



Statistical Capacity Assessment for the FAO-relevant SDG Indicators 2018/19

World

The Statistical Capacity Assessment for the FAO-relevant SDG indicators was conducted in early 2019 to provide insights about the strengths and weaknesses of member countries' national statistical systems regarding their capacity to monitor and report the 21 SDG indicators under FAO custodianship.

The results in this summary note are based on the 114 countries that answered the questionnaire before February 2020 (see Annex 1 for the complete list). The global response rate is 58%.

A national committee responsible for the coordination of SDG implementation and reporting has been established in 73 countries out of the 114 that answered the questionnaire.

A national coordinator for SDG monitoring has been nominated in 75 countries out of the 114 that answered the questionnaire.

I. SDG indicators reporting

Figure 1: Current reporting of SDG indicators in a national or international database, by indicator

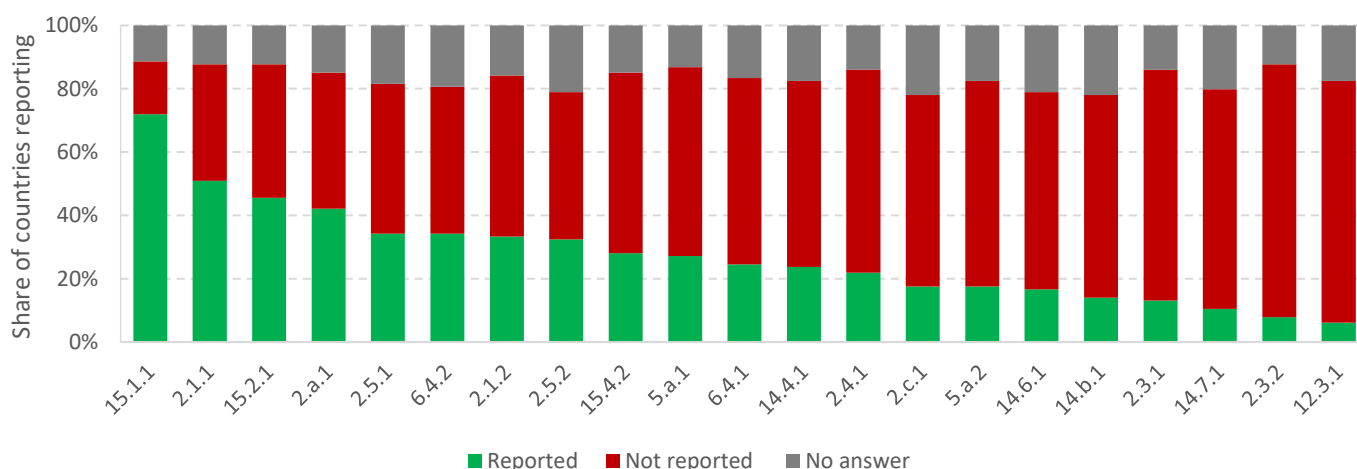


Figure 2: Reporting in UN global SDG database, by indicator

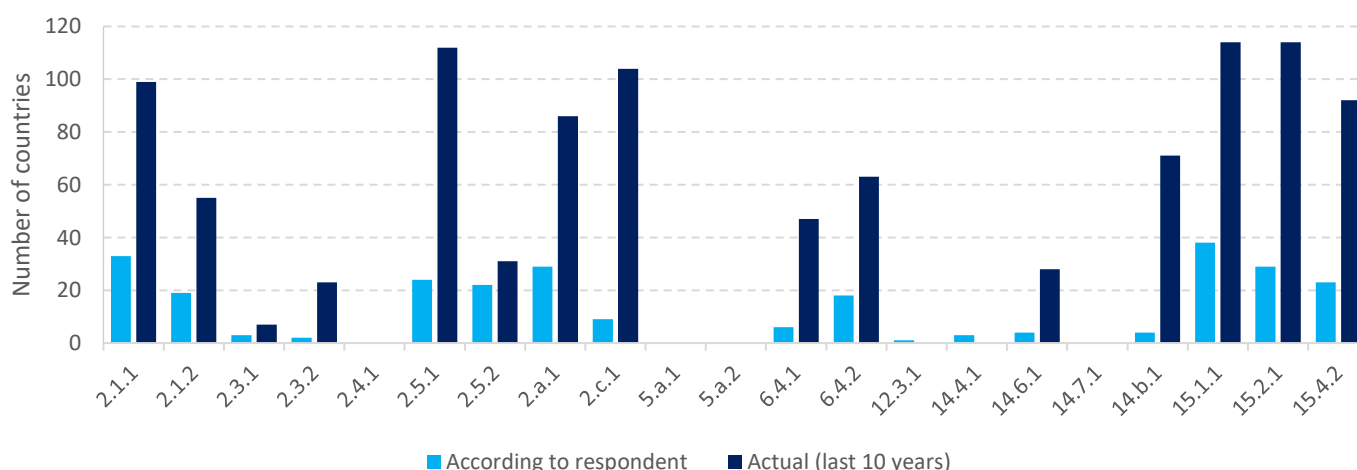


Figure 3: Time horizon of SDG indicators production planning, by indicator

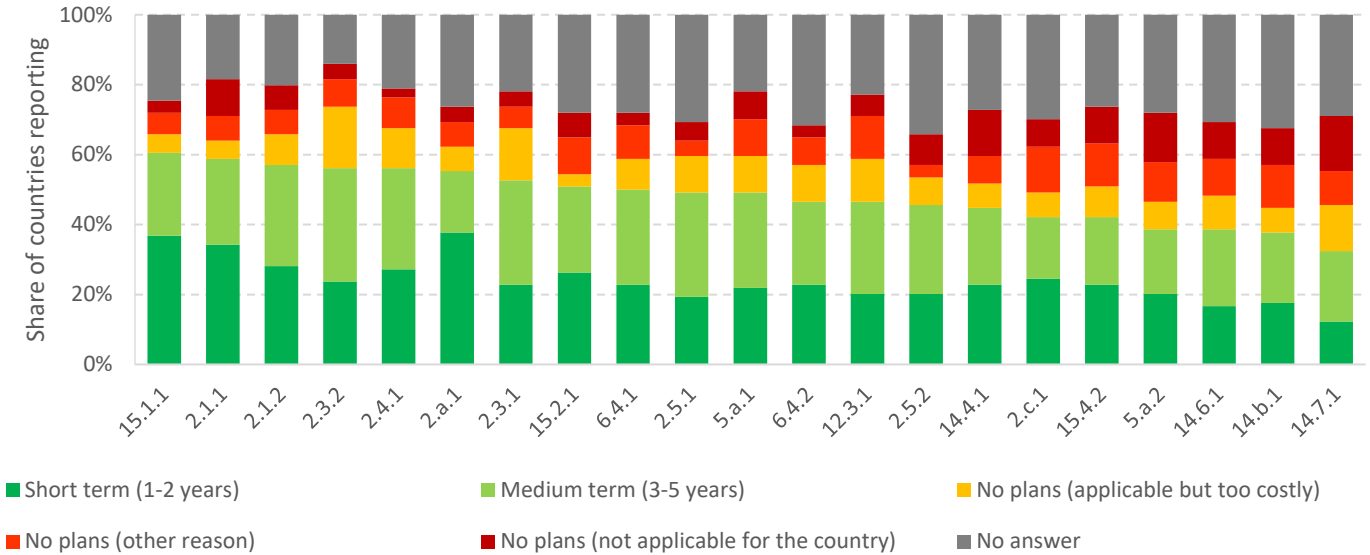


Figure 4: Requests for assistance for producing/compiling SDG indicators, by indicator

