



*Marine microalgae for meeting
global needs for feed & energy*

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מכון ויצמן למדע

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FAO Guadalajara, March 3, 2010



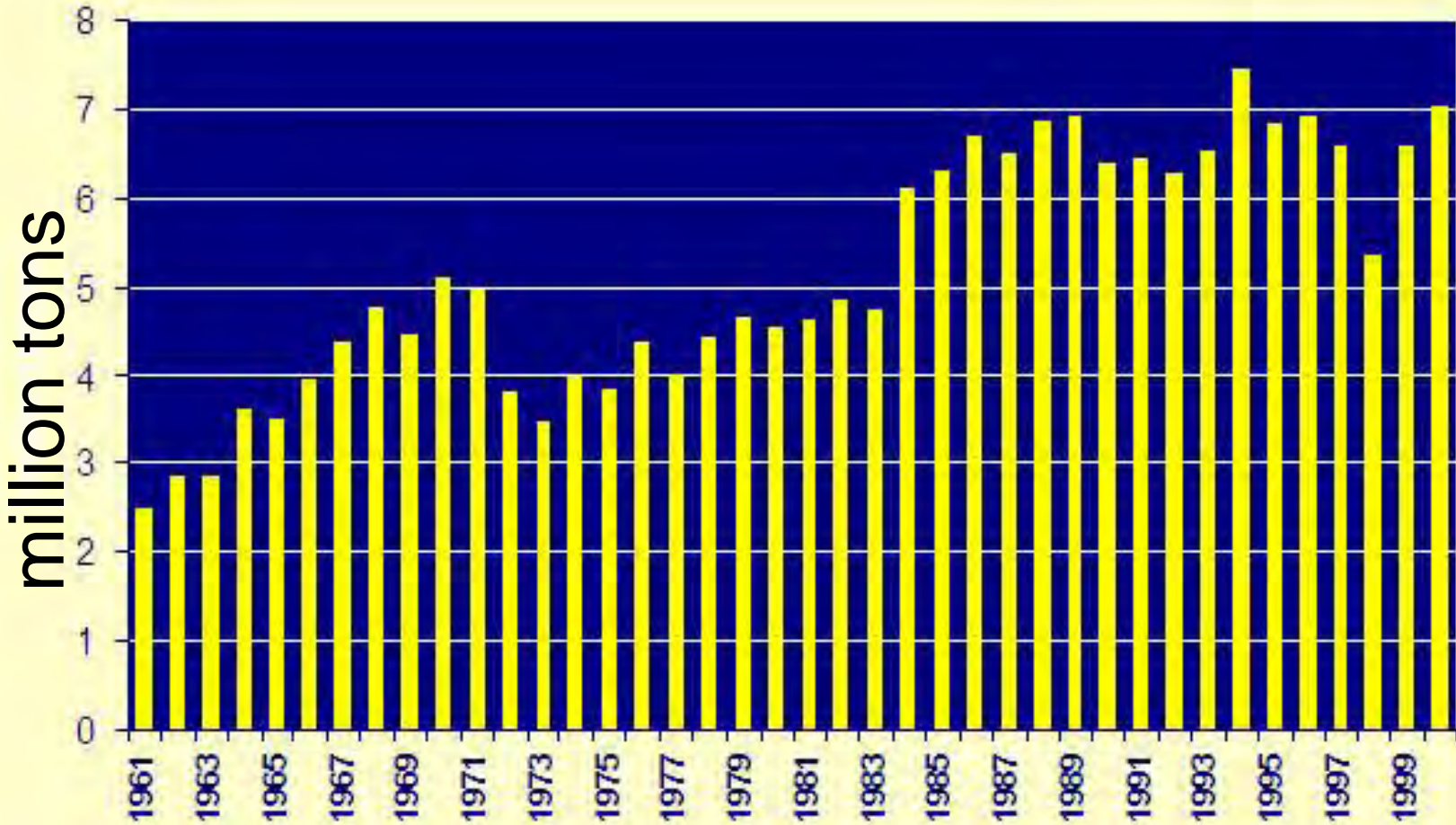
More than 40%
of grain is used for animal feed

