CAADP Framework and Process – An Overview

SADC CAADP Capacity Development Workshop

Phakalane Hotel,
Gaborone, 09-13 Sept 2013
Outline

1. CAADP Motivation
2. CAADP commitments, principles & Targets
3. CAADP thematic focus areas
4. Key CAADP milestones
5. CAADP implementation challenges
6. Possible value additions of CAADP
7. Typical CAADP roadmap
8. CAADP implementation status
Motivation for CAADP

Issue 1: Strained livelihoods and economic growth

• Africa’s poor performance in key livelihood and economic growth parameters

Issue 2: Lack of common agriculture-led dev. agenda

• Collective desire to see real impact on a development agenda focussing on food security, poverty eradication and wealth creation
CAADP Principles & Targets

Country

- Pursuit of a 6% average annual sector growth rate at the national level
- Allocation of at least 10% of national budgets to the agricultural sector
- Use of partnerships and alliances including farmers, agribusiness, and civil society

Regions (RECs)

- Regional coordination of sector-wide agricultural investment plans informed and guided by the CAADP Framework
- Application of principles of policy efficiency, dialogue, review, and accountability

Continent

- Agriculture-led growth as a main strategy to achieve targets on food security and poverty alleviation consistent with MDG-1
- Exploitation of regional complementarities and cooperation to boost growth
CAADP Thematic Focus Areas

**Pillar I**
- Sustainable land and water management

**Pillar II**
- Improved rural infrastructure and trade-related capacities for market access

**Pillar III**
- Increased food supply, increased nutrition, reduced hunger & improved responses to food crises

**Pillar IV**
- Improved agric research, technology dissemination, and adoption

**Cross-cutting Issue 1:** Capacity strengthening for agriculture & agribusiness

**Cross-cutting Issue 2:** Information for agricultural strategy formulation and implementation
CAADP Milestones

- **Official launch of CAADP by government**
  - Official endorsement of the CAADP process by Government in the presence of non-state actors

- **Stocktaking and diagnostic process**
  - Stocktaking, analysis, future opportunities based on real data (prospects in investments, growth & poverty)

- **CAADP Compact**
  - Common agreement and commitment on vision and strategy by all national (state and non-state) & int’l actors

- **Design & formulation of the Investment Plan**
  - Plans to operationalise the Compact which confirm priorities, with costs, and funding gaps

- **Independent Technical Review**
  - To measure consistency with CAADP vision and principles, adoption of best practices, alignment with compact commitments and realism

- **High Level Business Meeting**
  - Validate & endorse the plan, implementation readiness, funding commitments and gaps

- **Full scale implementation**
  - Roll out implementation
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<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Example</th>
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<tr>
<td>Consolidation of CAADP’s framework</td>
<td>• Roles and linkages between CAADP leading institutions defined</td>
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<td>• Operational plans to CAADP process developed</td>
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<td>• Guide for country implementation and post-Compact guidelines</td>
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<td>• M&amp;E framework approved</td>
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<td>• Mutual accountability framework conceptualised</td>
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<td>Thematic policy guidance</td>
<td>• Four pillar framework documents and tools produced and widely disseminated</td>
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<td>Mechanisms for regional co-ordination</td>
<td>• ECOWAS regional compact produced</td>
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<td>• COMESA regional compact in preparation</td>
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<td>• IGAD regional compact just launched</td>
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Achievements as at January 2012

Dimension

Example

Pre-implementation commitments

• CAADP Compacts signed in 30 countries
• Investment plans developed in 21 countries
• Technical reviews carried out in 17 countries
• ECOWAS regional Compact
• 15 Business Meetings held

Mobilisation of funding

• New Alliance for Food and Nutrition
• GAFSP
CAADP Implementation Challenges

- A never ending process?
- Engagement of non-state actors
- Inter-ministerial collaboration
- Comprehensiveness
- Perception of CAADP as yet another Programme
- Engagement of decentralised structures
- Coordination among the key stakeholders
- Financing implementation
CAADP is an African Union (AU) initiative to accelerate agricultural growth, improve food security and strengthen environmental resilience on the continent, endorsed in 2003.

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<th>CORE FUNCTIONS</th>
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<td>Strengthening country-led policy processes for better investment programmes</td>
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<td>Mobilising partnerships for investment at the national, regional and international levels, and from both private and public sources</td>
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<td>Evaluating commitments and strengthening systems and mechanisms for accountability</td>
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<td>Advocacy for agriculture, with the aim of restoring African agriculture as a major development driver</td>
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<td>Harnessing African strategic thinking, positions and scenarios for the future</td>
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CAADP= policy environment for stronger programmes and incentives to bring about increased productivity and incomes.
A CAADP Roadmap

Political buy in and identification of the necessary focal institutions

Analytical works leading to Compact signing

Investment plan formulation and resource mobilisation – ‘Business Meetings"
CAADP implementation status

Stage 9 countries: Country SAKSS established
Stage 6 - 8 countries: Roundables & Compacts signed, IPs validated, financing secured, review mechanisms agreed upon
Stage 4 - 5: Stock taking & analysis done and compact in draft process
Stage 2 - 3: Government and REC launch process and Steering Technical Committee instituted
Stage 1 (Early Stages): CAADP Process launched and Focal Point appointed
CAADP process not launched
Non-AU member state
Thank You