

UN Committee of Experts on Food Security, Agricultural and Rural Statistics (UN-CEAG) – 2024

Task team on

Data quality standards and assessment framework for key food and agricultural data

National Quality Assurance Framework (NQAF) for Agriculture Statistics

Checklist for self-Assessment Crops & Livestock Statistics

Introduction

Sound food and agricultural statistics are essential to support the national and international development agenda, particularly regarding the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). In this regard, the existence of data quality standards and National Quality Assessment Frameworks (NQAFs) for food and agricultural statistics is critical for ensuring that food and agricultural statistics are "fit for purpose".

In principle, the existence of data quality standards paired with an assessment framework guarantees consistency of statistical concepts, methodologies, as well as standards and procedures of the overall statistical program conducted by the national statistical authorities. Without a coherent system for data quality assessment, the national statistical authorities may risk losing control of the many data and statistical production processes including those related to food and agricultural statistics. Unfortunately, still today, many counties have not established (put in place) such quality frameworks; as noted in recent survey carried out by the UN SD in December 2017, only 60% of the 127 responding National Statistical Agencies declared to have a NQAF for statistics; the situation at the regional level was quite heterogeneous, ranging from 33% of Africa to the 86% of Europe¹. The reality for agriculture statistics is somehow worse since even in countries having a general NQAF, it is only partially or not yet implemented, particularly when they are produced and disseminated by different national agencies (e.g. by some line Ministries).

One of the difficulties in assuring the quality of food and agriculture statistics is the variety of sub-domains that fall under this umbrella: crops and livestock; inputs (fertilizer/pesticides; machinery; employment); prices (producers/consumers); food security/access, etc. As a consequence, although the existence of data quality standards and corresponding assessment frameworks guarantees the consistency of statistical concepts, methodologies, as well as standards and procedures of the overall statistical program, an assessment focused on food and agriculture statistics requires tailored tools to be more effective and capable of identifying strengths and weaknesses. This need is identified well in the IMF Data Quality Assurance Framework (DQAF) where the generic DQAF serves as an umbrella to 7 dataset-specific frameworks in the domain of economic statistics (National accounts statistics; Consumer/producer price index; BOP/IIP, External Debt, Financial Institution and Government Finance statistics)².

The literature on data quality is quite vast, the most popular statistics QAF have many common features and typically show a "cascading" structure. Both, the UN NQAF (2019 edition) and the IMF DQAF (2012) agree on the fact that a QAF should look to the quality of the statistical institution, the quality of the statistical processes and the quality of the statistical product; in addition, the UN NQAF suggests the need to look at the overall national statistical system within which the different agencies producing and disseminating the national statistics operate.

The UN 2019 NQAF and the IMF DQAF represent the main references considered in drafting the NQAF for Agriculture Statistics that encompasses 4 levels of analysis:

Level 1: Managing the national statistical system (NSS)

Level 2: Managing the institutional environment

Level 3: Managing statistical processes

Level 4: Managing statistical outputs

https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/dataquality/un-nqaf-manual/

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¹ The survey was carried out as part of the activities of the Expert Group on National Quality Assurance Frameworks that in contributed to preparation of the 2019 UN NQAF Manual.

² https://dsbb.imf.org/dgrs/DQAF

Level 4 identifies the dimensions to consider in assessing the quality of the final food and agriculture statistical outputs disseminated by the national agency/agencies producing them. In line with the most popular approaches, the following dimensions are considered:

- 4.1 Relevance
- 4.2: Accuracy and reliability
- 4.3: Timeliness and punctuality
- 4.4: Accessibility and clarity
- 4.5: Coherence and comparability

To facilitate the assessment of the compliance of national agriculture statistics systems to such a general framework, a set of self-assessment checklists is being developed. They are expected to share almost the same structure, but with each dimension tailored to the specific sub-domain. Herein, we introduce the (draft) checklist for assessing the compliance of Crops and Livestock statistics; articulated in four dimensions depending on the fact that the data on crops and livestock statistics may be collected in the same survey or through various survey instruments.

The checklist is specifically tailored to crops and livestock statistics and an investigation of the key characteristics of the statistical process (level 3) and the statistical outputs (level 4). Given that in most of the developing countries and part of developed countries, crop and livestock statistics are the outcome of a sample survey (or a set of sample surveys), the section of the check-list referring to the statistical process (level 3) will uniquely consider a sample survey. It will investigate the key phases of the survey process, using the Generic Statistical Business Process Model (GSBPM, v. 5.1) as a general reference³. As far as compliance to sound methodologies is concerned, the current checklist refers also to manuals prepared by FAO, in particular in the framework of the Agricultural Integrated Survey (AGRISurvey) Programme⁴.

The checklist is a self-assessment tool that should be compiled by the officer(s) in charge of the crop and livestock statistics in a system-wide collaborative effort, as relevant. The questions are organized in sections according to "if-then" scenarios; there are both informative questions and assessment questions. The objective of the checklist it to perform an assessment by joining the mechanisms underlying the 2019 UN NQAF Manual and the IMF's DQAF. In particular, most of the assessment-type questions in the checklist allow scoring using just 4 possible answers:

full implementation => score=1
Partial implementation => score=0.5
Not implemented => score=0
NA => Not Applicable

Then, the elementary scores should be aggregated by level of the UN NQAF. The scores for the process (level 3) can be further be disaggregated by its main phases (some of the elements of the GSBPM) while those related to the statistical outputs (level 4) can be disaggregated by quality dimensions. This disaggregation permits to compile a summary report in line with the Reports on the Observance of Standards and Codes (ROSC) prepared by the IMF DQAF that adopts a four-point rating scale:

- "O" = Practice Observed: the current practices generally meet internationally accepted best practices/guidelines without any significant deficiencies.
- "LO" = Practice Largely Observed: some departures from internationally accepted best practices/guidelines, but these are not seen as insufficient;
- "LNO" = Practice Largely Not Observed: significant departures from internationally accepted best practices/guidelines which will need to take improvement actions;

³ https://statswiki.unece.org/display/GSBPM/GSBPM+v5.1

⁴ http://www.fao.org/in-action/agrisurvey/en/

"NO" = Practice Not Observed: internationally accepted best practices/guidelines are not met.

Urgent improvement actions need to be undertaken;

NA = Not Applicable: when some items/practices do not apply to a country's circumstances.

Note that the use of "LO" and "LNO" is intended to allow the assessor to make a subjective judgement regarding the degree or extent to which the practice is "partially" observed. Adopting a similar approach has value as many NSOs (and other national authorities) will be familiar with the ROSC assessment where a summary assessment by agency and dataset based on a four-part scale was followed by a separate section offering staff recommendations, where relevant.

Part I – National [CROPS] and [LIVESTOCK] statistics

Section I.1 Section Assuring Adequacy of resources

UN NQAF, Level B- Managing the institutional environment, Principle 9- Assuring adequacy of resources IMF DQAF. 0.2 Prerequisites for quality – Resources (0.2.1)

1.	In your Agency, are financial resources sufficient to implement the statistical work and development program(s) needed for producing [CROPS] and [LIVESTOCK] statistics? [single choice] 1. Yes, fully Yes, partially
	3. □ No
2.	In your Agency, are human resources sufficient to implement the statistical work and development program(s) needed for producing [CROPS] and [LIVESTOCK] statistics? [single choice] 4.
3.	In your Agency, are the computing IT and the other technological resources sufficient to implement the statistical work and development program(s) needed for producing [CROPS] and [LIVESTOCK] statistics? [single choice] 1.

Part II – National [CROPS] statistics

The following part of the self-assessment investigates uniquely [CROPS] statistics

Section II.1 – Introduction

4.	Do you have a statistical process (sample survey, administrative data, mixed sources, etc.) that ensures the production and dissemination of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, on a regular basis 2. □ Yes, but not on a regular basis 3. □ No, please explain
5.	If previous question in [1,2] How is the statistical process articulated? [single choice] 1. □ Single ad hoc sample survey 2. □ Data on [CROPS] collected in a general-purpose agriculture survey 3. □ Set of independent agriculture sample surveys 4. □ Administrative register/s 5. □ Combination of survey and administrative register 6. □ Earth observation data 7. □ Combination of survey and earth observation data 8. □ Combination of survey, administrative and earth observation data 9. □ Other, please specify: [free text]

Section II.2 – The statistical Process (survey)

UN NQAF Level C - Managing statistical processes, Principle 10 - Assuring methodological soundness
UN NQAF Level C - Managing statistical processes, Principle 12 - Assuring appropriate statistical procedures
UN NQAF Level C - Managing statistical processes, Principle 13 - Managing the respondent burden
IMF DQAF 2. - Methodological Soundness
IMF DQAF 3.3 Statistical Techniques

To be filled IF the statistical process needed for producing [CROPS]' statistics involves one or more surveys (see previous question)

6.	Are you aware of the "Handbook on the Agricultural Integrated Survey – AGRIS" prepared by the Global Strategy to improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics (published in 2017)? http://www.fao.org/3/ca6412en/ca6412en.pdf [single choice] 1. □ Yes and we are already implementing it (fully or in part) 2. □ Yes and we are planning to implement it (fully or in part) 3. □ Yes we know of its existence but we are NOT using or planning to use it 4. □ No
7.	Please indicate the type of survey(s) [single choice] 1. □ Single annual survey (with only one wave) that collects [CROPS]' production data for the last agricultural year 2. □ Survey with different waves that collects [CROPS]' production data for the different campaigns during the single year 3. □ Other, please explain.