But grain is missing key nutrients for monogastric animals - fish, poultry swine

Fishmeal is a major source for missing nutrients



Supply of fishmeal is steady

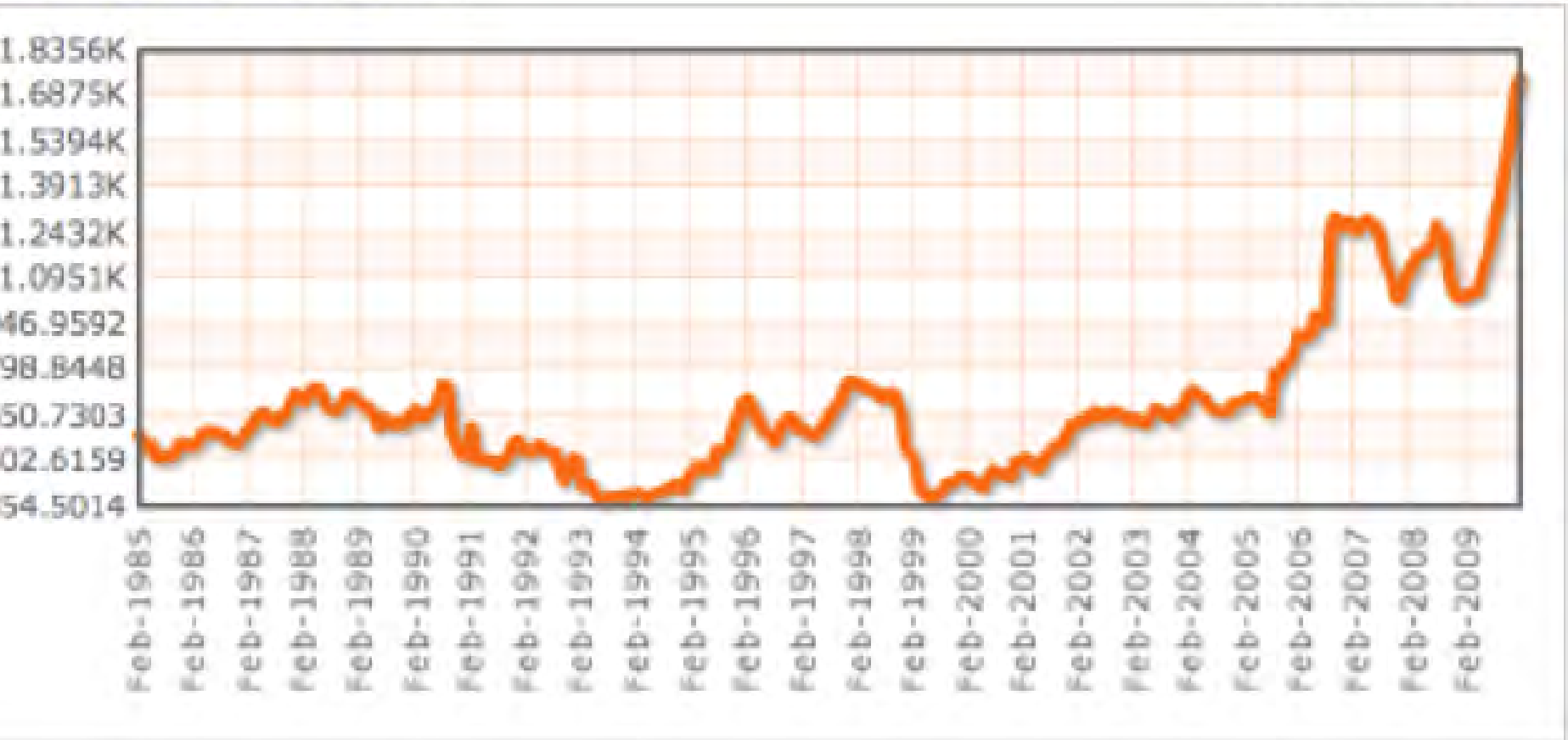




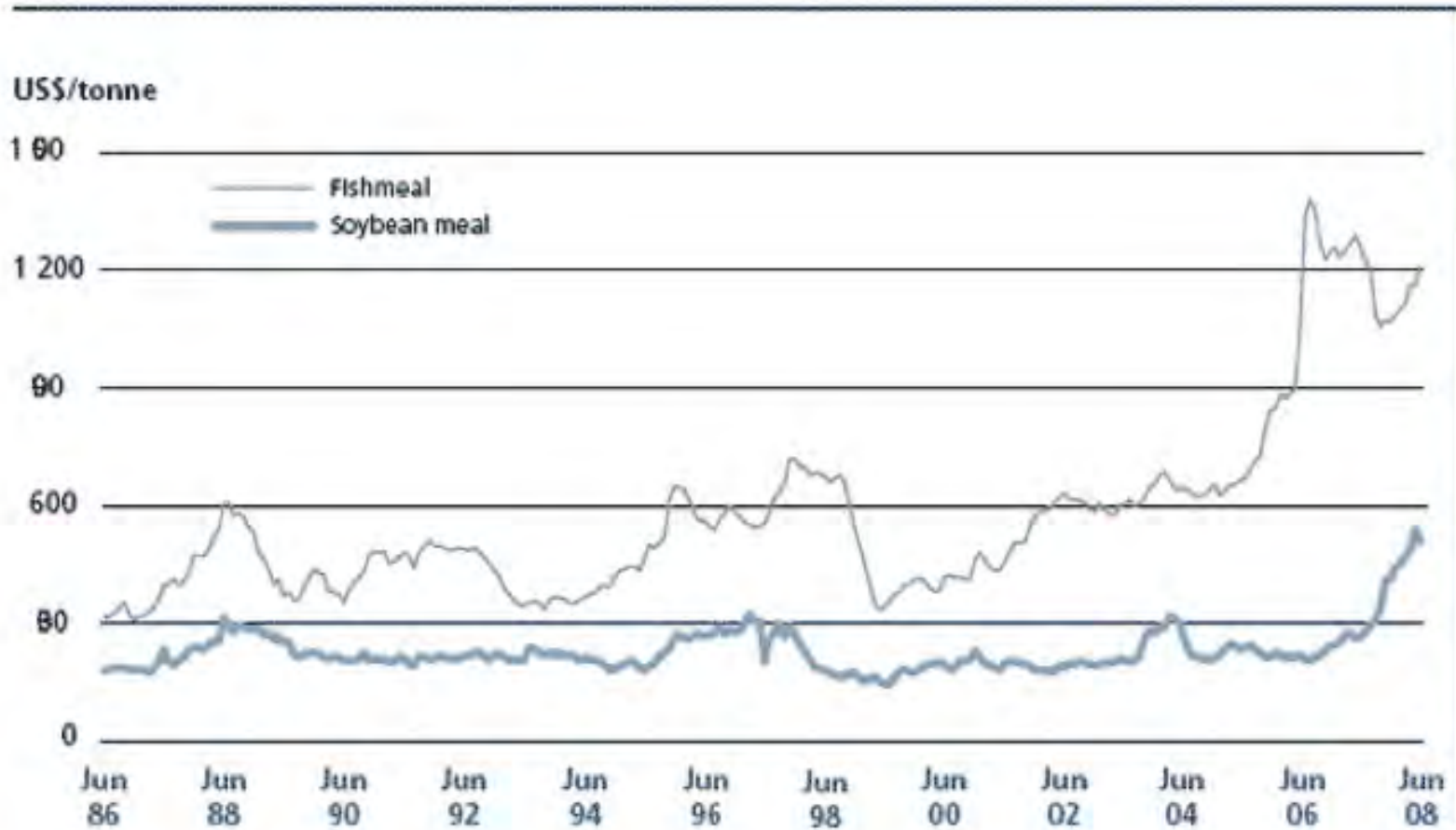
Due to demand - price is skyrocketing

3m [1y](#) [5y](#) [10y](#) [15y](#) [20y](#) [25y](#)

Feb 1985 - Jan 2010:

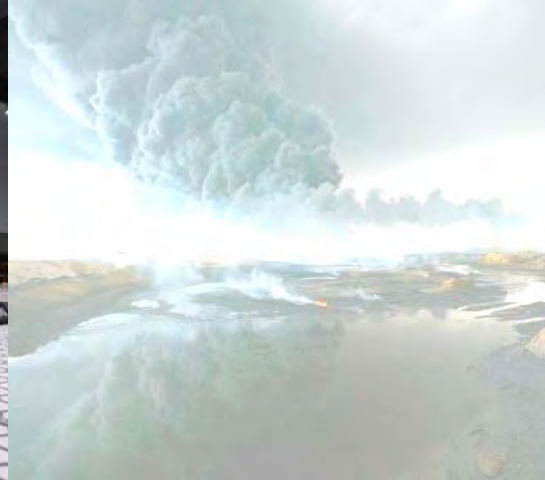


especially compared to soybeans



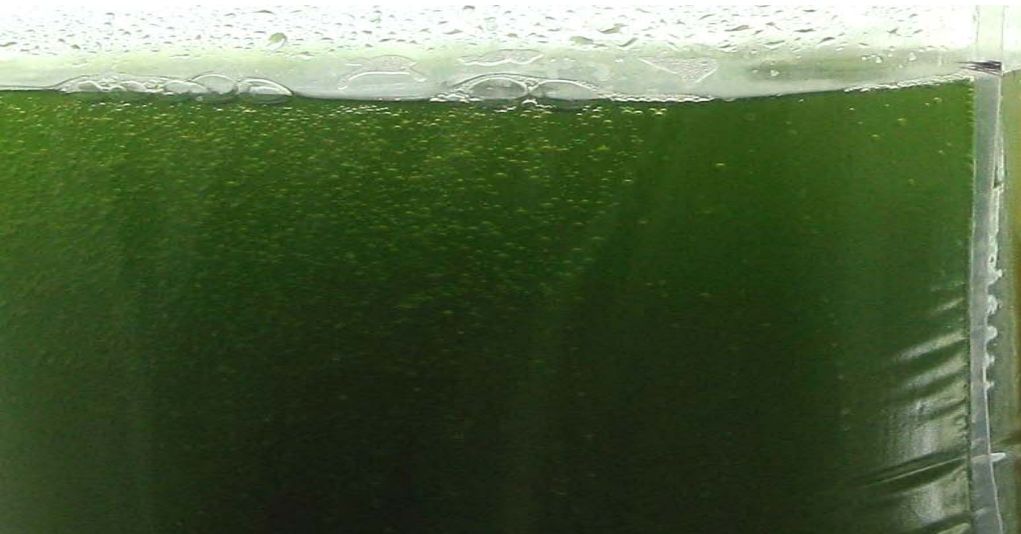
Source: *FAO Fisheries – The State of World Fisheries and Aquaculture, 2008* 
PART 1: World review of fisheries and aquaculture, p. 58

Soy allergenic to carnivorous fish
missing some essential amino acids



The Solution:

Algae-based Biofuels & Feed



>20x potential

algae yield compared to soy & corn



<1% freshwater, <5% land

<30% fertilizer, <10% pesticides



Many studies:
algae can replace fishmeal 1:1 by weight

Most peculiar:

- have excellent amino acid composition
- but less protein
- are less digestible

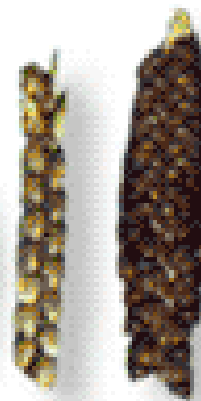
Algae have not been domesticated!

Domestication of grains took
5,000-10,000 years

TransAlgae using the methods of
modern molecular biology to shorten
the time to a few years



Year: 3000BC



1500



2009

To quickly domesticate

Our only
Hope is by
Genetic
Engineering





Genetic Glass Ceilings

Transgenics for
Crop Biodiversity

deals with further domesticating under-domesticated crops that lack genetic diversity. Analyzes and proposes where to get the genes

Developing world has many such crops



Domestication problems to be dealt with

Process reliability

- **Contamination**
- **Scalability**
- **Harvesting & extraction**

Economics

- **Production yields**
- **Capital & operational costs**
- **Multiple products**



TransAlgae's Solution

INPUTS:

Sunlight

CO₂

Sea water (*fresh later*)

Non-Arable Land

Simple Nutrients
N, P, K, trace metals

TRANSALGAE GROWTH SYSTEM

- Proprietary design
 - Proprietary genetically modified algae species
- *Maximize yield*
→ *Minimize capex*
→ *Minimize opex*

OUTPUTS:

Algae Oil

BioDiesel & others chemicals

Algae Meal

Carbohydrates

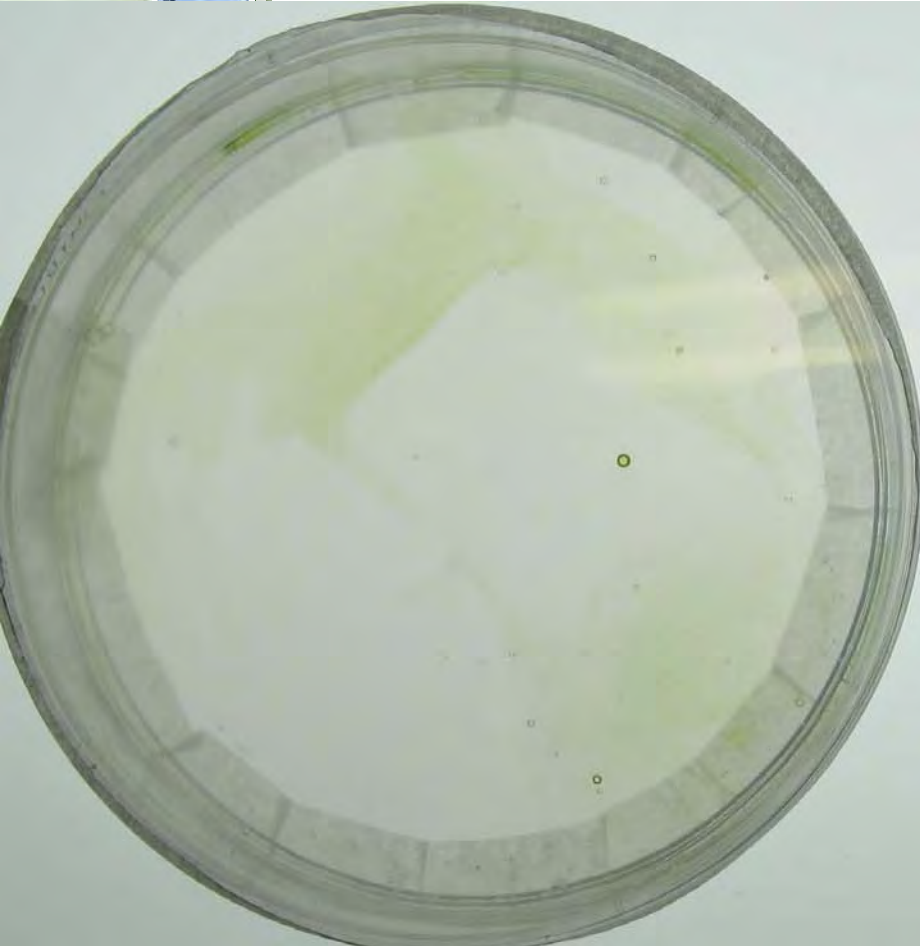
Protein



Mock –Transformed
(wild-type)



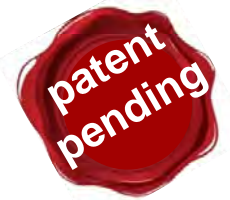
Transformed



Transformed algae are resistant to an inexpensive herbicide that kills other algae and cyanobacteria

Overcoming Barriers of Algae Domestication:

solving system instability
with **contamination-resistant genes**



Yield (g/m ² /day)	TA strain	Wild type*
with herbicide	27	dead
without herbicide	27	26



What if there is an inadvertent leak?



"Frankly, I think we'll regret introducing these organisms into the environment."

