CODEX ALIMENTARIUS COMMISSION



Food and Agriculture Organization of the **United Nations**



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Agenda Item 7

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JOINT FAO/WHO FOOD STANDARDS PROGRAMME

CODEX COMMITTEE ON PESTICIDE RESIDUES

53rd Session (Virtual) 4-8 July and 13 July 2022

REVISION OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF FOOD AND FEED (CXA 4-1989)

(Prepared by the Chair and Co-Chair of the Electronic Working Group The United States of America and The Netherlands)

ESTABLISHMENT OF MRLs FOR PESTICIDES FOR OKRA

AGENDA ITEM 7(a)

Background

This CRD needs to be read in conjunction with CL 2022/34-PR and CX/PR 22/53/6. In those documents the background of the discussions in previous CCPR-meetings and the discussions in the Electronical Working Groups can be found.

Based on the discussions in the eWG Chili pepper (non-bell) pepper was proposed as the representative commodity for okra based on the low exceedances for okra in monitoring data and the sufficient conservatism in MRLs derived from the OECD MRL calculator.

In CX/PR 22/53/6 two options were presented for how incorporate this into the Classification.

Option 1 included footnoting the current Group 12B subgroup; while

Option 2 created a separate Okra subgroup with chili pepper as the representative commodity.

In CL 2022/34-PR Codex members and observers were invited to submit comments on Options 1 and 2 or to provide an alternative option for the establishment of MRLs for pesticides for okra. In this document the comments received on the CL 2022/34-PR are summarized.

COMMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVED ON CL 2022/34-PR

Comments on CL 2022/34-PR were received from: Canada, Colombia, Egypt, European Union, Ghana, Kenya, Mauritius, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Thailand, United Kingdom and United States of America.

Support for option 1 was expressed by: Republic of Korea, United Kingdom, United States of America, Ghana, Philippines, and Thailand.

Support for option 2 was expressed by: Canada, Colombia, Egypt, and Kenya (and add sweet pepper as a representative commodity), and Mauritius. Kenya added that it would prefer sweet pepper to be additionally included as a representative crop for okra. Mauritius additionally provided okra residue data from 2021 and 2022 that showed no detectable level of residues or residues below the existing codex MRL, except for a set of active substances for which the use on Okra is not recommended.

The European Union did not express support for either of the presented options, and noted the difficulty of drawing a conclusion based on the available monitoring data from Canada and India without knowing the Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs) behind the okra residue data. Without being able to compare residue trials on okra and chili peppers with known GAPs, the EU believed that no conclusion can be drawn on appropriate extrapolations and that the use of monitoring data would be justified only if these data can be linked to authorized uses (with comparable GAPs) and if statistically sufficient data points are available. Additionally, the EU noted that while the scope of the eWG was limited to okra, similar extrapolation issues may exist for other crops belonging to Group 12B, Pepper and pepper-like commodities, such as martynia and roselle. The EU thus presented an alternative option:

• <u>Option 3</u>: Delete okra, martynia and roselle from Subgroup 12B and add these commodities to a new subgroup: 12D and set okra as the representative commodity.

Recommendation

Continue the discussion on the best suitable option for the establishment of MRLs for okra during the pre-meeting about the Revision of the Classification of Food and Feed and try to reach a consensus to present in CCPR53.

AGENDA ITEMS 7(b/c)

REVISION OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF FOOD AND FEED: CLASS B: PRIMARY FOOD COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

(AT STEP 4)

BACKGROUND

This CRD needs to be read in conjunction with CL 2022/35-PR and CX/PR 22/53/7 and CX/PR 22/53/8. In those documents the background of the discussions in previous CCPR-meetings and the discussions in the Electronical Working Groups can be found.

In this document the comments received on the CL 2022/35-PR are implemented.

Highlighted in yellow are the changes made to class B based on the discussion in the eWG, for the discussion see CX/PR 22/53/7. All changes in the documents resulting from the reactions on the CL 2022/35-PR are made using track-changes.

COMMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVED ON CL 2022/35-PR

Comments on CL 2022/35- PR were received from Canada, Egypt, the European Union, Germany, Kenya, Philippines, Thailand, and the USA. Generally, the comments expressed support for the changes and additions made to class B. Additional, suggestions for commodity suggestions or changes are described below.

Thailand proposed the According the addition of pig skin in Subgroup 032G (Swine edible offal) and fish skin, e.g. salmon skin, in Subgroup 043B (Edible offal of fish). Since these commodities are significantly consumed and traded internationally.

Kenya proposed the addition of guinea fowl eggs and turkey eggs to Group 039 Eggs since these species have been covered in group 036 and also lay edible eggs. Kenya also proposed the need to consider classification and addition of Siganus Argentius (rabbit fish) to Group 042 Marine fish with the Justification that this species is common in marine cage farming in Kenya. Additionally, Kenya proposed the addition of fish maw (swim bladder) since this is an edible fish offal delicacy widely consumed and traded. Lastly, Kenya proposed the addition of 'propolis' under honey with the Justification that Propolis is a honey by-product that is traded and consumed mainly as a food supplement and/or for its medicinal purposes.

The co-chair of the eWG received correction suggestions from Germany for the Subgroup 42D Tunas and Bonitos. Germany indicated that the scientific name used for Southern bluefin tuna should be Th. thynnus maccoyii according to Codex stan 70-1981 and not Thunnus maccoyii. Germany also noted that Skipjack tuna is listed twice both as 'tuna, skipjack' and 'skipjack tuna' and suggests to change the entry of 'skipjack tuna' to "Skipjack tuna, see Tuna Skipjack" with deletion of the scientific name. Lastly, Germany noted that Tuna, Skipjack, is given with the scientific name "Katsuwonis pelamis L.; syn: Euthynnus pelamis L." while according to WS 0952 Tuna According to Codex Stan. 70-1981 Tuna includes inter alia as "Eu. pelamis L.; syn: Katsuwonus pelumis L.".

CONCLUSIONS

The commodities: Fish, skin; Pig, skin; Turkey, eggs; Guinea, fowl; Rabbit fish; Propolis have been added to class B. The suggestion of Kenya to add the commodity fish maw, has been included as 'Fish, swim bladder' since maw refers to the dried fish bladder and class B does not include dried product. The double entry of skipjack tuna has been changed according to the suggestion from Germany and the scientific names for Skipjack tuna and southern bluefin tuna have been corrected to reflect Codex Stan. 70-1981.

RECOMMENDATIONS

CCPR53 is invited to consider the revised Class B (Appendix I) taking into account the conclusions and recommendations as well as comments submitted by Codex members and observers and to task the EWG to continue with the revision of the Classification based on the revised version provided in the CRD and additional comments provided in the premeeting and to develop the tables for representative commodities with a view to complete the revision of class B at the next session of CCPR.

APPENDIX I

CLASS B PRIMARY FOOD COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

For the purpose of the Codex Alimentarius the term "primary food commodity" means the product in or nearly in its natural state, intended for processing into food for sale to the consumer or intended for sale to the consumer as a food without further processing. It includes irradiated primary food commodities and products after removal of certain parts of the animal tissue, e.g. bones.

Food commodities of animal origin are parts of domesticated or wild animals, including their eggs and mammary secretions.

TYPE 6 MAMMALIAN PRODUCTS

Mammalian products are derived from the edible parts of various mammals, primarily herbivorous, slaughtered for food. These mammals are usually domesticated, or to a lesser extent obtained as game animals. This type does not include edible products from marine mammals, for which see Group 044.

Meat (from mammals other than marine mammals)

Class B

Type 6 Mammalian products Group 030 Group Letter Code MM

Group 030. Meats are the muscular tissues, including adhering fatty tissues such as intramuscular, intermuscular and subcutaneous fat from animal carcases or cuts of these as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution in a "fresh" state. The cuts offered to the consumer may include bones, connective tissues and tendons as well as nerves and lymph nodes.