II.2.1 – The main variables

GSBPM 2.2 – Design Variable Description

8.	Are the survey statistical units clearly defined?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. 🗆 Yes, partially
	3. □ No
9.	IF already implementing or planning to implement the AGRIS
	Is the definition of statistical units coherent with the AGRIS recommendations?
	(Section 4.1.1.4. of the AGRIS Manual)
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. 🗆 Yes, partially
	3. No, please explain
10.	Which of the following sections are included in the survey questionnaire?
	(please note that they are part of – but not exclusive to - the AGRIS core module)
	[multiple choice]
	1. \square General information on the holding
	2. Information on holders and managers
	3. \square Data on crop production during the reference period
	4. \square General information on the household of the holders and co-holders
	5. general information on household dwelling and assets
11.	Please indicate the type of [CROPS] data being collected?
	[single choice]
	1. □ [CROPS] production during the reference period for <u>all</u> harvests
	2. [CROPS] production during the reference period only for the main harvest
	3. Other please explain
12.	Nation of the fellowing and the second state of the second state o
12.	Which of the following variables are collected by type of crop? [multiple choice]
	1. Area planted
	2. Dradustian (quantity harvested)
	3. Production (quantity harvested)
	4. Value of production Total agricultural area by absorbation unit (form or bousehold)
	5. Total agricultural area by observation unit (farm or household)
	6. □ [CROPS] intention for the next season
L	<u> </u>

13.	Is the survey on [CROPS] collecting data (volume of crop products sold and crop revenues) that support compiling SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2?
	(SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry
	enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and
	indigenous status)
	https://unstats.un.org/sdqs/metadata?Text=&Goal=2&Target=2.3
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
	3. 🗆 No
	4. Not applicable (e.g. the needed data are collected in a different survey, etc.)
14.	Is the survey on [CROPS] collecting the data needed to compile the SDG indicator 2.4.1?
	(Indicator 2.4.1: Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture)
	https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata?Text=&Goal=2&Target=2.4
	[single choice]
	1.
	2. Yes, for most of the domains (sub-indicators)
	3.
	 4. □ No 5. □ Not applicable (e.g. the needed data are collected in a different survey, etc.)
	5. Unnot applicable (e.g. the needed data are collected in a different survey, etc.)
15.	Is the survey on [CROPS] collecting the data needed to compile the SDG indicators 5.a.1?
	(Indicator 5.a.1: (a) Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights
	over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights-bearers of
	agricultural land, by type of tenure)
	https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata?Text=&Goal=5&Target=5.a
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, completely
	2. ☐ Yes, partially
	3. No
	4. \square Not applicable (e.g. the needed data are collected in a different survey, etc.)

II.2.2 – The sample and the sampling frame

GSBPM 2.4 Design Frame and Sample GSBPM 4.1 create Frame and Select Sample

If [CROPS] statistics are the output of a single sample survey selected from a single frame

II [CKOF3	statistics are the output of a single sample survey selected from a single frame
16.	Are [CROPS] statistics obtained as the output of a stand-alone sample survey with a sample
i ! !	selected from a single frame?
i ! !	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes [GO to question 17]
	2. No [GO to question 28]
17.	Is [CROPS] survey based on a sample?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. No
18.	IF "Yes" to previous question
	Is probabilistic sampling adopted?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. □ No
	2 110
19.	IF "Yes" to previous question
13.	Is the sample designed in accordance with well-known standards?
	, · · · ·
	(typically sample on household adopt a stratified two stage sampling design while a sample of
	agriculture holdings is selected using a stratified one-stage sampling design; see e.g. Chapter 5 in
	the AGRIS Manual)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. □ No
20.	Is the sample designed to give <u>national</u> estimates of [CROPS] statistics with a fixed maximum
	sampling error?
	[single choice]
i 	1. \square Yes, for the most important national [CROPS] product
	2. Yes, but only for few important national [CROPS] product
	3. □ No
21.	Is the sample designed to provide <u>sub-national</u> (district/province level) estimates of [CROPS]
	statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, for the most important [CROPS] product
	2. Yes, but only for few important [CROPS] product, depending on the region
	3. \square No
	3. □ NO
22.	Is the sampling frame currently used to design and extract the sample being maintained and is
22.	, c
	it assessed whether is it adequate for the survey objectives?
	[single choice]
 	1. ☐ Yes on a regular basis
<u> </u>	2. Yes, but not regularly
	3. □ No

23.	In developing and maintaining a sampling frame, are you following the suggestions of the FAO
	Handbook on master sampling frame? http://www.fao.org/3/ca6398en/ca6398en.pdf
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, completely
	2. ☐ Yes, partially
	3. No, please explain
24.	Which are the main problems in the sampling frame?
	[multiple choice]
	1. □ Under-coverage (not all the units are included in the frame)
	2. Over-coverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there)
	3. Outdated information
-	4. ☐ Missing data
	5. Other, please explain
	3. 🗆 Other, picase explain
25.	Have you assessed the extent of <u>under-coverage</u> in the sampling frame?
23.	[single choice]
	1. □ No, as it can be considered negligible
	The state of the s
	2. No, it is NOT negligible but we were not able to measure its extent
	3. Yes, and it is negligible (below 10%)
	4. Yes, and it is NOT negligible. Please specify:
26.	Have you accessed the extent of ever coverage in the compling frame?
20.	Have you assessed the extent of <u>over-coverage</u> in the sampling frame? [single choice]
	1. No, as it can be considered negligible
	2. No, it is NOT negligible but we were not able to measure its extent
	3. Yes, and it is negligible (below 10%)
	4. \square Yes, and it is NOT negligible
27.	Does the sampling frame include outdated information?
	[multiple choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, information needed for sampling design (e.g. stratification variables, etc.)
	2. □ Yes, information needed for contacting units
	3. ☐ Yes, information not needed for sampling purposes or for contacting units
	4. □ Other, please explain:
<u>i</u>	1 4. 🗆 Ottler, picuse explain
If [CROP	5] statistics are the output of <u>a set of samples selected from different frames</u>
ii [Choi s	of statistics are the output of <u>a set of samples selected from afferent frames</u>
28.	Which are the main reasons for having different sampling frames?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Each frame refers to a different type of sample units (e.g. Agriculture households in one
	frame and commercial farms in the other)
	2. □ The frames refer to the same sampling units but cover different sub-sets of the target
	population
	3. The frames refer to the same sampling units but come from different sources and cannot
	be integrated
	4. Other, please explain:
	Coner, picase explain.
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29.	Are the different samples (each selected form one of the available frames) selected using a
	probabilistic mechanism?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, all the samples
	2. Yes, only some of the samples
	3.
30.	IF "Yes" to previous question
	Are the samples designed in accordance with the well-known standards?
<u> </u> 	(typically sample on household adopt a stratified two stage sampling design while a sample of
 	agriculture holdings is selected using a stratified one-stage sampling design; see e.g. Chapter 5 in
	the AGRIS Manual)?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
 	3. No
31.	Are the various samples designed to provide <u>national</u> estimates of [CROPS] statistics with a
	fixed maximum sampling error?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for the most important national [CROPS] product
	2. Yes, but only for few important national [CROPS] product
i 	3. No
32.	Are the various samples designed to provide <u>sub-national</u> estimates of [CROPS] statistics with a
	fixed maximum sampling error?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, for the most important [CROPS] product for each region One was but only for the few important [CROPS] product at regional level.
	 2. □ Yes, but only for the few important [CROPS] product at regional level 3. □ No
	3. LINO
33.	Is there the risk of overlapping between the distinct frames used to select the various samples?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes
ļ	2. □ No
	!
	3. Don't Know
34.	3. Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question
34.	3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames?
34.	3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice]
34.	3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study
34.	 3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately
34.	3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study
34. 35.	 3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately 3. □ No Which are the main problems in the sampling frames?
	IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1.
	IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately 3. □ No Which are the main problems in the sampling frames? [multiple choice] 1. □ Undercoverage (not all the units are included in the frame)
	IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately 3. □ No Which are the main problems in the sampling frames? [multiple choice] 1. □ Undercoverage (not all the units are included in the frame) 2. □ Overcoverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there)
	 3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately 3. □ No Which are the main problems in the sampling frames? [multiple choice] 1. □ Undercoverage (not all the units are included in the frame) 2. □ Overcoverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there) 3. □ Outdated information
	IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately 3. □ No Which are the main problems in the sampling frames? [multiple choice] 1. □ Undercoverage (not all the units are included in the frame) 2. □ Overcoverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there) 3. □ Outdated information 4. □ Missing data
	 3. □ Don't Know IF "Yes" to previous question Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study 2. □ Yes, but only approximately 3. □ No Which are the main problems in the sampling frames? [multiple choice] 1. □ Undercoverage (not all the units are included in the frame) 2. □ Overcoverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there) 3. □ Outdated information

For ALL

36.	Is the work done on sampling frame(s) and the used sampling design(s) documented?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, full documentation is available
	2. Yes, partial documentation is available
	3. □ No

II.2.3 Data collection

GSBPM 2.1 Design Collection GSBPM 4. Collect

37.	Is data collection designed to implement Computer Assisted Interview?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, for all the units
	2. Yes, but not for all the units
	3.
38.	Is the survey questionnaire designed to facilitate the data collection and reduce the response burden on respondents?
	(e.g. a well-designed skip pattern, well-written sentences easy to be understood, removal of
	unnecessary questions whose information does not contribute to dissemination, etc.)
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. No
39.	Is data collection carried out by interviewers?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for all the units
	2. \square Yes, but only of a subset of units
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
40.	IF "Yes" to the previous question
	Is on-field data collection organized to allow efficient work for interviewers and avoid excessive
	workload?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. No
41.	Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly)
	2. Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
42.	Did you test the data collection in advance?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, completely (questionnaire, organization of the on-field work, interviewing phase,)
	2. Yes, partially (only some aspects). Please explain:
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)

