Attached is an addendum to the list of substances in Annex 1 scheduled for evaluation or re-evaluation at the 89th meeting of the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA). This addendum contains a list of processing aids (enzyme preparations) for evaluation at the 89th meeting of the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA) in addition to the food additives already mentioned in the call for data published on 21 August 2019.

https://www.who.int/foodsafety/JECFA_89_Call_for_data.pdf?ua=1

The list has been prepared by the Joint FAO/WHO Secretariat of the Committee and is based on recommendations of the Codex Committee on Food Additives (CCFA), previous Expert Committees, and direct requests from governments, other interested organizations, and producers of substances that have been evaluated previously.

The current Chapter 9.1.4.2 of EHC 240(1) pertaining to enzyme preparations for use in food is currently being updated and will be ready for publication within the next couple of months. However, enzyme preparations cover by the current class II definition for enzymes in EHC 240 (enzymes obtained from edible portions of plants) will not be affected by the update of the guideline. Therefore, previously established guidance for enzyme preparations as defined in Chapter 9.1.4.2 of EHC 240 applies to the enzyme preparations cover by this call for data.

**Submission of data**

Annex 1 lists the processing aids (enzyme preparations) to be considered at the meeting. Governments, interested organizations, producers of these chemicals, and individuals are invited to submit data for the toxicological evaluations, for the preparation of specifications for the identity and purity and for estimating the intake of the compounds that are listed. The submitted data may be published or unpublished and should contain detailed reports of laboratory studies, including individual animal data. Reference to relevant published studies should also be provided, where applicable. Summaries in the form of monographs are helpful, but they are not in themselves sufficient for evaluation.

Unpublished confidential studies that are submitted will be safeguarded and will be used only for evaluation purposes by JECFA. Summaries of the studies will be published by FAO and WHO after the meetings in the form of specifications and toxicological monographs.

The secretariats of JECFA at FAO and WHO encourage submission of data in electronic format. Such data should be presented preferably using standard word processing or document formats and need to include a “Table of contents” using fully descriptive file names. For large volume submissions or for any questions related to data submissions please contact the Secretariat.
Date for submission

The submission of data on those compounds listed in Annex 1.3 is requested before 15 February 2020

This deadline applies to all data including those for specifications for processing aids.

Toxicological data

Data relevant to the toxicological evaluations of the substances on the agenda including the results of:

1. metabolism and pharmacokinetic studies;
2. short-term toxicity, long-term toxicity/carcinogenicity, reproductive toxicity, and developmental toxicity studies in animals and genotoxicity studies;
3. epidemiological studies; and
4. special studies designed to investigate specific effects, such as the mechanism of toxicity, immune responses, or macromolecular binding

This information needs to be submitted electronically to the following e-mail address: jecfa@who.int or by sending it on a USB stick to:

Attention: Kim Petersen
Department of Nutrition and Food Safety
World Health Organization
Avenue Appia
1211 Geneva 27
Switzerland
Telephone: +41 (0)22 791 1439
E-mail: jecfa@who.int

Technological data

Data relevant to the manufacturing, quality, use, occurrence, identification and quantification of the substances on the agenda including:

1. specifications for the identity and purity of the listed food additives (specifications applied during development and toxicological studies; proposed specifications for material in commerce);
2. technological and nutritional considerations relating to the manufacture and use of the listed food additives;
3. levels of the listed food additives used in food or expected to be used in food based on technological function and the range of foods in which they are used;
4. analytical techniques used by manufacturers or authorities for identifying and quantifying the listed substances.

This information needs to be submitted electronically to the following e-mail address jecfa@fao.org or by sending it on a USB stick to:
Attention: Dr Markus Lipp  
Food Safety and Quality Unit - Room C- 619  
Agriculture and Consumer Protection Department (AG)  
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations  
Via delle Terme di Caracalla  
00153 Rome  
Italy  
Telephone: +39 06 5705 3283  
E-mail: jecfa@fao.org

Dietary exposure assessment data

For additives, all data relevant to:
1. technical levels of use of the additive in the foods in which it may be used;  
2. annual poundage of the additive introduced into the food supply;  
3. estimation of additive intakes based on food consumption data for foods in which the additive may be used;  
4. food consumption patterns; also considering different (age-) population groups

This information should be sent to FAO at the address above (jecfa@fao.org) and to WHO under the address above (jecfa@who.int).

