Item 3 of the Provisional Agenda

COMMISSION ON GENETIC RESOURCES FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

INTERGOVERNMENTAL TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP ON ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

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DRAFT OUTLINE FOR THE FIRST REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE WORLD’S ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES INCLUDING THE REPORT ON STRATEGIC PRIORITIES FOR ACTION

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DRAFT OUTLINE FOR THE FIRST REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE WORLD’S ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES INCLUDING THE REPORT ON STRATEGIC PRIORITIES FOR ACTION

I. INTRODUCTION

1. During its Ninth Regular Session, the Commission on Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (Commission) expressed concern on the erosion of animal genetic resources, and indicated the need for urgent action to ensure the conservation and sustainable use of these resources to enhance agricultural production and productivity. To address the need for both conservation and improved use and development of animal genetic resources, the Commission accepted the need for, and the process of preparing the first Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources (first Report). It emphasized the need to complete the first Report by 2006.

2. The Commission stressed that the preparation of the first Report would be a country-driven process. It also stressed the need to involve relevant international organizations in the preparation of the first Report.

3. To ensure a country-driven process, Country Reports are being prepared in all regions. Analysis of Country Reports, supplemented by thematic studies and reports from international organizations will enable, for the first time, a comprehensive assessment of the current state of animal genetic resources for food and agriculture, and the capacity to use, develop and conserve these essential resources. Drawing upon this assessment and as an important complement to it, the first Report will also provide a strategic framework for national, regional and global efforts to address agreed priorities to ensure the continued and improved contribution of farm animals to achieve food security and rural development.

II. THE PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE FIRST REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE WORLD’S ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES

4. The first Report will describe the current situation of animal genetic resources for food and agriculture, at the global level, and identify the gaps and needs for their conservation and sustainable utilization. This is likely to involve an assessment of the value of animal genetic resources for development; an analysis of the causes of loss of animal genetic resources; a survey of the methods and resources available for their use and conservation; and an assessment of capacities to employ such methods and resources. It will provide the background to further refine the FAO Global Strategy for the Management of Farm Animal Genetic Resources (Global Strategy).

5. The first Report will encompass farm animals of social and economic interest for food and agriculture, concentrating on mammalian and avian species, and their wild relatives of current or potential economic value, as well as under-utilized species of animals, which have the potential for contributing significantly to agriculture.

Overall Objectives

6. The overall objectives of the first Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources, as defined in the Guidelines for the Preparation of the Country Reports are to:

   • Analyze and report on the state of animal genetic resources, on the status and trends of these resources, and on their current and potential contribution to food, agriculture and rural development;
• Assess the state of the country’s capacity to manage these essential resources, in order to
determine priorities for future capacity building; and

• Identify the national priorities for action in the field of sustainable conservation and
utilization of animal genetic resources and related requirements for international co-
operation.

Specific Objectives

Resources are to:

• Provide Governments and stakeholders with information on the state of animal genetic
resources for food and agriculture as the basis for policy and management decisions;

• Establish essential baseline data and information on the status of animal genetic
diversity, which will expose gaps, and help to establish regional and global priorities for
the management of animal genetic resources, as part of the overall objective of achieving
and sustaining global food security;

• Assess the capacities of public and private institutions as well as those of farmers and
indigenous and local communities, individually and collectively, to manage these
resources, in order to identify priorities for national capacity-building;

• Assess the roles and values of local and introduced breeds, the impacts of traditional
agricultural systems on animal genetic resources, and the roles of women, men and
children in the management of animal genetic resources;

• Examine the methodologies and technologies that are being employed, or are available,
to better understand the value of, and to better use, develop and conserve these resources
in a sustainable manner, taking indigenous and local knowledge into consideration along
with modern science;

• Encourage networking to increase awareness of the many roles and values of animal
genetic resources, and thereby promote their better use, development and conservation;

• Provide a foundation to enhance existing networking between countries with shared or
common animal genetic resources, and/or common production systems or issues;

• Promote communication and better collaboration and co-operation within and between
networks, and among governmental and non-governmental organizations involved in the
management of animal genetic resources;

• Identify emerging issues where these directly relate to the management of animal genetic
resources in relation to animal welfare, animal health, impacts on the environment, and
other issues;

• Improve understanding of the status of breeds that are currently not of value to farmers,
and of wild relatives of domesticated animals, to provide the foundation for an Early
Warning and Early Reaction System for Animal Genetic Resources at risk of being lost,
and to identify opportunities for the future use of these resources; and

• Identify situations where an emergency response could be required to prevent the loss of
animal genetic resources.

III. STYLE OF THE FIRST REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE
WORLD'S ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES

8. The first Report will be synthetic, providing a global view of the state of genetic resources at
all levels. A static "inventory" approach will be avoided by emphasizing existing problems
and emergencies at national, regional and global levels. The first Report will treat utilisation,
development and conservation aspects, as well as the various methods of conservation in an
integrated manner. This will permit an analysis of the inter-relations between utilization and conservation, including the issues of improving incentives for conservation.