II.2.4 Data treatment

GSBPM 5.3 Review and validate GSBPM 5.3 Edit and impute

43.	Do you check collected data for errors (missing values, outliers, incoherent values, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	 ☐ Yes, for almost all the variables in the questionnaire ☐ Yes, only for the most important variables
	3. No
	5. 🗆 NO
44.	IF "yes" to previous question
	How do you detect errors in [CROPS] data?
	[single choice]
	1. \square In a fully automatic way and part of the checks are already in the electronic questionnaire
	2. \square In a fully automatic way but after the data collection
	3. \square partly in automatic way and partly through manual checks (clerical revision)
	4. □ only through manual checks (clerical revision)
	5. 🗆 Other, please explain
45.	Do you impute missing values?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, for almost all the variables in the questionnaire
	2. Yes, only for the most important variables
	3. □ No
	4. ☐ Not applicable (missing values are not present)
46.	IF "yes" to previous question
	How do you impute missing values?
	[single choice]
	1. In an automatic way by applying well-known statistical methods (e.g. nearest neighbour
	donor imputation, regression imputation, etc.)
	2. \square A mixed approach involving both imputation using statistical methods and manual
	imputation carried out by clerks being subject matter experts
	3. □ Only manual imputation carried out by clerks being subject matter experts
47.	Are the data treatment procedures (detection of errors, outlier and imputation) documented?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
	3. □ No

II.2.5 Weighting

GSBPM 5.6 Calculate sampling weights

48.	Do you modify the initial sample weights for compensating for unit nonresponse or for aligning survey estimates with known population totals (weights calibration or post-stratification)? [single choice] 1. □ Yes 2. □ No 3. □ Not applicable (sample survey non adopted or nonprobability sampling is considered)
49.	IF "Yes" to previous question
	Is the re-weighting procedure documented? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully 2. □ Yes, partially 3. □ No

II.2.6 Data processing and data backup

GSBPM 5.7 Calculate aggregates GSBPM 5.7 Finalize data files

50.	Do you check the final data-processing step (aimed at calculating the final [CROPS] estimates) for potential errors? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, the software codes have been extensively tested and checked in advance 2. □ yes, only if the software code returns an error 3. □ No
51.	Are the final estimates compared with other estimates before their disseminations? [single choice] 1. □ Yes 2. □ No 3. □ Not applicable
52.	<pre>IF "Yes" to previous question In case of discrepancies to do you modify the estimates so to ensure coherence with other estimates [single choice] 1. □ Yes, all the estimates 2. □ Yes, some of them 3. □ No</pre>
53.	 Have you implemented an IT procedure for doing backup of the data? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, regularly at the end of the main phase of the statistical process 2. □ Yes, but not on a regular basis 3. □ No

II.3 Managing [CROPS] Statistical Outputs

II.3.1 Relevance

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 14 Assuring relevance IMF DQAF. 0.3 Prerequisites for quality – Relevance (0.3.1)

54.	Please indicate the coverage in terms of [CROPS] products?
	[single choice]
	1. \Box The survey covers ALL the products of agriculture relevant (Division 01 in CPC 2.1) at
	national level (say covering at least the 90% of the whole national [CROPS] production)
	2. \Box The survey covers only the main products of agriculture relevant (Division 01 in CPC
	2.1) at national level (say covering from the 60% to 90% of the whole national [CROPS]
	production)
	3. The survey covers only a small subset of products of agriculture relevant (Division 01)
	in CPC 2.1) at national level
	4. Other please explain
55.	Does the survey include horticulture product?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, the main horticulture products
	2. \square Yes, few horticulture products
	3. □ No
	4. Not applicable (horticulture is not relevant or data collected in another survey)
56.	Do the currently disseminated [CROPS] statistics satisfy the main needs of both National
	and international users?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. \(\superstandarrow{\text{No}}{\text{No}}
	4. Don't know
57.	Do the currently disseminated [CROPS] statistics satisfy the main needs of both National
	and international users in terms of disaggregation (territorial, by type of farms, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3.
	4. \square Don't know
58.	Do you have a mechanism (survey, committee) to monitor user's satisfaction with
56.	[CROPS] statistics and understanding also their unmet needs?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, in a regular way
	i ,
	2. □ Yes, but not regularly3. □ No
	5. ⊔ INU

59.	IF "Yes" to previous Are the unmet needs prioritized and taken into account to improve the statistical production process of [CROPS] statistics and the corresponding quality?
	 [single choice] 1. □ Yes, in a regular way 2. □ Yes, but not regularly 3. □ No

II.3.2 Accuracy and Reliability

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 15 Assuring Accuracy and Reliability IMF DQAF 3. Accuracy and reliability, 4.3 Revision Policy and practice

60.	Is the survey designed to cover all the target populations underlying [CROPS] statistics? (for instance, in some countries the agriculture production requires the collection data from commercial farms and the households in the agriculture sector which consist of two distinct target populations) [single choice] 1.
61.	Do you assess the accuracy of [CROPS] statistics in terms of sampling error (i.e. estimation of the
	sampling error, confidence intervals, etc.)?
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, in a regular way
	2. Yes, occasionally
	3. \square No
	4. □ Not applicable, we do not use a sample survey to collect data on [CROPS]
62.	Do you have tools to assess potential impact of non-sampling errors on the accuracy of [CROPS] statistics?
	(nonsampling errors are the errors that do not depend from the sampling and may arise in any
	phase of a statistical production process; usually they include nonresponse, measurement errors,
	errors in data treatment, etc.)
	[single choice]1. □ Yes, we regularly monitor them by calculating a set of quality indicators (unit nonresponse,
	item nonresponse, etc.)
	2. Yes, but not on a regular basis
	3. □ No
63.	Do you revise already disseminated [CROPS] statistics?
	[single choice]
	 ☐ Yes, on a regular basis according to a well-defined revision policy (usually include at least 2 revisions od initial disseminated statistics)
	2. \Box Yes, we disseminate provisional statistics and then replace them with the corresponding final estimates
	3. \square Yes, we revise the statistics only when errors in the disseminated figures are detected (there
	is not a revision policy or dissemination of provisional and final statistics)
	4. □ No
64.	IF "Yes " to the previous question
	Do you calculate indicators related to the direction and size of revisions of [CROPS] statistics?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, on a regular basis
	2. ☐ Yes, not regularly3. ☐ No
	3. Lino

II.3.3 Timeliness and Punctuality

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 16 Assuring Timeliness and Punctuality IMF DQAF 4. Serviceability, 4.1 Periodicity and Timeliness

65.	Do you disseminate provisional estimates?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. □ No
66.	IF provisional estimates are disseminated
	Please indicate their timeliness in months (the time-lag from the end of the reference period to
	the dissemination date)
	_ _ months for <u>provisional</u> estimates
67.	IF provisional estimates are disseminated
	Are provisional estimates disseminated to compensate for non-timely final [CROPS] statistics?
	[single choice]
	1.
	2.
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
68.	What is the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? (please indicate the time-lag from the end of the
	reference period to the dissemination date)
	_ _ months for <u>final</u> estimates
69	In case of (almost) regular production of [CPOPS] statistics over the last 5 years. What is the
69.	In case of (almost) regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years. What is the
69.	observed trend of timeliness?
69.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice]
69.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date)
69.	 observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving
69.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable
69.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating
69.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating
69.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating
69. 70.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years)
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5]
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics?
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice]
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it's the main priority
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it's the main priority 2. □ Yes, but it is not the main priority 3. □ No
	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it's the main priority 2. □ Yes, but it is not the main priority 3. □ No Does a published schedule announce the [CROPS] statistics publication dates in advance of their
70.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it's the main priority 2. □ Yes, but it is not the main priority 3. □ No Does a published schedule announce the [CROPS] statistics publication dates in advance of their release?
70.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it's the main priority 2. □ Yes, but it is not the main priority 3. □ No Does a published schedule announce the [CROPS] statistics publication dates in advance of their
70.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1. □ Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date) 2. □ Slightly improving 3. □ Almost stable 4. □ Slightly deteriorating 5. □ Deteriorating 6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years) IF previous questions = [3,4,5] Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [CROPS] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it's the main priority 2. □ Yes, but it is not the main priority 3. □ No Does a published schedule announce the [CROPS] statistics publication dates in advance of their release?
70.	observed trend of timeliness? [single choice] 1.