The commodity description of "fresh" meat includes meat which has been quick-frozen or quick-frozen and thawed.

The Group does not include edible offal as defined in Group 032.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism following oral intake with feed or through dermal intake as a consequence of external use of pesticides against ectoparasites.

The entire commodity except bones may be consumed.

<u>Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed)</u>: Whole commodity (without bones). For fat-soluble pesticides a portion of adhering fat is analysed and MRLs apply to the fat. For those commodities where the adhering fat is insufficient to provide a suitable sample, the whole commodity (without bone) is analysed and the MRL applies to the whole commodity (e.g. rabbit meat) (ref. ALINORM 87/24, Appendix IV, paragraph 6).

Eight subgroups a	are defined:
Subgroup 030A	Bovine meat
Subgroup 030B	Camelid meat
Subgroup 030C	Caprine meat
Subgroup 030D	Cervine meat
Subgroup 030E	Equine meat
Subgroup 030F	Ovine meat
Subgroup 030G	Swine meat
Subgroup 030H	Various other mammalian meats
Group 030	Meat (from mammals other than marine mammals)
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM 0095	Group of meat (from mammals other than marine mammals)
	(includes all commodities in group 030)
MM 0096	Subgroup of meat of cattle, goats, horses, pigs and sheep
MM 0097	Subgroup of Meat of cattle, pigs and sheep

Subgroup 030A Bov	<mark>/ine meat</mark>
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM XXX	Subgroup of bovine meat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030A)
-	Banteng, meat See cattle meat, MM 0812
	Bos javanicus d'Alton
MM 0810	Buffalo, meat
	Bubalus bubalis L.
	Syncerus caffer Sparrman
	Bison bison L.
	Bison bonasus L.
-	Buffalo, African, meat, see Buffalo, meat MM 0810
	Syncerus caffer Sparrman
-	Buffalo, American, meat, see Buffalo, meat, MM 0810
	Bison bison L.
-	Buffalo, Cape, meat, see Buffalo, meat, MM 0810
-	Buffalo, Water, meat, see Buffalo, meat, MM 0810
	Bubalus bubalis L.;
	syn: Bubalis buffalus Blum; Bos bubalis Brise; Bubalis bos Wall.
-	Bison, European, meat, see Buffalo, meat, MM 0810
	Bison bonasus L.
-	Calf, meat, see Cattle, meat, MM 0812
MM 0812	Cattle, meat
	Breeds and interbreeds of among others Bos taurus L.; B. indicus L.;
	B. grunniens L.; breeds of B. javanicus d'Alton
	Bos frontalis Lam.
	Gayal, meat, See Cattle, meat, MM 0812 Bos frontalis Lam.
-	Veal, meat, see Cattle, meat, MM 0812
-	Water Buffalo, meat, see Buffalo, meat, MM 0810
	Bubalus bubalis L.
-	Yak, meat, see Cattle, meat, MM 0812
	Bos grunniens L.
-	Zebu, meat, see Cattle meat, MM 0812
	Bos indicus L.

Subgroup 030B C	Camelid meat
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM XXXX	Subgroup of camelid meat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030B)
MM 0811	Camel, meat
	Camelus bactrianus L.; C. dromedarius L.;
	Lama glama L. ; Lama pacos L.
-	Alpaca, meat See Camel, meat, MM 0811
	Lama pacos L.
-	Camel, Bactrian, meat, see Camel, meat, MM 0811 Camelus bactrianus L.
-	Dromedary, meat, see Camel, meat, MM 0811 Camelus dromedarius L.
-	Llama or Lama, meat, see Camel, meat, MM 0811
Subgroup 030C C	Breeds of <i>Lama glama</i> L.; <i>Lama pacos</i> L.
Code No.	
MM XXXX	Commodity Subgroup of caprine meat
MM 0814	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030C) Goat, meat
10101 0814	Breeds of <i>Capra hircus</i> L.; other <i>Capra</i> spp., several breeds.
Subgroup 030D C	
Code No.	Commodity
MM XXXX	Subgroup of cervine meat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030D)
MM 0813	Deer, meat
	among others <i>Cervus elaphus germanicus</i> Desmarest;
	Dama dama dama L.; syn: <i>Cervus dama</i> Corbet & Hill;
	other <i>Cervus</i> spp. and ssp.
-	Deer, Fallow, meat, see Deer, meat, MM 0813
	Dama dama dama L.;
	syn: <i>Cervus dama</i> Corbet & Hill
-	Deer, Red, meat, see Deer, meat, MM 0813
-	Deer, Red, meat, see Deer, meat, MM 0813 Cerphus elaphus L.; other Cerphus spp., several ssp.
- MM 0824	
- MM 0824	Cerphus elaphus L.; other Cerphus spp., several ssp.
- MM 0824 -	Cerphus elaphus L.; other Cerphus spp., several ssp. Elk, meat
- MM 0824 -	<i>Cerphus elaphus</i> L.; other <i>Cerphus</i> spp., several ssp. Elk, meat <i>Alces alces</i> (L.)
- MM 0824 - MM 0820	<i>Cerphus elaphus</i> L.; other <i>Cerphus</i> spp., several ssp. Elk, meat <i>Alces alces</i> (L.) Moose, European, meat, see Elk, meat, MM 0824
-	Cerphus elaphus L.; other Cerphus spp., several ssp. Elk, meat Alces alces (L.) Moose, European, meat, see Elk, meat, MM 0824 Alces alces L.
-	Cerphus elaphus L.; other Cerphus spp., several ssp. Elk, meat Alces alces (L.) Moose, European, meat, see Elk, meat, MM 0824 Alces alces L. Reindeer, meat

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Subgroup 030E	Equine meat
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM XXXX	Subgroup of equine meat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030E)
MM XXXX	Donkey, meat
	Equus asinus L.
	Syn: Asinus vulgaris Gray
	Equus asinus asinus L.
	Equus asinus palaestinae Ducos
	Equus africanus asinus L.
MM XXXX	Hinny, meat
	Equus caballus L. x Equus asinus L.
MM 0816	Horse, meat
	Several breeds of <i>Equus caballus</i> L.
MM XXXX	Mule, meat
	Equus asinus L. x Equus caballus L.
Subgroup 030F	Ovine meat
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM XXXX	Subgroup of ovine meat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030F)
-	Lamb, meat, see Sheep, meat, MM 0822
-	Moufflon, meat, see Sheep, meat, MM 0822
	Ovis musimon (Pallas);
	syn: Aegoceros musimon Pallas
MM 0822	Sheep, meat
	Several breeds of Ovis aries L.; other Ovis spp.
Subgroup 030G	Swine meat
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM XXXX	Subgroup of swine meat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030G)
MM 0818	Pig, meat

among other Sus domesticus Erxleben and breeds; Sus spp. and ssp.

MM 0823 Wild boar, meat

Sus scrofa scrofa L.

