



N. 10/2010

INFOSYLVA is an information service of news clippings provided by the FAO Forestry Information Centre with news on forestry in English, French and Spanish.

INFOSYLVA est un service d'information à partir de coupures de presse, mis à disposition par le Centre d'Information sur les Forêts de la FAO et qui fait le point de l'actualité dans ce secteur, en anglais, français et espagnol.

INFOSYLVA es el servicio de información de recortes de prensa suministrado por el Centro de Información Forestal de la FAO con noticias sobre las actividades forestales, en inglés, francés y español.

Forthcoming events

June

[18th Commonwealth Forestry Conference](#)

Edinburgh, Scotland, United Kingdom - 28 June-2 July 2010

August

[Forests for the future: Sustaining society and the environment - 23d World Congress of the International Union of Forest Research Organisations \(IUFRO\)](#)

Seoul, Republic of Korea - 23-28 August 2010

[Short courses for technical personnel: Collecting and processing forest inventory data](#)

Dili (Democratic Republic of East-Timor) - 2-13 August 2010

[Workshop on forest governance, decentralisation and REDD in Latin America](#)

Mexico City, Mexico - 31 August-3 September 2010

September

[World Water Week 2010: The Water Quality Challenge](#)

Stockholm, Sweden - 5-11 September 2010

October

[3rd Fire Behavior and Fuels Conference](#)

Washington, USA - 25-29 October 2010

[Emerging Economic Mechanisms: Implications for Forest-Related Policies and Sector Governance](#)

Rome, Italy - 05-07 October 2010

New Publications

Report of the Enlarged Executive Committee of Silva Mediterranea

A meeting of Enlarged Executive Committee of Silva Mediterranea held in Antalya, Turkey, from 13 to 15 April 2010. The Enlarged Executive Committee Silva Mediterranea (EEC), a body set up at the last formal session of Silva Mediterranea held in Sofia in April 2008, is intended to ensure a regular follow up of operations between two formal sessions scheduled every four years (Next session in 2012). The report can be download in english on <http://www.fao.org/forestry/silvamed/en/> and in French on <http://www.fao.org/forestry/silvamed/fr/>

[Unasylyva 234/235: XIII World Forestry Congress](#)

A special double issue sampling the wide-ranging information presented at the world's largest forest-related gathering, held in Buenos Aires, Argentina from 18 to 23 October 2009. With articles from each of the seven main thematic areas of the congress, as well as an overview of the event and its recommendations.

[Unasylyva 234/235: XIII^e Congrès forestier mondial](#)

Un numéro spécial double donnant des exemples de la grande variété d'informations présentées à la plus importante réunion mondiale sur les forêts, qui s'est tenue à Buenos Aires du 18 au 23 octobre 2009. Il comprend des articles portant sur chacun des sept principaux domaines thématiques du congrès ainsi qu'un aperçu de l'évènement et ses recommandations.

[Unasylyva 234/235: XIII Congreso Forestal Mundial](#)

Un número doble especial presenta una muestra del amplio abanico de información presentada en el Congreso Forestal Mundial, la reunión global más importante relacionada con los asuntos forestales, y celebrada en Buenos Aires (Argentina) del 18 al 23 de octubre de 2009. La publicación contiene tanto artículos que forman parte de cada una de las siete principales áreas temáticas del congreso como una visión de conjunto del acontecimiento y de las recomendaciones formuladas.

FAO

[Analizan problemática de deforestación y cambio climático en Latinoamérica](#)

Con el propósito de analizar la problemática de la deforestación, la relación entre bosques y cambio climático, la legislación y sanidad forestal, comenzó en el país la 26 Reunión de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (COFLAC).

[Comienza en Guatemala reunión forestal de Latinoamérica y el Caribe](#)

La XXVI Reunión de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (COFLAC) comienza en esta capital con delegados confirmados de casi 25 países miembros. El crítico tema de la deforestación resulta urgente de resolver en esta región, donde se ubica el 22 por ciento de las áreas boscosas del planeta, señala la convocatoria.

[Cuba ejerce Vicepresidencia del Caribe en Comisión Forestal](#)

Cuba asumió la vicepresidencia para la subregión caribeña de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (COFLAC), al comenzar en esta capital la XXVI reunión de esa agrupación

[Déforestation: les pays riches relèvent leur aide malgré des budgets serrés](#)

Malgré leurs difficultés budgétaires, les pays riches se sont engagés jeudi à Oslo à accroître à environ 4 milliards de dollars d'ici 2012 leurs aides consacrées à la lutte contre la déforestation, un fléau qui contribue fortement au réchauffement de la planète.

[Delegados a reunión forestal irán a bosques guatemaltecos](#)

La Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (COFLAC) prosiguió sus deliberaciones en esta capital, pero sus integrantes salen del entorno urbano para visitar zonas boscosas guatemaltecas cercanas.

[Developing forest-based livelihoods](#)

Throughout the Caribbean, local communities are addressing poverty by managing and conserving forests in partnership with government. They recognise forest ecosystems as essential for the well being of our people and our communities.

[Forests and private sector: from know-how to show-how](#)

The 51st session of the FAO Advisory Committee on Paper and Wood Products (ACPWP) will take place on 27 and 28 May 2010 in Tokyo, Japan. It is a meeting with FAO and executives representing the forest products and paper industry world wide. Why is this partnership with the private sector so important for FAO? Watch the interview with Eduardo Rojas, FAO's Assistant Director General at the Forestry Department.

[Guatemala será sede de la Reunión No. 26 de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe](#)

La 26ª Reunión de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (COFLAC) se celebrará en Guatemala del 24 al 28 de mayo, con el objetivo de tratar temas como sanidad forestal en el contexto del Cono Sur de América Latina, la forestería comunitaria en el Caribe, los bosques y el cambio climático y legislación forestal.

['Innovating for the future: the forest and paper industry towards a low carbon economy'](#)

Industry executives, gathered at the ACPWP-ICFPA meeting in Tokyo (Japan) on 27 and 28 May 2010, agreed that a green future is not just a major concern of non-governmental organizations and environmentalists; it is also a priority on the agenda of the forest products and paper industry.

[La deforestación y el cambio climático preocupan a la Comisión Forestal de A. Latina](#)

La excesiva deforestación y los efectos del cambio climático que afectan a la región han acaparado la discusión de la XXVI Reunión de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (Coflac) que se celebra en la capital guatemalteca.

[Los bosques son sinónimo de vida](#)

Los árboles generan alimento, agua y oxígeno para seres humanos, animales y plantas, además de desempeñar un importante papel en el combate y adaptación al cambio climático.

[Programan en Guatemala reunión forestal del continente](#)

La XXVI Reunión de la Comisión Forestal para América Latina y el Caribe (COFLAC) se efectuará en Guatemala con representantes de casi 25 países miembros. De acuerdo con la convocatoria librada, el crítico tema de la deforestación resulta urgente de resolver en esta región, donde se ubica el 22 por ciento de las áreas boscosas del planeta.