72.	Have you experienced problems in punctuality of dissemination of [CROPS] statistics? (i.e. statistics disseminated later than the scheduled date)
	[single choice]
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, often
	2. Yes, sometimes
	3. 🗆 No

II.3.4 Accessibility and Clarity

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 17 Assuring Accessibility and Clarity IMF DQAF 5 Accessibility

73.	Are the disseminated [CROPS] statistics made freely available for all users?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. No
74.	Are the disseminated [CROPS] statistics made available to all users at the same time?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. □ No – but embargos imposed to prevent early public disclosure
	3. No
75.	How are [CROPS] statistics disseminated?
	[multiple choice]
	1. □ Data tables
	2. Analytical products
	3. Microdata files
	4. □ Other, please specify:
76.	Are the users able to extract [CROPS] data from statistical database through a public query
70.	interface in the most appropriate and common formats (xlsx, CSV, html, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
	3. □ No
77.	Can [CROPS] statistics be accessed via an Application Programming Interface (API)?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2.
78.	Are anonymized microdata on [CROPS] statistics disseminated externally?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, all the data
	2. Yes, but only a subset of data
	3. □ No
79.	IF "Yes" to previous question
	How are the data anonymized?
	[single choice]
	1. By removing unit identifiers and changing/removing the values of those variables that may
	allow an indirect identification
	2. □ Just by removing the identifiers
	3. □ other, please explain

80.	Are [CROPS] statistics disseminated in a clear and understandable manner? (i.e. the statistics come along with explanatory texts that clearly describes the content, well desgned tables and graphical outputs, etc.) [single choice] 1. □ Yes, all the statistics 2. □ Yes, but only a subset of the statistics 3. □ No
81.	Has [CROPS] statistics dissemination been adapted to reflect new IT dissemination opportunities such as mobile phones?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, various methods of new IT dissemination opportunities have been adopted to reach the maximum number of users in a cost-effective way
	2. Yes, new IT dissemination opportunities have been adopted but the maximum number of users has not yet been reached
	3. \square No new IT dissemination system has been put in place
82.	Are users informed about revisions of already disseminated [CROPS] statistics?
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, always
	2. □ Yes, but occasionally
	3. □ No
	4. □ Not Applicable (revisions are NOT done)
83.	Are [CROPS] statistics accompanied by the corresponding metadata needed to understand them?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, all metadata are provided
	2. Yes, but just a subset of metadata is provided
	3. \square No
84.	Are [CROPS] statistics accompanied by up-to-date methodological documents (on concepts,
	scope, classifications, basis of recording, data sources, compilation methods and statistical techniques), as well as quality reports freely available to the public?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, all the documentation is provided to the users
	2. □ Yes, but the available documentation is rather limited3. □ No
85.	Do you monitor accesses to [CROPS] statistics by calculating related indicators?
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, regularly
	2. □ Yes, occasionally
	3. 🗆 No
86.	Is it possible for users to contact the agency to point out possible errors, to seek clarifications
	and, if necessary, to lodge complaints?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes
	2. \square No
	1

II.3.5 Comparability and Coherence

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 18 Assuring Coherence and Comparability IMF DQAF 4.2 Consistency

87.	Do you assess the coherence of the disseminated [CROPS] statistics with similar statistics produced and disseminated by another National Agency? (single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, regularly
	2. ☐ Yes, sometimes
	3. □ No
	4. \square Not Applicable (There are no other National Agencies producing [CROPS] statistics
88.	Do you assess the coherence of the disseminated [CROPS] statistics with similar statistics
	produced and disseminated by an International Agency?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, regularly
	2. \square Yes, sometimes
	3. □ No
	4. \square Not Applicable (There are no other International Agencies producing [CROPS] statistics
89.	Are [CROPS] classified according to the Central Product Classification Revision 2.1 (CPC Rev.2.1)
	expanded (as reported in the AGRIS manual (Annex 1-3)?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. □ No
90.	IF [2,3] to previous question
	Do you use a conversion table from internal to CPC classification?
	1. Yes, there is a well-established and publicly available table
	2. \square Yes, but the table is not stable over time
	3. □ No
91.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [CROPS] data compliant with international
	standards?
	(typically hectares for agriculture area; tons or kilograms for quantities)
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. 🗆 Yes, partially
	3. □ No

92.	IF [2,3] to previous question
	Is conversion of unit of measures done in accordance to established and fixed conversion
	table(s)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, the table(s) are well-established and publicly available
	2. ☐ Yes, but the table(s) are not stable over time
	3. □ No
	4. □ Not Applicable (conversion is not done)
93.	In case of (almost) regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years, to what extent
	are they comparable over time?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Fully comparable
	2. □ Partially comparable
	3. Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break:
	4. Not applicable (no regular production of [CROPS] statistics over the last 5 years or
	comparability over time not assessed)
94.	Are [CROPS] statistics comparable for geographical areas (districts, provinces, etc.) in the
	country?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. 🗆 Yes, partially
	3. 🗆 No
	4. Not Applicable ([CROPS] statistics refer only to the whole country and no statistics are
	produced for geographical sub-domains)

II.3.6. Managing the Metadata

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 19 Managing Metadata

,	
95.	Do you have a metadata management system for [CROPS] statistics or for all the statistics
	produced and disseminated by your Agency?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, it is fully operative
	2. Yes, it is partially operative
	3. □ No
96.	IF "Yes" to the previous question
	Is the metadata management system in line with international standards (like SDMX, DDI, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. □ No
97.	Are procedures in place to ensure that metadata on [CROPS] are documented according to
	standardized metadata systems and regularly updated?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, on a regular basis
	2. \square Yes, but not on a regular basis
	3. □ No
98.	Are updates of metadata on [CROPS] statistics disseminated at the same time of [CROPS]
	statistics themselves?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, all the metadata
	2. \square Yes, but only a subset of relevant metadata is updated and disseminated together with the
	data
	3. □ No
<u> </u>	

Filtering question

99.	Are data on [LIVESTOCK] collected with the same survey used to collect [CROPS] data?
	[single choice]
	1. 🗆 Yes GO TO PART III
	2. \square No, GO TO PART IV

Part III – Livestock statistics

III.1.1 – The main variables

GSBPM 2.2 – Design Variable Description

100.	Please indicate the units on which [LIVESTOCK] data are collected?
	[multiple choice]
	1. \square Holdings with land and raising livestock
	2. Landless holdings raising livestock
	3. Nomadic/semi-nomadic pastoralism (if applicable)
	4. \square Large commercial agriculture holdings raising livestock
	5. 🗆 Other, please explain
101.	,
	[multiple choice]
	1. \square All [LIVESTOCK] raised by species
	2. \square Herd's movements
	3. \square Production of meat by species
	4. \square Production of milk by species
	5. \square Production of eggs by species
	6. Honeybees
	7. \square Other please explain
102.	Which of the following variables are collected?
	[multiple choice]
	1. Number of births by species
	2. Number of live animals by species
	3. Number of deaths by species
	4. Number of slaughtered animals for meat production, by species
	5. Carcass weight of slaughtered animals
	6. Quantity of meat by use (own-consumption, selling, etc.)
	7. Milk production by use
	8. Eggs production by use
	9. Other please explain
I	l

103.	Is the survey collecting the data (volume of livestock products sold and livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2?
	(SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry
	enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and
	indigenous status)
	https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata?Text=&Goal=2&Target=2.3
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. ☐ Yes, partially
	3. □ No
	4. \square Not applicable (the data are collected in another survey/data source, etc.)

III.1.2 – The sample and the sampling frame

GSBPM 2.4 Design Frame and Sample GSBPM 4.1 create Frame and Select Sample

If [LIVESTOCK] statistics are the output of <u>a single sample survey selected from a single frame</u>

104.	Are livestock statistics obtained as the output of a stand-alone sample survey with the sample selected from a single frame? [single choice] 1.
105.	Is the sample designed to give national estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1.
106.	Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1.
107.	Which are the main problems in the sampling frame with respect to [LIVESTOCK]? [multiple choice] 1. Under-coverage (not all the units are included in the frame) 2. Over-coverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there) 3. Outdated information 4. Missing data 5. Other, please explain

If [LIVESTOCK] statistics are the output also of an additional <u>sub-sample(s)</u> selected from different frames

108.	 Which are the main reasons for having the additional sub-sample(s)? [multiple choice] 1. □ Collect data on commercial holdings raising [LIVESTOCK] 2. □ Collect data on landless holdings raising [LIVESTOCK] 3. □ Collect data on nomadic/semi-nomadic pastoralism 4. □ Other, please explain:
109.	Are the additional sub-sample(s) selected using a probabilistic mechanism? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, all the samples 2. □ Yes, only some of the samples 3. □ No

IF "Yes" to previous question
Are the samples designed in accordance with the well-known standards?
(typically sample on household adopt a stratified two stage sampling design while a sample of
agriculture holdings is selected using a stratified one-stage sampling design; see e.g. Chapter 5 in
the AGRIS Manual)?
[single choice]
1. ☐ Yes, fully
•
2. Yes, partially
3. □ No
le there the right of available in hat were the forms used to calcut [UVICTOCK] out assessed as
Is there the risk of overlapping between the frame used to select [LIVESTOCK] sub-samples and
the frame used to select the main sample?
[single choice]
1. ☐ Yes
2. □ No
3. 🗆 Don't Know
IF "Yes" to previous question
Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames?
[single choice]
 ☐ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study
2. Yes, but only approximately
3. □ No

III.2 Managing [LIVESTOCK] Statistical Outputs

III.2.1 Relevance

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 14 Assuring relevance IMF DQAF. 0.3 Prerequisites for quality – Relevance (0.3.1)