Subgroup 030H	Various other mammalian meats
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MM XXXX	Subgroup of various other mammalian meats
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 030H)
MM XXXX	Capybara, meat
	Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris L.
MM XXXX	Dog, meat
	Canis familiaris L.
MM XXXX	Guinea pig, meat
	Cavia porcellus L.
MM 0815	Hare, meat
	Lepus europaeus Pallas, several ssp. and var.;
	L. timidus L., several var.; other Lepus spp.
MM 0817	Kangaroo, meat
	Genera of the family Macropodinae
MM XXXX	Peccary, collared, meat
	Pecari tajacu L.
MM XXXX	Possum, meat several species of the zoological suborder <i>Phalangeriformes</i>
MM XXXX	Rat, meat
	Rattus spp.
MM 0819	
101101 0819	Rabbit, meat
	Oryctolagus cuniculus L. ; O. cuniculus fodiens (Gray) ; Lepus cuniculus L. ;
	Sylvilagus spp.
-	Wallaby meat, see Kangaroo, meat, MM 0817
	Aquatic mammals: e.g., Whales, Dolphins, etc. See Group 044 Marine mammals

Mammalian fats (except fat from marine mammals)

Class B

Type 6 Mammalian products Group 031 Group Letter Code MF

Group 031. Mammalian fats, excluding milk fats are derived from the fatty tissues of animals (not processed). For processed animal fats see Group 085.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism following oral intake with feed or through dermal intake as a consequence of external use of the pesticides against ectoparasites.

The entire commodity may be consumed.

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Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

The scientific species names of the relevant animals are not repeated for this group of commodities. For these names see Group 030 Meat (from mammals other than marine mammals).

Eight subgroups are o	defined
Subgroup 031A Bov	ine fat
Subgroup 031B Cam	nelid fat
Subgroup 031C Cap	rine fat
Subgroup 031D Cer	vine fat
Subgroup 031E Equ	ine fat
Subgroup 031F Ovir	ne fat
Subgroup 031G Swi	ne fat
Subgroup 031H Var	ious other mammalian fats
Group 031 Ma	immalian fats
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MF 0100	Group of Mammalian fats (except milk fats)
	(includes all commodities in group 031)
Subgroup 031A	Bovine fat
Code No.	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of bovine fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031A, (see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of bovine))
MF 0810	Buffalo, fat
MF 0812	Cattle, fat
Subgroup 031B	Camelid fat
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of camelid fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031B, (see subgroup 030B (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of camelid))
MF 0811	Camel, fat
Subgroup 031C	Caprine fat
Code No.	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of caprine fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031C(see subgroup 030C (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of caprine)))
MF 0814	Goat, fat

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Subgroup 031D	Cervine, fat
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of cervine fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031D, (see subgroup 030D (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of cervine))
Subgroup 031E	Equine fat
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MF XXXX	Subgroup of equine fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031E, (see subgroup 030E (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of equine))
MF 0816	Horse, fat
Subgroup 031F	Ovine fat
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of ovine fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031F, (see subgroup 030F (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of ovine))
MF 0822	Sheep, fat
Subgroup 031G	Swine fat
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of swine fat
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031G, (see subgroup 030G (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of swine))
MF 0818	Pig, fat
MF 0823	Wild boar, fat
Subgroup 031H	Various other mammalian fats
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MF XXXX	Subgroup of various other mammalian fats
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 031H, (see subgroup 030H (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of various other mammals))
MF XXXX	Capybara, fat
MF XXXX	Dog, fat
MF XXXX	Guinea pig, fat
MF 0815	Hare, fat
MF 0817	Kangaroo, fat
MF XXXX	Peccary, collared, fat
MF XXXX	Possum, fat
MF XXXX	Rat, fat
MF 0819	Rabbit, fat

Edible offal (Mammalian)

Class B

Type 6 Mammalian products Group 032 Group Letter Code MO

Group 032. Edible offal are edible tissues and organs other than muscles (=meat) and animal fat from slaughtered animals as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

Examples: liver, kidney, tongue, heart, stomach, sweetbread (thymus gland), brain, etc.

The group name and definitions are in conformity with those recorded in the Codex Standards 89-1981 and 98-1981, Codex Standard for luncheon meat and Codex Standard for cooked cured chopped meat respectively: "Edible offal" means such offal's as have been passed as fit for human consumption, but not including lungs, ears, scalp, snout (including lips and muzzle), mucous membranes, sinews, genital system, udders, intestines and urinary bladder". IN the former Classification of Food and Food Groups in the Guide to Codex Maximum Limits for Pesticide Residues 1978: CAC/PR 1-1978 the name Meat by-products was used for this group.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism following oral intake with feed or through dermal intake as a consequence of external use of pesticides on livestock animals against ectoparasites.

The entire commodity may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

The scientific species names of the relevant animals are not repeated for this group of commodities. For these names see Group 030 Meat (from mammals other than marine mammals).

Eight subgroups are	defined
Subgroup 032A Bov	vine edible offal
Subgroup 032B Car	nelid edible offal
Subgroup 032C Cap	orine edible offal
Subgroup 032D Cer	rvine edible offal
<mark>Subgroup 032E Equ</mark>	ine edible offal
Subgroup 032F Ovi	ne edible offal
<mark>Subgroup 032G Sw</mark>	ine edible offal
Subgroup 032H Va	rious other mammalian edible offal
Group 032 Ed	ible offal (Mammalian)
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
MO 0105	<mark>Group of</mark> Edible offal (Mammalian)
	(includes all commodities of group 032)
<mark>MO 0096</mark>	
<mark>MO 0097</mark>	Edible offal of cattle, pigs and sheep
<mark>MO 0098</mark>	Kidney of cattle, goats, pigs and sheep
MO 0099	Liver of cattle, goats, pigs and sheep
Subgroup 032A	Bovine edible offal
Code No.	<u>Commodity</u>
MO XXXX	Subgroup of bovine edible offal
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 032A, (see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of bovine))
MO 0810	
	Buffalo, edible offal of
MO XXXX	Buffalo, edible offal of Buffalo, kidney
MO XXXX MO XXXX	
-	Buffalo, kidney
MO XXXX	Buffalo, kidney Buffalo, liver
MO XXXX MO 0812	Buffalo, kidney Buffalo, liver Cattle, edible offal of

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Subgroup 032B	Camelid edible offal
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MO XXXX	Subgroup of camelid edible offal
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 032B , (see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of camelid))
MO 0811	Camel, edible offal of
MO XXXX	Camel, kidney
MO XXXX	Camel, liver
Subgroup 032C	Caprine edible offal
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MO XXXX	Subgroup of caprine edible offal
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 032C, (see subgroup 030C (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of caprine))
MO 0814	Goat, edible offal of
MO XXXX	Goat, liver
MO XXXX	Goat, kidney
Subgroup 032D	Cervine edible offal
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MO XXXX	Subgroup of cervine edible offal
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 032D, (see subgroup 030D (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of cervine))
MO 0813	Deer, edible offal of
MO XXXX	Deer, kidney
MO XXXX	Deer, liver
Subgroup 032E	Equine edible offal
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
MO XXXX	Subgroup of equine edible offal
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 032E, (see subgroup 030E (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of equine))
MO XXXX	Donkey, edible offal of
MO XXXX	Donkey, kidney
MO XXXX	Donkey, liver
MO 0816	Horse, edible offal of
MO 1292	Horse, kidney
MO 1293	Horse, liver

Ovine edible offal
<u>Commodity</u>
Subgroup of ovine edible offal
(includes all commodities in subgroup 032F, (see subgroup 030F (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of ovine))
Sheep, edible offal of
Sheep, kidney
Sheep, liver
Swine edible offal
Commodity
Subgroup of swine edible offal
(includes all commodities in subgroup 032G, (see subgroup 030G (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of swine))
Pig, edible offal of
Pig, kidney
Pig, liver
Pig, skin
Various other mammalian edible offal
<u>Commodity</u>
Subgroup of various other mammalian edible offal
(includes all commodities in subgroup 032H, (see subgroup 030H (Code MM X XXX) for the group of various other mammals))
Hare, edible offal of
Hare, kidney
Hare, liver
Kangaroo, edible offal of
Kangaroo, kidney
Kangaroo, liver
Possum, edible offal of
Possum, kidney
Possum, kidney Possum, liver

Milks

Class B

Type 6 Mammalian products Group 033 Group Letter Code ML

Group 033. Milks are the mammary secretions of various species of lactating herbivorous ruminant animals, usually domesticated.