Mitigation - suppressed carbon capture



TransAlgae

new
technology

new
crops

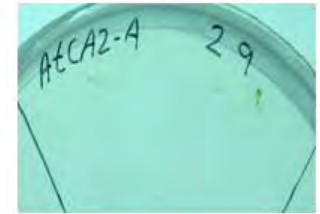
existing
practice

Engineer of high CO₂
requiring transgenic
algae

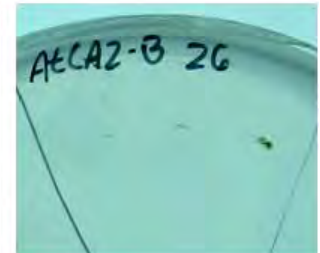
4% CO₂

Air

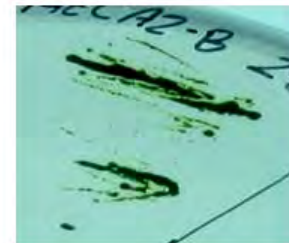
Transgene A



Transgene B



Control

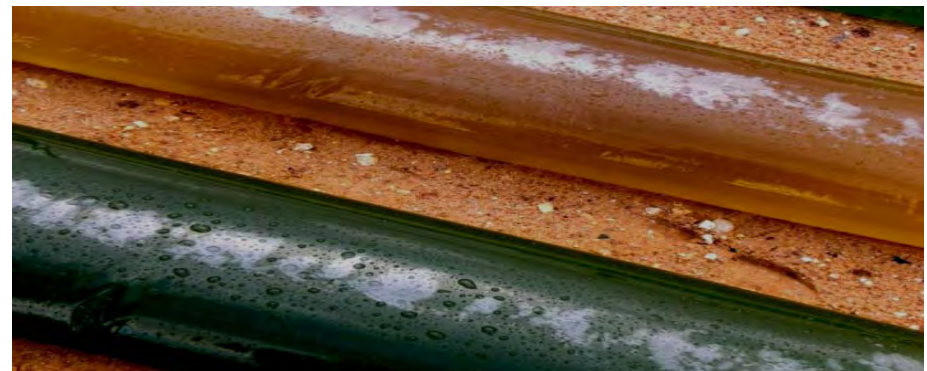


Overcoming Barriers of Algae Domestication:

by providing
crop bio-safety using mitigation genes



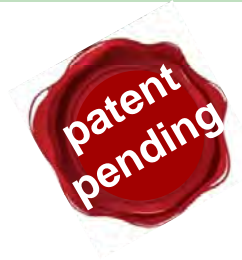
	TransAlgae strain survival	Wild type survival
Within TransAlgae system	100%	100%
Within natural ecosystem	0	100%





Overcoming Barriers of Algae Domestication:

by providing
continuous harvesting & extraction technologies



	TransAlgae continuous dewatering process	Conventional batch dewatering process
Time for separation of 90% of biomass	~15min	~ 12hr
% dry weight in volume	5%	1.3%

Control Trials – Dewatering process



Methiosine

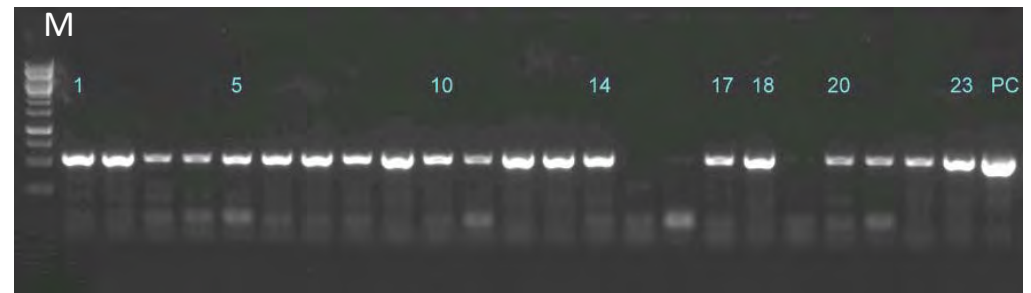
- increasing methionine and lysine

The following gene combinations were transformed

1. 15KD-10KD Zein fusion + AtCGS – **High Methionine**
2. 15KD Zein + AtCGS – **High Methionine**
3. BHL8 + DHDPS – **High lysine**

The presence of the 15KD Zein and AtCGS genes in the algae genome was confirmed by PCR:

15KD Zein →



AtCGS →



Can engineer in other genes: e.g. growth hormone

Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



Aquaculture 277 (2008) 78–82

Aquaculture

www.elsevier.com/locate/aqua-online

Growth, feed efficiency, body muscle composition, and histology of flounder
(*Paralichthys olivaceus*) fed GH transgenic *Synechocystis*

Shunmei Liu ^{a,b}, Xuecheng Zhang ^{a,*}, Xiaonan Zang ^a, Bin Liu ^a,
K.K.I.U. Arunakumara ^a, Di Xu ^a, Xiaoqing Zhang ^a

Body weight with 0.5% and 2% transgenic cyanobacteria increased 32% and 49% - no differences in feed consumption



Algae have biodiverse metabolisms

Have a huge diversity of substrates
- can be engineered to produce novel products - if high value - prodn free

Two types:

Feed additives

e.g. vitamins, pigments, etc.

Extractables

e.g. pharma products, enzymes,
lubricants, sweeteners,
substrates

After extraction - rest for animal feed²²



Summary

Marine microalgae as fishmeal substitute

- do not compete for land and water
- sequester industrial carbon dioxide
- fertilizer efficient
- high productivity - multiple products
- need domestication - transgenically for:
reliability - productivity- composition

Can be the next nail in Malthus's coffin