

L'attention croissante dont jouit la compensation en vue de la réduction des émissions causées par la déforestation et la dégradation des forêts (REDD) dans le cadre de la Convention-Cadre des Nations Unies sur le changement climatique a accru les opportunités pour les pays et les communautés locales de bénéficier des paiements pour les stocks de carbone. Toutefois, il existe encore un nombre de questions à clarifier et à résoudre avant que les communautés puissent bénéficier de ces opportunités dans le cadre de la GCF. Au titre de ces questions :

- Les incertitudes relatives au mode de distribution des paiements pour les crédits REDD aux communautés locales ; et
- Les autres bénéfices que les communautés peuvent tirer des mécanismes REDD ;
- Comment garantir que la majorité des paiements n'est pas accaparée par les élites ou l'État;
- Quelles autres activités de subsistance basées sur la forêt sont compatibles avec le mécanisme REDD et comment ce mécanisme affectera-t-il la contribution globale des forêts aux moyens d'existence des communautés.

Un certain nombre de pays, tels la Tanzanie, la Zambie et la République démocratique du Congo ont participé aux projets pilotes du mécanisme REDD avec l'appui des Nations unies et de la Banque mondiale. Ainsi, il sera important pour les pays de partager les leçons et expériences sur le mode d'intégration du mécanisme REDD à la GCF. Il s'agit là d'une raison supplémentaire pour l'établissement d'une plateforme régionale de coopération sur la GCF en Afrique.

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