



Computation of long-term annual renewable water resources (RWR) by country (in km³/year, average)

Spain

Internal RWR		
Precipitation (mm/year)	[1]	636
Area of the country (1000 ha)	[2]	50 594
Precipitation (km ³ /year)	[3]	321.8 = $\frac{[1]}{1000000} \times [2] \times 10$
Surface water: produced internally	[4]	109.5
Groundwater: produced internally	[5]	29.9
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6]	28.2 (a)
Total internal renewable water resources	[7]	111.2 = $[4]+[5]-[6]$
External RWR		
	Total	Accounted
<u>Surface water</u>		
Surface water entering the country	0.3	
Inflow not submitted to treaties		[8] 0.3
Inflow submitted to treaties		0
Inflow secured through treaties		[9] 0
Flow in border rivers	0	[10] 0
Accounted inflow		[11] 0.3 = $[8]+[9]+[10]$
Surface water leaving the country	34.4 (b)	
Outflow not submitted to treaties		33.4
Outflow submitted to treaties		
Outflow secured through treaties		[12] 0
Total external renewable surface water		[13] 0.3 = $[11]-[12]$
<u>Groundwater</u>		
Groundwater entering the country	0	[14] 0
Groundwater leaving the country	0	0
Total external renewable water resources		[15] 0.3 = $[13]+[14]$
Total RWR		
Surface water	[16]	109.8 = $[4]+[13]$
Groundwater	[17]	29.9 = $[5]+[14]$
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6]	28.2 (a)
Total renewable water resources	[18]	111.5 = $[16]+[17]-[6]$
Dependency ratio (%)	[19]	0 = $100 \times \frac{[11]+[14]}{[11]+[14]+[7]}$

Metadata:

(a) Overlap: nearly 100% of Groundwater (GW) recharge; most of the GW is drained by the rivers and becomes the low flow of water courses. Spain has a long coast and a Spanish source indicate that 1.7 km³/yr GW flows into the sea so the rest of the GW drained i
(b) Surface water outflow: 33.4 to Portugal, 1 to France (Garonne) (To Portugal : Minho border not counted)