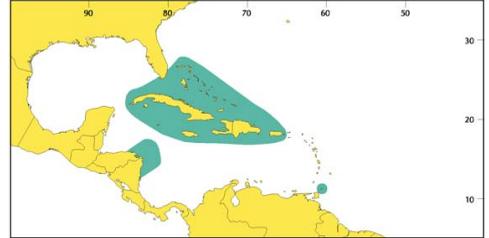
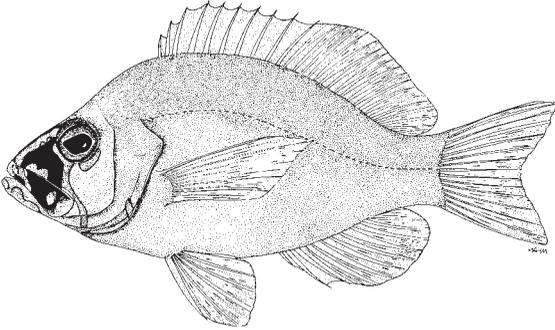


***Hypoplectrus gummigutta* (Poey, 1851)**

**En** - Golden hamlet.

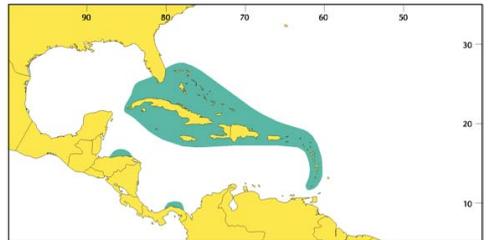
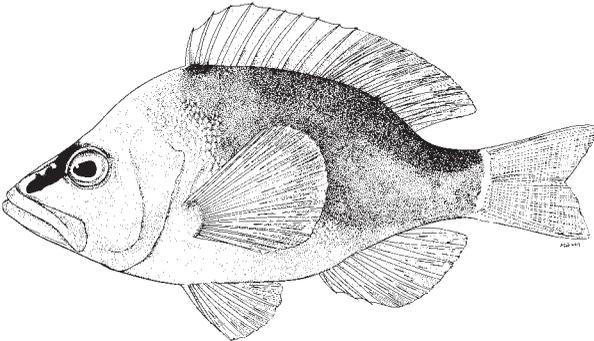
Maximum size about 13 cm. Found in mainly in southern Florida, Bahamas, Cuba, Jamaica, Nicaragua, and Honduras; rare in Puerto Rico and Dominican Republic.



***Hypoplectrus guttavarius* (Poey, 1852)**

**En** - Shy hamlet; **Fr** - Hamlet timide; **Sp** - Vaca medioluto.

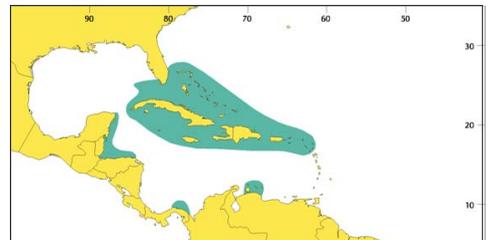
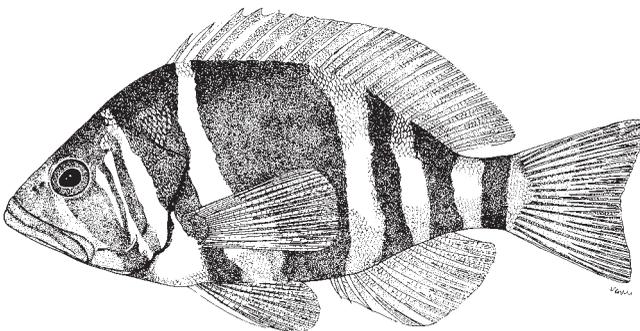
Maximum size about 13 cm. Widespread from Florida, Bahamas, West Indies, and Jamaica, throughout Caribbean. Most common in the West Indies.



