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# THE MILAN URBAN FOOD POLICY PACT MONITORING FRAMEWORK

A practical handbook for implementation

## **RESOURCE 2a**

# Worked example from Nairobi

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# Worked example from Nairobi

This worksheet was developed with the Nairobi team during the MUFPP monitoring framework pilot project training workshop (May 2019) to help identify the most appropriate indicators on which to focus for the pilot project period (May–Oct 2019). Their initial selection criteria are visible in the top row – an early stage of work to prepare for further discussion with a wider group of Nairobi stakeholders. The worksheet can be adapted with your own indicator selection criteria for use in a stakeholder discussion or workshop.

### Nairobi example (partially completed): criteria for selecting preliminary MUFPP indicators

(\*The **bold** wording shows how Nairobi customized the wording of the MUFPP indicator to reflect local context and needs).

Selected MUFPP indicator	Criteria for selection				
	Priority level (high, medium, low)	Links with existing local/regional/national goals	Data availability	Sufficient local resources?	Benefits to the city
#5 – Food governance <i>Presence of a monitoring/evaluation mechanism for assembling and analysing urban food system data</i>	High		This is a binary indicator (Y/N) so would require i) an assessment of the extent to which Nairobi already has monitoring and evaluation (M&E) in place for various issues; and ii) to identify steps for a coordinated food system M&E mechanism		Ability to identify progress toward MUFPP goals and program/policy gaps
#21 – Social and economic equity <i>Number of formal <b>*and informal</b> jobs related to the urban food system that pay at least the national minimum or living wage</i>	High		Informal job stats not available. May be able to pilot data collection in 2 areas with existing extension staff.	Assessment of formal job numbers may be possible through existing staff networks	Would be very useful in informing future funding proposals and programme planning
#27 – Food production <i>Surface area of (potential) agricultural spaces within the municipal boundary</i>	High		Unknown		Inform planning activities to meet policy objectives
#30 – Food production <i>Number of urban and peri-urban food producers that benefited from technical training and assistance in the past 12 months</i>	High		This info is available in existing government reports, just needs to be pulled together	Yes	Will help in budgeting for future years and making the case for future requests
#33 – Food production <i>Annual proportion of urban organic waste collected that is re-used in agricultural production taking place within municipal boundaries</i>	High		Some data are available from 2008, unclear about other existing data sources		To highlight need for greater collection and diversion of urban organic waste
#36 – Food supply and distribution <b>*Number of formal and informal retail outlets per 1000 inhabitants selling fresh food</b> <i>[Adapted from: Number of fresh fruit and vegetable outlets per 1000 inhabitants (markets and shops) supported by the municipality]</i>	High		Data available for formal outlets but not for informal sector, would require resources for primary collection. Possible opportunities to crowdsource this information?	Maybe – but for formal sector only	Will help in identifying priority areas and tracking market prices
#41 – Food waste <i>Total annual volume of food losses &amp; waste</i>	High				Opportunities for value addition activities