9. The size of the document should be guided by two principles: it will be as concise as possible, in order to facilitate wide readership, including by policy-makers, whilst being as detailed as necessary to provide a sound basis for the further development of the Global Strategy to assist countries to better manage their animal genetic resources and minimize genetic erosion. Information gathered during the preparatory process, particularly from Country Reports, will ensure that the first Report will cover the whole scope of issues, policies, technologies and activities presented in the outline.

10. The Report will include illustrations, specific examples and case studies, maps, tables and charts. Additionally, the main synthetic document will include a number of annexes, which treat particular regions, production systems, species and other topics in more detail. It will also be issued as a conventional bound report and CD-ROMs, and will be made available on the Internet.

IV. RELATIONSHIP OF THE REPORT ON STRATEGIC PRIORITIES FOR ACTION TO THE OVERALL FIRST REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE WORLD’S ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES

11. The Commission had requested FAO to bring to its attention priority issues, and urgent needs and actions to halt or reduce the rate of erosion of animal genetic resources, and to improve the use and development of these resources, in advance of completion of the first Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources in 2006. The Intergovernmental Technical Working Group on Animal Genetic Resources (Working Group) had recommended to the Commission that the preparation of the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action be a crucial part of the overall process for the preparation of first Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources.¹

12. In agreeing to the process for preparing the first Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources, the Commission requested that Country Reports be used to develop the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action for consideration by the Commission during its Tenth Regular Session in 2004.²

13. It is envisaged that, following guidance from the Tenth Regular Session of the Commission in late 2004, on the basis of a draft text of the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action, the latter will be finalized, and form part five of the Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources, as explained in section V of this document. In particular, the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action would:

   i. propose policies and strategies for the conservation and utilization of animal genetic resources for food and agriculture at national, regional and global levels, with particular attention between conservation programmes and utilization capabilities and programmes;

   ii. aim to assist countries in elaborating plans or programmes of priority action for sustainable use and conservation activities at the national level;

   iii. focus on assisting countries in strengthening national capabilities for utilizing animal genetic resources;

   iv. propose appropriate and feasible measures to make the Global Strategy for the Management of Farm Animal Genetic Resources more effective; and

v. propose the basis for the identification of costed programmes, projects and activities for implementation by governments.

14. Possible areas for strategic priority actions may include, inter alia:

   i. institutional development and capacity building;
   ii. human resources development;
   iii. enhancement of characterization and valuation of animal genetic resources;
   iv. maintenance and promotion of traditional knowledge;
   v. support for sustainable use and development of animal genetic resources;
   vi. strengthening of conservation efforts (in situ and ex situ) including development of national conservation plans;
   vii. establishment of monitoring and emergency response mechanisms;
   viii. enhancement of public awareness;
   ix. mainstreaming of animal genetic resources into the overall national animal production strategy and programmes;
   x. development of national policy, legislation, regulations and procedures;
   xi. co-operation in research and appropriate biotechnology development and transfer;
   xii. co-operation in development of information systems and communication networks;

15. It is proposed that the draft text of the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action will be derived from a preliminary analysis of Country Reports submitted to FAO by May 2004, and the information provided through the regional technical meetings. In a very concise form, and based on preliminary review and analysis of country reports, the draft Report on Strategic Priorities for Action, as presented to the Tenth Regular Session of the Commission, will follow the structure of the First Report as outlined below. A preliminary analysis of priorities for the utilization and conservation and for international co-operation will be the main focus of the document, and will include:

   i. a description of the problems, including a summary of relevant conclusions from the initial analysis of Country Reports submitted in the process of preparation of the first Report on the State of the World's Animal Genetic Resources;
   ii. identification of gaps and assessment of factors limiting the optimum utilization, development and conservation of animal genetic resources; and
   iii. the need for and possible modalities for follow-up action, including financial and technical assistance, policy development and awareness and education building.

16. On the basis of the guidance received, it is envisaged that the information contained in the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action will be further refined through the final analysis of all Country Reports submitted to FAO, and become an integral part of the of the Report. In the meantime the Commission will be invited to give guidance on the immediate priorities to be addressed, before the Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources is finalized.

V. STRUCTURE OF THE REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE WORLD’S ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES

17. It is proposed that the first Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources be structured around six main sections, and that the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action form an integral part of it. A detailed description of the proposed content for each of the main sections of the first Report is described below.
Main Sections of the Report

PART 1. THE STATE OF AGRICULTURAL BIODIVERSITY IN THE FARM ANIMAL SECTOR

18. Part 1 will describe the major animal production systems and related animal genetic resources, their utilization and relative importance; indicate the state of their conservation and priorities to overcome major gaps and needs for both enhancement and conservation activities. This assessment will be made at species, country and regional level, where feasible. Case studies, examples, maps and tables will be introduced to illustrate the main issues.

