10 February **World Pulses Day**

PULSES CONTRIBUTE TO FOOD SECURITY

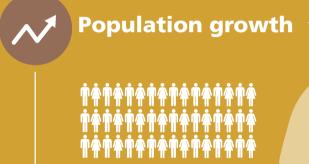


UNDERSTANDING FOOD SECURITY

Food security is defined as: "a situation that exists when all people, at all times, have physical, social and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food that meets their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life".







The world's population is growing rapidly and agricultural production must





Widespread malnutrition



There are many countries where malnutrition is a particularly important issue and large regions of these countries could be used to produce pulses.





Food loss and waste



In developing countries, most losses occur during production or transportation.



In developed countries a large proportion of food is wasted at the

consumption stage.



of the food produced for human consumption worldwide is lost or wasted.

HOW **PULSES** CONTRIBUTE **TO FOOD SECURITY**



Suitable for marginal environments



Drought-resistant and deep rooting species of pulses can supply groundwater to companion crops when planted in intercropping systems.

People living in dry environments, where food security represents a huge challenge, can enhance their production systems in a sustainable manner using locally adapted pulses.



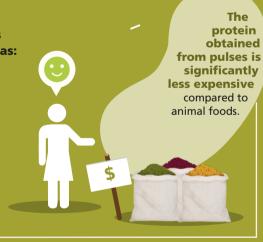




Smallholder farmers can cultivate pulses as:



food for the smallholder farming community as an important source of accessible protein.



Low food wastage footprint



Pulses can be stored for long periods without losing their nutritional value and minimising loss.



is very low.