



"CFS is the foremost inclusive international and intergovernmental platform for all stakeholders to work together to ensure food security and nutrition for all"







What makes CFS unique?



MULTISTAKEHOLDER

policy guidance (Governments, Civil societies, Private sectors, Research institutions, Einance institutions, etc.





TECHNICAL & SCIENTIFIC EXPERTISE

(High Level Panel of Experts on Food Security and Nutrition: CFS-HLPE)

Who are CFS stakeholders?

CFS

COMMITTEE ON WORLD FOOD SECURITY

- 138 Member Countries
- Joint Secretariat (FAO, IFAD, WFP)
- High Level Panel of Experts on Food Security & Nutrition (HLPE)
- 4 Observers

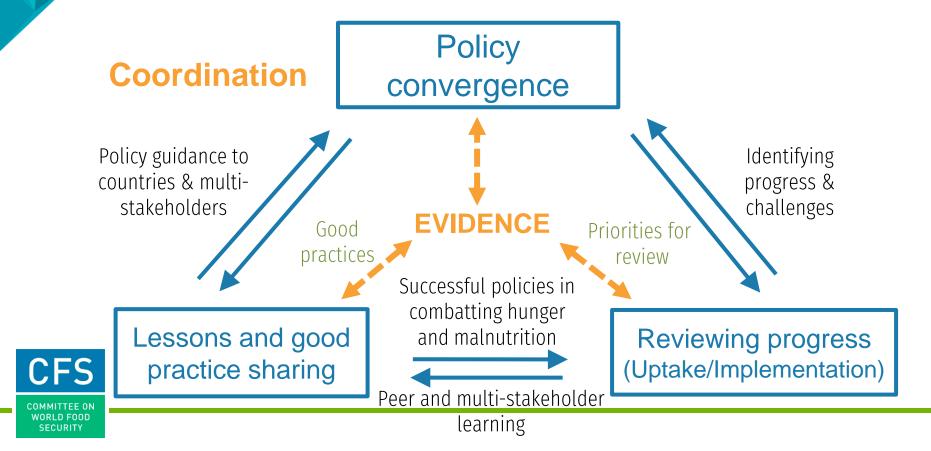
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5 Participants

- UN agencies
- Civil society (CSM)
- Private sector (PSM)
- Financial Institutions
- Agriculture research system (CGIAR)
- Philanthropic foundations



What are the CFS FUNCTIONS?



What is CFS Process?

Food Systems and Nutrition

Special Session

(VGFSyN)

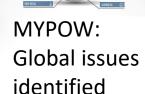
COMMITTEE ON WORLD FOOD SECURITY

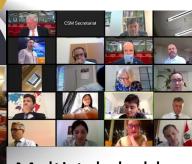


CFS CFS 48

Policy Recommendations on Agroecological and Other Innovative Approaches









High-Level Panel of Experts on Food Security and Nutrition (CFS-HLPE)

- HLPE is the Science-policy interface of the UN Committee on World Food Security (CFS)
- Created, appointed, mandated by the CFS but working independently
- The HLPE has to address the multidisciplinary complexity of food

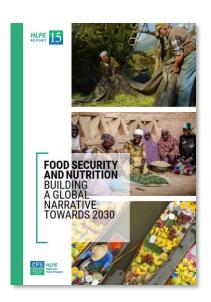
security and nutrition

Demand-driven, tight agenda,present status of knowledge



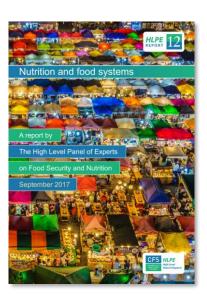


Science-based evidence











Since 2011, the High-Level Panel of Experts (CFS-HLPE) has issued 15 reports and 2 notes on critical and emerging issues. In 2020, it also released 2 issues papers on the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

