

Towards a System of Environmental-Economic Accounting for Agriculture: SEEA-Agri

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System of Environmental Economic Accounting for Agriculture

- Specific relationships between the agricultural sector and the environment;
- Broad definition of agriculture: crops, livestock, forestry and fisheries with primary and intensive use of environmental goods and services;
- Different to the SEEA-CF focus,
 SEEA-AGRI focus on a group of activities.





The need for Accounting frameworks for Agriculture and the Environment

- SNA fails to reflect the full costs and benefits to society of economic activities;
- The impact of the environment on the economy and the effects of the latter on natural capital have not been readily identifiable within the economic accounts generated;
- The SEEA Central Framework allows for an evaluation of the environmental sustainability of economic activity.
- Need to explore the relationships between agriculture and the environment;





Applying the SEEA Central Framework to Agriculture

- Applying SEEA CF help improve the conceptual basis and analytical capability of agriculture;
- Adopting a macroeconomic accounts approach for developing a statistical framework has the advantage of applying a set of SNAbased standard classifications upon which consistent and comprehensive sets of data series can be compiled;
- Having a multipurpose information system that can be used to combine and harmonize data from various surveys and censuses together into an integrated database that supports policy making and analysis.
- The resulting accounts can provide a complete set of variables for identifying and designing a core and minimum set of agricultural indicators;



Scope and coverage of SEEA-AGRI

A comprehensive and standard satellite account for the integration of agricultural and environmental data based upon internationally agreed concepts, definitions, classifications and interrelated tables and accounts that are universally valid, regardless of the stage of economic development **reached** by the country.





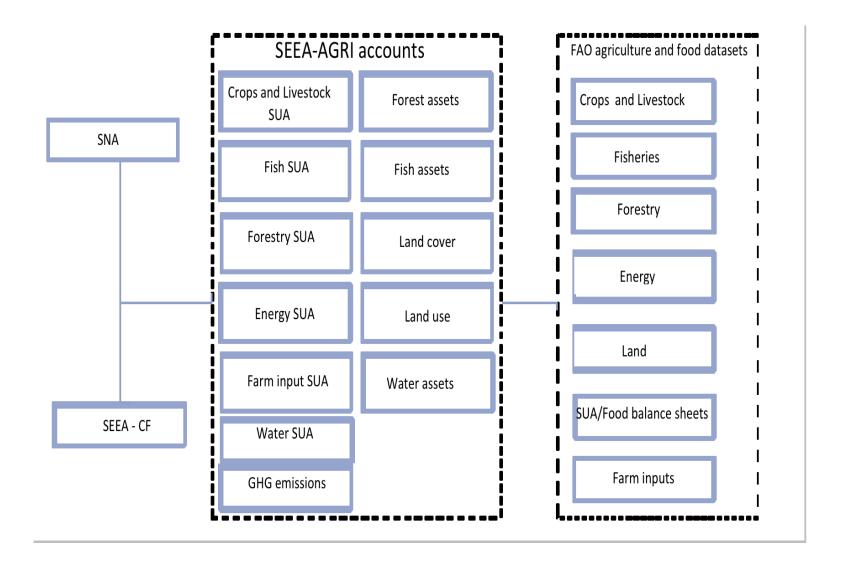
SEEA-AGRI aims to translate policy issues into data needs

- Enhancing the use of existing agricultural statistics and related common frameworks;
- Providing a consistent, comprehensive, and coordinating framework to link data collected;
- Providing a sound basis for the measurement of a set of economic, social, and environmental indicator;
- Providing a framework to expand the analytical capabilities of the original FAO SEAFA, etc;
- •Providing a framework that **links to other SEEA subsystems being articulated by other agencies**.





SNA, SEEA-CF, SEEA-AGRI and FAO datasets





Development of the SEEA-AGRI Accounts

Physical flow supply use tables:

Crops and Livestock, Fish; Forestry, Water, Energy Fertilizer, Pesticides.

Monetary supply use tables:

SNA based production, imports, flows of income and final demand

Environmental Asset Accounts:

Forests, Fish, Water, etc

Land use and Land cover Accounts:

Allocation of land and changes in use for Aquaculture Crops, Livestock and Forestry





Combined presentations and analytical possibilities

SEEA-AGRI provides a combined presentation of information.

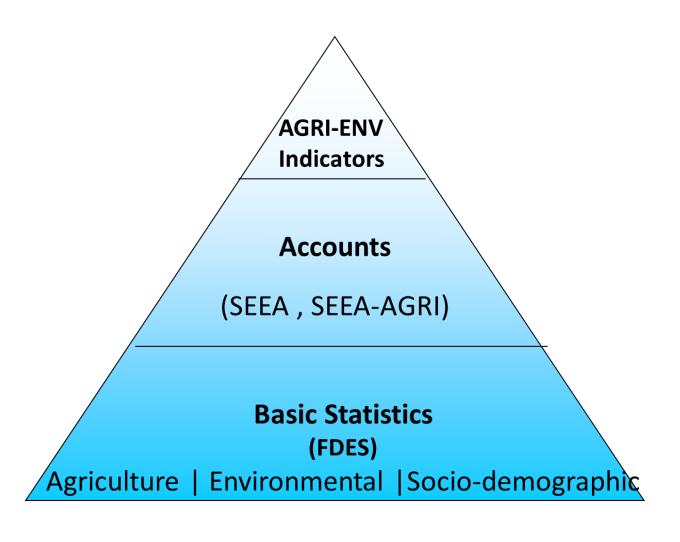
Analysis of relationships such as the production of wheat and:

- Inputs of water, fertilizer, pesticides, energy, etc;
- Labour inputs;
- Changes in land area and soil quality;
- Generation of residuals emissions, crop residues;
- Use of assets sowing and harvesting equipment;
- Cost of production, value added and incomes





SEEA and SEEA – AGRI and the information pyramid





SEEA-AGRI in development

FAO starting with data currently in FAO datasets (country sourced);

Issues currently faced include: data in different dimensions, different databases, structures, etc

A great deal of data will be required for a full SEEA-AGRI;

Need to **review data quality**, **completeness**, etc





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