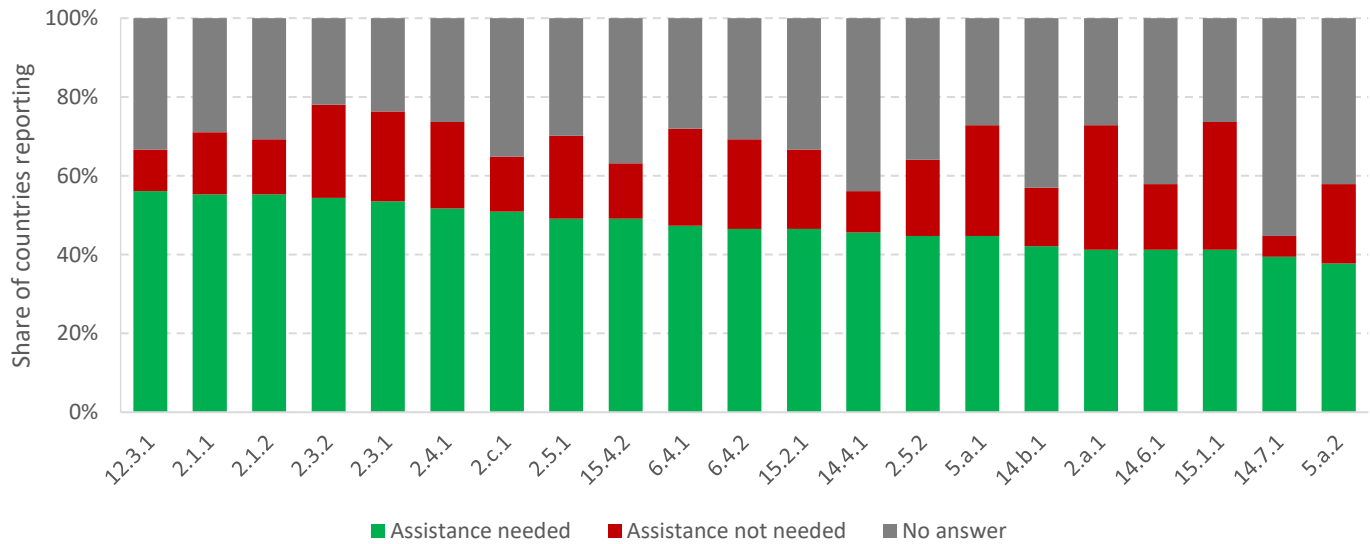


Figure 5: Number of requests for assistance for producing/compiling SDG indicators, by type of assistance (multiple requests can be made for any type of assistance)