CFS-HLPE

























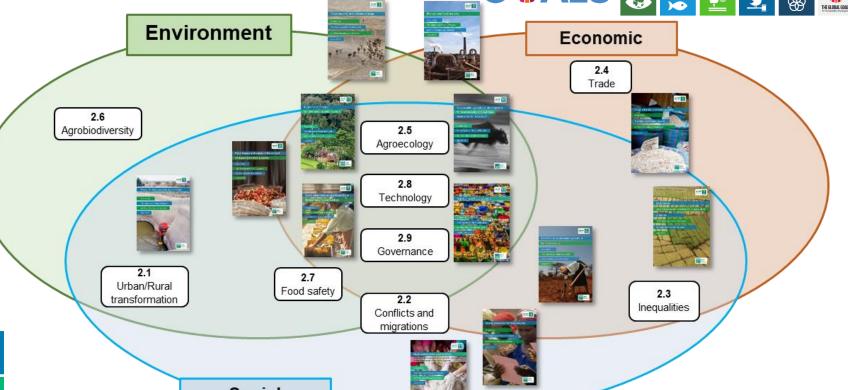














WORLD FOOD

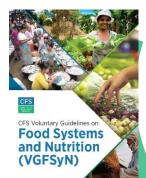
Social

Policy guidance

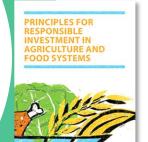
EXAMPLES OF CFS POLICY CONVERGENCE PRODUCTS



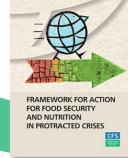
Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests in the Context of National Food Security – VGGTs (2012)



Voluntary Guidelines on Food Systems and Nutrition -VGFSyN (2021)

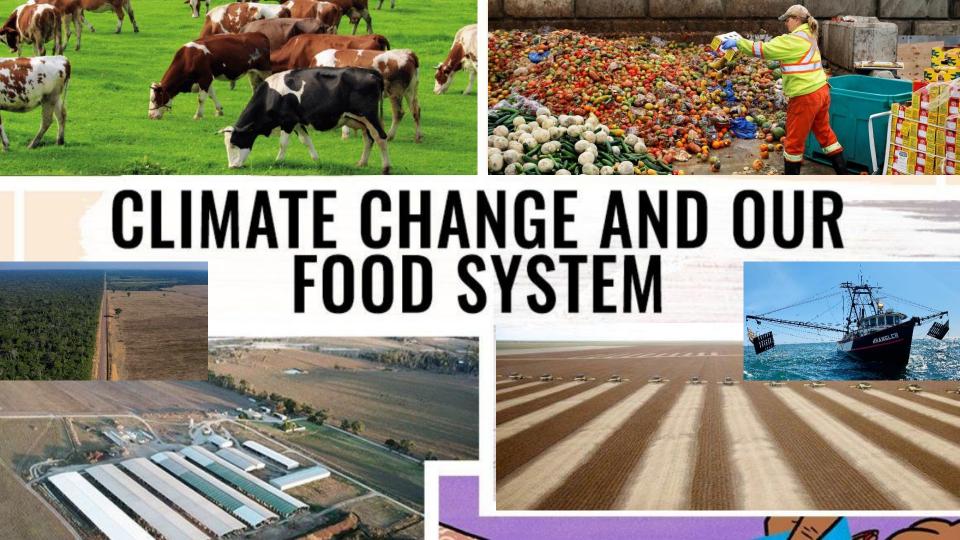


Principles for Responsible Investment in Agriculture and Food Systems - RAI (2014)

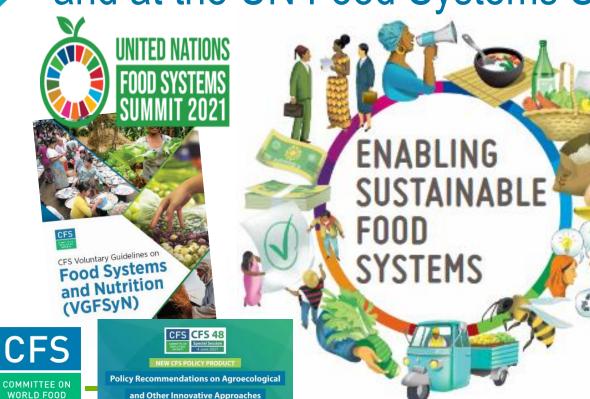


Framework for Action for Food Security and Nutrition in Protracted Crises – FFA (2015)





Use of CFS products at the country level and at the UN Food Systems Summit How to adapt and



How to adapt and integrate to the national policy?

How to implement at the country level?

Who can help us promote the uptake and implementation?

✓ What are the outcomes and impacts?

We are a problem or

We are a solution?