In conformity with the Codex Alimentarius Code of Principles concerning Milk and Milk products the term "Milk" shall mean exclusively the normal mammary excretion obtained from one or more milkings without either addition thereto or extraction therefrom.

Notwithstanding the provisions in the preceding paragraph, "the term "Milk" may be used for milk treated without altering its composition, or for milk, the fat content of which has been standardised under domestic legislation".

The entire commodity may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

The scientific species names of the relevant animals are not repeated for this group of commodities. For these names see Group 030 Meat (from mammals other than marine mammals).

Eight subgroups are defined

Subgroup 033A Bovine milk

Subgroup 033B Camelid milk

Subgroup 033C Caprine milk

Subgroup 033D Cervine milk

Subgroup 033E Equine milk

Subgroup 033F Ovine milk

 Group 033
 Milks

 Code No.
 Commodity

 ML 0106
 Group of milks (includes all commodities in group 033)

 ML 0107
 Milk of cattle, goats and sheep

Subgroup 033A Bovine milk

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<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
ML XXXX	Subgroup of bovine milk
	(includes all commodities of subgroup 033A, (see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of bovine))
ML 0810	Buffalo, milk
ML 0812	Cattle, milk
Subgroup 033B Cam	nelid milk
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
ML XXXX	Subgroup of camelid milk
	(includes all commodities of subgroup 033B , (see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of camelid))
-	Camel, Bacterian, milk See Camel, milk, ML 0811
ML 0811	Camel, milk

Subgroup 033C Cap	rine milk
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
ML XXXX	Subgroup of caprine milk
	(includes all commodities of subgroup 033C, (see subgroup 030C (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of caprine))
ML 0814	Goat, milk
Subgroup 033D Cer	vine milk
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
ML XXXX	Subgroup of cervine milk
	(includes all commodities of subgroup 033D, (see subgroup 030D (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of cervine))
ML 0824	Elk, milk
ML 0820	Reindeer, milk
Subgroup 033E Equi	ine milk
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
ML XXXX	Subgroup of equine milk
	(includes all commodities of subgroup 033E, (see subgroup 030E (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of equine))
ML XXXX	
ML XXXX ML 0816	included in the group of equine))
	included in the group of equine)) Donkey, milk Horse, milk
ML 0816	included in the group of equine)) Donkey, milk Horse, milk
ML 0816 Subgroup 033F Ovir	included in the group of equine)) Donkey, milk Horse, milk ne milk
ML 0816 <mark>Subgroup 033F Ovir</mark> <u>Code No.</u>	included in the group of equine)) Donkey, milk Horse, milk ne milk <u>Commodity</u>

TYPE 7 POULTRY AVIAN PRODUCTS

Poultry Avian meat (including Pigeon meat)

Class B

Type 7	Poultry Avian	products	Group 036	Group Letter Code PM

Group 036. PoultryAvian meats are the muscular tissues including adhering fat and skin from poultry carcases as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

Exposure to pesticides may result from external treatment of animals or poultry houses or through animal metabolism following oral intake of pesticides with feed.

The entire product may be consumed.

<u>Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed)</u>: Whole commodity (without bones): For fat-soluble pesticides a portion of adhering fat is analysed and MRLs apply to the poultry avian fat.

Group 036	Poultry Avian meat (including Pigeon meat)
Code No.	Commodity
PM 0110	Group of avian meat
	(includes all commodities in group 036)
PM 0840	Chicken, meat
	Several breeds of Gallus gallus L. and other Gallus spp.
PM 0841	Duck, meat
	Breeds of Anas platyrhynchos L. and other Anas spp.
PM XXXX	Duck, Muscovy, meat
	Cairina moschata L.
-	Dove, Collared, meat, see Pigeon, meat PM 0846
	Streptopelia spp.
-	Dove, Turtle, meat, see Pigeon, meat PM 0846
	Streptopelia spp.
PM 0850	Emu, meat
	Dromaius novaehollandiae
PM 0842	Goose, meat
	Anser anser L.; other Anser spp.
PM XXXX	Grouse, meat
	Tetraonini tribe species
PM 0843	Guinea-fowl, meat
	Breeds of <i>Numida meleagris</i>
PM 0851	Ostrich, meat
	Struthio camelus L.
PM 0844	Partridge, meat
	Perdrix spp. and Alectoris spp.
PM XXXX	Peafowl, green, meat
	Pavo muticus L.
PM 0845	Pheasant, meat
	Breeds of Phasanius colchicus and other Phasanius spp. and ssp.

PR53/CRD03		17
PM 0846	Pigeon, meat	
	Breeds of Columba livia Gmelin: other Columba spp.; Streptopelia spp.	
PM 0847	Quail, meat	
	Coturnix coturnix L.; Colinus virginianus; Lophotyx californicus;	
	Coturnix japonica L.	
-	Quail, Bobwhite <mark>meat</mark> , see Quail, meat, PM 0847	
	Colinus virginianus	
-	Quail, California <mark>meat</mark>, see Quail, meat, PM 0847	
	Lephotyx californicus	
-	Quail, Japanese, meat see Quail, meat, PM 0847	
	Coturnix japonica L.	
PM XXXX	Rhea, American, meat	
	Rhea americana L.	
PM XXXX	Swan, mute, meat	
	Cygnus olor Gmelin	
PM 0848	Turkey, meat	
	Breeds of <i>Meleagris gallopavo</i> L.	

Poultry Avian fats

Class B

Type 7	<mark>Poultry</mark> A	vian products	Group 037

Poultry Avian fats are derived from the fatty tissues of avian animals. Exposure to pesticides may result from external treatment of animals or poultry houses or through animal metabolism following oral intake of pesticides with feed.

Group Letter Code PF

The entire product may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

The scientific species names of the relevant animals are not repeated for this group of commodities. For these names see Group 036 Poultry Avian meat.

Group 037	<mark>Poultry </mark> Avian fats
Code No.	<u>Commodity</u>
PF 0111	<mark>Group of</mark> avian fats
	(includes all commodities in group 037)
PF 0840	Chicken, fat
PF 0841	Duck, fat
PF 0850	Emu, fat
PF 0842	Goose, fat
PF 0851	Ostrich, fat
PF 0848	Turkey, fat

Poultry Avian, Edible offal of

Class B

Type 7

Poultry Avian products Group 038 **Group Letter Code PO**

Poultry Avian edible offal's are such edible tissues and organs, other than avian meat and avian fat, from slaughtered avian animals as have been passed fit for human consumption. Examples: liver, gizzard, heart, skin etc. In the former Classification of Food and Food Groups in the Guide to Codex Maximum Limits for Pesticide Residues 1978: CAC/PR 1-1978 the name Poultry by-products was used for this group.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism following oral intake of pesticides with feed or may result from external treatment of animals or poultry houses.

The entire product may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole Commodity.

Group 038	P oultry, Avian, Edible offal of
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
PO 0111	Group of avian, Edible offal of
	(includes all commodities in group 038)
PO 0113	Poultry skin
PO 0840	Chicken, edible offal of
PO 0841	Duck, edible offal of
PO 0850	Emu, edible offal of
PO 0842	Goose, edible offal of
PO 0849	Goose, liver
PO 0851	Ostrich, edible offal of
PO 0848	Turkey, edible offal of

Eggs

<u>Class B</u>

Type 7 Poultry Avian products Group 039 Group Letter Code PE

Group 039. Eggs are the fresh edible portion of the body produced by female birds, especially domestic fowl.

The edible portion includes egg yolk and egg white after removal of the shell.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole egg whites and yolks combined after removal of shell.

The scientific species names of the relevant animals are not repeated for this group of commodities. For these names see Group 036 Poultry Avian meats.