19. The main sources of information for this section will be existing Country Reports, background information including data in DAD-IS, the State of Food and Agriculture (SOFA), and reports from international organizations, complemented by commissioned thematic studies and assessments by specialists.

20. Possible sub-sections for Part 1 include inter alia:
   - Animal species diversity, domestication, and origin of animal genetic resources
   - Breed diversity (numbers) and distribution
   - Erosion of animal genetic resources and underlying causes
   - Uses and values of animal genetic resources and contribution to food and agriculture
   - An overview of animal production systems and development
   - Utilization of farm animal genetic resources
   - Conservation of farm animal diversity, in situ and ex situ

PART 2. THE STATE OF THE ART IN ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

21. Part 2 will provide an overview of current scientific, technical and other methodologies and tools for the utilisation, development and conservation of animal genetic resources. It will address areas of special interest for animal genetic resources management, such as characterization and valuation, conservation methodologies, biotechnologies, genetic evaluation and improvement. In addition, possible future developments in each of these areas, over next 10 to 15 years may be considered.

22. The main sources of information for this section will be Country Reports as far as the current application of methods is concerned, assessment by specialists, and thematic studies and reports from international organizations.

23. Possible sub sections for Part 2 include inter alia:
   - Methods for genetic diversity assessment
   - Methods for characterization and economic valuation
   - Approaches to breeding programmes and genetic improvement
   - Methods for evaluation of endangerment and genetic erosion
   - Approaches for in situ conservation
   - Approaches for ex situ conservation
   - Application of modern biotechnologies in animal production and animal genetic improvement
   - Development, access and use of documentation and information systems
   - Approaches and mechanisms for rewarding conservation and incentive measures
PART 3. CHANGING DEMANDS ON LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION AND THEIR IMPLICATIONS FOR FUTURE POLICIES, STRATEGIES AND PROGRAMMES

24. Part 3 will provide an overview of past and present policies, strategies, programmes and management practices; analyse future demands and trends of animal products, and changes in production systems and their impacts on animal genetic resources.

25. The main sources of information for this section will be background information including: FAO statistics and publications, Country Reports, the State of Food and Agriculture (SOFA), and reports from international organizations, complemented by commissioned thematic studies and assessment by specialists.

26. Possible sub sections for Part 3 include inter alia:
   - Impacts of past and present policies on animal genetic resources management
   - Implications of the “livestock revolution” on production and production systems
   - Environmental issues of livestock production
   - Effects of globalization on use, development and conservation of animal genetic resources
   - Consumer driven developments in animal production (increased demand, food safety, animal welfare, environmental concerns, etc.)
   - Future policies and strategies to ensure sustainable use and conservation of animal genetic resources

PART 4. THE STATE OF NATIONAL CAPACITIES AND FUTURE CAPACITY BUILDING REQUIREMENTS

27. Part 4 will provide assessment of the state of capacities at the national and regional levels and examine the requirements and opportunities for capacity building.

28. The main sources of information for this section will be Country Reports, reports from international organizations, complemented by commissioned thematic studies and assessments by specialists.

29. Possible sub sections Part 4 include inter alia:
   - Institutional infrastructure related to animal genetic resources (both public and private sector), community, social and gender related issues, and stakeholders involvement mechanisms
   - Future organizational structure requirements, institutional development needs and opportunities
   - State of legislation and regulations affecting animal genetic resources conservation, use and development, benefit sharing and possible future developments
   - Current human resources, education, training and extension, bottlenecks in human resource development and future needs
   - Current infrastructure and technologies used, and future needs
   - Information systems and communication facilities
   - Education and research facilities
   - International co-operation, exchange and trade arrangements in the field of animal genetic resources

PART 5. REPORT ON THE STRATEGIC PRIORITIES FOR ACTION
30. The Report on Strategic Priorities for Action, revised in the light of guidance from the Tenth Regular Session of the Commission and further information available from Country Reports, as explained in section IV of this document, will be included here.

PART 6. THE WAY AHEAD: MAINSTREAMING ANIMAL GENETIC RESOURCES

31. Part 6 will consider options for achieving the effective and efficient implementation of priority actions identified in Part 5 above. This will include:

- Capacity building
- Institutional arrangements
- Possible sources of financing
- Policy development
- Partnerships
- Potential modalities for facilitating interaction among donors and recipients
- Process forward post-state of the world process

VI. V. ADVICE BEING SOUGHT FROM THE WORKING GROUP

32. The Inter-governmental Technical Working Group on Animal Genetic Resources is requested to provide guidance on the structure and contents of the Report on Strategic Priorities for Action to be presented to the Tenth Regular Session of the Commission in 2004 (para. 11 to 16).

33. The Working Group is requested to review the overall structure and contents of the Report on the State of the World’s Animal Genetic Resources (para. 17 to 31) and provide guidance on further development of this outline, for consideration by the Commission at its Tenth Regular Session.