113.	Please indicate the coverage in terms of [LIVESTOCK] products?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ The survey covers ALL [LIVESTOCK] species (and corresponding products) relevant at
	national level (say covering at least the 90% of the whole national [LIVESTOCK])
	2. The survey covers only the main [LIVESTOCK] species (and corresponding products) at
	national level (say covering from the 60% to 90% of the whole national [LIVESTOCK]
	production)
	3. ☐ The survey covers only a small subset of [LIVESTOCK] species relevant at national level
	4. \square Other please explain
114.	Do the currently disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics satisfy the main needs of both National
	and international users?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3.
	4. Don't know
115.	Do the currently disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics satisfy the main needs of both National
	and international users in terms of disaggregation (territorial, by type of farms, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
	3. □ No
	4. Don't know
116.	Do you have a mechanism (survey, committee) to monitor user's satisfaction with [LIVESTOCK]
	statistics and understanding also their unmet needs?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, in a regular way
	2. \square Yes, but not regularly
	3. □ No
117.	IF "Yes" to previous
	Are the unmet needs prioritized and taken into account to improve the statistical production
	process of [LIVESTOCK] statistics and the corresponding quality?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, in a regular way
	2. \square Yes, but not regularly
	3. □ No

III.2.2 Accuracy and Reliability

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 15 Assuring Accuracy and Reliability IMF DQAF 3. Accuracy and reliability, 4.3 Revision Policy and practice

118.	Is the survey designed to cover all the target populations underlying [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (typically, in some countries the agriculture production requires the collection data from commercial farms and the households in the agriculture sector)
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, all the target populations are considered
	2. No, the survey considers only the subset of the population contributing to a largest fraction
	of the overall agriculture production
	3. No, the survey considers only the subset of the population easier to be observed
	4. \square other, please explain
119.	Do you assess the accuracy of [LIVESTOCK] statistics in terms of sampling error (i.e. estimation of
	the sampling error, confidence intervals, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, in a regular way
	2. Yes, occasionally
	3. No
	4. □ Not applicable, we do not use a sample survey to collect data on [LIVESTOCK]
120.	Do you have tools to assess potential impact of non-sampling errors on the accuracy of
	[LIVESTOCK] statistics?
	(nonsampling errors are the errors that do not depend from the sampling and may arise in any
	phase of a statistical production process; usually they include nonresponse, measurement errors,
	errors in data treatment, etc.)
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, we regularly monitor them by calculating a set of quality indicators (unit nonresponse,
	item nonresponse, etc.)
	2. Yes, but not on a regular basis
	3. □ No
404	
121.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, on a regular basis according to a well-defined revision policy (usually include at least 2
	revisions od initial disseminated statistics)
	2. \square Yes, we disseminate provisional statistics and then replace them with the corresponding final
	estimates
	3. \square Yes, we revise the statistics only when errors in the disseminated figures are detected (there
	is not a revision policy or dissemination of provisional and final statistics)
	4. □ No
122.	IF "Yes " to the previous question
	Do you calculate indicators related to the direction and size of revisions of [LIVESTOCK]
i	statistics?
i	
	[single choice]
	[single choice] 1. \text{Yes. on a regular basis}
	1. ☐ Yes, on a regular basis

III.2.3 Timeliness and Punctuality

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 16 Assuring Timeliness and Punctuality IMF DQAF 4. Serviceability, 4.1 Periodicity and Timeliness

123.	Do you disseminate externally provisional [LIVESTOCK] statistics?
	[single choice]
	ı. □ Yes
	2.
124.	IF provisional estimates are disseminated
	What is the timeliness of disseminated provisional [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (please indicate the
	time-lag from the end of the reference period to the dissemination date)
	$ _{-} _{-} $ months for <u>provisional</u> estimates (if provisional estimates are disseminated)
125.	IF provisional estimates are disseminated
	Are provisional estimates disseminated to compensate for non-timely final [LIVESTOCK]
	statistics?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, this is the main reason
	2. \square Yes, this is one of the reasons
	3. □ No
126.	What is the timeliness of disseminated provisional [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (please indicate the
	time-lag from the end of the reference period to the dissemination date)
	_ _ months for <u>final</u> estimates
127.	In case of (almost) regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years. What is the
	observed trend of timeliness?
	[single choice]
	1. Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date)
	2. Slightly improving
	3. Almost stable
	4. Slightly deteriorating
	5. Deteriorating
	6. \square Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years)
120	If any in a section of 12 d pl
128.	IF previous questions = [3,4,5]
	Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [LIVESTOCK] statistics? [single choice]
	1. \square Yes, it's the main priority
	2. \square Yes, but it is not the main priority
	3. \square No
	3. □ NO
129.	Does a published schedule announce the [LIVESTOCK] statistics publication dates in advance of
123.	their release?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes
	1. □ Yes 2. □ No
	L. □ INU

130.	Have you experienced problems in punctuality of dissemination of [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (i.e. statistics disseminated later than the scheduled date)
	[single choice]
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, often
	2. Yes, sometimes
	3. 🗆 No

III.2.4 Accessibility and Clarity

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 17 Assuring Accessibility and Clarity IMF DQAF 5 Accessibility

131.	Are the disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics made freely available for all users?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. ☐ Yes, partially
	3. □ No
132.	Are the disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics made available to all users at the same time?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. No – but embargos imposed to prevent early public disclosure
	3. □ No
133.	How are [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated?
	[multiple choice]
	1. 🗆 Data tables
	2. \square Analytical products
	3. Microdata files
	4. □ Other, please specify:
134.	Are the users able to extract [UVESTOCK] data from statistical database through a public query
134.	Are the users able to extract [LIVESTOCK] data from statistical database through a public query interface in the most appropriate and common formats (xlsx, csv, html, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
	3. L 110
135.	Can [LIVESTOCK] statistics be accessed via an Application Programming Interface (API)?
	[single choice]
	ı. □ Yes
	2. □ No
136.	Are anonymized microdata on [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated externally?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, all the data
	2. \square Yes, but only a subset of data
	3. □ No
137.	IF "Yes" to previous question
	How are the data anonymized?
	[single choice]
	1. □ By removing unit identifiers and changing/removing the values of those variables that may
	allow an indirect identification
	2. ☐ Just by removing the identifiers
	3. □ other, please explain

138.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated in a clear and understandable manner? (i.e. the statistics come along with explanatory texts that clearly describes the content, well designed tables and graphical outputs, etc.) [single choice] 1.
139.	Has [LIVESTOCK] statistics dissemination been adapted to reflect new IT dissemination opportunities such as mobile phones?
	[single choice]
	 Yes, various methods of new IT dissemination opportunities have been adopted to reach the maximum number of users in a cost-effective way
	2. \square Yes, new IT dissemination opportunities have been adopted but the maximum number of
	users has not yet been reached 3. \square No new IT dissemination system has been put in place
440	
140.	Are users informed about revisions of already disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics? [single choice]
	1. \square Yes, always
	2.
	3. □ No4. □ Not Applicable (revisions are NOT done)
141.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics accompanied by the corresponding metadata needed to understand them?
	[single choice]
	1.
	 2. □ Yes, but just a subset of metadata is provided 3. □ No
	5. 2.10
142.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics accompanied by up-to-date methodological documents (on concepts, scope, classifications, basis of recording, data sources, compilation methods and statistical techniques), as well as quality reports freely available to the public? [single choice]
	 Yes, all the documentation is provided to the users ☐ Yes, but the available documentation is rather limited
	3. No
143.	Do you monitor accesses to [LIVESTOCK] statistics by calculating related indicators?
	[single choice]
	 Yes, regularly Yes, occasionally
	3. \square No
4.5.4	
144.	Is it possible for users to contact the agency to point out possible errors, to seek clarifications and, if necessary, to lodge complaints?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. \square No
	$\dot{\epsilon}$

III.2.5 Comparability and Coherence

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 18 Assuring Coherence and Comparability IMF DQAF 4.2 Consistency

145.	Do you assess the coherence of the disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics with similar statistics
	produced and disseminated by another <u>National</u> Agency?
	[single choice]
	5. Yes, regularly
	6. ☐ Yes, sometimes
	7. No
	8. Not Applicable (There are no other National Agencies producing [LIVESTOCK] statistics
146.	Do you assess the coherence of the disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics with similar statistics
	produced and disseminated by an International Agency?
	[single choice]
	5. ☐ Yes, regularly
	6. ☐ Yes, sometimes
	7. □ No
	8. \square Not Applicable (There are no other International Agencies producing [LIVESTOCK] statistics
147.	Are [LIVESTOCK] animals and products classified according to the Central Product Classification
	Revision 2.1 (CPC Rev.2.1) expanded (as reported in the AGRIS manual (Annex 1-3)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. ☐ Yes, partially
	3.
148.	IF [2,3] to previous question
	Do you use a conversion table from internal to CPC classification?
	1. Yes, there is a well-established and publicly available table
	2. Yes, but the table is not stable over time
	3.
149.	
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards?
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards?
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.)
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards?
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice]
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1. Yes, fully
149.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
149. 150.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.
	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international standards? (typically heads for animals; kilograms for meat, etc.) [single choice] 1.

extent are they comparable over time? [single choice] 1.	151.	In case of (almost) regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years, to what
 Fully comparable Partially comparable Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break: Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 		extent are they comparable over time?
 Partially comparable Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break: Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 		[single choice]
 3.		1. Fully comparable
break: 4. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed)		2. □ Partially comparable
4. ☐ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed)		3. \square Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the
comparability over time not assessed)		break:
		4. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or
152. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical areas (districts, provinces, etc.) in the		comparability over time not assessed)
152. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical areas (districts, provinces, etc.) in the		
7 ii e [2: 1 2 0 1 0 cit.] statistics comparable for Beographical areas (alout tets) protintees, etc., iii tile	152.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical areas (districts, provinces, etc.) in the
country?		country?
[single choice]		[single choice]
1. ☐ Yes, fully		1. ☐ Yes, fully
2. □ Yes, partially		2. Yes, partially
3. □ No		3. □ No
4. □ Not Applicable ([LIVESTOCK] statistics refer only to the whole country and no statistics are		4. Not Applicable ([LIVESTOCK] statistics refer only to the whole country and no statistics are
produced for geographical sub-domains)		produced for geographical sub-domains)

