# CODEX ALIMENTARIUS COMMISSION





Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00153 Rome, Italy - Tel: (+39) 06 57051 - E-mail: codex@fao.org - www.codexalimentarius.org

Agenda Item 5d

CRD 15

Original Language

# JOINT FAO/WHO FOOD STANDARDS PROGRAMME CODEX COMMITTEE ON FOOD ADDITIVES

**Forty-eighth Session** 

Xi'an, China, 14-18 March 2016

USES AND USE LEVELS OF PAPRIKA EXTRACT (INS 160C (II))

Replies to CL 2015/9-FA Part C, point 8 of China, Indonesia, Japan, Republic of Korea and IACM

#### **CHINA**

China supports to include paprika extract (INS 160C (II)) into GSFA, based on Chinese regulation, the suggested food categories and maximum levels are as below:

| No.      | Food Category  | ML (mg/kg) |
|----------|--|------------|
| 01.6.4   | Processed cheese   | GMP        |
| 04.2.2.3 | Vegetables (including mushrooms and fungi, roots and tubers, pulses and legumes, and aloe vera), and seaweeds in vinegar, oil, brine, or soybean sauce | GMP        |
| 12.2.2   | Seasonings and condiments  | 10000      |

#### INDONESIA

Indonesia supports the proposal. Indonesia would like to make editorial correction regarding the INS of paprika extract, it should be INS 160c (ii).

#### **JAPAN**

Japan would like to submit the following comments regarding uses and use levels of paprika extract. JECFA established an ADI for paprika extract used as a food colour of 0-1.5 mg/kg bw, expressed as total carotenoids. Therefore, maximum use levels submitted are expressed as total carotenoids. To convert use levels of paprika extract into those of total carotenoids, use levels of paprika extracts were multiplied by 0.075 because, according to the report of JECFA, 7.5% is in the mid-range of the levels in commercial paprika extracts used as colours.

| FC No. | Title  | Use<br>Level*<br>(mg/kg) | Justification  |
|--------|--|--------------------------|--|
| 01.2.1 | Fermented milks (plain)  | 9                        | To impart colour to flavoured drinks based on fermented milks.                         |
| 01.6.4 | Processed cheese   | 140                      | To adjust colour of processed cheese for which cheddar cheese is used as               |
| 01.6.5 | Cheese analogues   | 35                       | ingredients.   |
| 01.7   | Dairy-based desserts (e.g., pudding, fruit or flavoured yoghurt)                           | 11                       | To impart colour to ice cream, sherbet containing dairy ingredients and fruit yoghurt. |
| 02.2.2 | Fat spreads, dairy fat spreads and blended spreads   | 40                       | To impart colour to fat spreads and dairy fat spreads.                                 |
| 02.3   | Fat emulsions mainly of type oil-in-water, including mixed and/or flavoured products based | 35                       | To impart colour to non-dairy cream  |

| FC No.   | Title  | Use<br>Level* | Justification  |  |
|----------|--|---------------|--|--|
| 10110.   | Title  | (mg/kg)       | distilleditori   |  |
|          | on fat emulsions   | ( 3 3/        |  |  |
| 03.0     | Edible ices, including sherbet and sorbet  | 55            | To adjust colour of sharbet  |  |
| 04.2.2.2 | Dried vegetables (including mushrooms and fungi, roots and tubers, pulses and legumes, and aloe vera), seaweeds, and nuts and seeds  | 70            | To adjust colour of dried tomatoes throughout one year   |  |
| 04.2.2.3 | Fermented vegetable (including mushrooms and fungi, roots and tubers, pulses and legumes, and aloe vera) and seaweed products, excluding fermented soybean products of food categories 06.8.6, 06.8.7, 12.9.1, 12.9.2.1 and 12.9.2.3         | 230           | To adjust colour of soysauce-pickled vegetables.   |  |
| 04.2.2.6 | Vegetable (including mushrooms and fungi, roots and tubers, pulses and legumes, and aloe vera), seaweed, and nut and seed pulps and preparations (e.g., vegetable desserts and sauces, candied vegetables) other than food category 04.2.2.5 | 150           | To adjust colour of tomato sauces throughout one year.   |  |
| 04.2.2.8 | Cooked or fried vegetables (including mushrooms and fungi, roots and tubers, pulses and legumes, and aloe vera), and seaweeds  | 40            | To adjust colour of fried potato throughout one year.  |  |
| 05.1.4   | Cocoa and chocolate products   | 10            | To impart colour for chocolate products.   |  |
| 05.1.5   | Imitation chocolate, chocolate substitute products   | 25            | To impart colour for imitation chocolate.  |  |
| 05.2.1   | Hard candy   | 6             | To impart colour for hard candy.   |  |
| 05.2.2   | Soft candy   | 12            | To impart colour for soft candy.   |  |
| 05.3     | Chewing gum  | 5             | To impart colour for chewing gum.  |  |
| 05.4     | Decorations (e.g., for fine bakery wares), toppings (non-fruit), and sweet sauces  | 11            | To impart colour for surface decoration.   |  |
| 06.4.1   | Fresh pastas and noodles and like products   | 60            | To impart colour to alkaline noodles and pastas.   |  |
| 06.4.2   | Dried pastas and noodles and like products   | 60            | To impart colour to dried pasta sheet kneaded with tomato  |  |
| 06.4.3   | Pre-cooked pastas and noodles and like products  | 45            | To impart colour to precooked alkaline noodles and pastas.   |  |
| 06.6     | Batters (e.g., for breading or batters for fish or poultry)  | 300           | To impart colour to batters.   |  |
| 06.7     | Pre-cooked or processed rice products, including rice cakes (Oriental type only)   | 30            | To impart colour to processed rice products.   |  |
| 06.8.4.2 | Deep fried semi-dehydrated soybean curd  | 35            | To adjust colour of dehydrated deep fried soybean curd for seasonings of instant noodles. The reported maximum level can be converted to ready-to-eat basis by dividing by 10. |  |
| 07.2.1   | Cakes, cookies and pies (e.g., fruit-filled or custard types)  | 1             | To impart colour to sponge cake.   |  |

