

Production of a safe EMCV-FMDV recombinant vaccine against FMD

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EnvA **eofmd** **INRA**

Plan

Introduction

Why a recombinant vaccine EMCV-FMDV?

Results

- I. production and characterization of EMCVΔ2A
- II. Virulence attenuation on human primary astrocytes
- III. Virulence attenuation on mice

Conclusion

Why a recombinant vaccine EMCV-FMDV?

- **A live attenuated vaccine**: fast and good protection
- **Easy to produce** less confinement, less expensive
- **Distinguish easily vaccinated and infected animals** : faster get back to a statue free from FMDV

Why a recombinant vaccine EMCV-FMDV?

FMDV / EMCV

- *Picornaviridae* :
 - positive ssRNA, ~8kb
 - Structural and genomic organization similar
 - Encode a single polyprotein,
 - Similar viral cycle

They are the 2 Picornaviridae, of different genus (**Aphthovirus** / **Cardiovirus**), showing more similarity

Why a recombinant vaccine EMCV-FMDV?

Genomic organization

Clivage sites

▲ 3C^{pro} ◆ L^{pro}

Why a recombinant vaccine EMCV-FMDV?

Development of a chimera EMCV-FMDV virus :

Production of an hybrid genome :

5'UTR **VP4** **VP2** **VP3** **VP1** **2A** **2B** **2C** **3A** **3B** **3C** **3D** **3'UTR**

P1 -FMDV **P2** **P3**

Capsid proteins **Non structural proteins**

Towards a safe vaccine

EMCV : Encephalomyocarditis virus

Can infect many different animal species

Depending on the animal species and the viral strain, EMCV can cause

Myocarditis
Reproduction disorders
Diabetes
Encephalitis

=> Attenuation of EMCV virulence is needed

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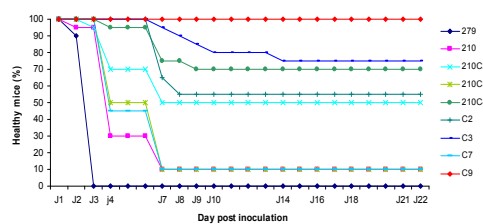
Conclusion

I. EMCVΔ2A production and characterization

B279 strain 210 passed on BHK-21 : non-virulent for pigs

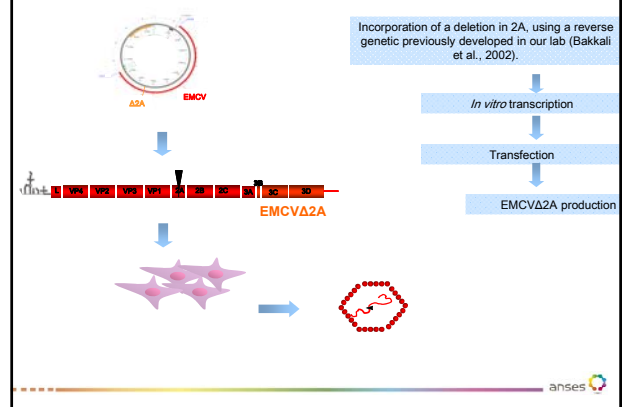
(P.Denis and F. Koenen Arch Virol 2003)

Test virulence on mice C57Bl/6



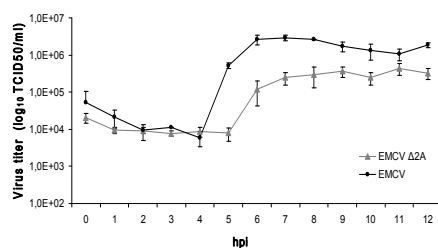
C9 clone => a deletion in the 2A protein sequence.