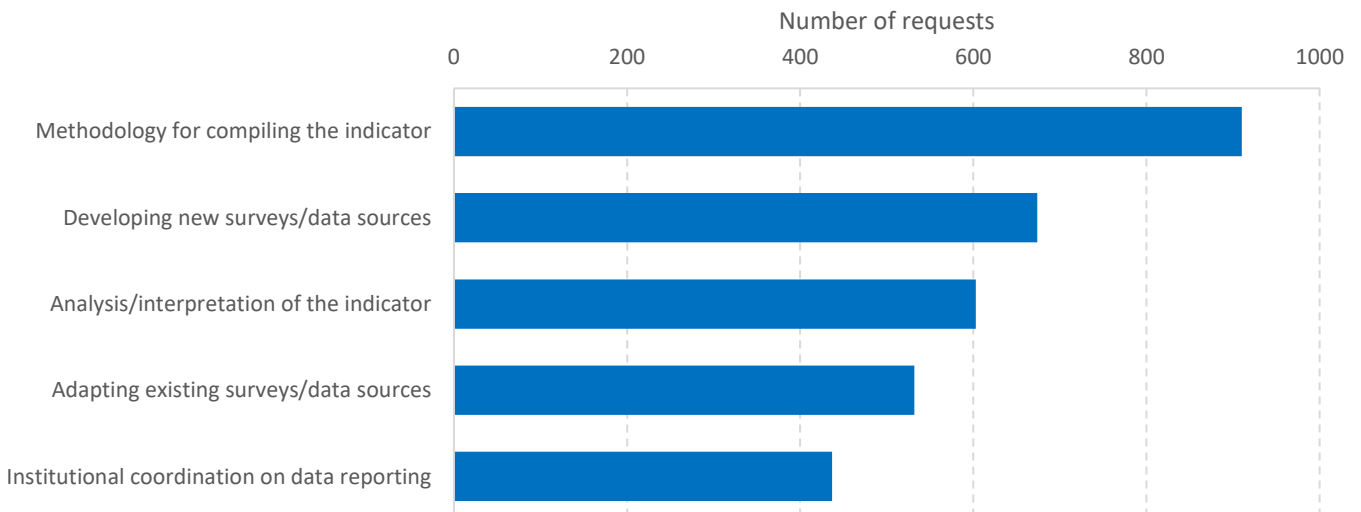
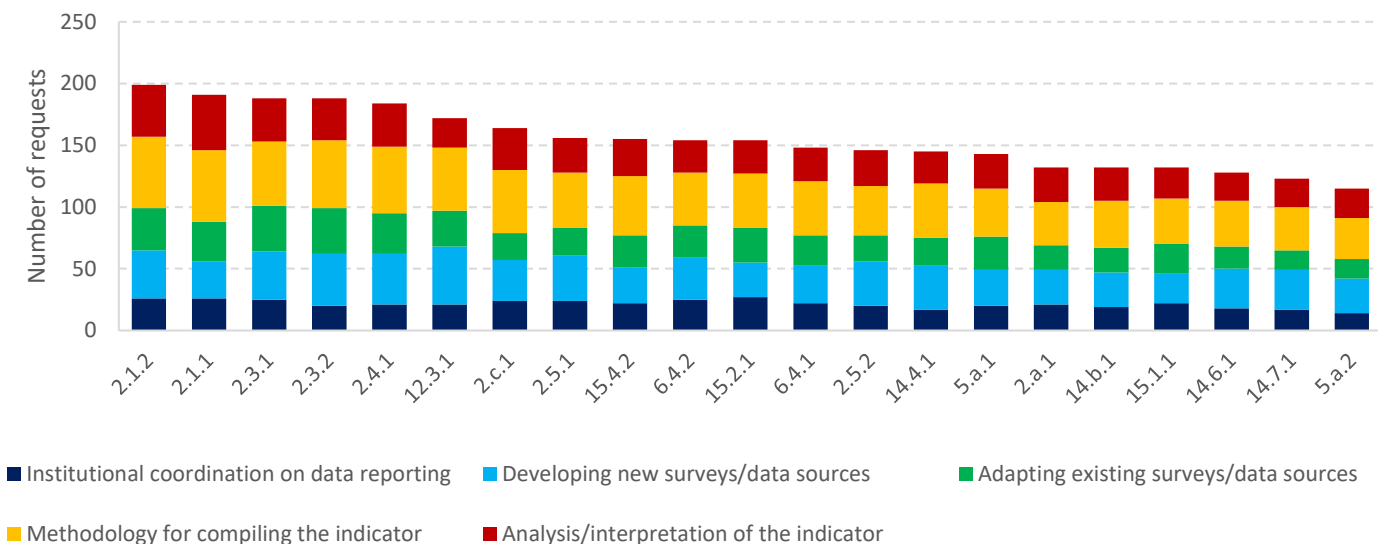


Figure 6: Number of requests for assistance for producing/compiling SDG indicators, by indicator (multiple requests can be made for any indicator)