[Tala ilegal deja millonarias pérdidas en el país](#)

La tala ilegal deja pérdidas por unos Q2 mil 200 millones al año para Guatemala, expresó ayer Josué Morales, gerente general del Instituto Nacional de Bosques (Inab).

[The charge of the Chainsaw Brigade](#)

The present Sindh government under the slogan of serving the people is taking crony capitalism to its extreme in rural Sindh by allotting forests to its favourites who bring in the Chainsaw Brigades to destroy whatever precious little remains of forests.

[Vast destruction of forests spells doom](#)

Some may find talk about the possibility of all our forests disappearing in the next 10 decades alarmist, but that is where we are headed unless serious measures are taken to arrest the situation. This is the plain truth and it's based on facts arrived at through credible research.

[Vicepresidente de Guatemala insta a cuidar el planeta](#)

El vicepresidente de Guatemala, Rafael Espada, instó a aprender a cuidar el planeta que tanto daño recibe y respetar a la naturaleza, sin la cual es imposible la vida. Para el subdirector general del Departamento Forestal de la Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Agricultura y la Alimentación (FAO), Eduardo Rojas-Briales, es prioritario detener la deforestación en esta región.

[World Bioenergy 2010 proved that Jönköping is the global bioenergy capital](#)

The assessment sums up the World Bioenergy trade fair and conference held from 25-27 May 2010, and was made right at the start of the event by Miguel Trossero of the UN's Food and Agriculture Organization.

Press review/ Revue de presse/ Informe de prensa: 16 – 31 May 2010

Africa

[Africa's lake Tanganyika warming fast, life dying](#)

Africa's lake Tanganyika has heated up sharply over the past 90 years and is now warmer than at any time for at least 1,500 years, a scientific paper said on Sunday, adding that fish and wildlife are threatened.

[La Grande Muraille verte, une barrière face au désert](#)

Onze pays d'Afrique se sont lancé le défi de planter une ceinture végétale en zone sahélienne.

Argentina

[Día D para tratar el proyecto de ley de bosques nativos](#)

El oficialismo contará con el voto de los dos tercios para aprobar la iniciativa. Los legisladores se reúnen antes de la sesión para analizar una vez más varios puntos.

[Diputados aprobó en general la ley de bosques](#)

El oficialismo logró los votos para aprobar el proyecto tal como vino del Senado. Hubo un debate del que sólo participaron los peronistas, dos liberales y la legisladora autonomista. La UCR no habló.

[El bambú invade bosques nativos de Misiones](#)

El bambú, cuyo tallo puede alcanzar alturas de treinta metros, forma parte de muchos ecosistemas americanos y es un recurso muy utilizado por el hombre. Pero, como consecuencia de la extracción forestal no planificada, algunas especies colonizan con rapidez los claros de los bosques en la provincia de Misiones e impiden que puedan renovarse los árboles de importancia económica, como el cedro, el guatambú y el peteribí.

[Nueva nota](#)

Es imprescindible acordar medidas para enfrentar cuatro problemas graves: la deforestación, la pérdida de los suelos, la contaminación de los ríos urbanos y el manejo de los residuos.

["Queremos que la ley de Bosques sirva, no que la provincia sea una reserva"](#)

La presidenta de la Comisión de Ecología, Inés Fagetti, fundamentó las demoras en la aprobación del proyecto. Los diputados lo agendaron para dentro de 15 días.

[Salió la Ley de Bosques como quería la UCR, pero iría a parar a Tribunales](#)

No se incluyeron cambios en la Cámara baja y el Ordenamiento Territorial de Bosques Nativos salió como pidió la Casa de Gobierno. El oficialismo lo toma como una herramienta para atraer inversiones productivas, aunque desde el PJ anunciaron que llevarán el asunto a la Justicia.

Australia

[Save the orang-utans, save the world](#)

In 2007, former prime minister John Howard promised \$500,000 over four years to help save the endangered orang-utans in Indonesian forests after meeting a young boy with a love of orang-utans. Howard suffered the usual foolish headlines about being a monkey's uncle, but it was a noble intention.

Belize

[GOB to consult on new lands policy](#)

Belize will step up efforts to combat land degradation brought about by drought, deforestation and bad land use.

Bolivia (Plurinational State of)

[ABT sancionó con más de 56 mil dólares por deforestación en Beni](#)

La Autoridad Fiscalizadora de Bosques y Tierras (ABT), sancionó a Nelson Vaca y otros por el desmonte ilegal de 317.66 hectáreas en la provincia beniana de Marbán, bajo la estimación de pérdida de la cobertura boscosa de la zona deforestada, conminándolo a pagar una multa de 56.029 dólares.

[Amenaza a Bolivia deforestación y desertización](#)

Bolivia no sólo es afectada por la depredación de bosques, sino que la asecha también la desertización y el cambio climático. Según un informe del Viceministerio de Ciencia y Tecnología, 41 por ciento del territorio boliviano es afectado por la desertización como consecuencia del cambio climático, del incremento poblacional, del sobrepastoreo y de tala indiscriminada de bosques.

[Bolivia, de los bosques a los desiertos](#)

La deforestación, que avanza en Bolivia a un ritmo de 300.000 Has. anuales, llega acompañada de otro mal: la desertización.

[En Chapare se talaron 300 mil Has. en 20 años](#)

El aprovechamiento de la madera del Chapare tiene poco control de las autoridades y, según un estudio presentado por el Centro de Tecnología Forestal, se ha deforestado aproximadamente el 56 por ciento del bosque primario en la región. Esta investigación revela que, si este proceso continúa al mismo ritmo, dentro de 15 años habrán desaparecido todos los árboles antiguos de la región.

Brazil

[Disminuye deforestación en Amazonía brasileña](#)

La disminución en 50 por ciento de la deforestación en la Amazonía brasileña en el último año fue celebrada hoy aquí por miembros del gobierno, que a la vez advirtieron la necesidad de continuar la fiscalización oficial.

[L'Amazonie espère et redoute à la fois un futur barrage](#)

De son village de huttes, Bepum Xikrin contemple la rivière Bacaja et se demande comment il pourra continuer à pêcher et à transporter sa récolte de noix du Brésil une fois que le barrage sur la rivière Xingu aura, comme le prévoient les écologistes, asséché cet affluent.

Cambodia

[Cambodian factories seek eco-friendly power alternatives](#)

The majority of the country's garment factories — making clothes for brand names in the U.S. and European markets — use firewood to heat old-fashioned boilers that produce hot water for dyeing fabrics and steam for ironing. Some factories depend on firewood to supply all of their energy needs, according to industry experts.

Canada

[72 millions d'hectares de forêt boréale protégés](#)

Pew Environment Group et IBC travaillent également sur des actions à plus court terme. Ils font entre autres partie des neuf groupes environnementaux derrière l'entente de trois ans dévoilée cette semaine avec l'industrie forestière canadienne. Au total, 72 millions d'hectares de forêt boréale commerciale, dont 16 millions au Québec, sont touchés par cet accord.

