

**Food security, nutrition and sustainable agriculture in the post-2015 development agenda  
Priority targets and indicators identified by FAO, IFAD and WFP**

Target	Indicators
<p><b>Target 1 – Access to food:</b> All people have access to adequate (safe, affordable, diverse and nutritious) food all year round</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prevalence of undernourishment</li> <li>• Prevalence of households with inadequate food consumption (<i>Food Consumption Score</i>)</li> <li>• Prevalence of population with moderate or severe food insecurity (<i>Food Insecurity Experience Scale</i>)</li> <li>• Prevalence of households with over 75 per cent share of food expenditure over total consumption expenditure</li> <li>• Incidence of food and waterborne diarrhoea</li> </ul>
<p><b>Target 2 – (Mal)nutrition:</b> End malnutrition in all its forms (undernutrition, micronutrient deficiencies and overnutrition), with special attention to ending stunting</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prevalence of stunting (low height for age) under five years of age, and particularly under two years of age</li> <li>• Prevalence of wasting (low weight for height) under five years of age</li> <li>• Prevalence of overweight/obesity</li> <li>• Prevalence of anaemia among women and children</li> <li>• Dietary diversity of women and infants</li> </ul>
<p><b>Target 3 – Sustainable food systems:</b> All food production systems become more productive, sustainable, resilient and efficient – minimizing adverse environmental impact without compromising food and nutrition security</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct use of fossil fuel in agriculture per a) hectare of arable land, b) unit of value of output, c) unit of calorie of food produced</li> <li>• Agricultural water withdrawal as a proportion of total water withdrawal and total water withdrawal as a proportion of total actual renewable water resources</li> <li>• Soil erosion rate</li> <li>• Total area of forests and other wooded land as a proportion of total area</li> <li>• Proportion of fish stocks within safe biological limits</li> <li>• Human and economic losses from crises and disasters</li> </ul>
<p><b>Target 4 – Smallholder productivity and income:</b> All small food producers, especially women, have secure access to adequate inputs, knowledge, productive resources and services to increase their productivity sustainably and improve their income and resilience</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Share of women and of men with legally recognized evidence of land tenure</li> <li>• Adults with an account at a formal financial institution, rural/urban and by sex</li> <li>• Value of agricultural production per labour unit</li> <li>• Value of food production per hectare</li> <li>• Share of public budget spent on agriculture</li> </ul>
<p><b>Target 5 – Food loss and waste:</b> More efficient post-production food systems (harvest, handling and storage, processing and packaging, transport and consumption) that reduce the global rate of food loss and waste by 50 per cent</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Global Food Loss Index</li> </ul>