


# UN-REDD Program


*Mr. Jose Antonio Prado  
FAO*



Workshop on Promoting and Strengthening  
Multi-purpose National Forest Inventory System  
In the Asia Pacific region in connection with climate change

---

Overview of the UN-REDD Programme



### The UN-REDD Programme



- The United Nations Collaborative Programme on Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation in Developing Countries
- Established in 2008 by the FAO, UNDP and UNEP
- A response to Bali Action Plan call for REDD instrument in post-2012 climate change agreement



### UN-REDD Programme Objective



To help developing countries to be ready to reduce emissions from deforestation and forest degradation in an equitable, effective and efficient way.



### The UN-REDD Key Principles...



- Coordinated response (Delivering as One)
- Contribution to UNFCCC process
- Country-driven REDD Programmes
- Institution Strengthening, Capacity Building and Local Action
- Stakeholders' participation
- Measurement, Reporting & Verification



### The UN-REDD Programme Funding & Governance



- MDTF: US\$75 million
- Donor countries:
  - Norway
  - Spain
  - Denmark
- Policy Board
  - Countries, donors, IPs, organizations
  - Meets 3 times per year
  - Approves resources allocation
  - New countries



### The UN-REDD Programme Two Levels of Support :



#### INTERNATIONAL

- Facilitate convening and knowledge management and exchange
- Develop concepts and methodologies in MRV .
- To build awareness and consensus about the importance of REDD in post-2012 agreement
- Develop concepts on benefit distribution.
- Focus on capacity building
- Promote collaboration with other initiatives especially FCPF



### The UN-REDD Programme



Two Levels of Support :

**NATIONAL**

- Promote country-led REDD initiatives in close collaboration with national and international initiatives
- Country ownership and Indigenous Peoples & Civil Society involvement.
- Provide technical support to develop national REDD strategies
- Provide funding and technical support to develop the National Joint Programme
- Provide funding and technical advice for NIP Implementation
- Provide funding and tech. support to develop a national MRV system



### REDD Monitoring Key Considerations

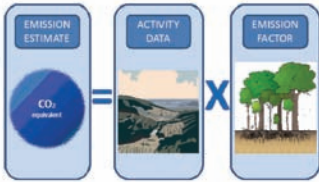

### Some principles for the MRV work

- Meet MRV needs for Carbon...
  - Not rocket science...
  - ...but requires methodological considerations and more precise data
- .. but not only Carbon (safeguards)
  - REDD implementation requires broader information on natural resources, their uses and users, drivers of deforestation and change, governance, transparency, gender, indigenous rights, policy options
- Capacity and participation
  - Long-term Institutional Effort
  - Stakeholder engagement
- Other Success Factors
  - Integration with existing monitoring systems
  - Consider monitoring needs beyond REDD
  - Robustness
  - Transparency




### REDD+ in a UNFCCC/IPCC context

IPCC basic equation to estimate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions:

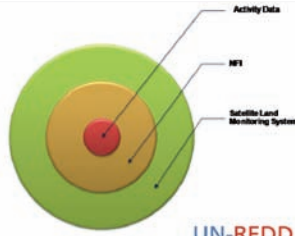




### REDD+ MRV basic elements

Context	Emission and removals from forests IPCC basic method		
IPCC elements	activity data land reclassification	emission factors forest carbon pools	Carbon stock change
System elements	Satellite Land Monitoring system	National Forest Inventory	National GHG Inventory
System Specifications	Operational up-to-date system based on satellite imagery and data, with a specific national policy and implementation plan (NIP/PPN).	Up-to-date and continuous monitoring system data on carbon stock for all forest carbon pools, and the main forest types at REDD+ and JND reporting requirements.	National inventory for the UNFCCC reporting framework, consistent with the reporting requirements of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).



### REDD+ MRV – Activity Data (area changes)

	<h3>The UN-REDD Programme Quick start countries</h3>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Africa: DR Congo, Tanzania, Zambia</li> <li>• Asia &amp; Pacific: Indonesia, PNG, Vietnam</li> <li>• L. America : Bolivia, Panama, Paraguay</li> </ul>
	
	

	<h3>The UN-REDD programme is open to other countries</h3>
	
	
	