[Accord pour protéger 720.000 km2 de forêt boréale au Canada](#)

Après des années de guerre ouverte, industriels du bois et écologistes ont annoncé un accord pour protéger et mieux encadrer l'abattage des arbres sur 720.000 km2 de forêt boréale au Canada, un territoire deux fois grand comme l'Allemagne.

[Agreement halts timber harvest in large swaths of Canadian forest](#)

Largely ending a long-running dispute between environmentalists and lumber interests, the pact will preserve wildlife habitat while giving the industry assurances of future supply.

[An entente with the tree cutters](#)

After negotiations with nine environmental groups, several forestry companies operating in Canada agreed to temporarily stop cutting in about 175 million acres of the country's boreal forest.

[Canadá firma un acuerdo histórico para proteger sus bosques boreales](#)

La Asociación de Productores Forestales de Canadá (FPAC en sus siglas en inglés) y nueve grandes organizaciones ambientales han firmado un acuerdo de conservación y gestión sostenible para 72 millones de hectáreas de bosques boreales públicos, el equivalente a dos veces el tamaño de Alemania.

[Canada loggers, green groups reach landmark deal](#)

Most of Canada's largest forestry companies announced a groundbreaking deal with environmental groups that will restrict logging in the country's vast northern forests.

[Canadian loggers, green groups to protect forests](#)

Most of Canada's largest forestry companies announced a groundbreaking deal with environmental groups that will restrict logging in the country's vast northern forests.

[Canadian logging campaigners end protest with unprecedented forest truce](#)

Nine environmental groups will stand down boycotts of forestry companies in return for a commitment to suspend logging.

[Deux feux de forêts maîtrisés à La Tuque](#)

Le long week-end de la fête des Patriotes a été fort occupé pour les sapeurs de la Société de protection des forêts contre le feu (SOPFEU). Les pompiers forestiers sont intervenus sur 42 incendies, dont 39 allumés par des activités humaines.

[Forêt boréale: Greenpeace propose deux vastes réserves](#)

Fort de l'entente conclue la semaine dernière avec une partie de l'industrie forestière, Greenpeace détaille ce matin dans un rapport très fouillé ses propositions de réserves naturelles capables de préserver la biodiversité dans la forêt boréale au Québec.

[Forêt commerciale: la ministre Normandeau à l'écoute de Greenpeace](#)

La ministre des Ressources naturelles, Nathalie Normandeau, prend au sérieux le rapport dans lequel Greenpeace propose la création de deux immenses aires protégées dans la forêt commerciale.

[Gare aux incendies de forêt](#)

La Société de protection des forêts contre le feu (SOPFEU) lance un appel à la prudence. Le temps sec et ensoleillé ainsi que le peu de précipitations sont un terreau fertile au déclenchement d'incendies de forêt.

[Incendies de forêt au nord de Montréal](#)

Quelque 200 pompiers québécois étaient mobilisés ce matin pour lutter contre une douzaine d'incendies de forêt en Haute-Mauricie, à quelque 400 km au nord de Montréal, a annoncé la Société de protection des forêts contre le feu (Sopfeu).

[Incendies de forêt: le code rouge maintenu](#)

Le manque de pluie et la température élevée ont contribué à plusieurs incendies de forêt ce week-end. Au moment de mettre sous presse, 17 incendies étaient encore en activité, dont un qui menaçait l'Isle-aux-Coudres, dans Charlevoix.

[Landmark agreement to protect Canada's forests](#)

21 of Canada's largest forestry companies announced a landmark agreement with environmental groups to protect a huge section of the country's Boreal Forest.

[Richard Desjardins dénonce](#)

Le fondateur de l'Action boréale en Abitibi-Témiscamingue (ABAT) qualifie de "Walmart écologiques" les groupes qui se sont entendus avec des entreprises forestières pour protéger la forêt boréale.

['World's biggest' forest protection deal for Canada](#)

Timber companies and environment groups have unveiled an agreement aimed at protecting two-thirds of Canada's vast forests from unsustainable logging.

China

[Building last line of defense against desert](#)

For generations, residents in Gaotou have earned their living by herding livestock on Inner Mongolia's sweeping grasslands. Today, all that stands between rolling sand dunes and this small collection of brick houses, dirt roads and dusty fields are a few rows of poplar saplings that villagers like Yirugeletu (who, like many Mongolians, uses only one name) are working desperately to expand.

[China puts the eco back in economy](#)

As biodiversity declines, China recalculates the value of its forests and other natural resources.

[Hulun Buir grasses overrun by sand](#)

China's most pristine grassland is being overrun by sand, experts have said. The grassland of the Hulun Buir Plateau, in northern Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region, is now the only one of China's major grassland areas still losing ground to desertification.

[Students to fight storms with seeds](#)

A South Korean non-governmental organization is recruiting volunteers to plant grass in a dead salt lake that is a prime cause of the city's notorious sandstorms. The anti-desertification project for Lake Chagannor plans to cover 50 square kilometers with salt-alkali tolerant plants by 2012. About 17 square kilometers have been finished so far.

Ecuador

[10 especies emblemáticas del país, en inminente riesgo](#)

El riesgo de extinción se incrementa para al menos 10 de las especies más representativas de la fauna del Ecuador.

Finland

[Vacaciones en plena naturaleza en los bosques de Finlandia](#)

Los finlandeses están enamorados de sus cabañas rurales, que ellos conocen como mokki. No es de extrañar: en un país con una de las mayores masas forestales del planeta (un 73,9% de su superficie según datos de la ONU, el porcentaje más alto de Europa), el amor por la vida campestre es mayúsculo.

France

[2 230 hectares de forêt à protéger contre les incendies dans le Médoc](#)

L'association Défense de la forêt contre les incendies assure l'entretien des pistes pour en faciliter l'accès aux pompiers.

[Avant l'été, la sécurité en question en forêt de montagne](#)

Les élus des communes forestières s'inquiètent de dangers.

[La forêt a besoin d'argent](#)

Le chiffrage des dégâts forestiers dus à la tempête Xynthia du 27 février dernier s'annonce à la hausse. Le dernier comptage affiche 82 000 m³ de bois communaux endommagés en Aquitaine. Même si cela reste en deçà des chiffres de la région voisine de Midi-Pyrénées, qui accuse une atteinte de 140 000 m³, les communes forestières du département restent devant un défi de taille.

[Languedoc-Roussillon - Test de résistance à la sécheresse dans une forêt de l'Hérault](#)

Une forêt de chênes verts sert de champ d'expérimentation à des chercheurs qui tentent de savoir comment vont s'acclimater les arbres du sud de la France en cas de sécheresse.

