



Forestry Department
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

GLOBAL FOREST RESOURCES ASSESSMENT

COUNTRY REPORTS

TURKS AND CAICOS

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The Forest Resources Assessment Programme

Sustainably managed forests have multiple environmental and socio-economic functions important at the global, national and local scales, and play a vital part in sustainable development. Reliable and up-to-date information on the state of forest resources - not only on area and area change, but also on such variables as growing stock, wood and non-wood products, carbon, protected areas, use of forests for recreation and other services, biological diversity and forests' contribution to national economies - is crucial to support decision-making for policies and programmes in forestry and sustainable development at all levels.

FAO, at the request of its member countries, regularly monitors the world's forests and their management and uses through the Forest Resources Assessment Programme. This country report forms part of the Global Forest Resources Assessment 2005 (FRA 2005), which is the most comprehensive assessment to date. More than 800 people have been involved, including 172 national correspondents and their colleagues, an Advisory Group, international experts, FAO staff, consultants and volunteers. Information has been collated from 229 countries and territories for three points in time: 1990, 2000 and 2005.

The reporting framework for FRA 2005 is based on the thematic elements of sustainable forest management acknowledged in intergovernmental forest-related fora and includes more than 40 variables related to the extent, condition, uses and values of forest resources. More information on the FRA 2005 process and the results - including all the country reports - is available on the FRA 2005 Web site (www.fao.org/forestry/fra2005).

The Global Forest Resources Assessment process is coordinated by the Forestry Department at FAO headquarters in Rome. The contact person for matters related to FRA 2005 is:

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The Global Forest Resources Assessment 2005 Country Report Series is designed to document and make available the information forming the basis for the FRA 2005 reports. The Country Reports have been compiled by officially nominated country correspondents in collaboration with FAO staff. Prior to finalisation, these reports were subject to validation by forestry authorities in the respective countries.

Report preparation and contact person

No official report has been received.

This report is the result of a desk study prepared by the FRA 2005 secretariat in Rome, which summarizes existing available information using the established format for FRA 2005 country reports.

This country report comprises only the following national reporting tables:

- Table T1 – Extent of Forest and Other wooded land
- Table T9 – Diversity of tree species

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1 Table T1 – Extent of Forest and Other wooded land

1.1 FRA 2005 Categories and definitions

Category	Definition
Forest	Land spanning more than 0.5 hectares with trees higher than 5 meters and a canopy cover of more than 10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds <i>in situ</i> . It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use.
Other wooded land	Land not classified as “Forest”, spanning more than 0.5 hectares; with trees higher than 5 meters and a canopy cover of 5-10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds <i>in situ</i> ; or with a combined cover of shrubs, bushes and trees above 10 percent. It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use.
Other land	All land that is not classified as “Forest” or “Other wooded land”.
Other land with tree cover (Subordinated to “Other land”)	Land classified as “Other land”, spanning more than 0.5 hectares with a canopy cover of more than 10 percent of trees able to reach a height of 5 meters at maturity.
Inland water bodies	Inland water bodies generally include major rivers, lakes and water reservoirs.

1.2 National data

Data sources

References to sources of information	Quality (H/M/L)	Variable(s)	Year(s)	Additional comments
FAOSTAT	H	Country area	2005	Secondary data source
Caribbean Development Bank. 1983. Regional Forestry Sector Study, Final report, Caribbean Development Bank/DFS Deutsch Forstinventur Service GmbH, Barbados.	H	Forest area	1983	Secondary data source

Original data

1983

Woodlands = 80% of the land

Total area = 43 000 ha

1.3 Analysis and processing of national data

Estimation and forecasting

Due to lack of sufficient information, data reported in 1983 was used for all three reporting years.

1.4 Reclassification into FRA 2005 classes

Woodlands consist of both Forests and Other Wooded Land

1.5 Data for National reporting table T1

FRA 2005 Categories	Area (1000 hectares)		
	1990	2000	2005
Forest	34.4	34.4	34.4
Other wooded land			
Other land	8.6	8.6	8.6
...of which with tree cover ¹⁾	NDA	NDA	NDA
Inland water bodies	0	0	0
TOTAL	43	43	43

1.6 Comments to National reporting table T1

Due to lack of sufficient information, data reported in 1983 was used for all three reporting years.

The total area referred to as Forests is a combination of Forests and Other Wooded Land.

2 Table T9 – Diversity of tree species

2.1 FRA 2005 Categories and definitions

Category	Definition
Number of native tree species	The total number of native tree species that have been identified within the country.
Number of critically endangered tree species	The number of native tree species that are classified as “Critically endangered” in the IUCN red list.
Number of endangered tree species	The number of native tree species that are classified as “Endangered” in the IUCN red list.
Number of vulnerable tree species	The number of native tree species that are classified as “Vulnerable” in the IUCN red list.

2.2 National data

Data sources

References to sources of information	Quality (H/M/L)	Variable(s)	Year(s)	Additional comments
IUCN REDLIST	H	Vulnerable species, endangered species	2005	

Original data

Endangered tree species: *Swietenia mahogani*, *Guaiacum officinale*

2.3 Data for National reporting table T9

FRA 2005 Categories	Number of species (year 2000)
Native tree species	NDA
Critically endangered tree species	0
Endangered tree species	0
Vulnerable tree species	2

2.4 Comments to National reporting table T9

No information was identified on the number of native tree species.

The IUCN Redlist contains the following species:

- Endangered tree species: *Swietenia mahogani*, *Guaiacum officinale*