

Table 4. Mapping of RAP outputs to the GAP outputs

Outputs of the GAP mapped to the outputs of the RAP

Global outputs and regional outputs
<p>Global output 1: Effective governing bodies set up and functioning at global and regional levels.</p> <p>Regional output:</p> <p>A. Regional governance structure in place. The regional steering committee has been formed and the regional coordinator office in the FAO RAP staffed with resources for implementation.</p>
<p>Global output 2: Coordinating bodies of the NSS, legal frameworks and strategic plans established (by the target countries) in the target countries, to enable integration of agriculture into the NSS.</p> <p>Regional output:</p> <p>C. Integration of agriculture into the NSS using the NSDS. Sector strategic plans for agricultural and rural statistics (SSPARS) as a component of the NSDS provide the national framework for implementation.</p> <p>D. Improved political support for agricultural statistics. Improved political support by decision-makers for agricultural and rural statistics in terms of provision of budget and resources.</p> <p>E. Strengthened legal and coordination mechanisms and frameworks for agricultural and rural statistics.</p> <p>F. Advocacy. Enhanced capacity of NSS to advocate for adequate resources for developing and compiling country-specific minimum set of agricultural and rural statistics on a sustainable basis.</p> <p>K. Increased capacity to use statistics for policy-making. Increased capacity of countries in the use of agricultural statistics to meet priority needs for policy-making, operating efficient markets and fostering sound investments.</p>
<p>Global output 3: New cost-effective methods for data collection, analysis, dissemination are developed and disseminated.</p>

Global output 4: Increased capacity of agricultural statistics staff in regional training centres and target countries.

Regional output:

B. Country assessments and determining set of core data. Country-specific minimum set of agricultural and rural statistics identified by each country using the minimum set of core data contained in the Global Strategy as the basis.

G. Increased ability of NSS to access and use ICT for production and dissemination of minimum set of agricultural and rural statistics.

H. Improved competencies of NSS to produce and disseminate minimum set of agricultural and rural statistics in accordance with international standards and good practices through training and technical assistance.

I. Strengthened capacity of national and regional training institutions to develop and deliver relevant, efficient and effective training in agricultural and rural statistics.

J. Improved capacity of countries to adopt cost-effective and reliable methods for producing minimum set of agricultural and rural statistics.

J.1. Improved ability of countries **to adopt** methodological research results guidelines and frameworks for agricultural and rural statistics.

J.2. Better **access** of countries to methodological research results, guidelines and frameworks for agricultural and rural statistics.