[Le changement climatique testé grandeur nature sur une forêt du sud](#)

A quoi ressemblera le sud de la France si les prédictions sur le climat se confirment? Dans l'Hérault, une forêt de chênes verts sert de cobaye à des chercheurs. Et les premiers résultats laissent penser qu'elle devrait plutôt bien s'adapter.

[Le marché des forêts s'est fortement contracté en 2009](#)

Touchés par la crise, le nombre de transactions a chuté de 21 % l'an dernier. Mais, les prix sont restés stables.

[Les scolytes parasitent les forêts d'Aquitaine](#)

16 mois après le passage dévastateur de la tempête Klaus, la forêt d'Aquitaine souffre encore, cette fois de parasites.

Gambia

[Congestion, deforestation blamed for excess heat in Basse](#)

Sleeping outside till daybreak is no strange thing in Basse, no thanks to the excessive heat which has now led to a record high temperature to about 41 degrees celsius on an average day.

Guatemala

[Reportan 347 incendios en bosques guatemaltecos](#)

Los bosques guatemaltecos fueron afectados por 347 incendios en la temporada de verano, coyuntura más propicia para su proliferación, según señala un reporte periodístico. El centro de monitoreo de esos fuegos asegura que en todo el país la afectación abarcó seis mil 594 hectáreas.

Guyana

[Dramatic growth to flow from climate services – Jagdeo](#)

Dramatically accelerated growth and development will be seen over the next two years from the sale of Guyana's climate services, according to President Bharrat Jagdeo. He said that this year Guyana will receive between US\$30m and US\$42m for climate services "putting us on a long-term trajectory to sell these services for far greater prices once the international climate system is put in place." This figure includes US\$30m which is to flow from Norway under a forest protection deal. Jagdeo declared that the sum due to Guyana is the second largest arrangement of its type in the world and the "world's largest national scale forest payments scheme".

Honduras

[Daños al ambiente](#)

No podemos permanecer indiferentes, ante un complejo cuadro de deforestación, aprovechamiento irracional de los recursos naturales y en agregación lógica en contra del concepto moderno de propiedad. Resulta de suma graduación en un plano científico, establecer criterios objetivos que culminen en el desarrollo económico, agro forestal y social que tanto necesitamos los hondureños.

[Un gigante verde en decadencia](#)

No es una mala acción plantar árboles. El problema es que nuestras autoridades estatales, municipales y militares repiten por siempre esta práctica y la deforestación de la Montaña del Merendón avanza indiscriminadamente. Autoridades de la División Municipal del Ambiente, DIMA, aseguran que la parte trasera de la cordillera está deforestada en un 35 por ciento.

India

[Afforestation drive in UP](#)

The forest department in Uttar Pradesh's Kushinagar District has begun a drive to plant saplings on a large scale in a bid to prevent deforestation.

[Can industry help India's poor more than conservation?](#)

Is industrialisation the answer to reducing poverty in the developing world? Or should the priority be conservation of tribal communities and the environment? The debate around these questions is increasingly bitter and, for those on the frontline, increasingly violent.

[Fresh trouble for Posco's Orissa plant](#)

The process for the settlement of rights under the Forest Rights Act has been completed and consent taken for the diversion of forest areas to other purposes, according to the administration.

[Govt to empower tribals to counter Maoist insurgency](#)

The Centre is working out ways to increase participation of tribals and their control over forest areas to counter Maoist insurgency.

[Green India Mission to double afforestation efforts by 2020](#)

The Green India Mission, part of India's plan to fight climate change, proposed to double the area being taken up for afforestation and eco-restoration over the next decade.

[India plans to double forest cover in next 10 years](#)

India plans on doubling its afforestation eco-restoration efforts in the next 10 years, with the primary objective of reducing emissions.

Indonesia

[A eureka for hardy biologists](#)

Biologists discovered at least nine new species on an expedition to the island of New Guinea in Indonesia.

[Déforestation: l'Indonésie instaure un moratoire de deux ans sur les permis](#)

Le gouvernement indonésien a annoncé un moratoire de deux ans sur les permis de déforestation. Ce fléau qui contribue fortement au réchauffement climatique est une source importante de revenus pour l'archipel, qui possède une des plus grandes forêts équatoriales au monde. La décision de suspendre l'attribution de nouveaux permis s'inscrit dans le cadre d'un accord conclu entre la Norvège et l'Indonésie, par lequel la première s'engage à consacrer jusqu'à un milliard de dollars à la préservation des forêts de la seconde.

[Discovery of new species proves Indonesia's rich biodiversity](#)

The recent finding of new species in virgin forests in Papua province confirmed the country's wealth of biodiversity but threats remain, scientists said. Scientists warned the swelling population, deforestation and climate change could lead to the loss of precious biodiversity.

[España ayuda a Indonesia a censar la especie más amenazada de orangutanes](#)

España coopera con Indonesia para que se cree un censo actualizado de la especie más amenazada de orangután y poder conocer si la salvaje deforestación que padece el país será la estocada final para este gran simio.

[Govt to set up new council to manage REDD projects](#)

The government plans to establish a special council that would prevent local authorities and middlemen from trading carbon credit on international markets without government approval. The council will decide whether to endorse projects before they are registered at the UN office for financial incentives.

[Indonesia agrees to curb commercial deforestation](#)

Indonesia has declared a two-year moratorium on clearing natural forests as part of a billion-dollar deal aimed at reviving efforts to fight climate change after the collapse of global talks in Copenhagen last year.

[Indonesia anuncia una moratoria de dos años para los permisos de tala de bosques](#)

El presidente indonesio, Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, anunció este miércoles en Oslo una moratoria de dos años en Indonesia sobre los permisos de tala de bosques, un problema que afecta también a Brasil y que ha contribuido al calentamiento climático.

[Indonesia declares logging halt](#)

Indonesia has announced a two-year moratorium on rainforest logging in return for up to \$1bn in aid from Norway, which will help preserve forests.

[Indonesia pledges two-year deforestation moratorium](#)

Indonesia will introduce a two-year moratorium on deforestation to help tackle climate change, the country's president has said.

[Indonesia puts moratorium on new forest clearing](#)

Indonesia will place a two-year moratorium on new concessions to clear natural forests and peatlands under a deal signed with Norway aimed at reducing greenhouse gases, the government said in a statement.

[Indonesia to scrap permits to save forests: official](#)

Indonesia will revoke existing forestry licenses held by palm oil and timber firms to save natural forests under a \$1 billion climate change deal signed with Norway last week, a government official said.

[Indonesia's biodiversity under serious threat: LIPI](#)

The Indonesian Institute of Sciences (LIPI) urged the public and government to improve awareness about conserving Indonesia's precious biodiversity, which is under threat from population growth and deforestation.

[Indonesian rangers catch notorious poacher who 'killed 100 tigers'](#)

Major victory in battle to protect Sumatran tiger, of which there are just 500 left in wild.