I. EMCVΔ2A production and characterization



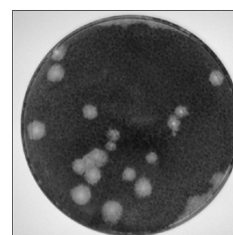
I. EMCVΔ2A production and characterization

One-step growth cycle

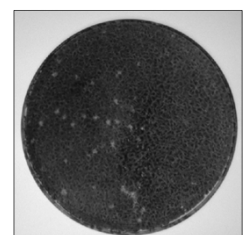


I. EMCVΔ2A production and characterization

Plaque assay on BHK-21



EMCV



EMCV Δ2A

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II. Virulence att. on human primary astrocytes

EMCV

Able to infect a wide range of animal species.

Has been described to possibly infect and cause of head ache, vomiting, malaise, fever... In Human.
(Oberste et al, Emerg Inf Dis 2009)

**Test infectivity of Human primary astrocytes by EMCV,
and the attenuation of EMCVΔ2A.**

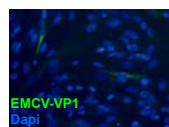
II. Virulence att. on human primary astrocytes

EMCV can infect and replicate on human primary astrocytes



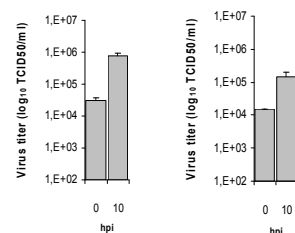
EMCV

Astrocytes 5hpi

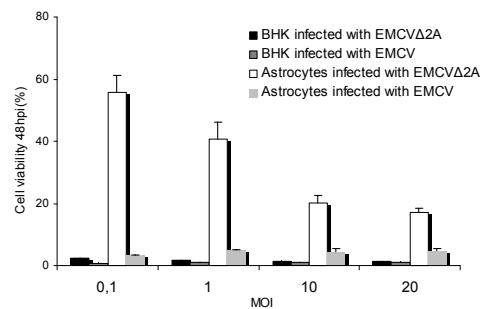


EMCVΔ2A

EMCVΔ2A is able to infect and replicate on human primary astrocytes but less efficiently.



II. Virulence att. on human primary astrocytes



EMCVΔ2A virus is less virulent than the wild type on Human primary Astrocytes

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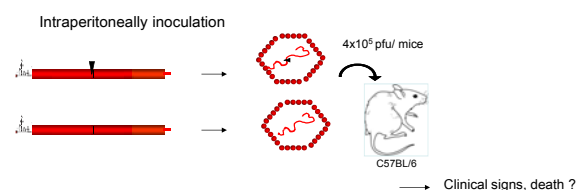
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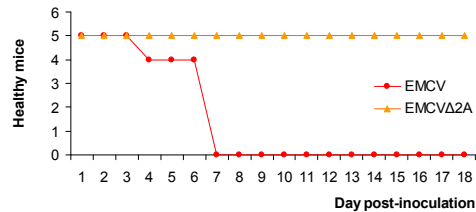
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II. Virulence attenuation on mice

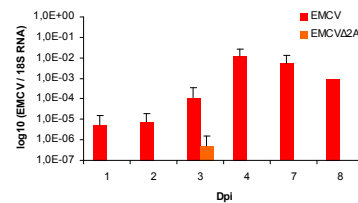


EMCV Δ2A does not induce any clinical sign in C57BL/6 mice



II. Virulence attenuation on mice

Number of viral RNA copy in mice heart.

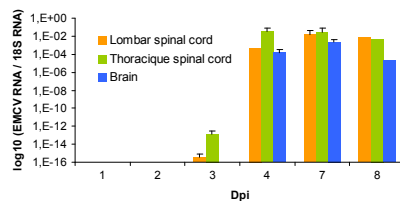


Detection of EMCV Δ2A only at 3dpi in one out of 5 mice heart.



II. Virulence attenuation on mice

Number of EMCV RNA copy in mice CNS.



EMCV Δ2A does not reach the mice CNS.



Conclusion

Virulence attenuation of EMCVΔ2A :

on BHK-21
on human primary astrocytes
(With first demonstration of human primary astrocytes sensitivity to EMCV.)
on mice

The EMCVΔ2A virus is an attenuated virus,

Which should be a safe base for a recombinant EMCV-FMDV vaccine.






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"The research leading to these results have received funding from the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement n° 226556."





