



JOINT FAO/WHO FOOD STANDARDS PROGRAMME

CODEX COMMITTEE ON FOOD ADDITIVES

Fifty-First Session

PROPOSED DRAFT AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNATIONAL NUMBERING SYSTEM FOR FOOD ADDITIVES (CXG 36-1989)

Comments of Ghana, Indonesia, Russian Federation and Senegal

Ghana

Position: Ghana supports the proposed changes and/ or additions to the INS.

Rationale: The proposed changes /or addition are consistent with current scientific findings. In particular, BMC has been evaluated for safety by JECFA and its use in micronutrients encapsulation will protect micronutrients from degradation due to light and humidity exposure during storage and consequently impacts positively micronutrients deficiencies.

Indonesia

6. A request for deletion of the following additives from INS list is to be discussed.

- Red 2G (INS 128)
- Sodium sorbate (INS 201)
- Potassium ascorbate (INS 303)
- Distarch glycerol (INS 1411)

Indonesia Comment:

Indonesia supports to delete food additives as proposed.

Russian Federation

The Russian Federation supports excluding the following food additives from the INS list:

- Red 2G (INS 128) – the additive is not allowed in the Russian Federation and Eurasian Economy Union;
- Sodium sorbate (INS 201) – high toxicity;
- Distarch glycerol (INS 1411) - the additive is not allowed in the Russian Federation and Eurasian Economy Union;

Potassium ascorbate (INS 303) is widely used in food industry as antioxidant, and we are not aware of the negative effects of INS 303 on human health. We consider it inappropriate to exclude this food additive from the INS list.

Senegal

Question : Ajout de la classe fonctionnelle et de la fonction technologique du copolymère de méthacrylate, basique (BMC); changement de nom du carotène, du bêta, des algues et suppression du Red 2G et du Dister glycérol, document CX / FA 19/51/12

Demande d'ajout d'une nouvelle classe fonctionnelle et de nouveaux objectifs technologiques pour le BMC :

Position : Le Sénégal demande que le CCFA ajoute la classe fonctionnelle "Transporteur" et les objectifs technologiques de "Transporteur" et "agent d'encapsulation" au copolymère méthacrylate basique

Justification : lors de sa 86e réunion, le JECFA a approuvé l'utilisation du copolymère méthacrylate basique (SIN 1205) pour l'encapsulation des micronutriments dans l'enrichissement des aliments.

Son utilisation protégera les micronutriments de la dégradation due à une exposition à la lumière et à l'humidité pendant le stockage et aura donc un impact positif sur les carences en micronutriments ; voir CRD sur le BMC.