***Hypoplectrus indigo* (Poey, 1851)**

**En** - Indigo hamlet; **Sp** - Vaca añil.

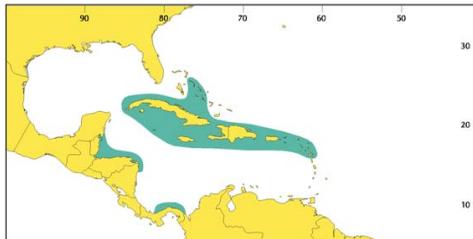
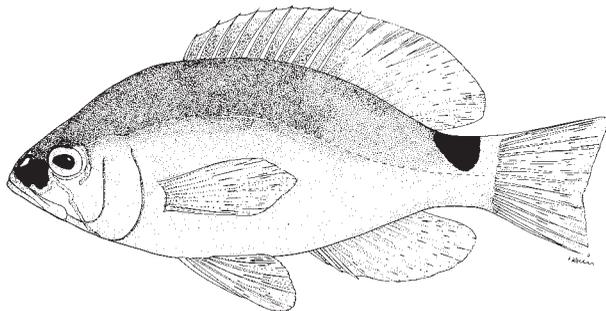
Maximum size about 15 cm. Found in Florida, Bahamas, and throughout the Caribbean. It is the largest fish in this species complex.



***Hypoplectrus cf. maculiferus* Poey, 1871**

**En** - Bicolour hamlet.

Maximum size about 13 cm. Found mainly in Central America. Some authors consider this species a synonym of *H. aberrans*. Domeier (1994) suggested that it may be genetically different and that Poey's original description is valid. Until further data clarifies the issue, the name *Hypoplectrus cf. maculiferus* appears applicable.

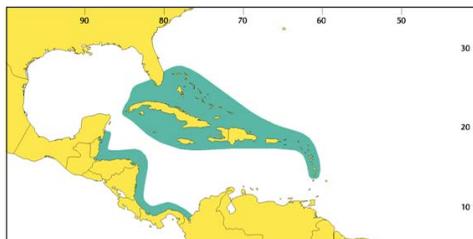
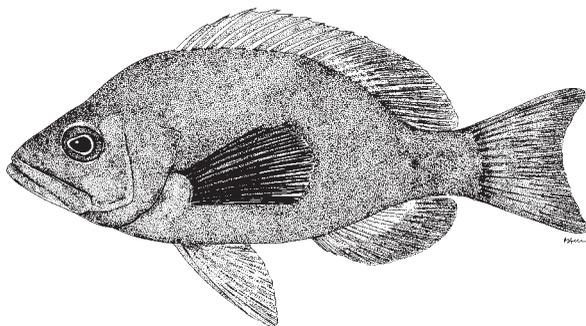


***Hypoplectrus nigricans* (Poey, 1852)**

**HNP**

**En** - Black hamlet; **Fr** - Hamlet nègre.

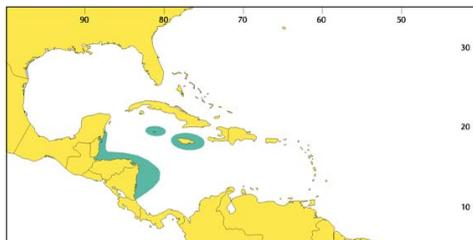
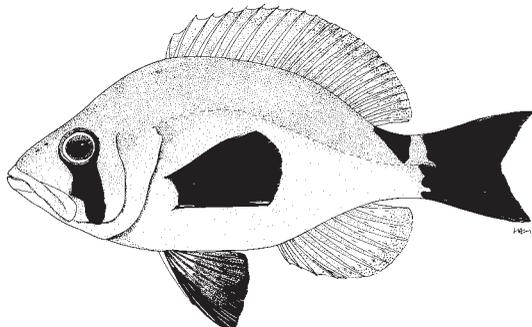
Maximum size about 13 cm. From Florida and Bahamas and throughout the Caribbean. The colour of this fish varies from very dark to light tan, it differs from the tan hamlet by not having a black spot on the snout, base of pectoral fin, or caudal peduncle. The fins may vary in colour from black to clear.