Group 039	Eggs
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
PE 0112	Group of eggs
	(includes all commodities in group 039)
PE 0840	Chicken, eggs
PE 0841	Duck, eggs
PE 0850	Emu, eggs
PE 0842	Goose, eggs
PE 0843	Guinea-fowl, eggs
PE 0851	Ostrich, eggs
PE 0847	Quail, eggs
PE XXXX	Rhea, American, eggs
PE 0848	Turkey, eggs

TYPE 8 AQUATIC ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Aquatic animal products re derived from the edible parts of various aquatic animals, usually wild, harvested for food.

Group 040-042 Fish

Group 040-042 Fish are gilled, aquatic vertebrate and/or cartilaginous animals of various zoological families and species, usually wild, as caught and prepared for wholesale and retail distribution. Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism or through water pollution. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, milt and roe are consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed). Whole commodity (in general after removing the digestive tract).

Group 040 Freshwater fish

Class B

Type B Aquatic animal products Group 040 Group Letter Code WF

The freshwater fishes generally remain lifelong, including the spawning period, in fresh water (lakes, ponds, rivers and brooks).

Several species of freshwater fish are domesticated and bred in fish farms. Exposure of the latter species to pesticides is mainly through compounded fish feed and can also be through water pollution.

Six subgroups of freshwater fishes are defined

Subgroup 040A Barbs

Subgroup 040B Carps

Subgroup 040C Catfishes

Subgroup 040D Perches

Subgroup 040E Tilapias

Subgroup 040F Various other freshwater fishes

Group 040	Freshwater fish	
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity	
WF 0115	<mark>Group of</mark> freshwater fish	
	(includes all commodities in group 040)	

Subgroup 040A Barbs

<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WF XXXX	Subgroup of Barbs
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WF 0855	Barbs
	Puntius spp. ;
	syn: Barbus Cuvier spp.
-	Barb, silver see Barbs, WF 0855
	Barbonymus gonionotus Bleeker

Subgroup 040B Carp	S
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WF XXXX	Subgroup of Carps
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WF 0858	Bream
	Abramis brama L.; other Abramis spp.
WF XXXX	Bream, Wuchang
	Megalobrama amblycephala P. L. Yih
WF 0859	Carps
	Cyprinus carpio L. ;
	Ctenopharyngodon idella;
	other spp. of the family Cyprinidae
-	Carp, Chinese, see Carp, WF 0859
-	Carp, Common, see Carps, WF 0859
	Cyprinus carpio L.
-	Carp, Crucian see Carps, WF 0859
	Carassius Carassius
-	Carp, Grass, see Carps, WF 0859
	Ctenopharyngodon Idella
WF 0860	Carp, Indian
	Labeo rohita; L. calbassa;
	Catla catla; Cirrhinus mrigala
-	Carp, Silver see Carps, WF 0859
	Hypophthalmichthys molitrix
WF 0862	Gobies, Freshwater
	Gobio gobio L.;
	syn: G. fluviatilus Agass; other freshwater spp. of the family Gobiidae
-	Rhinofishes, see Carp, Indian, WF 0860
	Labeo spp. among other Labeo rohita
	Lubeo calbassa
WF 0867	Roaches
	Rutilus rutilus L. ;
	syn: <i>Leuciscus rutilus</i> L.; other
	Rutilus (syn: Leuciscus) spp.

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Subgroup 040C Catfishes		
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity	
WF XXXX	Subgroup of Catfishes	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
WF 0861	Catfishes (freshwater)	
	Ictalurus punctatus and other Ictalurus spp. (North America); Bagrus spp. (Africa);	
	Kryptopterus spp. (Asia); Clarias spp. (Africa/Asia); Silurus glanis L. (Europe, USSR);Tandanus tandanus (Australia)	
-	Catfish, Clarias see Catfishes (freshwater), WF 0861	

Clarias spp.

Channel catfish, see Catfishes (freshwater), WF 0861

Ictalurus punctatus

Subgroup 040D	Perches
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WF XXXX	Subgroup of Perches
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WF 0856	Black bass
	Micropterus salmonides;
	Micropterus spp.
WF 0857	Bluegill sunfish (or Bluegill bream)
	Lepomis macrochirus
WF 0869	Cod, Murray
	Maccullochella peeli (Australia)
WF XXXX	Goby, Marble
	Oxyeleotris marmorata Bleeker
WF 0863	Gourami (Asia)
	Osphronemus goramy; Trichogaster pectoralis; Helostoma temmincki
WF 0864	Perch
	Perca fluviatilis L.; P. flavescens; Aspledinotus grunniens
-	Perch, American yellow, see Perch, WF 0864
	Perca flavescens
WF XXXX	Perch, Chinese
	Perca chuatsi Basilewsky
WF XXXX	Perch, Climbing
	Anabas testudineus Bloch
-	Perch, European, see Perch, WF 0864
	Perca fluviatilis L.
WF 0870	Perch, Golden
	Macquaria ambigua (Australia)
-	Perch, White, see Perch, WF 0864
	Aspledinotus grunniens;
	syn: <i>Pomoxis annularis</i> Raf.
WF 0866	Pikeperch
	Sander lucioperca L.;
	syn: Lucioperca sandra Cuv.
WF XXXX	Snakehead, Striped
	Channa striata Bloch
-	White perch, see Perch, WF 0864
-	White crappie, see Perch, WF 0864
-	Zander, see pikeperch, WF 0866

Subgroup 040E	Tilapias
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WF XXXX	Subgroup of Tilapias
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WF 0868	Tilapia <mark>s</mark>
	Oreochromis mossambicus; syn: Sarotherodon mossambicus;
	Tilapia mossambicus.
	Other Oreochromis (Sarotherodon or Tilapia species)
	Tilapia, Blue see Tilapia, WF 0868
	Oreochromis aureus
	Tilapia, Nile see Tilapia, WF 0868
	Oreochromis niloticus
	Mozambique tilapia, see Tilapias, WF 0868
Subgroup 040F	Various other freshwater fishes
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WF XXXX	Subgroup of Various other freshwater fishes
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
	Amur pike, see Pike, WF 0865
	Esox reicherti
	Brown trout, See Trout, WD 0123
	in Group 041, Diadromous fishes
WF XXXX	Eel, Swamp, Asian Monopterus albus Zuiew
	Northern pike, see Pikes, WF 0865
	Esox lucius L.
WF XXXX	Pangasius Pangasius spp.
WF 0865	Pike
	Esox lucius L.; E. reicherti
-	Shark, iridescent see Pangasius, WF XXXX
	Pangasianodon hypophthalmus Sauvage
	Syn: Pangasius hypophthalmus Sauvage

Group 041 Diadromous fish

Class B

Type B Aquatic animal products Group 041 Group Letter Code WD

The diadromous fishes in general migrate from the sea to brackish and/or fresh water and in the opposite direction.

The anadromous species spawn in fresh water (streams, small rivers and brooks) e.g. several salmon species, whereas eels spawn in the ocean. Some species, such as trout, are domesticated and do not migrate. they are bred in fish farms in ponds, mountain streams etc. The latter species especially may be exposed to pesticides through compounded fish feed and also through water pollution.

The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity (in general after removing the digestive tract.