II. Data availability and statistical methods

Figure 7: Data collection status during the last five years, by data source

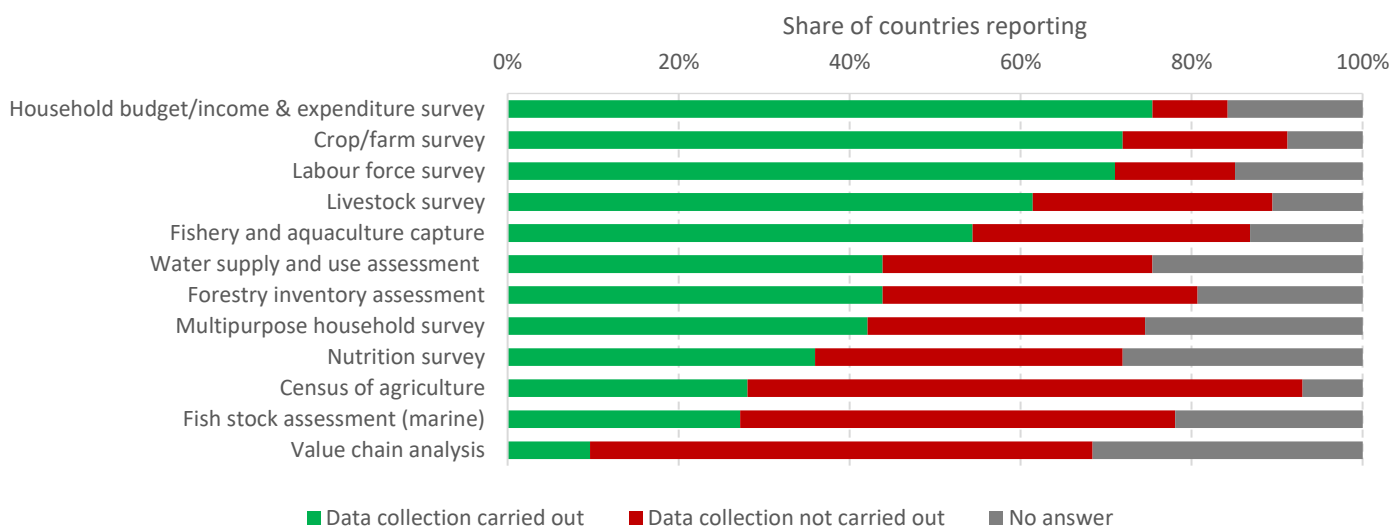


Figure 8: Time horizon of data collection plans in the next five years, by data source

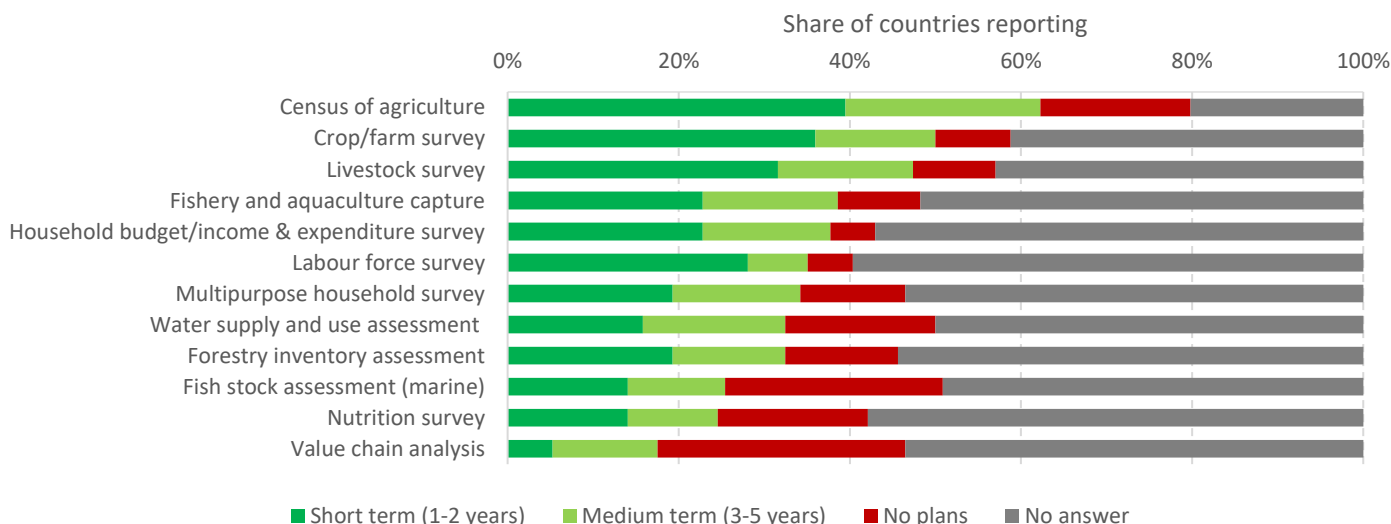


Figure 9: Number of requests for assistance for data collection (all phases), by data source (multiple requests can be made for any data source)

