



Pro-Poor Livestock
Policy Initiative (PPLPI)
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Dept. of Agriculture, Forestry,
and Fishery Statistics General
Statistics Office of Vietnam



Agricultural Atlas of Viet Nam A Depiction of the 2001 Rural Agriculture and Fisheries Census

Agriculture, Forestry and Aquaculture - Crop Agriculture

Proportion of Agricultural Land under Annual Crops

The majority of designated agricultural land is devoted to annual crops. Typically, annual cropland is flat and level with a stable water supply, making it suitable for annual crops such as rice, short-day industrial plants, vegetables and so on, which can be transplanted and harvested within a single annual cycle.

The map shows the distribution of annual cropland, as a proportion of agricultural land, to be fairly widespread: the Red River Delta, Mekong River Delta, South Central Coast and North Central Coast all having high proportions, and correspondingly less land devoted to perennial crops ([see Map 3.1.8](#)). In the deltas and coastal areas this is mainly rice; in the upland areas annual crops include maize, cassava and hill rice, grown on terraced fields and settled mountain fields. In the highland areas, and particularly the Central Highlands and the Southeast, the percentage of annual cropland is lower because much land has been devoted to producing perennial crops such as tea, coffee, rubber, pepper, cashew and fruit trees.