III.2.6. Managing the Metadata

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 19 Managing Metadata

153.	
	produced and disseminated by your Agency?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes, it is fully operative
	2. \square Yes, it is partially operative
	3. □ No
154.	IF "Yes" to the previous question
	Is the metadata management system in line with international standards (like SDMX, DDI, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. ☐ Yes, partially
	3. □ No
155.	
	standardized metadata systems and regularly updated?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, on a regular basis
	2. \square Yes, but not on a regular basis
	3.
156.	Are updates of metadata on [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated at the same time of
	[LIVESTOCK] statistics themselves?
	[single choice]
	4. ☐ Yes, all the metadata
	1. \square Yes, but only a subset of relevant metadata is updated and disseminated together with the
	data
	2. □ No

Part IV – National [LIVESTOCK] statistics

The following part of the self-assessment investigates uniquely [<u>LIVESTOCK</u>] statistics when they are produced by a tailored survey (NOT the same survey used for [CROPS])

Section IV.1 – Introduction

157.	Do you have a statistical process (sample survey, administrative data, mixed sources, etc.) that ensures the production and dissemination of [LIVESTOCK] statistics? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, on a regular basis 2. □ Yes, but not on a regular basis 3. □ No, please explain
	3. — No, please explain
158.	If previous question in [1,2] How is articulated the statistical process?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Single ad hoc sample survey
	2. □ Data on [LIVESTOCK] collected in a general-purpose agriculture survey
	3. □ Set of independent agriculture sample surveys
	4. ☐ Administrative register/s
	5. Combination of survey and administrative register
	6. 🗆 Earth observation data
	7. \square Combination of survey and earth observation data
	8. Combination of survey, administrative and earth observation data
	9. Other, please specify: [free text]
i	

Section IV.2 – The statistical Process (survey)

UN NQAF Level C - Managing statistical processes, Principle 10 - Assuring methodological soundness
UN NQAF Level C - Managing statistical processes, Principle 12 - Assuring appropriate statistical procedures
UN NQAF Level C - Managing statistical processes, Principle 13 - Managing the respondent burden
IMF DQAF 2. - Methodological Soundness
IMF DQAF 3.3 Statistical Techniques

To be filled IF the statistical process needed for producing [LIVESTOCK]' statistics involves one or more <u>surveys</u> (see previous question)

159.	Are you aware of "Handbook on the Agricultural Integrated Survey – AGRIS" prepared by the Global Strategy to improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics (published in 2017)? http://www.fao.org/3/ca6412en/ca6412en.pdf [single choice] 1.
160	
160.	 Please indicate the type of survey(s) [single choice] □ Single annual survey (with only one wave) that collects [LIVESTOCK] data for the last agricultural year □ Survey with different waves that collects [LIVESTOCK] data for the different campaigns two or more times during the single year □ Other, please explain.

IV.2.1 – The main variables

GSBPM 2.2 – Design Variable Description

161.	Are the survey statistical units clearly defined?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
162.	Please indicate the units on which [LIVESTOCK] data are collected?
	[multiple choice]
	1. Holdings with land and raising livestock
	2. Landless holdings raising livestock
i 	3. Nomadic/semi-nomadic pastoralism (if applicable)
	4. ☐ Large commercial agriculture holdings raising livestock
	5. Other, please explain
163.	IF already implementing an algoring to implement the ACRIC
103.	IF already implementing or planning to implement the AGRIS Is the definition of statistical units coherent with the AGRIS recommendations?
	(Section 4.1.1.4. of the AGRIS Manual)
	[single choice]
	1. \(\sum \text{Yes, fully} \)
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. \square No, please explain
	3. \square No, please explain
164.	Which of the following sections are included in the survey questionnaire?
	(please note that they are part of the AGRIS core module)
	[multiple choice]
	□ General information on the holding
	2. Information on holders and managers
	3. General information on the household of the holders and co-holders
	4. general information on household dwelling and assets
165.	Please indicate the type of [LIVESTOCK] data being collected?
103.	[multiple choice]
	□ All [LIVESTOCK] raised by species
	2. Herd's movements
	, ,
	5. Production of eggs by species
	6. Honeybees
	7. Other please explain
1	l

166.	Which of the following variables are collected?
	[multiple choice]
	□ Number of births by species
	2. Number of live animals by species
	3. Number of deaths by species
	4. Number of slaughtered animals for meat production, by species
	5. Carcass weight of slaughtered animals
	6. □ Quantity of meat by use (own-consumption, selling, etc.)
	7. \square Milk production by use
	8. Eggs production by use
	9. Other please explain
167.	Is the survey on [LIVESTOCK] collecting the data (volume of livestock products sold and
167.	Is the survey on [LIVESTOCK] collecting the data (volume of livestock products sold and livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2?
167.	, - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2?
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2? (SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2? (SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2? (SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status)
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2? (SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status) https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata?Text=&Goal=2&Target=2.3
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2? (SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status) https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata?Text=&Goal=2&Target=2.3 [single choice]
167.	livestock revenues) supporting the compilation of the SDG indicators 2.3.1 and 2.3.2? (SDG 2.3.1: Volume of production per labour unit by classes of farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size; Indicator 2.3.2: Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous status) https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata?Text=&Goal=2&Target=2.3 [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully

IV.2.2 – The sample and the sampling frame

GSBPM 2.4 Design Frame and Sample GSBPM 4.1 create Frame and Select Sample

If [LIVESTOCK] statistics are the output of a single sample survey selected from a single frame

168.	A - INTERPORT - INTERPORT - INTERPORT
	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics obtained as the output of a stand-alone sample survey with the
	sample selected from a single frame?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes [GO TO next question]
	2. No [GO TO next Section]
169.	Is [LIVESTOCK] survey based on a sample?
	[single choice]
	3. □ Yes
	4. □ No
170	
170.	IF "Yes" to previous question
	Is probabilistic sampling adopted?
	[single choice]
	1.
	2.
171.	IF "Yes" to previous question
1/1.	Is the sample designed in accordance with the well-known standards?
	(typically sample on household adopt a stratified two stage sampling design while a sample of
	agriculture holdings is selected using a stratified one-stage sampling design; see e.g. Chapter 5 in
	the AGRIS Manual)?
	[single choice]
	1.
	2. Yes, partially
	3.
172.	Is the sample designed to give <u>national</u> estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed
172.	maximum sampling error?
	i
	[single choice]
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide <u>sub-national</u> (district/province level) estimates of
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error?
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice]
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region
173.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product
173. 174.	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region 3. □ No
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region 3. □ No Is the sampling frame currently used to design and extract the sample maintained and
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region 3. □ No Is the sampling frame currently used to design and extract the sample maintained and assessed whether adequate to the survey objectives?
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region 3. □ No Is the sampling frame currently used to design and extract the sample maintained and assessed whether adequate to the survey objectives? [single choice]
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region 3. □ No Is the sampling frame currently used to design and extract the sample maintained and assessed whether adequate to the survey objectives? [single choice] 1. □ Yes on a regular basis
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product 3. □ No Is the sample designed to provide sub-national (district/province level) estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product 2. □ Yes, but only for few important [LIVESTOCK] product, depending on the region 3. □ No Is the sampling frame currently used to design and extract the sample maintained and assessed whether adequate to the survey objectives? [single choice] 1. □ Yes on a regular basis 2. □ Yes, but not regularly

175.	In developing and maintaining a sampling frame, are you following the suggestions of the FAO Handbook on master sampling frame? http://www.fao.org/3/ca6398en/ca6398en.pdf [single choice]
	 □ Yes, completely □ Yes, partially
	3. No, please explain
	3. \(\triangle
176.	Which are the main problems in the sampling frame?
	[multiple choice]
	1. ☐ Under-coverage (not all the units are included in the frame)
	2. \square Over-coverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there)
į	3. Outdated information
	4. Missing data
ļ	5. Other, please explain
177.	Have you assessed the extent of <u>under-coverage</u> in the sampling frame?
	[single choice]
	1. No, as it can be considered negligible
	2. No, it is NOT negligible but we were not able to measure its extent
	3. Yes, and it is negligible (below 10%)
	4. \square Yes, and it is NOT negligible. Please specify:
178.	Have you assessed the extent of <u>over-coverage</u> in the sampling frame?
į	[single choice]
	1. No, as it can be considered negligible
	2. No, it is NOT negligible but we were not able to measure its extent
	3. Yes, and it is negligible (below 10%)
	4. ☐ Yes, and it is NOT negligible
179.	Does the sampling frame include outdated information?
	[multiple choice]
	1. \square Yes, information needed for sampling design (e.g. stratification variables, etc.)
	2. Yes, information needed for contacting units
 	3. Yes, information not needed for sampling purposes or for contacting units
	4. Other, please explain:
i	.i

If [LIVESTOCK] statistics are the output of <u>a set of samples selected from different frames</u>

180.	 Which are the main reasons for having different sampling frames? [single choice] 1. □ Each frame refers to a different type of sample units (e.g. Agriculture households in one frame and commercial farms in the other) 2. □ The frames refer to the same sampling units but cover different sub-sets of the target population 3. □ The frames refer to the same sampling units but come from different sources and cannot be integrated 4. □ Other, please explain:
------	--

