



Forest Adaptation Monitoring

The Way Ahead

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Monitoring and policy needs (here and now)

- Better data, better decisions? e.g. 10 y UN-REDD
- Need for (better) integration of measurable field, airborne and space borne RS parameters with practical (monitoring) solutions and policy implementation
- Support research needed in the domains of agriculture, food security, environmental degradation and hazards, inland and coastal waters, and forestry
- **Mitigation** efforts versus **adaptation**: new monitoring field to be explored, f. e. agricultural practices/management through Chl, N in soils, first attempt TOPC-CEOS indicators



What is adaptation (according to IPCC)?

Adjustment in natural or human systems in response to actual or expected climatic stimuli or their effects, which moderates harm or exploits beneficial opportunities (IPCC, 2001a).



Adaptation monitoring

- Adaptation funding scaled up since Glasgow (UN Adaptation Fund around 850 Mi EUR, EU Adaptation Strategy, etc.)
- Annual adaptation needs for developing countries are estimated to reach USD 160-340 bn by 2030 and USD 315-565 bn by 2050, according to a UNEP report (2022)
- Major gap and a clear need for the development of monitoring systems of adaptation measures, which are essential to track progress.
- Monitoring and evaluation (M&E) is an essential aspect of successful climate adaptation. For the M&E system to be effective: need to be integrated and carried out throughout the whole project cycle
- Reporting, monitoring and review through a national M&E system is a crucial element of the NAPs.



FAO comparative advantage for (forest) adaptation monitoring



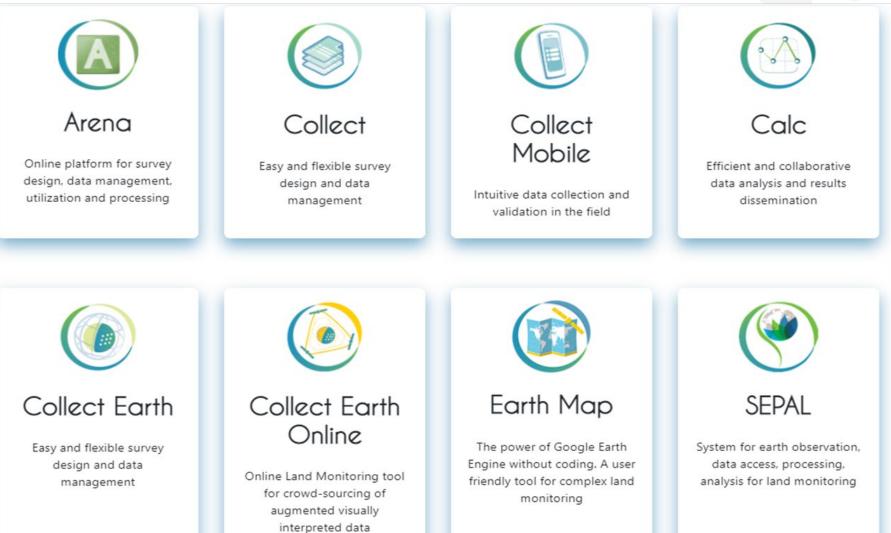
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Open Foris initiative

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www.openforis.org

Free and open source tools and methods for data collection, analysis and reporting





SEPAL: Earth Observation and cloud computing

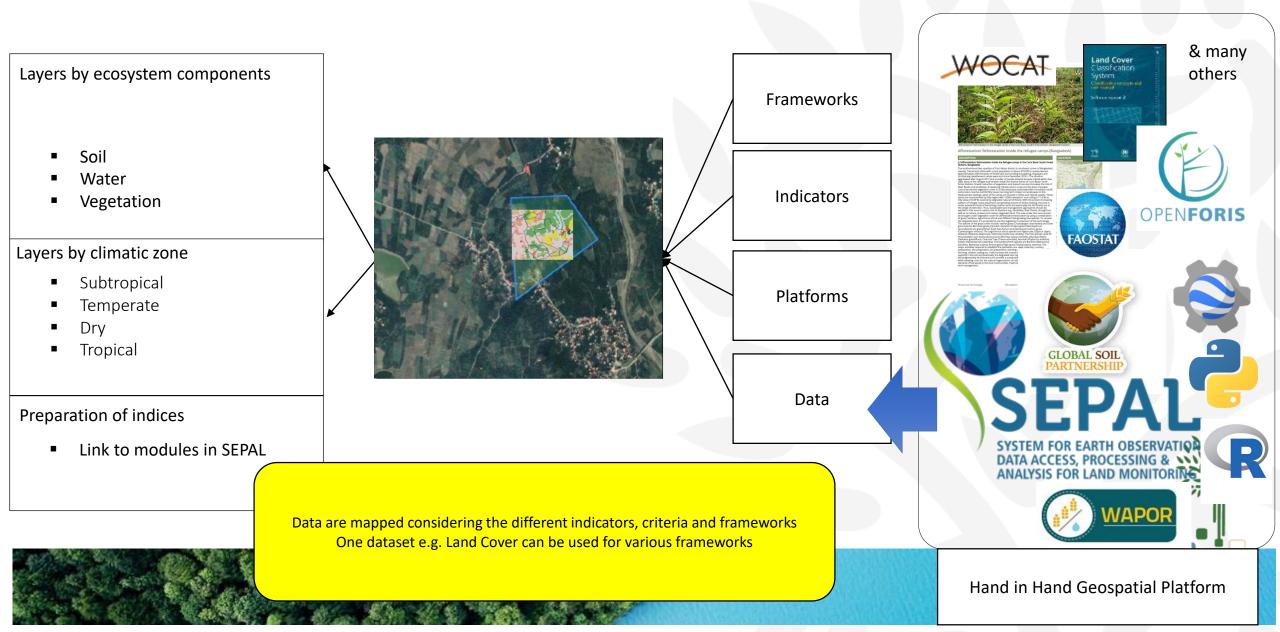
- SEPAL is a cloud based platform for accessing, processing and analysing geospatial data for land monitoring
- SEPAL is free and open: anyone can register for access to its features: <u>https://sepal.io</u>



 All you need is an Internet connection to access the SEPAL website



Integrating different platforms, data and tools



Our wish list from policy side to EO and the Scientific community

- Support in mapping changes in land cover/land use and sustainable agricultural practices: ADAPTATION monitoring of measurable, tangible indicators
- Detect soil properties for action on improving soil health
- Earth Observation with long data records and data over remote places can help in
 - Validation of (climate and other) models
 - Process understanding
 - Importance of free and open EO data
- New products asked from end users and services in the domain of forestry: distinction private and public end users and applications

Forest adaptation Monitoring

- FAO through expertise and experience has worked on adaptation planning of agriculture, including guidance on monitoring and evaluation;
- FAO Forestry analysed actual status of adaptation monitoring in the submitted NAPs, as starting basis for a new research and development stream for FAO Forestry;
- Possible key partners could be the Adaptation coalition as well as GCOS/GEO;
- FAO has the comparative advantage of years of experience of close working with the countries as well as a proven development of innovative solutions.

This **innovative new area of work** would build on existing platforms and FAO tools as SEPAL and tightly connect to existing Forestry programs as e.g. UN-REDD.

• Proof of concept to be developed in a few pilot countries: contact us if interested!



Thank you.

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