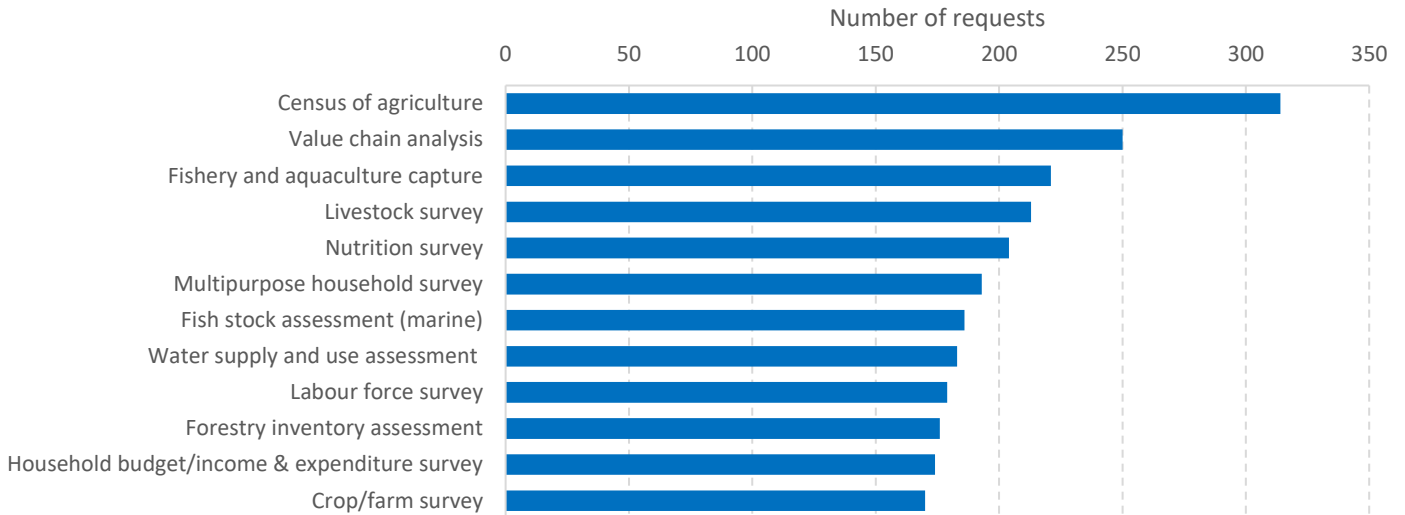


Figure 10: Share of countries needing assistance for data collection, by data source