[Is low carbon palm oil possible for Indonesia? Climate](#)

In a June visit, President Barack Obama and President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono are expected to formalize a new "Comprehensive Partnership" between the United States and Indonesia, two of the world's leading greenhouse gas-emitting nations.

['Lost world' of Papua yields stunning secrets](#)

A number of animals believed to be new to science have been spotted during a recent expedition to Papua. The discoveries were made in Foja Mountains, sometimes nick-named 'The Lost World'. The remote region lies in the Indonesian portion of the island.

[New species emerge as Indonesia's Lost World reveals its secrets](#)

A frog with a Pinocchio-like extendable nose was among more than a dozen new species discovered in a remote mountain wilderness in Indonesia.

[Norway pledges \\$1 billion for Indonesia climate, council says](#)

Norway plans to grant Indonesia \$1 billion to help reduce forest degradation in the Southeast Asian country, Agus Purnomo, head of the secretariat of Indonesia's National Climate Change Council, said.

[Norway to give Indonesia \\$1 bln to protect forests](#)

Norway plans to give Indonesia \$1 billion to help protect tropical forests as part of a drive to combat climate change.

[Peatland management crucial for reforestation, govt told](#)

The government has been advised to pay extra attention to the management of peatland as a major amount of the country's greenhouse gas emissions is believed to originate from the destruction of the land.

[Pinocchio frog and dwarf wallaby: New species found](#)

An expedition to the remote Foja mountains of Papua New Guinea by Conservation International and the National Geographic Society has revealed a host of new species, from a bizarre frog to a new imperial pigeon.

[Saving forests to maintain biodiversity](#)

Forestry Minister Zulkifli Hasan said his office would restore 300,000 hectares of damaged forest per year to maintain biodiversity, which has come under serious threat from deforestation and development. He has issued permits to restore 200,000 hectares of damaged forest in Sumatra and East Kalimantan this year.

[Scientists find tiny wallaby, spiky nosed frog in Asia](#)

Scientists exploring a remote Indonesian forest say they have uncovered a collection of new species, including a Pinocchio-nosed frog, the world's smallest known wallaby and a yellow-eyed gecko.

[Spike-nosed tree frog and tame woolly rat found in Indonesian New Guinea](#)

Conservationists offer latest dispatch from jungle paradise in Foja mountains that offers vision of life on earth without humans.

[Unilever poursuivra ses importations d'huile de palme d'Indonésie](#)

Le géant anglo-néerlandais de l'agroalimentaire et des cosmétiques Unilever a indiqué qu'il continuerait à importer d'Indonésie 65% de ses acquisitions mondiales d'huile de palme, en dépit des risques de déforestation dans le pays.

[Unilever to keep buying Indonesia palm oil despite row](#)

Anglo-Dutch food and cosmetics giant Unilever said it would continue to get 65 percent of its total palm oil purchases from Indonesia, despite concerns about deforestation by the industry.

[World Bank lends Indonesia \\$200m to fight climate change](#)

Over-exploitation of forests due to illegal logging has resulted in a tremendous rate of deforestation in Indonesia. The World Bank has earmarked \$200 million dollars to support Indonesia's efforts to deal with climate change.

Kazakhstan

[Mystery over mass antelope deaths in Kazakhstan](#)

A mystery disease has killed more than 10,000 saiga antelope in Kazakhstan. Conservationists are warning that the mass deaths could spell disaster for the saiga, which is already an endangered species.

Madagascar

[A Madagascar, la crise politique a favorisé le pillage des bois précieux](#)

Il y a deux semaines, j'ai encore vu dans le port de Vohémar (nord-est de Madagascar) des nouveaux conteneurs de bois de rose prêts à être embarqués", raconte au téléphone Sylvain Delomora, de l'organisation non gouvernementale malgache Fanamby, qui lutte pour la protection de la biodiversité. "Les autorités ont récemment interdit ce commerce, mais sur le terrain, je ne vois pas la différence, se désole-t-il. Dans les forêts, l'abattage continue".

[Bird conservation: Alaotra grebe confirmed extinct](#)

The Alaotra grebe is extinct, according to the latest assessment of the world's rarest birds. The last known sighting of the bird was in 1985 and experts have now confirmed its demise, killed off by a combination of poaching and predatory fish.

[Carnivorous fish blamed for grebe's extinction in Madagascar](#)

Global assessment of the conservation status of birds says loss of Alaotra grebe brings total number of extinct species to 132.

[La déforestation avance à grand pas](#)

La région Alaotra Mangoro connaît les effets de la déforestation. 1% des forêts existantes est décimé par le fléau tous les ans.

[Shaky rule in Madagascar threatens trees](#)

Exploiting a political crisis, Malagasy timber barons are robbing the nation of its sylvan heritage, illegally cutting down scarce species of rosewood trees.

Malaysia

[Malaysian indigenous tribe wins \\$1.9 million in landmark settlement on land rights](#)

Members of an indigenous tribe in Malaysia have won 6.5 million ringgit (\$1.9 million) in a landmark settlement with highway authorities for forcibly taking away their ancestral land for development.

Mexico

[Detectan seis zonas críticas de tala clandestina](#)

Un diagnóstico elaborado por autoridades forestales de diferentes órdenes de gobierno advierte que en el Estado de México se detectaron seis zonas críticas en las que ubicaron casos relacionados con tala clandestina. En el documento también se admite que la declaratoria de veda en algunas regiones no ha sido suficiente para detener la deforestación.

[Las Yungas y Bosques nubosos en peligro](#)

Todos los esfuerzos que actualmente se están realizando para detener la pérdida de la biodiversidad podrían ser infructuosos ante el cambio climático global, considerado como una seria amenaza para los ecosistemas más vulnerables como los bosques nubosos o yungas.

[Mancha urbana acaba con los bosques](#)

Juan Carlos Mendoza Leal, delegado de la Procuraduría Federal de Protección al Ambiente (Profepa) en Morelos, reconoció que el saqueo de la tierra del monte y el cambio de uso de suelo a consecuencia del desarrollo urbano, son los principales depredadores de los bosques ubicados en el municipio de Tlalnepantla, sin dejar de mencionar el derribo de vegetación forestal en la zona de la Sierra de Huautla.

[Noruega apoyará cuidado de bosques y selvas en México](#)

Noruega firmará un acuerdo el próximo cuatro de junio, en que se celebra el día mundial del medio ambiente, y aportará recursos económicos para la conservación de bosques y selvas en México y el mundo, adelantó Juan Elvira, secretario del Medio Ambiente.

[ProÁrbol aporta 17 millones de pesos a rescate de bosques de Jalisco](#)

El programa federal ProÁrbol, de la Comisión Nacional Forestal (Conafor), apoyará 214 proyectos en la categoría de "restauración forestal" en el territorio del Jalisco, con un presupuesto global de 17 millones de pesos. El propósito es reforestar y realizar obras de conservación de suelos sobre 8,340 hectáreas de florestas enclavadas sobre 35 municipios.

