

Geospatial analysis of land availability and accessibility in Cabo Delgado and Nampula provinces of Mozambique

Geospatial assessments were conducted in support to assess land availability, accessibility and use by the internally displace persons (IDPs), returnees and host communities in Cabo Delgado and Nampula provinces in Mozambique to provide spatial-explicit information on the changes in agriculture, forest, biomass, and land degradation. A Google Earth Engine (GEE) App is being developed to facilitate dissemination of the results with dynamic visualization and to support informed decision making on allocating land with flexible multicriteria analysis (e.g., selection of IDPs sites, buffer distance, land covers, topography, etc.).

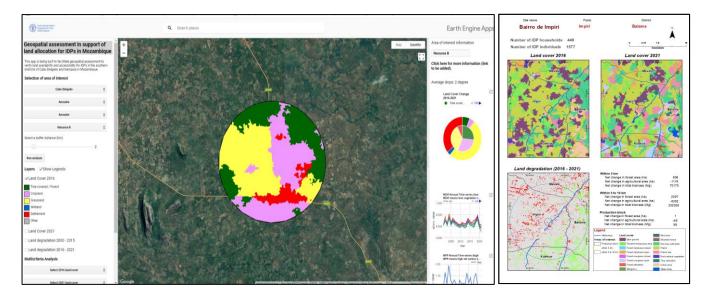


Figure 1: User interface of the Google Earth Engine App

Figure 2: Example results for one IDPs site¹

Key Findings

- Forest area decreased was more within 5 km buffer compared to 5 to 10 km buffer from the resettlement sites.
- Agricultural land area decreased was more within 5 to 10 km buffer than within 5 km buffer.
- Land degradation was more concentrated within 5 km buffer compared to 5 to 10 km buffer.

Prepared by Rashed Jalal, Amit Ghosh, Brasilino Salvador, Jacqueline Were and Matieu Henry in support to an assessment aiming at verifying the land availability and accessibility for the Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) in the provinces of Cabo Delgado and Nampula in Mozambique for better planning of agricultural livelihood interventions, including crop production activities in the production blocks allocated by the Government, in the land shared with host communities (SFER/GLO/401/MUL), Food and Agriculture Organization of United Nations (FAO), Rome, Italy.

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¹ Locations of IDPs sites were retrieved from the International Organization for Migration (IOM), Nov 30 2022. DTM Mozambique — Multisectorial Location Assessment Dataset — Round 10. IOM, Mozambique.