



Pro-Poor Livestock
Policy Initiative (PPLPI)
www.fao.org/ag/pplpi.html

Dept. of Agriculture, Forestry,
and Fishery Statistics General
Statistics Office of Vietnam

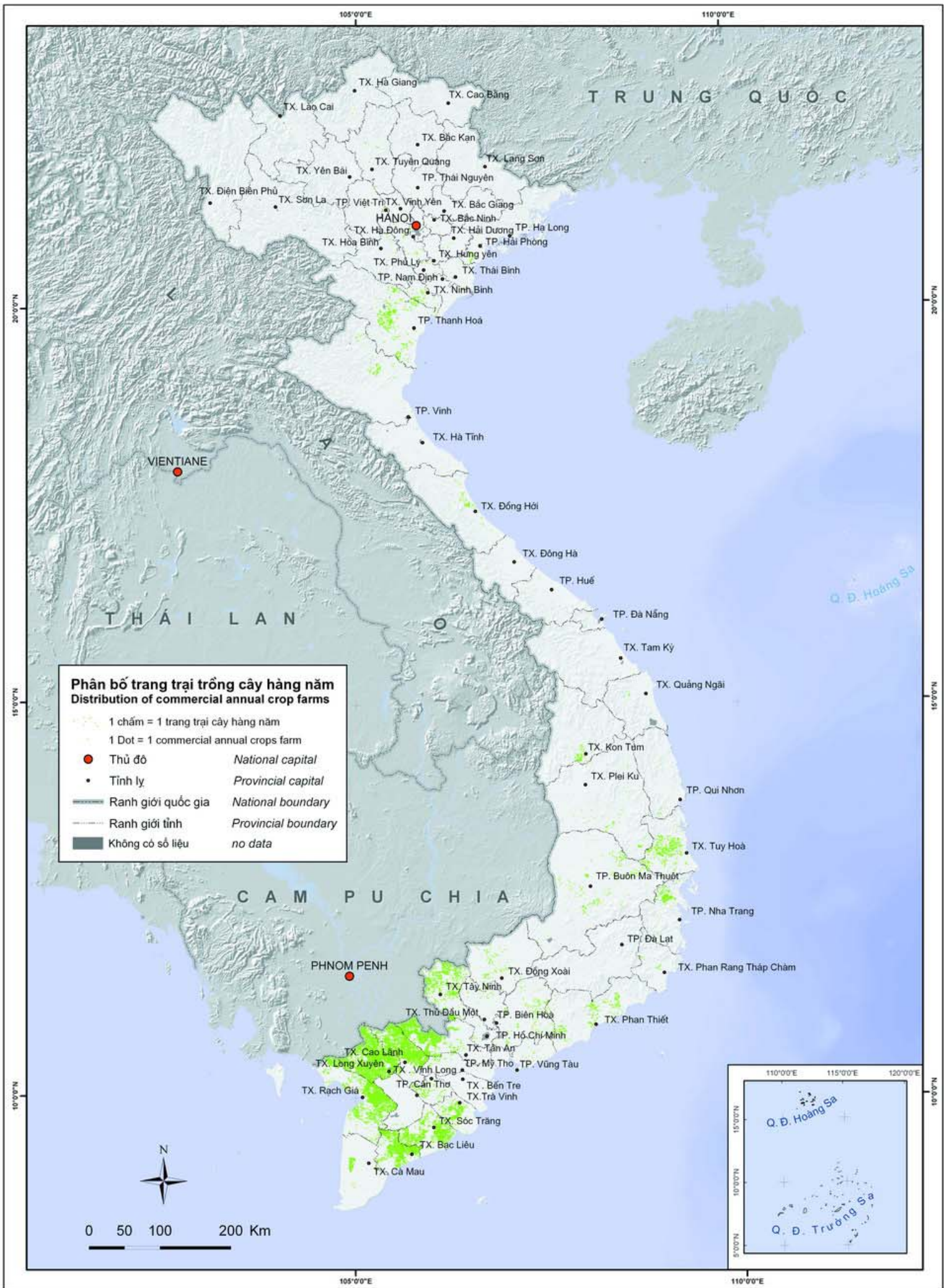


Agricultural Atlas of Viet Nam A Depiction of the 2001 Rural Agriculture and Fisheries Census

Commercial Farms and Cooperatives – Commercial Farms

Distribution of Commercial Annual Crop Farms

By October 2001 the country had 21,754 commercial farms producing annual crops; an average density of 2.4 farms per commune. The highest density occurred in the Mekong River Delta with 14.3 per commune, on average. Other regions had densities as follows: the North Central Coast had 0.3 per commune; the Northwest had 0.03; the Northeast had 0.02; and the Red River Delta had 0.09. The Mekong River Delta had the largest absolute number of commercial annual crop farms, accounting for 82% of all commercial annual crop farms (and 50% of all commercial farms) in Vietnam. There is, however, a good deal of variation within the region: Bac Lieu has 44.2 farms per commune; Kien Giang averages 42.2; An Giang, 41.4; Dong Thap, 27.3; Long An, 14.7; Ca Mau, 1.6; Vinh Long, 1.4; and Tien Giang, only 0.33 farms per commune, on average. The map shows the highest densities of commercial annual crop farms, dominated by rice production, to occur around Long Xuyen, the provincial capital of An Giang Province. This is the new "rice centre" of the Mekong River Delta that was established after Doi Moi. High densities are also seen in some of the communes of Tay Ninh (Southeast) and Phu Yen (South Central Coast) provinces, where much agricultural land is devoted to sugar-cane, peanut and rice cultivation.



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