Presentation of data

Please note that the above lists are not meant to be all-inclusive since it is recognized that other studies may, in some instances, assist in the evaluation.

Procedures for the evaluation of chemicals in food were updated and published by FAO and WHO (Principles and methods for the risk assessment of chemicals in food – Environmental Health Criteria No. 240, available at http://www.who.int/foodsafety/publications/chemical-food/en/)


All relevant data, both positive and negative, should be submitted. Data should be presented, summarized and referenced in a clear and concise manner.

This call for data is available at both the FAO and WHO web sites:  
Annex 1

Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA)
89th meeting, Geneva, 2 to 11 June 2020

Addendum to the JECFA Call for data published on 21st August 2019

List of substances scheduled for evaluation or re-evaluation


Previous reports and monographs should be consulted to obtain background information on the previous evaluations. Detailed bibliographical references are available on page 5.

1. Food additives for which requests have been received for evaluation or re-evaluation by the 51st session of the Codex Committee on Food Additives (REP 19 /FA - Appendix X)(1) and pending re-evaluations

Note: For information about food additives to be evaluated at the 89th meeting of JECFA please consult the call for data published on 21 August 2019. https://www.who.int/foodsafety/JECFA_89_Call_for_data.pdf?ua=1

1.3 Toxico logical evaluation, exposure assessment and establishment of specifications of substances used as processing aids

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food Additive</th>
<th>Reference (previous evaluations) and background</th>
<th>Information required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5′-Deaminase from <em>Streptomyces murinus</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>D-Allulose 3-epimerase from <em>Arthrobacter globiformis</em> expressed in <em>Escherichia coli</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>Beta-glucanase from <em>Streptomyces violaceoruber</em> expressed in <em>S. violaceoruber</em></td>
<td>Report of the 51st session of CCFA, REP 19/FA - Appendix X(2)</td>
<td>All data necessary for assessment of safety, dietary intake and specifications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collagenase from <em>Streptomyces violaceoruber</em> expressed in <em>S. violaceoruber</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lipase from <em>Mucor javanicus</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>Phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C from a genetically modified strain of <em>Pseudomonas fluorescens</em></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Food Additive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phosphodiesterase from <em>Penicillium citrinum</em></th>
<th>Reference (previous evaluations) and background</th>
<th>Information required</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phospholipase A2 from <em>Streptomyces violaceoruber</em> expressed in <em>S. violaceoruber</em></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### References

2. Report of the 51st Session of the Codex Committee on Food Additives, Jinan, China, 25-29 March 2019 (REP19/FA)  
Annex 2

JOINT FAO/WHO EXPERT COMMITTEE ON FOOD ADDITIVES

BACKGROUND

The Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA) was established in the mid-1950s by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) and the World Health Organization (WHO) to assess chemical additives in food on an international basis. The first meeting was held in 1956 in response to recommendations made at an FAO/WHO Conference on Food Additives that met in Geneva in 1955.

In the early 1960s the Codex Alimentarius Commission (CAC), which is an international intergovernmental body, was established. The primary aims of the CAC are to protect the health of the consumer and facilitate international trade in food. At the time that the CAC was formed it was decided that JECFA would provide expert advice to Codex on matters relating to food additives. A system was established whereby the Codex Committee on Food Additives, a general subject committee, identified food additives that should receive priority attention, which were then referred to JECFA for assessment before being considered for inclusion in Codex Food Standards.

This system is still in place, but it has been expanded to include food contaminants and residues of veterinary drugs in food to provide advice to the presently-existing Codex Committee on Food Additives (CCFA), Codex Committee on Contaminants in Food (CCCF) and Codex Committee on Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Foods (CCRVDF). JECFA also provides scientific advice directly to FAO and WHO Member States, and requests for assessment may come directly from them. JECFA is not a component of the CAC.

Specialists invited to serve as Members of JECFA are independent scientists who serve in their individual capacities as experts, and not as representatives of their governments or employers. The goal is to establish safe levels of intake and to develop specifications for identity and purity (food additives) or maximum residue limits when veterinary drugs are used in accordance with good practice in the use of veterinary drugs.


A Summary of Evaluations performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives, a comprehensive searchable database that summarizes all JECFA evaluations from the first through recent meetings, is available at (http://apps.who.int/food-additives-contaminants-jecfa-database/search.aspx).