



Computation of long-term annual renewable water resources (RWR) by country (in km³/year, average)

Iceland

Internal RWR		
Precipitation (mm/year)	[1]	1 940
Area of the country (1000 ha)	[2]	10 300
Precipitation (km ³ /year)	[3]	199.8 =([1]/1000000)x([2]x10)
Surface water: produced internally	[4]	166
Groundwater: produced internally	[5]	24
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6]	20 (a)
Total internal renewable water resources	[7]	170 =[4]+[5]-[6]
External RWR		
	Total	Accounted
<u>Surface water</u>		
Surface water entering the country	0	
Inflow not submitted to treaties		[8] 0
Inflow submitted to treaties		0
Inflow secured through treaties		[9] 0
Flow in border rivers	0	[10] 0
Accounted inflow		[11] 0 =[8]+[9]+[10]
Surface water leaving the country	0	
Outflow not submitted to treaties		0
Outflow submitted to treaties		0
Outflow secured through treaties		[12] 0
Total external renewable surface water		[13] 0 =[11]-[12]
<u>Groundwater</u>		
Groundwater entering the country	0	[14] 0
Groundwater leaving the country	0	0
Total external renewable water resources		[15] 0 =[13]+[14]
Total RWR		
Surface water	[16]	166 =[4]+[13]
Groundwater	[17]	24 =[5]+[14]
Overlap between surface water and groundwater	[6]	20 (a)
Total renewable water resources	[18]	170 =[16]+[17]-[6]
Dependency ratio (%)	[19]	0 =100*([11]+[14])/([11]+[14]+[7])

Metadata:

(a) Overlap is less than 100% of groundwater (GW) recharge; most the GW is drained by rivers and becomes the low flow of water courses. Some groundwater flows out into the sea as Iceland is an Island. In addition Iceland is often covered by ice.