ARGENTINA - Agricultural Census 2002  
Main Results (Preliminary)

Please refer to the Explanatory Notes given at the end of the tables

### Agricultural area of holdings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of holdings (*)</th>
<th>Agricultural area (ha)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>295 485</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Excluding 36 572 holdings with undefined boundaries

### Temporary crops

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area (ha)</th>
<th>Cereals</th>
<th>Oleaginous plants</th>
<th>Industrial crops</th>
<th>Other crops</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Area (ha)</td>
<td>9 523 269</td>
<td>8 896 621</td>
<td>604 513</td>
<td>13 416 033</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Livestock

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Head/units</th>
<th>Cattle</th>
<th>Sheep</th>
<th>Goats</th>
<th>Pigs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>48 063 368</td>
<td>12 395 839</td>
<td>4 021 917</td>
<td>2 120 089</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ARGENTINA - Agricultural Census 2002 - Explanatory Notes

Historical outline:
The first Agricultural Census in Argentina was conducted in 1888. Since then nine censuses were carried out in 1895, 1908, 1914, 1937, 1947, 1952, 1960, 1969 and 1988; some of them as part of a general census of the country (1895, 1914, and 1947). The 2002 Agricultural Census

Organization:
The Argentine Republic is a federal nation consisting of 24 autonomous provinces subdivided, in turn, into 500 units (departamentos) and the capital city of Buenos Aires. The National Institute for Statistics and Census (INDEC) is the federal agency responsible for planning and coordinating national censuses and other national level statistical surveys. Each province operates its own statistical bureau (Direccion Provincial de Estadistica-DPE). INDEC and every DPE are linked into the National Statistical System (Sistema Estadistico Nacional-SEN) and their activities are closely coordinated.

Enumeration period:
The enumeration period took place from September to December 2002.

Reference date:
Data on livestock, buildings, machinery and other equipment refer to 30 June 2002. All the other data refer to the agricultural year July 2001 to 30 June 2002.

Definitions:
The adopted statistical unit was the Agricultural Holding (Explotacion AgropecuariaEAP) defined as a market oriented production unit over 500 square meters in area, made up of one or more parcels and having a holder assuming the economics risks and responsible for its management made formed.

Coverage:
The census covered the entire national territory excluding urban areas and desert zones with no agricultural use. All the Agricultural Holdings were covered regardless size, number of parcels, juridical status of the holder, tenure and land use.

Frame:
The frame was based on the Directory of Agricultural holdings of the previous Agricultural Census, updated by the annual agricultural survey (ENA-Encuesta Nacional Agropecuaria) and mapped on the census cartography, mostly digital. The whole country was divided into “Enumerating Segments” with well delimited boundaries and an average of 180 Agricultural Holdings each.

Methods:
The census was organized on a complete enumeration basis through a direct interview of holders. The staff employed in the field work included 23 census coordinators (each in every province) 13 under-coordinators, 98 chief supervisors, 550 supervisors and 2920 enumerators. The census questionnaire was adapted to each of the five regions in which the country is divided. Each version contains a set of common items and some specific items for the region.

Data source:

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