Mongolia

[Mongolia marks tree planting day calls for end of CO](#)

Mongolia marked first tree planting day on May 15. More than 130,000 trees have been planted on the day in Ulaanbaatar. President Elbegdorj, himself, joined the school children planting trees in the garden of a public secondary school #17.

Norway

[Norway hopes to unlock climate cash to fight tropical deforestation](#)

Norway has announced \$1bn in aid to protect forests in Indonesia and hopes to forge a partnership to fight climate change.

[Norway seeks to boost aid for forest protection](#)

Norway hopes to boost aid to combat tropical deforestation at a conference on Thursday and set in motion a partnership to help unlock cash pledged at the Copenhagen summit to help slow climate change.

[Rich nations to up forest aid to \\$4bln: Norway](#)

More wealthy nations are to join a fund to fight deforestation, a key factor in global warming, increasing the total pledged to four billion dollars (3.25 billion euros), Norway said.

Pakistan

[Deforestation increases capital's temperature](#)

Deforestation at a fast pace has eroded the old cliché that it would rain in the Capital after some hot days. The average temperature during these days of year is around 40 Degree Celsius, which is five to six degrees more than the normal.

[Desertification has affected one billion people worldwide](#)

Desertification and land degradation affected one-third of the earth's surface; threatening the livelihoods, well-being and development of as many as one billion people. Nearly one-third of world cropland has become unproductive and has been abandoned during last 40 years.

[Land degradation emerges as major threat to our planet](#)

Desertification and land degradation has affected one-thirds of the earth's surface, threatening the livelihoods, well being and development of as many as one billion people, said experts.

Paraguay

[Comunidad Avá Guaraní esta dividida por explotación de madera](#)

Miembros de la comunidad indígena Independiente, de la parcialidad Avá Guaraní, esperan que la Fiscalía inicie una investigación sobre la tala de árboles registrada en la comunidad Acaraymí. En el lugar existen dos comunidades, una de los cuales estaría apoyando la deforestación, mientras que otra lo había denunciado a través de la Pastoral Social Indígena, ante el Ministerio Público. Los taladores siguen operando en el lugar, refirió ayer Juan Noceda, uno de los nativos.

[Piden emergencia forestal en Alto Paraná](#)

La declaración de emergencia forestal en este departamento del país, debido a la masiva e incontrolable deforestación y degradación de los recursos naturales, fue solicitada a la Gobernación local por la Asociación de Agentes ambientales (AAA) del Alto Paraná e Instituto Cultural de Capacitación y Gestión Ambiental y la Asociación de Ingenieros Ambientales del departamento.

Peru

[Peru indigenous leader detained, blamed for unrest](#)

Alberto Pizango, an indigenous leader sought by Peru's police for allegedly fueling protests against foreign investment in which more than 30 people were killed, was detained upon returning from self-imposed exile in Nicaragua.

Rwanda

[Four endangered mountain gorillas die in Rwanda](#)

Three baby mountain gorillas and an adult female have died in Rwanda's Volcanoes National Park, possibly from a combination of extremely cold and rainy weather, wildlife authorities said.

Sierra Leone

[FOE-SL to embark on tree planting in Kenema](#)

The National Coordinator of a local Non Governmental Organization Friends of the Earth Sierra Leone (FOE-SL) Mohamed Kenei Sei has intimated the press in Kenema City that structures has already been put in place to embark on the planting of trees around the City during World Environmental Tree Planting Day on 5th June 2010.

Spain

[El urogallo cantábrico pide más pinos](#)

Los expertos coinciden en que la presencia de coníferas ayudaría a recuperar la especie, en peligro de extinción.

[Expertos de la UPNA analizan la sostenibilidad de un bosque del Prepirineo](#)

Se trata de un bosque mixto de pino silvestre y hayas localizado en el municipio de Navascués. El proyecto está financiado por el Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovación.

[Los bosques, un tesoro natural con gran diversidad en Aragón](#)

Las masas forestales cubren el 29 por ciento de la superficie de la Comunidad Autónoma. En los últimos veinte años, la superficie boscosa en Aragón ha crecido cerca de una cuarta parte y el medio natural de la Comunidad cuenta con una enorme biodiversidad.

[Los incendios se apagan en invierno](#)

En Catalunya amamos los bosques, pero la relación que tenemos con ellos es ambigua y distante. Los hemos idealizado, convirtiéndolos en un simple elemento decorativo de un paisaje que querríamos a salvo de cualquier huella humana. Nos cuesta entender que las arboledas puedan tener alguna utilidad distinta a la de complacer nuestra mirada, y que, incluso para su preservación, es bueno que sean objeto de algún tipo de explotación.

[Un bosque 'militar' de 550.000 árboles](#)

Un bosque nuevo de 550.000 árboles para el campo de la base militar del Ejército de Tierra más importante del Noroeste español, la Conde Gazola de Ferral del Bernesga, en San Andrés del Rabanedo. Ocupa 2.700 hectáreas entre este municipio y los de La Robla, Cuadros y La Magdalena.

United Kingdom

[Crisis may be over for honey bees as more survive winter](#)

More honey bee colonies made it through this winter than last year despite the harsh conditions, the British Beekeepers' Association said. But while there was a "small and encouraging improvement" in survival rates this year, the UK's honey bees are still not healthy enough.

[Day of discovery for UK wildlife](#)

A range of activities are taking place across the UK to mark International Day for Biological Diversity.

[How good are your wildlife identification skills?](#)

Nearly a quarter of UK adults can't identify one of Britain's most common trees, says the Natural History Museum. But could you do better identifying British wildlife?

[Report on failure to halt wildlife decline is buried](#)

A report showing that Britain is failing to halt the declines of many of its highest-priority wildlife species and habitats, from the red squirrel, the juniper and the common skate to chalk rivers and coastal salt

marshes, was "sneaked out" by the Government with no publicity, environmental campaign groups said.

[Survey to record New Forest national park wildlife](#)

Experts and volunteers are undertaking a survey of the New Forest to record as much of the wildlife in the national park as they can in 24 hours.

[The persecutors of our birds of prey get off too lightly](#)

The courts are far too lenient when passing sentence on cases of wildlife crime.

[UK honeybee numbers suffer further decline after harsh winter](#)

Some 17% of the UK's honeybees were lost over the winter, though a resurgence in beekeeping offers hope that numbers will rise.

[Woodland Trust appeals to Londoners to save ancient trees](#)

The Ancient Tree Hunt aims to identify and protect 100,000 trees between 100 and 600 years old, and you can help out.

United States of America

[A push to preserve the San Gabriels](#)

Environmentalists, cities, scientists and hikers want a larger portion of the mountain range and its rivers shielded from pollution and population woes with strong federal protections.