Six subgroups of diadromous fish are defined:	
Subgroup 041A	Atlantic Salmons
Subgroup 041B	Pacific Salmons
Subgroup 041C	Eels
Subgroup 041D	Smelts
Subgroup 041E	Trouts
Subgroup 041F	Various other diadromous fishes
Group 041 Dia	dromous fish
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WD 0120	Group of diadromous fish
	(includes all commodities 041)
Subgroup 041A	Atlantic Salmons
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WD XXXX	Subgroup of Atlantic Salmons
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WD 0893	Salmon, Atlantic
	Salmo salar L.;
	syn: Trutta salar L.
	A tlantic salmon, see Subgroup of Salmon, Atlantic

Subgroup 041B	Pacific Salmons
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WD XXXX	Subgroup of Pacific Salmons
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
-	Cherry salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus masou
-	Chinook salmon, see Subgroup-Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus tschawytscha
-	Chum salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus keta
-	Coho salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus kisutch
-	Keta salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, , WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus keta
-	King salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus tschawytscha
-	Medium red salmon, see Subgroup-Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus kisutch
	Pacific salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
-	Pink salmon, see Subgroup-Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus gorbuscha
	Salmon, Pacific, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific at the beginning of this group
WD 0121	Salmon, Pacific
	according to Codex Stan. 36 and 37, 1981, includes Oncorhynchus gorbuscha;
	O. keta; O. kisutch; O. masou; O. nerka; O. tschawytscha
-	Silver salmon, see Subgroup-Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus kisutch
-	Sockeye Salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus nerka
-	Spring salmon, see Subgroup Salmon, Pacific, WD 0121
	Oncorhynchus tschawytscha

Subgroup 041C	Eels
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WD XXXX	Subgroup of Eels
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WD 0890	Eels
	Anguilla anguilla (L.) ; A. japonica ; A. rostrata ; A. australis ;
	A. reinhardtii
-	Eel, American, see Eels, WD 0890
	Anguilla rostrata
-	Eel, Australian, see Eels, WD 0890
	Anguilla australis ; A. reinhardtii
-	Eel, European, see Eels, WD 0890
	Anguilla anguilla L.
-	Eel, Japanese, see Eels, WD 0890
	Anguilla japonica
Subgroup 041D	Smelts
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WD XXXX	Subgroup of Smelts
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WD 0895	Smelt
	Osmerus eperlanus L.;
	O. mordax; other Osmerus spp.
-	Smelt, European, see Smelt, WD 0895
	Osmerus eperlanus L.
WD XXXX	Smelt, Pond
	Hypomesus olidus Pallas
-	Smelt, Rainbow, see Smelt , WD 0895
	Osmerus mordax

Subgroup 041E	Trouts
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WD XXXX	Subgroup of Trouts
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
-	Arctic char, see Trout, WD 0123
-	Brook trout, see Trout, WD 0123
	Salvelinus sp.
-	Brown trout, see Trout, WD 0123
	Salmo trutta L.;
	syn: Trutta trutta L.
-	Char , see Lake Trout, WD 0123
-	Cutthroat trout, see trout, WD 0123
	Salmo clarki
-	German trout, see Trout, WD 0123
	Salmo trutta L.;
	syn: <i>Trutta trutta</i> L.
-	Lake trout, see Trout, WD 0123
	Savelinus namaycush
-	Rainbow trout, see Trout, WD 0123
	Salmo gairdneri;
	syn: <i>S. irrideus</i> Gibbons
WD 0123	Trout
	Salmo clarki, S. gairdneri; syn: S. irrideus Gibbons;
	S. trutta L.; syn: Trutta trutta L.; Salvelinus namaycush; S. alpinus;
	S. salvelinus L.

Subgroup 041F	Various other diadramous fishes
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WD XXXX	Subgroup of various other diadramous fishes
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
WD 0898	Barramundi
	Lates calcarifer (Australia, Indo-Pacific)
-	Giant sea perch, see Barramundi, WD 0898
WD 0891	Milkfish
	Chanos chanos
WD 0897	Nile perch
	Lates niloticus
WD 0892	Paddle fish
	Polyodon spathula; other species of the family Polyodonthidae
WD XXXX	River lamprey, European
	Lampetra fluviatilis L.
	Sea catfish, see Group 042: Marine fishes
WD 0894	Shad
	Alosa spp.;
	Hilsa spp.
WD 0896	Sturgeon
	Acipencer sturio L.; other spp. of the family Acipenceridae
WD XXXX	Whitefishes
	Coregonus spp.

Group 042 Marine fish

Class B

Type 8 Aquatic animal products Group 042 Group Letter Code WS

The marine fishes generally live in open seas. They are all or nearly all wild species, caught and prepared (often deepfrozen) for wholesale and retail distribution. Exposure to pesticides is mainly through water pollution and animal metabolism.

Especially the fleshy parts of the animals and to a lesser extent roe and milt are consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity (in general, after removing the digestive tract).

Seven subgroups are defined

Subgroup 042A Cod and Cod-like fishes

Subgroup 042B Flat-fishes

Subgroup 042C Mackerel and Mackerel-like fishes

Subgroup 042D Tunas and Bonitos

Subgroup 042E Herring like fishes

Subgroup 042F Sharks

Subgroup 042G Various other Marine fishes

Group 042 Marine fish

Code no.CommodityWS 0125Group of marine fish
(includes of all commodities in group 042)

<u>Code no.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WS 0126	Subgroup of Cod and Cod-like fishes
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 042A)
-	Coalfish, see Pollack, WS 0946
	Pollachius virens L.;
	syn: Gadus virens L.
	see also Subgroup Cod and Cod-like fishes
WS 0927	Cod
	According to Codex Stan. 50-1981 includes
	Gadus morhua L.; syn: G. callarius L.;
	G. ogac Richardson; G. macrocephalus
	see also Subgroup Co and Cod-like fishes
-	Cod, Atlantic, see Cod, WS 0927
	Gadus morhua L.;
	syn: <i>G. callarius</i> L.
-	Cod, Greenland, see Cod, WS 0927
	Gadus ogac Richardson
-	Cod, Pacific, see Cod, WS 0927
	Gadus macrocephalus
WS 0934	Haddock
	Gadus aeglefinus L.;
	syn: Melanogrammus aeglefinus L.
	see also Subgroup Cod and Cod-like fishes
WS 0935	Hakes
	Merlucius merlucius (L.);
	other <i>Merlucius</i> spp.
	see also Subgroup Cod and Cod-like fishes
WS 0946	Pollack
	Polachius polachius L.;
	syn: Gadus polachius L.
	see also Subgroup Cod and Cod-like fishes
WS XXXX	Pollack, Alaska
	Gadus chalcogrammus Pallas
WS 0954	Whiting
	Gadus merlangus L.
	- see also Subgroup Cod and Cod-like fishes
WS XXXX	Whiting, Blue
	Micromesistius poutassou A. Risso

Subgroup 042B Flat-fishes		
<u>Code no.</u>	Commodity	
WS 0127	Subgroup of Flat-fishes	
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 042B)	
-	Brill, see Turbot, WS 0953	
	Scophthalmus rhombus (L.);	
	syn: <i>Rhombus laevis</i> Rondelet	
WS 0929	Dab or Common dab	
	Limanda limanda L.	
	see also Subgroup Flat-fishes	
WS 0932	Flounders	
	Platichthys flesus (L.);	
	syn: Pleuronectus flesus L. ;	
	Atheresthes evermanni; A. stomias;	
	Glyptocephalus cynoglossus L.;	
	Limanda ferruginea	
	<mark>see also Subgroup Flatfishes</mark>	
WS 0936	Halibut	
	Hippoglossus hippoglossus L.;	
	H. stenolepis;	
	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides Walbaum	
	<mark>see also Subgroup Flatfishes</mark>	
-	Halibut, Atlantic, see Halibut, WS 0936	
	Hippoglossus hippoglossus L.	
-	Halibut, Greenland, see Halibut, WS 0936	
	Reinhardtius hippoglossoides Walbaum	
-	Halibut, Pacific, see Halibut, WS 0936	
	Hippoglossus stenolepis	
WS 0945	Plaice	
	Pleuronectus platessa L. ;	
	P. quadrituberculata	
	see also Subgroup Flatfishes	
-	Plaice, Alaska, see Plaice WS 0945	
	Pleuronectus quadrituberculata	
-	Plaice, European, see Plaice WS 0945	
	Pleuronectus platessa L.	
WS 0951	Sole	
	Solea solea L.;	
	syn: <i>S. vulgaris</i> Quensel	
	see also Subgroup Flat fishes	