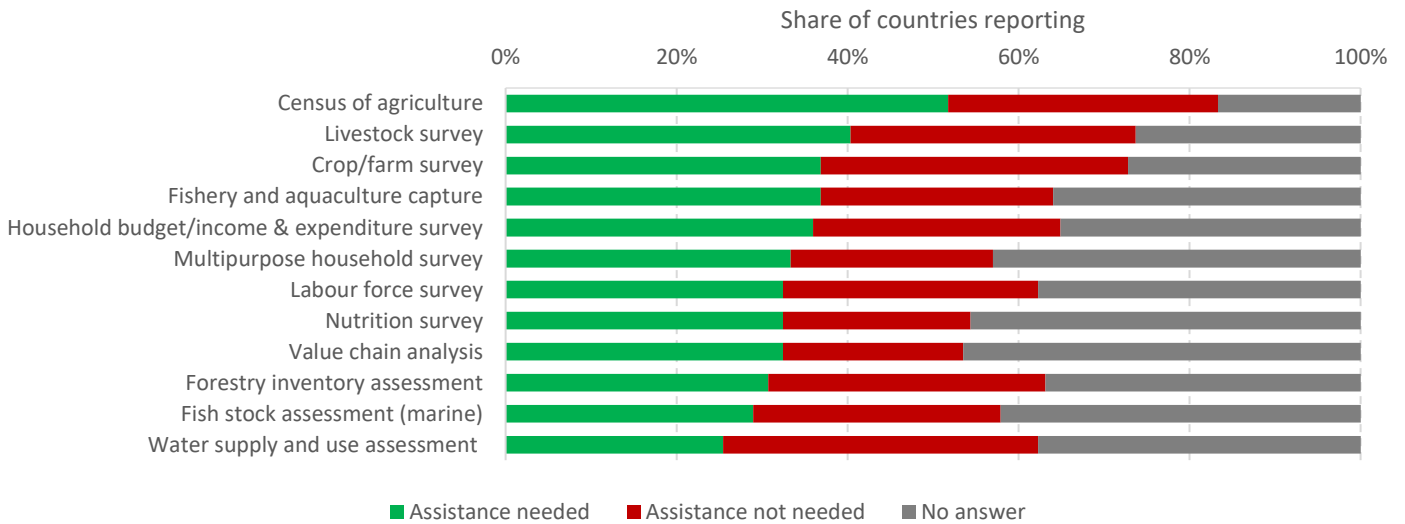
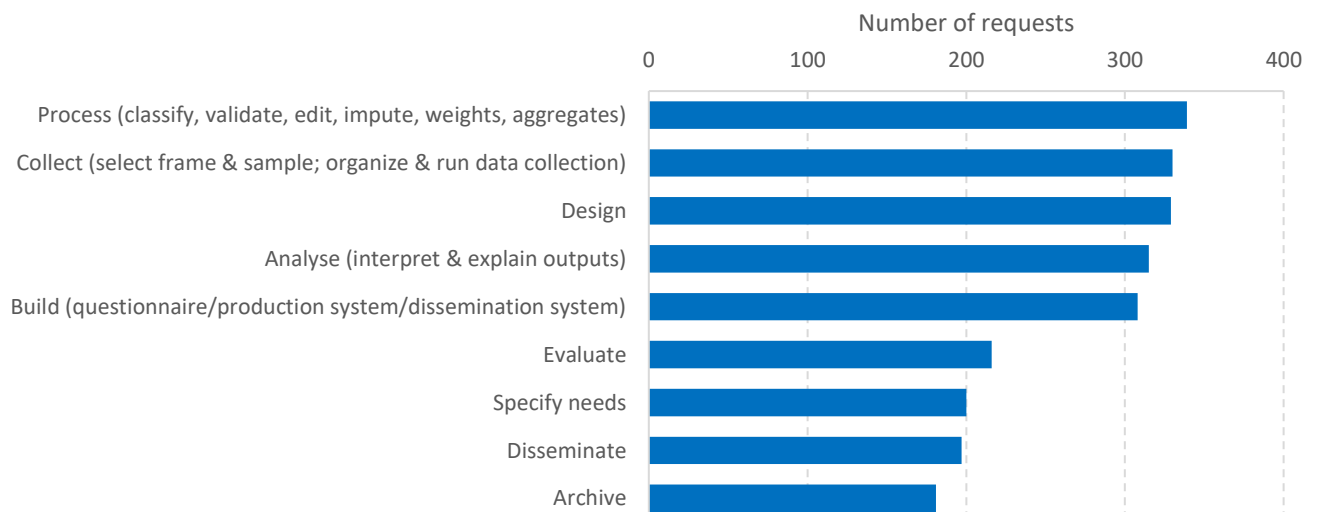


Figure 11: Number of requests for assistance for data collection, by phase (multiple requests can be made for any phase)



Annex: List of countries

Countries that answered the questionnaire: Albania, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Belarus, Belgium, Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Canada, Chad, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Czechia, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Estonia, Eswatini, Fiji, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Grenada, Guinea, Guyana, Hungary, India, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Niger, North Macedonia, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Somalia, South Sudan, Spain, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Countries that did not answer the questionnaire: Afghanistan, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chile, China, Comoros, Cook Islands, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Kiribati, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libya, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Micronesia (Federated States of), Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, Nauru, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Niue, Papua New Guinea, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Syrian Arab Republic, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Vanuatu, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Supplementary table: Mapping of data sources for the SDG indicators, by degree of relevance

Data sources	2.1.1	2.1.2	2.3.1	2.3.2	2.4.1	2.5.1	2.5.2	2.a.1	2.c.1	5.a.1	5.a.2	6.4.1	6.4.2	12.3.1	14.4.1	14.6.1	14.7.1	14.b.1	15.1.1	15.2.1	15.4.2	
Census of Agriculture			Alternative	Alternative						Alternative												
Crop/Farm survey			Best	Best	Best					Best				Best								
Livestock survey							Best															
Fishery and aquaculture capture															Best		Best					
Fish stock assessment (marine)															Best		Best					
Water supply and use assessment												Best	Best									
Forestry Inventory Assessment																				Best	Best	
Household Budget/Income & Expenditure survey	Alternative	Alternative								Alternative												
Labour Force survey		Alternative								Alternative												
Multipurpose household Survey		Best								Best												
Nutrition survey	Best	Best								Alternative												
Value chain analysis														Best								

 Best data source  Alternative data source