a. Sustained Economic Growth and Poverty Reduction
 - b. Social Development
 - c. Governance
 - d. Environment and Climate Change
- 3) As the UNPF for 2012-2016 states, agriculture in Ukraine is one of the main sectors of the national economy contributing to the state budget. In this regard FAO, as specialized UN Agency on agriculture, contributes to the fulfillment of the Program Framework on issues related to the Mandate of the Organization. Specifically FAO will contribute to the achievement of the following two outcomes of the FP 1, “Sustainable Economic growth and poverty reduction”:
 - Outcome 1: New economic opportunities created particularly in the small and medium business sector
 - Outcome 2: Reduction of poverty in rural areas through socio-economic development activities
- 4) Considering this CPF is a live document, it will be reviewed and adjusted according to the priorities that will be identified by the UN Country Team in Ukraine for the next UNPF cycle 2016-2020.
- 5) According to current UNPF, estimated FAO contribution to its fulfilling should be on the level of USD 750,000. However according to UN Matrix of Projects operating in Ukraine, contribution of the Organization has reached USD 3,773,000; budget of Regional Government Cooperation Programmes is calculated for the whole Programme Area, so figures per country are not applicable; emergency support to Ukraine and projects to be completed after 31.12.2016 are not included.
- 6) FAO contribution to UNPF is passing standard Monitoring and Evaluation procedures, based on Periodic reports on UN conventions and protocols and on Statistic reports of the National Statistics Office of Ukraine.

Annex 3: TCP Indicative Pipeline

Country*	Ukraine				
CPF implementation cycle *	Start: July 2016		End: July 2019		
Time frame for the Indicative TCP pipeline*	Start: July 2016		End: July 2019		
Ref. to CPF priority and output*	TCP contribution to CPF result - Title (TCP and TCP Facility)	TCP Scope/type of interventions (TCP and TCP facility) *	Indicative biennium for resource allocation *	Indicative resource requirements/range (US\$)	Implementing Government institution/ partner
Priority areas 2 and 3 (Outputs 2.1, 3.2, 3.3)	TCP/UKR3601 Technical Assistance to the Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food of Ukraine in Agricultural Support Policy, Exports of Horticultural Products and Land Consolidation	The project will support the MAPF in the introduction of new policy approaches and instruments for increased food security and agricultural production and export growth	2016-17	USD 240 000	MAPF
Priority areas 1,3 (Outputs 1.16, 3.1)	TCP-Policy and Technical support to the Public Administration Reform of Ukraine under the framework of agriculture and rural development.	The project will aim at providing support for the development of national programmes and strategies in the context of agriculture and	2016-2017 or 2018-2019	USD 250 000	MAPF

<p>Priority area 1 (Output 1.15)</p>	<p>TOP Facility – Assessment of the status of agricultural statistics of Ukraine and preparation of a roadmap for a national agricultural census</p>	<p>The project will provide assistance to the MAPF for the development of an agricultural census and other related strategies under the framework of agricultural statistics</p>	<p>2016-2017</p>	<p>USD 50,000</p>	<p>MAPF</p>
<p>Priority area 1 (Output 1.12)</p>	<p>TOP Facility – Technical and Policy support to the State Service For Food Safety and Consumers Rights (SSFSCR)</p>	<p>The project will support the MAPF to further strengthening national capacities and legislative frameworks in the area of Food Safety and Consumers Rights, in line with international and EU standards and regulations</p>	<p>2016-2017</p>	<p>USD 50,000</p>	<p>MAPF</p>

ⁱ Specific interventions under TCP projects are subject to further discussions with the MAPF

ⁱⁱ Budget distribution by TCP projects may change except for TCP/UKR2601 project. Preliminary budget for total TCP allocation in Ukraine during the CPF cycle 2016-19 will be USD 840,000.