



Food and Agriculture  
Organization of the  
United Nations



**The International Treaty**  
ON PLANT GENETIC RESOURCES  
FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

**Views, Experiences and Best Practices as an example of possible options for  
the national implementation of Article 9 of the International Treaty**

*Note by the Secretary*

*At its [second meeting](#) of the Ad hoc Technical Expert Group on Farmers' Rights (AHTEG), the Expert Group agreed on a revised version of the [template](#) for collecting information on examples of national measures, best practices and lessons learned from the realization of Farmers' Rights*

*This document presents the updated information on best practices and measures of implementing Article 9 of the International Treaty submitted by Sudan on 11 July 2019.*

*The submission is presented in the form and language in which it was received.*

*Sudan Template for submission of examples on Farmers' Rights*

**Basic information:**

**Title of measure/practice:**

Established of Seed community banks in five villages and set up of and trained of five Village Agricultural Committees to manage the facilities

**Date of Submission:** 05/02//2019

**Country –Sudan**

**Responsible institution/organization**

South and West and Center Darfour State Ministries of Agriculture and Animal Resources, local and international NGOs partners fao

**Contact:** Cristina Amaral

Chief, Emergency Operations Service

Email: [Cristina.Amaral@fao.org](mailto:Cristina.Amaral@fao.org)

**Description of the examples**

**Mandatory information:**

**Brief history (including starting year), as appropriate**

Established of community Seed banks in five villages and established of five Village Agricultural Committees set up and trained to manage the facilities was main objective of the project of restoring and improving food and livelihoods of vulnerable households in Darfur which started in 2011 in the south and west and center Darfour stats To enhance crop production and livestock health and productivity of 22 300 targeted households in Darfur.

Established in community seed bank five villages and Village Agricultural Committees set up and trained to manage the facilities and 35 tonnes of improved groundnut, sorghum and millet foundation seeds provided to 2 000 farmers for multiplication.

The outcome was restored and improved of food and livelihoods of vulnerable households in Darfur State  
**To which provision of Article 9 of the International Treaty**

Art 9.3

**Please indicate which category of inventory**

Category (6)

**Objective:**

4800 farmers (seed multiplication) farmer of the south and west and center Darfour stats

**Target group(s) and numbers of involved and affected, Location(s) and geographical outreach**

The target groups 4 800 farmers (seed multiplication) farmer

Location the south and west and center Darfour r Stats

**Resources used for implementation of the measure/practice**

**How has the measure/practice affected the conservation and sustainable use of plant genetic resources**

**for food and agriculture? Please describe the achievements of the measure/ practice so far (including quantification**

*Community-based seed banks facilitate the preservation and dissemination of improved seed varieties at village level in the longer term and Improved food and livelihoods security of beneficiaries by increasing their access to quality seeds and water sources.*

**Lesson learn:**

*Help the farmer to save and exchange the seed between them*

**Challenge:**

*The main challenge the sustainability of seed bank and the village community*

**What would you consider conditions for success, if others should seek to carry out such a measure or organize such an activity?**

*The sustainability of the village community committee which established during the project is very important to success)*