***Hypoplectrus providencianus* Acero and Garzón-Ferreira, 1994**

**En** - Masked hamlet.

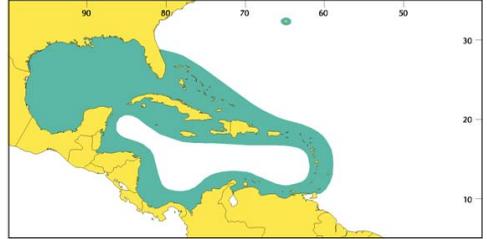
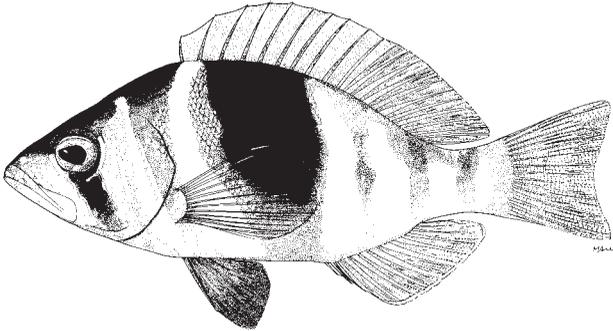
Maximum size about 13 cm. Rare in Jamaica, Caymans, Belize, Honduras, Nicaragua, San Andrés, Providencia Island (Colombia).



***Hypoplectrus puella* (Cuvier and Valenciennes, 1828)**

**En** - Barred hamlet; **Fr** - Hamlet marbré.

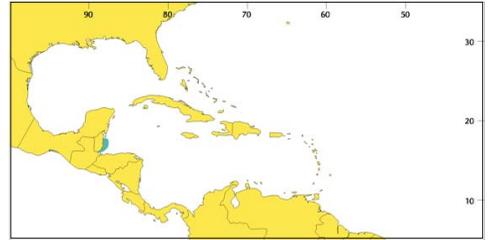
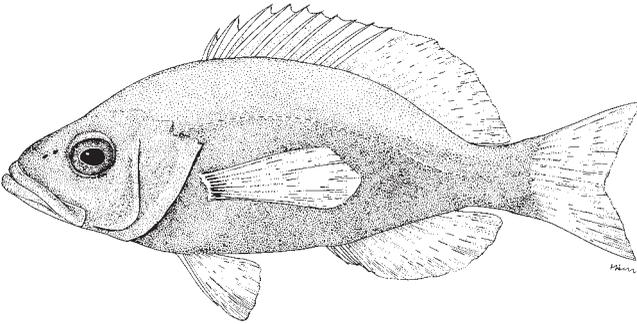
Maximum size about 13 cm. Common from Bermuda, Florida, and Bahamas to throughout the Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico. This species is the most abundant and widespread of all the hamlets.



***Hypoplectrus* sp. 'Belize'**

**En** - Belizean blue hamlet.

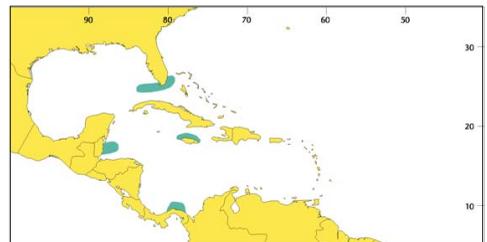
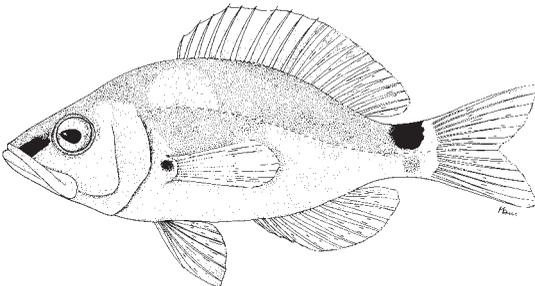
Maximum size about 13 cm. Only in Belize. Occupies reefs only inside barrier reef system, not observed on Glovers Atoll outside the reef barrier system. It is distinct from *H. gemma* by not having black on the upper and lower caudal-fin margin or pectoral-fin rays. Description of this species is in preparation (Lobel).



***Hypoplectrus* sp. 'tan'**

**En** - Tan hamlet.

Maximum size about 13 cm. Rare at Jamaica, south Florida, Florida Keys, Panama, and Belize. Differs from *H. nigricans* by having a distinct black spot on the snout, base of pectoral fins, and caudal peduncle. Various authors have recognized this species as a distinct form. Description of this species is in preparation (Lobel).



***Hypoplectrus unicolor*** (Walbaum, 1792)

HUN

**En** - Butter hamlet; **Fr** - Hamlet unicolour; **Sp** - Vaca amarilla.

Maximum size about 13 cm. Common from Florida and Bahamas to throughout the Caribbean.

