

## ECONOMY

| Indicator  | Definition  | Data source   | Web page access source   | French term  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| <b>Gross Domestic Product per capita (in PPP US\$)</b> | <p>Gross domestic product, in Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) terms in US dollars, divided by midyear population. Gross domestic product at purchaser prices is the sum of gross value added by all resident producers in the economy plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output. It is calculated without deducting for depreciation of fabricated capital assets or for depletion and degradation of natural resources. Value added is the net output of an industry after adding up all outputs and subtracting intermediate inputs.</p>  | <p>United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), Human Development Report - latest edition</p> | <p><a href="http://hdr.undp.org/en/">http://hdr.undp.org/en/</a></p>                                   | <p><b>Produit Intérieur Brut par habitant (en US \$ PPA)</b></p> |
| <b>GDP annual growth</b>                               | <p>Annual percentage growth rate of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices based on constant local currency. Aggregates are based on constant 2000 US dollars.</p>   | <p>World Bank, World Development Indicators Database</p>                                      | <p><a href="http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/">http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/</a></p> | <p><b>Croissance annuelle du PIB</b></p>                         |
| <b>Gross National Income per capita</b>                | <p>Gross national income, converted to US dollars using the World Bank Atlas method, divided by the midyear population. Gross national income is the sum of value added by all resident producers plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output plus net receipts of primary income (compensation of employees and property income) from abroad. Gross National Income, calculated in national currency, is usually converted to US dollars at official exchange rates for comparisons across economies, although an alternative rate is used when the official exchange rate is judged to diverge by an exceptionally large margin from the rate actually applied in international transactions. To smooth fluctuations in prices and exchange rates, a special Atlas method of conversion is used by the World Bank. This applies a conversion factor that averages the exchange rate for a given year and the two preceding years and is adjusted for differences in rates of inflation between the country, and certain highly industrialised countries. For the years up to 2000, the latter countries were France, Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States. For 2001, these countries were expanded to include the Euro Zone, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States.</p> | <p>World Bank, World Development Indicators Database</p>                                      | <p><a href="http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/">http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/</a></p> | <p><b>Revenu national brut par habitant</b></p>                  |
| <b>Industry as % of GDP</b>                            | <p>Total output of goods and services which are a result of value added by the industry sector, expressed as a percentage of the gross domestic product (GDP).</p> <p>Industry sector includes manufacturing, mining, manufacturing, construction, electricity, water and gas.</p>  | <p>World Bank, World Development Indicators Database</p>                                      | <p><a href="http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/">http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/</a></p> | <p><b>Industrie en % du PIB</b></p>                              |

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| <b>Agriculture as % of GDP</b>                 | <p>Total output of goods and services which are a result of value added by the agriculture sector, expressed as a percentage of the gross domestic product (GDP).</p> <p>Agriculture sector includes forestry, hunting, and fishing, as well as cultivation of crops and livestock production.</p>   | <p>World Bank, World Development Indicators Database</p> <p><a href="http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/">http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/</a></p>  | <b>Agriculture en % du PIB</b>                   |
| <b>Services as % of GDP</b>                    | <p>Total output of goods and services which are a result of value added by the services sector, expressed as a percentage of the gross domestic product (GDP).</p> <p>Services sector is derived as a residual (from GDP less agriculture and industry) and may not properly reflect the sum of services output, including banking and financial services.</p>   | <p>World Bank, World Development Indicators Database</p> <p><a href="http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/">http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/</a></p>  | <b>Services en % du PIB</b>                      |
| <b>Paved roads as % of total roads</b>         | <p>Paved roads are those surfaced with crushed stone (macadam) and hydrocarbon binder or bituminized agents, with concrete, or with cobblestones, expressed as a percentage of all the country's roads.</p>  | <p>World Bank, World Development Indicators Database</p> <p><a href="http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/">http://devdata.worldbank.org/data-query/</a></p>  | <b>Routes pavées en % du réseau</b>              |
| <b>Internet users</b>                          | <p>People with access to the worldwide network expressed per 10,000 people.</p>  | <p>International Telecommunication Union (ITU), World telecommunication indicators database</p> <p><a href="http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/ict/statistics/">http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/ict/statistics/</a></p> | <b>Utilisateurs d'Internet</b>                   |
| <b>Total debt service as % of GDP</b>          | <p>Sum of principal repayments and interest actually paid in foreign currency, goods or services on long-term debt (having a maturity of more than one year), interest paid on short-term debt and repayments to the International Monetary Fund, expressed as percentage of gross domestic product (GDP).</p>   | <p>United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), Human Development Report - latest edition</p> <p><a href="http://hdr.undp.org/en/">http://hdr.undp.org/en/</a></p>                                     | <b>Service total de la dette en % du PIB</b>     |
| <b>Military public expenditure as % of GDP</b> | <p>All expenditures of the defence ministry and other ministries on recruiting and training military personnel as well as on construction and purchase of military supplies and equipment. Military assistance is included in the expenditures of the donor country. Military public expenditure is expressed as percentage of Gross Domestic Product (GDP).</p> | <p>United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), Human Development Report - latest edition</p> <p><a href="http://hdr.undp.org/en/">http://hdr.undp.org/en/</a></p>                                     | <b>Dépenses publiques militaires en % du PIB</b> |