[Deal puts Yellowstone bison on Ted Turner's range](#)

When dozens of wild American bison wandered out of Yellowstone National Park in search of greener grass and wound up five years later sheltered on a giant ranch owned by Ted Turner, media mogul and bison meat kingpin, the species reached what many believe could be a turning point.

[Feds announce program in Alaska's Tongass National Forest to help struggling timber industry](#)

The U.S. Forest Service announced a program to open up economic opportunities and spare the remaining old-growth trees in the country's largest national forest.

[Forest cover declining across New England; group urges new woodlands protections](#)

After more than 150 years of natural regrowth, forest cover is declining across all six New England states, threatening the region's landscape and chipping away at a natural buffer against global warming, according to a study released by Harvard University's laboratory for ecological research.

[Forest Service may end ban on using firefighting aircraft at night](#)

The head of the federal agency also tells a U.S. Senate panel that water-dropping helicopters would have been used on the first night of the Station fire had they been available.

[Former Forest Service officials want a wider probe of the Station fire](#)

A group of former U.S. Forest Service officials is calling for a new and independent investigation into the agency's handling of last year's devastating Station fire, with many contending that an internal inquiry completed in November ignored critical missteps.

[Heavy oil "blanket" hits Louisiana wetlands](#)

A blanket of heavy oil has washed ashore in Louisiana's fragile marshlands, in the first significant heavy oil landfall from the Gulf of Mexico spill, state Governor Bobby Jindal said.

[Interior Alaska wildfire still out of control in unusual dry weather; more firefighters called](#)

Forest officials called for more firefighters to battle a 4,000-acre wildfire in eastern Alaska as crews used bulldozers to try to contain the fast-moving flames, which caused the evacuation of more than 100 homes.

[Invasive plant 'increases ozone pollution'](#)

A fast growing invasive plant spreading through south-eastern US has the potential to increase low-level ozone pollution levels, a study has warned.

[National Research Council calls for climate action](#)

In its most comprehensive study so far, the nation's leading scientific body declared that climate change was a reality and was driven mostly by human activity, chiefly the burning of fossil fuels and deforestation.

[New bat could be living in Kielder forest](#)

A small, recently discovered bat could be living in a Northumberland forest, experts have revealed.

[Obama administration extends moratorium another year in roadless areas of national forests](#)

The Obama administration extended for another year the moratorium on most logging and mining in millions of acres of remote and rugged backcountry sections of national forests.

[Oil is fouling wetlands, official says](#)

Gov. Bobby Jindal of Louisiana said that sheets of heavy crude oil from the offshore spill had seeped deep into the delicate marshes around the mouth of the Mississippi River. He called on the federal government to approve a plan to build sand berms to protect the bayou country.

[Rain forests lose out in Senate's new Climate Bill](#)

Much of the handwringing by greens over the new climate and energy bill introduced in the Senate on May 12 has focused on the overtly controversial aspects of the legislation: the partial allowances it makes for new offshore oil drilling, for instance, and the ceiling it puts on carbon prices. Others have complained that the bill — which calls for a 17% reduction in carbon emissions below 2005 levels by 2020, and eventually an 83% cut by midcentury — is far too weak to meet the scale of the climate crisis.

[Senate climate bill cuts aid to global forests](#)

The climate bill unveiled in the U.S. Senate cuts funds to projects protecting tropical forests that also are inexpensive ways to reduce global pollution and keep U.S. power bills affordable, environmentalists and electric utilities said.

[Senate panel to hold hearing on fire response](#)

The hearing will focus on a decades-old U.S. Forest Service ban on night flights by firefighting aircraft. Some say the prohibition allowed last summer's disastrous Station fire to rage out of control.

[U.S. farm group sees gains from deforestation halt](#)

Stopping global deforestation would boost U.S. agricultural revenue by \$190 billion to \$270 billion through 2030 by cutting unfair competition, a U.S. farm group and a nonprofit focused on climate change argued.

[US must do more to fight tropical deforestation: NGOs](#)

Environmental leaders pleaded for greater US government commitment to helping preserve the world's endangered tropical rainforests, which are seen as key in the global fight against climate change.

[US Senate climate bill cuts aid to global forests](#)

The climate bill unveiled in the U.S. Senate cuts funds to projects protecting tropical forests that also are inexpensive ways to reduce global pollution and keep U.S. power bills affordable, environmentalists and electric utilities said.

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

[Inicio del período de lluvia permitirá recuperación de bosques afectados por incendios](#)

El inicio de la temporada de lluvia en la zona centro-norte costera del país permitirá el arranque del plan de reforestación, mediante el cual el Gobierno Nacional prevé recuperar las áreas boscosas afectadas por los incendios forestales.

Viet Nam

[Incautadas una tonelada de marfil de elefante africano en Vietnam](#)

La Policía aduanera de Vietnam ha confiscado una tonelada de marfil de elefante africano escondido en un contenedor lleno de cáscaras de caracol en un barco procedente de África, informaron hoy fuentes oficiales.

World

[Balkans sound alarm over disappearing forests](#)

Illegal logging and unregulated real estate projects are threatening the Balkans' once abundant forests, home to more than half of Europe's bears and to large wolf populations.

[Biodiversité: les héritiers de Buffon](#)

Imaginé par le Muséum national d'histoire naturelle et l'ONG Pro-Natura, le projet «La planète revisitée» remet au goût du jour les grandes expéditions naturalistes. Partis à la découverte des forêts côtières du Mozambique et des fonds sous-marins du Grand Sud de Madagascar, des dizaines de scientifiques travaillent à un vaste inventaire de la biodiversité de notre planète. Une aventure que nous avons suivie.

[Carbon credits for preserving forests: how does it work?](#)

REDD (for Reduced Emissions from Deforestation and forest Degradation) is a system of financial incentives designed to counter the destruction of forests or their degradation through environmental stresses. The basic goal is to preserve trees that would otherwise be cut down and thus release carbon dioxide, the most commonly emitted greenhouse gas, into the atmosphere.

[Countries agree to spend big to save world's forests](#)

Oslo conference attended by 52 nations produces first concrete sign of global action on climate change since Copenhagen.

[Déforestation: les pays riches relèvent leur aide](#)

Malgré leurs difficultés budgétaires, les pays riches se sont engagés à Oslo à accroître à environ 4 milliards de dollars d'ici 2012 leurs aides consacrées à la lutte contre la déforestation, un fléau qui contribue fortement au réchauffement de la planète.

[Déforestation: les pays riches vont porter leur aide à 4 milliards de dollars](#)

Les pays riches vont porter à plus de quatre milliards de dollars sur trois ans leur aide à la lutte contre la déforestation, responsable de près de 20% des émissions mondiales de gaz à effet de serre.

[Gorillas suffer as eco-tourists get too close, warn researchers](#)

Proximity to humans can make great apes dangerously stressed.

[Honeybees: 3D images reveal life inside a live hive](#)

Scientists have devised a new way to peer into the inner workings of a live honeybee colony, without disturbing the insects inside. Such information could help scientists understand what is causing bee numbers around the world to decline steeply.