| FC No.   | Title   | Use<br>Level*<br>(mg/kg) | Justification   |  |  |
|----------|---|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| 08.2.2   | Heat-treated processed meat, poultry, and game products in whole pieces or cuts | 75                       | To impart colour to dried fried chickens for seasoning of instant noodles. The reported maximum level can be converted to ready-to-eat basis by dividing by 10.   |  |  |
| 08.2.3   | Frozen processed meat, poultry and game products in whole pieces or cuts        | 17                       | To impart colour to frozen fried chickens.  |  |  |
| 08.3.2   | Heat-treated processed comminuted meat, poultry, and game products              | 40                       | To impart colour to hamburger steak, sausages and fried chopped meat and cooked meat balls.   |  |  |
| 09.2.4.1 | Cooked fish and fish products   | 225                      | To impart colour to dried cooked surimi product for seasoning of instant noodles. Use level is 225 mg/kg. The reported maximum level can be converted to readyto-eat basis by dividing by 10.  To impart colour to crab-flavoured cooked kamaboko product (kanikama). Use level is 2 mg/kg. |  |  |
| 09.2.4.2 | Cooked molluscs, crustaceans, and echinoderms                                   | 60                       | To adjust colour of cooked shrimp which is one of the ingredients for seasonings of instant noodles. The reported maximum level can be converted to ready-to-eat basis by dividing by 10.   |  |  |
| 09.3.3   | Salmon substitutes, caviar and other fish roe products                          | 160                      | To impart colour to salted cod roe flavoued with chili pepper.  |  |  |
| 10.2.1   | Liquid egg products   | 3                        | To adjust colour of egg products throughout one year.   |  |  |
| 11.4     | Other sugars and syrups (e.g., xylose, maple syrup, sugar toppings)             | 85                       | To impart colour to decorative toppings.  |  |  |
| 12.2.1   | Herbs and spices  | 750                      | To adjust colour to spices and roux. These products are used within the range of 0.1 % of final products.  Further consideration is necessary.  |  |  |
| 12.2.2   | Seasonings and condiments   | 1500                     | To adjust colour to seasonings and condiments. The reported maximum use level can be converted to 0.15 mg/serving. Regarding seasoning for instant noodles, use level is 12 mg/kg as served to consumer.  Further consideration is necessary.   |  |  |
| 12.4     | Mustard   | 4                        | To adjust colour of mustards throughout one year.   |  |  |
| 12.5.1   | Ready-to-eat soups and broths, including canned, bottled, and frozen            | 75                       | To impart colour to ready-to-eat soups.   |  |  |
| 12.5.2   | Mixes for soups and broths  | 450                      | To impart colour to concentrated soups to be reconstituted with water. The reported maximum level can be converted to ready-to-eat basis by dividing by 4.  |  |  |
| 12.6     | Sauces and like products  | 150                      | To impart colour to sauces for meat products and mayonnaise including salted cod roe flavoued with chili pepper as ingredient.  |  |  |

