

2014 International Year of Family Farming



Background

Initiated by the World Rural Forum (2008)

Proposed by Philippines at FAO 37th session Conference (2011)

Formally declared at the 66th session of the General Assembly of UN (2011)

2014



International consensus

Family farmers are an important part of the solution for a world free from poverty and hunger

In many regions, they are the main producers of the foodstuff consumed every day in our meals.

Poor family farmers can quickly deploy their productivity potential when the appropriate policy environment is effectively put in place.

Facilitating access to land, water and other natural resources and implementing specific public policies for family farmers are key components for world food security



International consensus

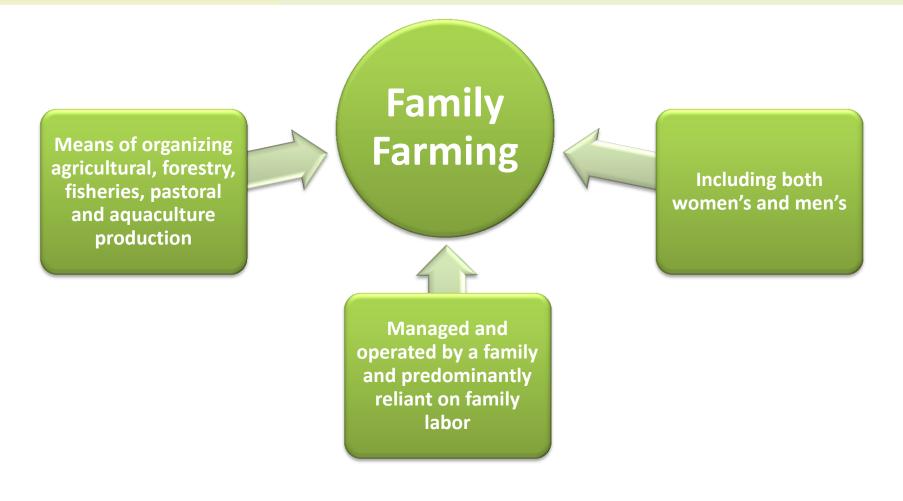
Family Farming supports sustainable development

They run crop-diversification based agricultural systems and preserve traditional food products, contributing both to a balanced diet and the safeguard of the world's agrobiodiversity.

Family farmers are embedded in territorial networks and local cultures, and spend their incomes mostly within local and regional markets, generating many agricultural and non agricultural jobs.

Local production and consumption circuits based on family farming have a major part to play in fighting hunger especially when linked to social policies.

Common features



Economic Social Environmental Cultural



Common Features

From smallholders and medium scale

farmers, to peasants, indigenous peoples,

traditional communities, fisher folks,

pastoralists, collectors and many other groups

in any region and biome of the world



FAO role

To facilitate its implementation, in collaboration with Governments, **RBAs** and other relevant organizations of the United Nations system as well as relevant non-governmental organizations



Organization

International Steering Committee (ISC) established (met 5 times)

Master Plan approved

FAO Internal Task Force

Multi-donor Trust Fund (IFAD)

Logo adopted

Website in several languages including a calendar of events

Launch GA NY 22 November – Special Ambassadors

Regional Dialogues



General Objective

The aim of the IYFF is to put family farming at the centre of agricultural, environmental and social policies in the national agendas

General Objective

The IYFF aims to raise the profile of family farming by focusing world attention on its important role in eradicating hunger and poverty, providing food security and nutrition, improving livelihoods, managing natural resources, protecting the environment



Specific Objectives

Support the development of policies conducive to sustainable family farming (policies, legislation, participatory planning for a policy dialogue, investments)

Increase knowledge, communication and public awareness

Attain better understanding of FF needs, potential and constraints and ensure technical support availability

Create synergies for sustainability



Main Activities

Promotion of dialogue in policy decisionmaking processes

Identification, documentation and sharing lessons and successful experiences of existing pro-family farming policies

Communication, advocacy and outreach



Regional Dialogues





Targets RDs

> DISCUSS AND UNDERSTAND THE ROLE OF FAMILY FARMING IN EACH REGION

> IDENTIFY AND PUT IN PLACE STRATEGIES AND PUBLIC POLICIES FOR FAMILY FARMING

ESTABLISH PLATFORMS AT NATIONAL AND REGIONAL LEVELS FOR POLICY DIALOGUE WITH FAMILY FARMERS' ORGANIZATIONS

Expected results

Strategic Paper: Regional overview on Family Farming as expressed by regional/national actors

Help include the topic of Family Farming in the official programs of the FAO Regional Conferences to be held in 2014.

(ISC request. So far is included in the agendas of the Regional Conferences of Europe and Latin America and the Caribbean).



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION & ACTION!