[Huile de palme: le cauchemar des écologistes](#)

Responsable de désastres environnementaux et sanitaires, cette huile végétale est rejetée par les associations qui réclament une refonte de la filière. Soucieux de leur image, les industriels veulent s'en détacher mais son prix très bas est trop attractif.

[Infections link to bees decline](#)

US researchers claim to have identified a new potential cause for Colony Collapse Disorder (CCD) in honeybees. The disease is responsible for wiping out many beekeepers' entire colonies over the past few years.

[KL, Jakarta fight EU directive on palm oil](#)

The move by Indonesia and Malaysia, the top two palm oil producers, to take up the industry trade dispute against the European Union (EU) will clear the name of the commodity.

[La palme de la déforestation](#)

L'huile de palme oppose les géants de l'industrie agro-alimentaire aux ONG...

[Meerkats, chimps and pandas: the cute and the furry attract scientists' attention and conservation funding](#)

A new study has found that researchers are biased towards the charismatic, while less lovable threatened species risk being neglected.

[Norway, U.S. may pledge up to \\$6 billion to fight deforestation](#)

Norway, the U.S., the U.K. and other donors may raise pledges to help save forests in poorer nations to \$6 billion, said Jens Riese, head of sustainable economic development at the consultant McKinsey & Co.

[Our bees are buzzing off. But why?](#)

In many places, the country air has become just that little bit quieter. The reason: our bees have stopped buzzing. Over the past few years, honeybees have suddenly and inexplicably disappeared from colonies that once thrived across the northern parts of the American and European continents.

[Países ricos elevan fondos contra deforestación a 4.000 millones de dólares](#)

Representantes políticos de unos 50 países reunidos en Oslo acordaron elevar a 4.000 millones de dólares (3.260 millones de euros) la financiación hasta 2012 del fondo mundial para impulsar la reconversión de zonas afectadas por la deforestación en países en desarrollo.

[Photographer who goes out on a limb to capture shots of world's rarest species](#)

Like most photographers Guido Sterkendries puts a lot of effort into getting the perfect shot. But other professionals might consider that taking pictures while dangling hundreds of metres above the rainforest floor is taking his art to the extreme.

[Rich countries pledge \\$4B to stop deforestation in developing world](#)

Developed nations pledged more than \$4 billion to finance a program meant to help poor countries protect their forests and slow global warming.

[Rich, poor forge partnership on forest aid in Oslo](#)

Rich and poor countries agreed on on guidelines for releasing aid to save forests, in the first concrete sign of global action on climate change since Copenhagen.

[Social media can help save the planet, says Greenpeace boss](#)

Greenpeace is well-known for taking direct action in the name of saving the environment, but key to its campaigning now is the collective power of the Internet and social media, says Greenpeace's executive director, Kumi Naidoo. Naidoo talks about a recent campaign to stop Nestlé using palm oil sourced from plantations that it says are responsible for deforestation, primarily in Indonesia.

[Soros bolsters global forest aid effort](#)

Billionaire investor George Soros said he would guarantee \$50 million to help slow deforestation and contain climate change, bolstering Norwegian plans for a partnership of rich and poor states to save forests.

[Tree rings: chainsaws at dawn](#)

Tree rings were thought to prove global warming – now climate-change deniers say they show the reverse. Both views are flawed, says Holly Williams.

[Trésors de biodiversité, les forêts des Balkans restent menacées](#)

Coupes illégales de bois, projets immobiliers sauvages, incendies: les forêts des Balkans, trésors de biodiversité, font face à de multiples menaces. Plusieurs parcs nationaux de cette région qui abrite de vastes populations d'ours et de loups, célébreront ce week-end la journée internationale de la biodiversité pour sensibiliser les citoyens à ces défis.

[Urban trees 'help migrating birds'](#)

Even a small urban forest can help migrating birds, a study has said.

[Will the UN's forest protection dream turn into a nightmare?](#)

High hopes are pinned on an international plan to protect forests. But doubts remain over whether the Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation project, known as Redd, will actually reduce deforestation and carbon emissions.

The articles in the news clippings do not reflect the views of FAO and we cannot guarantee their availability on the internet.
Les articles des nouvelles coupures ne reflètent pas les points de vue de la FAO, qui ne saurait en garantir la disponibilité sur Internet.
Los artículos de los recortes de prensa no representan los puntos de vista de la FAO, y no podemos garantizar su disponibilidad técnica.

Newsroom/Salle de presse/Sala de prensa: <http://www.fao.org/forestry/newsroom/en/news/index.html>

To subscribe, send an email to mailserv@mailserv.fao.org, leave the subject blank and then write only the following message in the text: SUBSCRIBE INFOSYLVA-L - YOUR EMAIL ADDRESS. Your information is secure - We will never sell, give or distribute your address or subscription information to any third party - To unsubscribe from this conference in the future, send an email to mailserv@mailserv.fao.org leaving the subject blank and write only the following message in the text: UNSUBSCRIBE INFOSYLVA-L - YOUR EMAIL ADDRESS. When you want to send an email to this conference, send it to the following address: INFOSYLVA-L@mailserv.fao.org

Pour vous abonner à INFOSYLVA, il vous suffit d'envoyer un courrier électronique à l'adresse suivante: mailserv@mailserv.fao.org Merci de laisser en blanc le sujet de votre message et d'indiquer dans le message uniquement le texte suivant: SUBSCRIBE INFOSYLVA-L – ADRESSE COURRIER ÉLECTRONIQUE. La sécurité de vos informations est garantie - En aucun cas, votre adresse ou vos données d'abonnés ne sauraient être cédées, vendues ou distribuées à des tiers. - Pour vous désabonner de INFOSYLVA-L, il vous suffit d'envoyer un courrier électronique à l'adresse mailserv@mailserv.fao.org. Merci de laisser en blanc le sujet de votre message et d'indiquer dans le message uniquement le texte suivant: UNSUBSCRIBE INFOSYLVA-L – ADRESSE COURRIER ÉLECTRONIQUE. Si vous êtes intéressé à contribuer à cette liste, veuillez envoyer votre message à: INFOSYLVA-L@mailserv.fao.org

Para suscribirse, es necesario mandar el siguiente mensaje sin sujeto a mailserv@mailserv.fao.org: SUBSCRIBE INFOSYLVA-L –SU DIRECCIÓN DE CORREO ELECTRÓNICO. Su información personal está segura - Su dirección o la información de la suscripción no se comunicará, cederá o distribuirá a terceros. - Para dejar de participar en la conferencia en cualquier momento es necesario mandar el siguiente mensaje sin sujeto a mailserv@mailserv.fao.org: UNSUBSCRIBE INFOSYLVA-L – SU DIRECCIÓN DE CORREO ELECTRÓNICO. Para contribuir a la lista, envíe su mensaje a: INFOSYLVA-L@mailserv.fao.org