WS 0953	Turbot
	Scophthalmus maximus L.;
	syn: Rhombus maximus (L.)
	see also Subgroup Flatfishes
<mark>-WS 5041</mark>	Witch flounder, see Flounders WS 0932
	Glyptocephalus cynoglossus L.
WS XXXX	Yellowfin sole
	Limanda aspera Pallas
-	Yellowtail flounder, see Flounders, WS 0932

Limanda ferruginea

Subgroup 042C	Mackerel and Mackerel-like fishes
<u>Code no.</u>	Commodity
WS 0128	Subgroup of Mackerel and Mackerel-like fishes
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 042C)
WS 0129	Subgroup of Mackerel and Jack Mackerel
	According to Codex Stan. 119-1981 includes species of the following families and genera
	Scomber spp.;
	Rastrelliger spp.
	Jack Mackerel: Carangidae;
	Trachurus spp.;
	Decapterus spp.
	For scientific names see individual species
-	Horse mackerel, see Jack Mackerel, WS 0938
	Trachurus spp.; several spp.
	see also Subgroup Mackerel and Jack Mackerel
-	Indian mackerel, see Mackerel, WS 0941
	Rastrelliger kanagurta; other Rastrelliger spp.
WS 0938	Jack mackerel
	According to Codex Stan. 119-1981 Jack Mackerel includes species of the following families a genera:
	Carangidae;
	Trachurus spp.;
	Decapterus spp.
	see also Subgroup Mackerel and Jack Mackerel
WS 0939	King mackerel
	Scomberomorus spp., including S. cavalla;
	S. comerson; S. guttatus
	see also Subgroup Mackerel and Mackerel like fishes
WS 0941	Mackerel
	According to Codex Stan. 119-1981 Mackerel includes species of the following families a genera:
	Scombridae;
	Scomber spp.;
	Rastrelliger spp.
	Such as:
	Scomber, scombrus L.;
	Scomber japonicus; other Scomber spp;
	Rastrelliger kanagurta; R. brachysoma;
	other <i>Rastrelliger</i> spp.
	see also Subgroup
	(b) Mackerel and Mackerel-like fishes

-	Mackerel, Atlantic, see Mackerel, WS 0941
	Scomber Scombrus L.
-	Mackerel, Chub, see Mackerel, WS 0941
	Scomber japonicus
-	Mackerel, Indian, see Mackerel, WS 0941
	Rastrelliger kanagurta
-	Mackerel, Short, see Mackerel, WS 0941
	Rastrelliger brachysoma
-	Scad, see Jack Mackerel, WS 0938
	Decapterus spp.
-	Spanish mackerel, see King mackerel, WS 0939
	Scomberomorus spp.; among others S. maculates;
	Sc. Tritor; Sc. niphonius
-	Seerfish, see King mackerel, WS 0939
	Scomberomorus spp.

Subgroup 042D Tunas and Bonitos	
<u>Code no.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WS 0132	Subgroup of Tunas and Bonitos
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 042D)
-	Albacore , see <mark>Subgroup</mark> -Tuna <mark>and Bonito</mark> , WS 0952
	Thunnus alalunga (Bonnaterre)
-	Bigeye tuna, see Tuna, WS 0952
-	Blackfin tuna, see Tuna, WS 0952
WS 0924	Bonito
	According to Codex Stan. 70-1981 Bonito includes:
	Sarda sarda (Bloch) ; S. chiliensis ; S. orientalis ; S. velox
-	Bonito, Atlantic, see Bonito, WS0924
	Sarda sarda (Bloch)
-	Bonito, Eastern Pacific, see Bonito, WS 0952
	Sarda chiliensis
-	Longtail tuna, see Tuna, Longtail
-	Northern bluefin tuna , see <mark>Subgroup</mark> -Tuna <mark>and Bonito</mark> ,-WS 0952
	Thunnus thynnus L.
	Skipjack tuna, see Tuna, Skipjack
-	Southern bluefin tuna, see Tuna, WS 0952
	Thunnus thynnus maccoyii
	syn: Thunnus maccoyii;
WS 0952	Tuna
	According to Codex Stan. 70-1981 Tuna includes:
	Thunnus alalunga (Bonnaterre);
	Th. Albacares; Th. Atlanticus;
	Th. Obesus; Th. thynnus maccoyii;
	Th. thynnus orientalis;
	Th. thynnus thunnus L.; Th. Tongoll;
	Euthynnus affinus;
	Eu. Alletteratus ; Eu. Lineatus ;
	Eu. pelamis L. ; syn: Katsuwonus pelumis L.
-	Tuna, Bigeye <mark>, see Tuna, WS 0952</mark>
	Thunnus obesus
-	Tuna, Blackfin <mark>, see Tuna, WS 0952</mark>
	Thunnus atlanticus
-	Tuna, Bluefin <mark>, see Tuna, WS 0952</mark>
	Thunnus thynnus L.; Th. Maccoyii

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WS XXXX	Tuna, Bullet
	Auxis rochei Risso
-	Tuna, <mark>Longtail</mark> , see Tuna, WS 0952
	Thunnus Tongoll
-	Tuna, Skipjack <mark>, see Tuna, WS 0952</mark>
	Euthynnus pelamis L. ;
	syn: Katsuwonis pelamis L.
-	Tuna, Yellowfin<mark>,</mark> see Tuna, WS 0952
	Thunnus albacares
-	Yellowfin tuna<mark>,</mark> see Tuna, Yellowfin

Subgroup 042E Herring like fishes		
<u>Code no.</u>	Commodity	
WS XXXX	Subgroup of herring like fishes	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
WS 0920	Anchovies	
	Engraulis encrasicolus (L.) ;	
	E. japonicus; E. mordax ; E. capensis	
	For Argentine anchovy and Peruvian anchovy see Sardines and Sardine-type fishes, WS 0130	
-	European sardine, see Subgroup Sardines and Sardine type fishes	
	Sardina pilchardus (Walbaum) WS 0130	
WS 0937	Herring	
	Clupea harengus L.; C. pallasi; other Clupea spp.	
	N.B. For small fishes of these species see also <mark>Sub-Group</mark> Sardines and	
	Sardine-type fishes	
-	Herring, Atlantic, see Herring WS 0937	
	Clupea harengus L.	
-	Herring, Pacific, see Herring WS 0937	
	Clupea pallasi	
WS 0942	Menhaden	
	Brevoortia spp.	
-	Oil sardine, see Sardines and Sardine type fishes, WS 0130	
	Sardinella spp.	
WS 0130	Sardines and Sardine-type fishes	
	According to Codex Stan. 94-1981 small fishes of the following species:	
	Sardina pilchardus (Walbaum) (European Sardine);	
	Sardinops melanosticta;	
	S. neopilchardus; S. ocellata;	
	S. sagax; S. caerulea (Pilchards);	
	Sardinella aurita Valanciennes; syn: S. anchovia;	
	S. brasiliensis; S. maderensis (Sardinella's or oil-sardines);	
	Clupea harengus L. (Atlantic herring, small fishes);	
	Clupea antipodum ; C. bassensus; C. fuengensis ;	
	Sprattus sprattus phalericus (Risso), Syn: Clupea sprattus L. (Sprat) ;	
	Hyperlophus vittatus;	
	Nematolosa vlaminghi ;	
	Etrumeus microps;	
	Ethmidium maculatus ;	
	Engraulis achoita (Argentine anchovy);	
	E. ringens (Peruvian anchovy)	