181.	Are the different samples (each selected form one of the available frames) selected using a
	probabilistic mechanism? [single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, all the samples
	2. \square Yes, only some of the samples
	3. \square No
182.	IF "Yes" to previous question
<u> </u>	Are the samples designed in accordance with the well-known standards?
	(typically sample on household adopt a stratified two stage sampling design while a sample of
<u> </u> 	agriculture holdings is selected using a stratified one-stage sampling design; see e.g. Chapter 5 in
	the AGRIS Manual)?
i ! !	[single choice]
	1. Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
 	3. No
183.	Are the various samples designed to provide <u>national</u> estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a
	fixed maximum sampling error?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for the most important national [LIVESTOCK] product
	2. Yes, but only for few important national [LIVESTOCK] product
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
184.	Are the verious complex designed to provide sub-national estimates of [UN/CTOCK] statistics
104.	Are the various samples designed to provide <u>sub-national</u> estimates of [LIVESTOCK] statistics with a fixed maximum sampling error?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for the most important [LIVESTOCK] product for each region
	2. ☐ Yes, but only for the few important [LIVESTOCK] product at regional level
	3. No
185.	Is there the risk of overlapping between the distinct frames used to select the various samples?
	[single choice]
	1. Yes
	2. No Don't Know
	3. \square Don't know
186.	IF "Yes" to previous question
<u> </u>	Have you assessed the potential overlapping between frames?
	[single choice]
<u> </u> 	1. ☐ Yes, by carrying out a tailored study
	2. Yes, but only approximately
	3. No
187.	Which are the main problems in the sampling frames?
	[multiple choice]
	1. Undercoverage (not all the units are included in the frame)
	2. \square Overcoverage (part of the units included in the frame should not be there)
	3. ☐ Outdated information
	4. \square Missing data
	5. 🗆 Other, please explain
:	<u> </u>

For ALL

188.	Is the work done on sampling frame(s) and the used sampling design(s) documented?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, full documentation is available
	2. Yes, partial documentation is available
	3. □ No
i ! ! ! !	
i	2. Yes, partial documentation is available

IV.2.3 Data collection

GSBPM 2.1 Design Collection GSBPM 4. Collect

189.	Is data collection designed to implement Computer Assisted Interview?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for all the units
	2. Yes, but not for all the units
	3.
190.	Is the survey questionnaire designed to facilitate the data collection and reduce the response burden on respondents?
	(e.g. a well-designed skip pattern, well-written sentences easy to be understood, removal of
	unnecessary questions whose information does not contribute to dissemination, etc.)
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, completely
	2. 🗆 Yes, partially
	3. □ No
191.	Is data collection carried out by interviewers?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for all the units
	2. \square Yes, but only of a subset of units
	3. □ No
192.	IF "Yes" to the previous question
	Is on-field data collection organized to allow efficient work for interviewers and avoid excessive
	workload?
	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	1. □ Yes, fully
	 □ Yes, fully □ Yes, partially □ No
193.	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection?
193.	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice]
193.	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly)
193.	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis
193.	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly)
	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis No
193. 194.	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis No Did you test the data collection in advance?
	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis No Did you test the data collection in advance? [single choice]
	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis No Did you test the data collection in advance? [single choice] Yes, completely (questionnaire, organization of the on-field work, interviewing phase,)
	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis No Did you test the data collection in advance? [single choice] Yes, completely (questionnaire, organization of the on-field work, interviewing phase,) Yes, partially (only some aspects). Please explain:
	 Yes, fully Yes, partially No Do you have an automated monitoring system for data collection? [single choice] Yes, it permits to monitor the data collection on a regular basis (daily or weekly) Yes, but it does not permit to monitor the data collection on a regular basis No Did you test the data collection in advance? [single choice] Yes, completely (questionnaire, organization of the on-field work, interviewing phase,)

IV.2.4 Data treatment

GSBPM 5.3 Review and validate GSBPM 5.3 Edit and impute

195.	Do you check collected data for errors (missing values, outliers, incoherent values, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, for almost all the variables in the questionnaire
	2. \square Yes, only for the most important variables
	3. □ No
196.	IF "yes" to previous question
196.	How do you detect errors in [LIVESTOCK] data?
	[single choice]
	1. In a fully automatic way and part of the checks are already in the electronic questionnaire
	2. □ In a fully automatic way but after the data collection
	3. partly in automatic way and partly through manual checks (clerical revision)
	4. □ Only through manual checks (clerical revision)
	5. \square No, please explain
197.	Do you impute missing values?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, for almost all the variables in the questionnaire
	2. Yes, only for the most important variables
	3. \(\sum \text{NO} \)
	4. Not applicable (missing values are not present)
198.	IF "yes" to previous question
	How do you impute missing values?
	[single choice]
	1. \square In an automatic way by applying well-known statistical methods (e.g. nearest neighbour
	donor imputation, regression imputation, etc.)
	2. \square A mixed approach involving both imputation using statistical methods and manual
	imputation carried out by clerks being subject matter experts
	3. Only manual imputation carried out by clerks being subject matter experts
199.	Are the data treatment procedures (detection of errors, outlier and imputation) documented?
133.	[single choice]
	1. Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
	3. □ No

IV.2.5 Weighting

GSBPM 5.6 Calculate sampling weights

200.	Do you modify the initial sample weights for compensating for unit nonresponse or for aligning survey estimates with known population totals (weights calibration or post-stratification)? [single choice] 1. □ Yes 2. □ No 3. □ Not applicable (sample survey non adopted or nonprobability sampling is considered)
201.	IF "Yes" to previous question Is the re-weighting procedure documented? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully 2. □ Yes, partially 3. □ No

IV.2.6 Data processing and data backup

GSBPM 5.7 Calculate aggregates GSBPM 5.7 Finalize data files

202.	Do you check the final data-processing step (aimed at calculating the final [LIVESTOCK] estimates) for potential errors? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, the software codes have been extensively tested and checked in advance 2. □ yes, only if the software code returns an error 3. □ No
203.	Are the final statistical estimates before their disseminations compared with other estimates? [single choice] 1. □ Yes 2. □ No 3. □ Not applicable
204.	<pre>IF "Yes" to previous question In case of discrepancies do you modify the estimates so to ensure coherence with other estimates [single choice] 1. □ Yes, all the estimates 2. □ Yes, some of them 3. □ No</pre>
205.	 Have you implemented an IT procedure for doing backup of the data? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, regularly at the end of the main phase of the statistical process 2. □ Yes, but not on a regular basis 3. □ No

IV.3 Managing [LIVESTOCK] Statistical Outputs

IV.3.1 Relevance

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 14 Assuring relevance IMF DQAF. 0.3 Prerequisites for quality – Relevance (0.3.1)

206.	Please indicate the coverage in terms of [LIVESTOCK] products?
i ! !	[single choice]
<u> </u>	1. \Box The survey covers <u>ALL the products</u> of agriculture relevant (Division 01 in CPC 2.1) at
	national level (say covering at least the 90% of the whole national [LIVESTOCK]
	production)
i ! !	2. \Box The survey covers only the main products of agriculture relevant (Division 01 in CPC
	2.1) at national level (say covering from the 60% to 90% of the whole national
	[LIVESTOCK] production)
i 	3. \Box The survey covers only a small subset of products of agriculture relevant (Division 01
	in CPC 2.1) at national level
	4. □ Other please explain
207.	Do the currently disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics satisfy the main needs of both
	National and international users?
 	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, fully
	2. Yes, partially
i 	3. □ No
	4. Don't know
<u> </u>	
208.	Do the currently disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics satisfy the main needs of both
	National and international users in terms of disaggregation (territorial, by type of farms,
	etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes, fully
	2. \square Yes, partially
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)
	4. \square Don't know
209.	Do you have a mechanism (survey, committee) to monitor user's satisfaction with
	[LIVESTOCK] statistics and understanding also their unmet needs?
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, in a regular way
	2. □ Yes, but not regularly
	3. \square No
	S. □ NO
210.	IF "Yes" to previous
	Are the unmet needs prioritized and taken into account to improve the statistical
	production process of [LIVESTOCK] statistics and the corresponding quality?
	[single choice]
	□ Yes, in a regular way
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2. Yes, but not regularly
	2. □ Yes, but not regularly3. □ No

IV.3.2 Accuracy and Reliability

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 15 Assuring Accuracy and Reliability IMF DQAF 3. Accuracy and reliability, 4.3 Revision Policy and practice

211.	Is the survey designed to cover all the target populations underlying [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (typically, in some countries the agriculture production requires the collection data from commercial farms and the households in the agriculture sector)
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, all the target populations are considered
	2. \square No, the survey considers only the subset of the population contributing to a largest fraction
	of the overall agriculture production
	3. \square No, the survey considers only the subset of the population easier to be observed
	4. \square other, please explain
212.	Do you assess the accuracy of [LIVESTOCK] statistics in terms of sampling error (i.e. estimation of
	the sampling error, confidence intervals, etc.)?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, in a regular way
	2. Yes, occasionally
	3. □ No
	4. □ Not applicable, we do not use a sample survey to collect data on [LIVESTOCK]
213.	Do you have tools to assess potential impact of non-sampling errors on the accuracy of
	[LIVESTOCK] statistics?
	(nonsampling errors are the errors that do not depend from the sampling and may arise in any
	phase of a statistical production process; usually they include nonresponse, measurement errors,
	errors in data treatment, etc.)
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, we regularly monitor them by calculating a set of quality indicators (unit nonresponse,
	item nonresponse, etc.)
	2. Yes, but not on a regular basis
	3. □ No
214.	Do you revise already disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, on a regular basis according to a well-defined revision policy (usually include at least 2
	revisions od initial disseminated statistics)
	2. Yes, we disseminate provisional statistics and then replace them with the corresponding
	final estimates
	3. \Box Yes we revise the statistics only when errors in the disseminated figures are detected (there
	is not a revision policy or dissemination of provisional and final statistics)
	4. □ No
215.	IF "Yes " to the previous question
	Do you calculate indicators related to the direction and size of revisions of [LIVESTOCK]
	statistics?
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, on a regular basis
	2. ☐ Yes, not regularly
	3. \square No
	5. L. 110

