

THE SUDAN

Project Highlights

Strengthening the Food
Security and Livelihoods (FSL)
sector coordination platforms
at central and state levels,
increasing immediate food
access and restoring the
productive capacities of
vulnerable farming and
pastoral households



PROJECT CODE

OSRO/SUD/200/USA



RESOURCE PARTNER

The United States of America

CONTRIBUTION

USD 19 million



IMPLEMENTATION

01/01/2022-30/09/2023



TARGET AREAS

14 states



BENEFICIARIES

598 200 households (2 991 000 people) and 60 staff



KEY PARTNERS

Ministry of Agriculture and international and national non-governmental organizations (NGOs)



Objective

To strengthen the FSL sector coordination mechanism and support vulnerable households in producing their own food, generating income, and coping with shocks by restoring and improving their productive assets.

Activities implemented

- Organized regular and ad hoc FSL sector coordination meetings at national and subnational levels.
- Contributed to the preparation of the 2023 Humanitarian Needs Overview and Humanitarian Response Plan.
- Supervised and participated in multiple key assessments with FSL partners on the needs of internally displaced people.
- Trained 45 staff (of whom 20 women) from international and national NGOs and government institutions in post-distribution monitoring.
- Trained 15 people (of whom eight women) from international and national NGOs and the Ministry of Agriculture in gender-based violence in collaboration with the United Nations Population Fund.
- Distributed 1 951.96 tonnes of cereal and legume seeds and 1 400 donkey ploughs to 102 700 farming households (513 500 people), of whom 41 080 female-headed, for the 2022 planting season.
- Distributed 4 504 tonnes of sorghum and millet seeds to 456 500 vulnerable farming households (2 282 500 people), of whom 182 600 female-headed, for the 2023 planting season.





- Distributed 110 tonnes of mineral licks for approximately 2 750 milking animals belonging to 5 500 vulnerable households and trained them in good livestock feeding practices.
- Vaccinated 3.7 million sheep and goats against peste de petit ruminants and sheep and goat pox, reaching 33 500 vulnerable agro/pastoral households directly and their wider communities indirectly.

Results

- Contributed significantly to the timely delivery of assistance to vulnerable populations by enhancing coordination among FSL sector partners.
- Contributed to enabling humanitarian actors to access evidence-based information on food security needs and priorities due to the active leadership of the FSL sector in conducting assessments.
- Enabled farmers to plant about 102 700 ha of land during the 2022 main planting season and produce approximately 123 240 tonnes of food.
- Enabled farmers to plant about 450 400 ha of land and produce an estimated 900 800 tonnes of sorghum during the 2023 main planting season and indirectly contributed to ensuring that about 12 million people have access to food across the states reached.
- Enabled agro/pastoral households to immediately increase their access to an adequate supply of milk and income through the distribution of mineral licks.
- Protected the health of livestock by vaccinating millions of sheep and goats across the country.
- Contributed to increasing the supply of food and dairy products in local markets by enhancing agricultural production and protecting livestock assets in the targeted communities.

Contact

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