



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations

Tenure and User Rights in Fisheries 2018 Achieving Sustainable Development Goals by 2030

“Relevant SDGs for Fisheries and User Rights”

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Introduction and Background:

In September 2015, the world engaged in a vital mission to improve life for every one; when the United Nations Sustainable Development Summit, endorsed the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development which includes 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), 169 Targets and 230 indicators



Relevant SDGs for Fisheries and User Rights

- ❖ The SDGs are truly transformative, they are interlinked, all are mutually reinforcing and Indivisible - no one goal is separate from the others, and all call for comprehensive and participatory approaches.
- ❖ Several SDGs are highly relevant to fisheries and aquaculture, and the user rights, because the Issues related to seafood are comprehensively integrated among the 17 goals and 169 targets, and are significant for the future of fisheries and aquaculture.
- ❖ There are tools that have been developed to address issues and challenges in fisheries; which when addressed they contribute to eradication of poverty, ending hunger, halting malnutrition, gender equality and decent work; and by so doing, they contribute to achieving SDGs



The SSF Guidelines:

- ❖ The Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Alleviation (SSF Guidelines)
- ❖ are a tool for achieving the 2030 Agenda for sustainable Development
- ❖ Bring together social development and responsible fisheries
beyond fisheries: sustainable livelihood, social stability, food security and sustainable social and economic development
- ❖ Complement other international instruments |
- ❖ Common grounding in **Human Rights Principles**



The Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication (SFF Guidelines) are a tool for achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

The SSF Guidelines have 6 high-level objectives that are linked to the delivery of different SDGs. Some key linkages are shown here.



The SSF Guidelines are a tool for delivering the SDGs for the 108 million people working in small-scale fisheries



Source: World Bank 2012: Hidden Harvest. The Global Contribution of Capture Fisheries

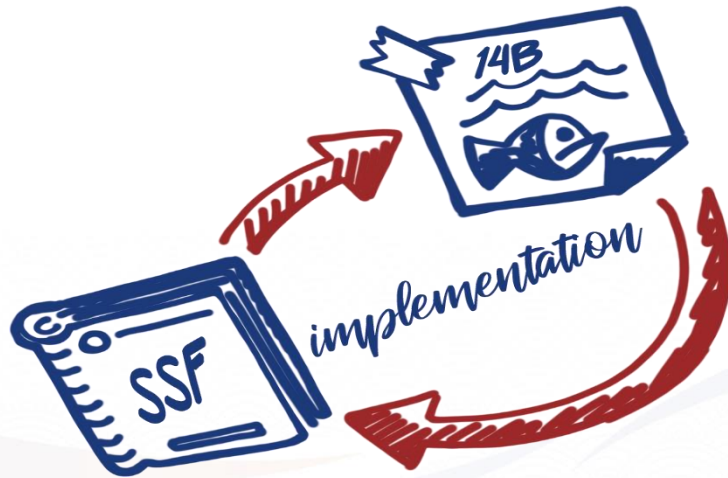




SDG 14.b: Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets

SSF Guidelines

- Chapter 5a: Governance of tenure
- Chapter 5b: Sustainable resource management
- Chapter 7: Value chains, trade and post-harvest



*mutually
reinforcing*

Indicator 14.b.1 – Further emphasizes

In order to guarantee secure access, an enabling environment is necessary which recognizes and protects small-scale fisheries rights. Such an enabling environment has three key features:

EMPOWERMENT AND RIGHTS

Related institutional mechanisms which allow for the participation of small-scale fisheries organisations in relevant processes.

Appropriate legal, regulatory and policy frameworks

Specific initiatives to support small-scale fisheries and

ACTIONS

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK





Conclusions

- ❖ SSF Guidelines are a powerful tool for all: **internationally agreed framework of principles and guidance** for integrated development
- ❖ **Rights and responsibilities** come together
- ❖ SSF Guidelines implementation key to **linking fishing rights and human rights** to foster participation and empowerment for improved food security and poverty eradication