IV.3.3 Timeliness and Punctuality

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 16 Assuring Timeliness and Punctuality IMF DQAF 4. Serviceability, 4.1 Periodicity and Timeliness

216.	Do you disseminate provisional estimates?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2.
217.	IF provisional estimates are disseminated
	Please indicate their timeliness in months (the time-lag from the end of the reference period to
	the dissemination date)
	_ _ months for <u>provisional</u> estimates
218.	IF provisional estimates are disseminated
	Are provisional estimates disseminated to compensate for non-timely final [LIVESTOCK]
	statistics?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, this is the main reason
	2. Yes, this is one of the reasons
	3. No
219.	What is the timeliness of [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (please indicate the time-lag from the end of the
	reference period to the dissemination date)
	$ _ _{-} $ months for <u>provisional</u> estimates (if provisional estimates are disseminated)
	_ _ months for final estimates
	1_1_1 Months for <u>innar</u> estimates
220.	In case of (almost) regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years. What is the
	observed trend of timeliness?
	[single choice]
	1. Improving (i.e. Reduction of time-lag between reference date and dissemination date)
	2. Slightly improving
	3. Almost stable
	4. Slightly deteriorating
	5. Deteriorating
	6. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years)
221.	IF previous questions = [3,4,5]
	Are you planning to revise the process to improve the timeliness of [LIVESTOCK] statistics?
	[single choice]
	1. \square Yes, it's the main priority
	2. \square Yes, but it is not the main priority
	3. No
222.	Does a published schedule announce the [LIVESTOCK] statistics publication dates in advance of
	their release?
	[single choice]
	1. □ Yes
	2. □ No

223.	Have you experienced problems in punctuality of dissemination of [LIVESTOCK] statistics? (i.e. statistics disseminated later than the scheduled date)
	[single choice]
	1. ☐ Yes, often
	2. Yes, sometimes
	3. 🗆 No

IV.3.4 Accessibility and Clarity

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 17 Assuring Accessibility and Clarity IMF DQAF 5 Accessibility

224.				
	[single choice]			
	1. ☐ Yes, fully			
	2. \square Yes, partially			
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)			
225.	Are the disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics made available to all users at the same time?			
	[single choice]			
	1. □ Yes			
	2. □ No – but embargos imposed to prevent early public disclosure			
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)			
226.	How are [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated?			
	[multiple choice]			
	1. Data tables			
	2. □ Analytical products3. □ Microdata files			
	4. □ Other, please specify:			
227.	Are the users able to extract [LIVESTOCK] data from statistical database through a public query			
	interface in the most appropriate and common formats (xlsx, CSV, html, etc.)?			
	[single choice]			
	1. ☐ Yes, fully			
	2. Yes, partially			
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)			
228.	Can [LIVESTOCK] statistics be accessed via an Application Programming Interface (API)?			
	[single choice]			
	1. □ Yes			
	2. \(\sum \text{No} \)			
229.	Are anonymized microdata on [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated externally?			
	[single choice]			
	1.			
	2. \square Yes, but only a subset of data			
	3. No			
230.	IF "Yes" to previous question			
	How are the data anonymized?			
	[single choice]			
	1. By removing unit identifiers and changing/removing the values of those variables that may			
	allow an indirect identification			
	2. Just by removing the identifiers			
	3. □ other, please explain			

231.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated in a clear and understandable manner? (i.e. the statistics come along with explanatory texts that clearly describes the content, well desgned tables and graphical outputs, etc.) [single choice] 1. □ Yes, all the statistics 2. □ Yes, but only a subset of the statistics 3. □ No			
232.	Has [LIVESTOCK] statistics dissemination been adapted to reflect new IT dissemination opportunities such as mobile phones?			
	[single choice]			
	1. ☐ Yes, various methods of new IT dissemination opportunities have been adopted to reach the maximum number of users in a cost-effective way			
	2. \square Yes, new IT dissemination opportunities have been adopted but the maximum number of			
	users has not yet been reached 3. No new IT dissemination system has been put in place			
	3. — No new it dissemination system has been put in place			
233.	Are users informed about revisions of already disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics?			
	[single choice] 1. □ Yes, always			
	2. Yes, but occasionally			
	3. No			
	4. □ Not Applicable (revisions are NOT done)			
234.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics accompanied by the corresponding metadata needed to understand			
	them? [single choice]			
	□ Yes, all metadata are provided			
	2. □ Yes, but just a subset of metadata is provided3. □ No			
	5. 🗆 NO			
235.	Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics accompanied by up-to-date methodological documents (on concepts, scope, classifications, basis of recording, data sources, compilation methods and statistical techniques), as well as quality reports freely available to the public? [single choice]			
	 □ Yes, all the documentation is provided to the users □ Yes, but the available documentation is rather limited 			
	3.			
236.	Do you monitor accesses to [LIVESTOCK] statistics by calculating related indicators?			
	[single choice]			
	 □ Yes, regularly □ Yes, occasionally 			
	3. □ No			
237.	Is it possible for users to contact the agency to point out possible errors, to seek clarifications			
	and, if necessary, to lodge complaints?			
	[single choice]			
	1. ☐ Yes 2. ☐ No			

IV.3.5 Comparability and Coherence

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 18 Assuring Coherence and Comparability IMF DQAF 4.2 Consistency

238.				
	produced and disseminated by another <u>National</u> Agency?			
	[single choice]			
	1. ☐ Yes, regularly			
	2. \square Yes, sometimes			
	3. □ No			
	4. Not Applicable (There are no other National Agencies producing [LIVESTOCK] statistics			
239.	Do you assess the coherence of the disseminated [LIVESTOCK] statistics with similar statistics			
	produced and disseminated by an International Agency?			
	[single choice]			
	1.			
	2. Yes, sometimes			
	3. No			
	4. □ Not Applicable (There are no other International Agencies producing [LIVESTOCK] statistics			
240.	Are [LIVESTOCK] classified according to the Central Product Classification Revision 2.1 (CPC			
	Rev.2.1) expanded (as reported in the AGRIS manual (Annex 1-3)?			
	[single choice]			
	1. ☐ Yes, fully			
	2. Yes, partially			
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)			
241.	IF [2,3] to previous question			
	Do you use a conversion table from internal to CPC classification?			
	1. ☐ Yes, there is a well-established and publicly available table			
	2. Yes, but the table is not stable over time			
	3. No			
242.	Are the units of measure used in collecting [LIVESTOCK] data compliant with international			
	standards?			
	(typically hectares for agriculture area; tons or kilograms for quantities)			
	[single choice]			
	1. □ Yes, fully			
	2. Yes, partially			
	3. \(\sum \text{No} \)			
243.	IF [2,3] to previous question			
	Is conversion of unit of measures done in accordance to established and fixed conversion			
	table(s)?			
	[single choice]			
	□ Yes, the table(s) are well-established and publicly available			
	2. \square Yes, but the table(s) are not stable over time			
	3. \(\subseteq \text{No} \)			

extent are they comparable over time? [single choice] 1. □ Fully comparable 2. □ Partially comparable 3. □ Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break: 4. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully
 Fully comparable Partially comparable Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break: Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] □ Yes, fully
 2. Partially comparable 3. Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break: 4. Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] 1. Yes, fully
 3. \[\] Not comparable because of a break in the time series. Please explain the reason for the break: 4. \[\] Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] 1. \[\] Yes, fully
break: 4. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully
 4. □ Not applicable (no regular production of [LIVESTOCK] statistics over the last 5 years or comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice]
comparability over time not assessed) 245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] 1. Yes, fully
245. Are [LIVESTOCK] statistics comparable for geographical subsets (districts, provinces, etc.) of the country? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully
country? [single choice] 1. Yes, fully
country? [single choice] 1. Yes, fully
[single choice] 1. Yes, fully
1. Yes, fully
3 □ Voc partially
2. □ Yes, partially
3. □ No
4. Not Applicable ([LIVESTOCK] statistics refer only to the whole country and no statistics are
produced for geographical sub-domains)

IV.3.6. Managing the Metadata

UN NQAF Level D – Managing statistical outputs, Principle 19 Managing Metadata

246.	Do you have a metadata management system for [LIVESTOCK] statistics or for all the statistics produced and disseminated by your Agency? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, it is fully operative 2. □ Yes, it is partially operative 3. □ No
247.	IF "Yes" to the previous question Is the metadata management system in line with international standards (like SDMX, DDI, etc.)? [single choice] 1. □ Yes, fully 2. □ Yes, partially 3. □ No
248.	Are procedures in place to ensure that metadata on [LIVESTOCK] are documented according to standardized metadata systems and regularly updated? [single choice] 1.
249.	Are updates of metadata on [LIVESTOCK] statistics disseminated at the same time of [LIVESTOCK] statistics themselves? [single choice] 1.