| FC No.   | Title  | Use<br>Level*<br>(mg/kg) | Justification   |  |
|----------|--|--------------------------|---|--|
| 12.6.1   | Emulsified sauces (e.g., mayonnaise, salad dressing)                                       | 42                       | To impart colour to mayonnaise in which salted cod roe flavoued with chili pepper is used as an ingredient.                                     |  |
| 12.6.2   | Non-emulsified sauces (e.g., ketchup, cheese sauce, cream sauce, brown gravy)              | 150                      | To adjust colour to non-emulsified sauces.  |  |
| 12.6.4   | Clear sauces   | 560                      | To adjust colour to clear sauces for fried products. Further consideration is necessary.  |  |
| 13.6     | Food supplements   | 20                       | To impart colour to food supplement for surface decoration.   |  |
| 14.1.4.1 | Carbonated water-based flavoured drinks  | 3                        | To impart colour to carbonated water-based flavouerd drinks.  |  |
| 14.1.4.2 | Non-carbonated water-based flavoured drinks, including punches and ades                    | 25                       | To impart colour to non-carbonated water-based flavoured drinks.  |  |
| 14.1.4.3 | Concentrates (liquid or solid) for water-based flavoured drinks                            | 40                       | To impart colour to concentrates for water-<br>based flavoured drinks. Proposed maximum<br>use level is on the served to the consumer<br>basis. |  |
| 15.1     | Snacks - potato, cereal, flour or starch based (from roots and tubers, pulses and legumes) | 110                      | To impart colour to rice crackers and potato chips for surface decoration   |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Use levels are expressed as total carotenoids.

## **REPUBLIC OF KOREA**

Paprika extract(INS 160c(ii)) should not used in the following products: powdered red pepper, shredded red pepper, Kimchi, Gochujang and Vinegars. Its use might result in misleading or deceiving consumers by manufacturing an adulterated product. In the Republic of Korea, color additives are not permitted for use in powdered red pepper, shredded red pepper, Kimchi, Gochujang and Vinegars. In addition, color additives are not allowed in Codex Standard for Kimchi(CODEX STAN 223-2001) and Regional Standard for Gochujang(CODEX STAN 294R-2009). We suggest that use of paprika extract (INS 160c(ii)) in powdered red pepper, shredded red pepper, Kimchi, and Gochujang and Vinegars should not be allowed.

#### INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF COLOR MANUFACTURERS (IACM)

IACM has some updated level/category information for the consideration of the pWG, in those categories amended/updated by NATCOL in which IACM also submitted data.

| Company / organisation name: IACM compiled data for the second se |   | JSA                             |         |        |
|--|---|---------------------------------|---------|--------|
| GSFA Cated   | gories in which the use of one or more colors is            | Paprika INS160c(ii) Use Levels* |         | evels* |
| FCS No.  | Title   | Low**                           | Typical | Max    |
| 01.6.2.3   | Cheese powder (for reconstitution; e.g., for cheese sauces) | 29                              | 288     | 576    |
| 01.6.2.3   | Cheese powder (for reconstitution; e.g., for cheese sauces) | 4                               | 7       | 14     |
| 06.8.1   | Soybean-based beverages                                     | 1                               | 7       | 14     |
| 06.8.2   | Soybean-based beverage film                                 | 1                               | 7       | 14     |
| 06.8.8   | Other soybean protein products                              |                                 |         |        |
|  |   | 1                               | 7       | 14     |
| 06.8.7   | Fermented soybean curd                                      |                                 |         |        |
|  |   | 1                               | 7       | 14     |
| 12.10  | Protein products other than from soybeans                   | 1                               | 7       | 14     |

| Notes   |
|---|
|   |
| Before reconstitution                         |
| As reconstituted (in cheese sauce, etc. as    |
| consumed; subject to dilution factor)         |
| previously 12.9.1.1 Soybean beverage          |
| previously 12.9.1.2 Soybean milk film         |
| previously 12.9.1.3 Other soybean protein     |
| products (including non-fermented soy sauce); |
| 12.9.1 Soybean protein products; 12.9.5 Other |
| protein products                              |
| previously 12.10.2 Fermented soybean curd     |
| (soybean cheese)                              |
| previously 12.9.5 Other protein products      |

### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> Use levels are expressed as mg/kg or mg/l (ppm) of total carotenoids, with all extracts standardised to 100,000 colour units (= 7.2% total catorenoids)

<sup>\*\*</sup> For each food category, the Low is the minimum of all submitted Low values; the Typical is the average of all submitted Typical values; the Max is the maximum of all submitted Max values. Empty cells indicate no data for the category were submitted.