-	Sardinella or Oil sardine
	see <mark>Subgroup</mark> -Sardines and Sardine-type fishes, WS 0130
	Sardinella spp.
-	Sardine, European
	see <mark>Subgroup</mark> -Sardines and Sardine-type fishes, WS 0130
	Sardina pilchardus Walbaum
Subgroup 042F Sharl	< <mark>s</mark>
<u>Code no.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WS XXXX	Subgroup of sharks
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
-	Liveroil shark, see Sharks, WS 0131
	Galeorhinus galeus L. ;
	other Galeorhinus spp.
-	Porbeagle, see Sharks, WS 0131
	Lamna nasus (Bonaterre)
WS 0948	Rays
	Spp. of the family Rajidae
-	Requiem shark, see Sharks, WS 0131
	spp. of the family Carcharinidae of the Order of Selachii
WS 0131	Sharks
	Includes:
	Mustelus spp., Squalis spp., Lamna nasus (Bonaterre),
	Galeorhinus spp., and Carcharinidae spp.
	Porbeagle, Requiem sharks, Smooth hounds, Spiny dogfish, Liveroil sharks
-	Shark, blue, see Sharks, WS 0131
	Prionace glauca L.
-	Smooth hounds, see Sharks, WS 0131
	Mustelus spp.
-	Spiny dogfish, see Sharks, WS 0131

Squalis acanthias L.; other Squalis spp.

Subgroup 042G Various other Marine fishes		
<u>Code no.</u>	Commodity	
WS XXXX	Subgroup of various other marine fishes	
	(includes all commidities in this subgroup)	
WS XXXX	Alfonsinos	
	Beryx spp.	
WS 0921	Barracudas	
	Sphyraena spp.	
WS 0922	Bluefish	
	Pomatomus saltatrix	
WS 0923	Bogue	
	Boops boops (L.); syn: Box boops Bonaparte	
WS 0956	Bream, Silver	
	Acanthopagrus australis (Australia)	
WS XXXX	Bream, Gilt-head	
	Sparus aurata L.	
WS 0925	Butterfish	
	Species of the family Stromateidae	
WS 0926	Capelin	
	Mallotus villosus Müller	
WS XXXX	Catfish, Ariid	
	Ariidae <mark>family</mark>	
-	Catfish, Sea, see Wolffish	
WS 0928	Conger or Conger eel	
	Conger conger (L.); C. oceanicus; C. orbignyanus;	
	Astroconger myriaster	
-	Conger, European, see Conger	
	Conger conger (L.) ;	
	syn: <i>C. vulgaris</i> Cuv.	
WS XXXX	Cusk	
	Brosme brosme Ascanius	
WS XXXX	Cusk-eels	
	Ophidiidae family	
WS XXXX	Cutlassfishes	
	Trichiuridae family	
WS XXXX	Dentex	
	Dentex spp.	
WS 0930	Dolphinfish	
	Coryphaena hippurus L.	
-	Dorado, see Dolphinfish WS 0930	

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WS XXXX	Dories, true
	Zeidae family
WS 0931	Drums
	Species of the family Sciaenidae
WS 0933	Garfish
	Belone belone (L.);
	syn: <i>B. acus</i> Risso
WS XXXX	Groupers
	Epinephelus spp.
WS 0940	Ling
	Molva molva L.; M. byrkelange Walbaum;

	Molva molva L.; M. byrkelange Walbaum;
	syn: <i>M. dipterygia; M. elongata</i> Otto
WS XXXX	Monkfishes
	Lophius spp.
WS 0943	Mullets
	(among others Mullet, red; Mullet, striped)
	Mugil cephalus
	Mullus surmeletus L.;
	other spp of the family Mugilidae
WS XXXX	Norway pout
	Trisopterus esmarkii Nilsson
WS 0944	Ocean Perch
	According to Codex Stan. 51-1981 includes
	Sebastus marinus L. ; S. mentella ; S. viviparus Kroyer ; S. alutus ;
	Scorpaena dactyloptera Delaroche ;
	Helicolenus maculatus
WS 0947	Pomfret, Atlantic
	Brama brama;
	syn: <i>B. raii</i> Bloch
WS XXXX	Rabbit fish
	Siganus argenteus Quoy & Gaimard
-	Salema, see Boque WS 0923
	Boops salpa (L.);
	syn: Sarpa salpa L.
WS 0957	Salmon, Threadfin
	Polydactylus sheridani (Australia)
WS XXXX	Salmon-bass
	Argyrosomus regius Asso
WS XXXX	Sandlace, Pacific
	Ammodytes personatus Girard

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WS XXXX	Snappers		
	Lutjanus spp.		
-	Scorpion fishes, see Ocean Perch, WS 0944		
	Scorpaena dactyloptera Delaroche;		
	syn: Helicolenus dactylopterus (Delaroche)		
	other spp. of the family Scorpaenidae		
WS 0949	Sea bass		
	Morone labrax L; syn: Dicentrarchus tabrax (L.);		
	M. saxatilus; other Morone spp.		
WS 0950	Sea bream		
	Pagellus centrodontus (Delaroche);		
	P. erythrinus (L.); other Pagellus spp.		
-	Sea catfish, see Wolffish, WS 0955		
	Anarichas spp.		
WS XXXX	Swordfish		
	Xiphias gladius L.		
-	Tailor (Australia), see Bluefish, WS 0922		
WS XXXX	Threadfins		
Polyne	Polynemidae(family)		
WS 0955	Wolffish		
	Anarhichas lupus L.;		
	A. minor Olafsson		
WS XXXX	Yellow croaker		
	Larimichthys polyactis Bleeker		

Fish roe (including milt = soft roe) and edible offal of fish

Class B

Type 8 Aquatic animal products Group 043

Group Letter Code WR for the roe

Group Letter Code WL for liver and other edible fish offal

Fish roes are the edible reproductive bodies of several species of fish. Of some of these only the "hard roe", the female reproductive body, is used whereas both the "hard" and "soft" roe (milt) of other species is marketed.

The term roe used in the commodity description includes if relevant both types of roe.

The liver of some species is used as such for human consumption or for production of liver oils (e.g. cod liver oil).

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

See for scientific species or family names and subgroup description Group 040-042. The relevant group is indicated after the commodity name with (f) freshwater fishes, (d) diadromous fishes and (m) marine fishes.

Group 043 is divided in two subgroups:

Subgroup 043A	Fish roe (including milt= soft roe)
Subgroup 043B	Edible offal of fish
Group 043	Fish roe (including milt = soft roe) and edible offal of fish
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WR 0140	Group of Fish roe (including milt= soft roe) and edible offal of fish
	(includes all commodities in group 043)
Subgroup 043A	Fish roe (including milt= soft roe)
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WR XXXX	Subgroup of Fish roe (including milt= soft roe)
	(includes all commodities in group 043A)
WR 0121	Salmon roe, Pacific (d)
WR 0131	
WR 0922	Bluefish, roe (m)
WR 0927	Cod, roe (m)
WR 0930	Dolphinfish, roe (m)
WR 0932	Flounder, roe (m)
WR 0937	Herring, roe (m)
WR XXXX	Lumpfish, roe (m)
WR 0941	Mackerel, roe (m)
WR 0943	Mullet, roe (m)
WR 0893	Salmon roe, Atlantic (d)
WR 0894	Shad, roe (d)
WR 0896	Sturgeon, roe (d)
WL 0927	

Subgroup 043B	Edible offal of fish
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WL XXXX	Subgroup of edi
	(includes all con
WL 0927	Cod, liver (m)
WL XXXX	Fish, skin
WL XXXX	Fish, swim blad

WL 0131 Shark, liver (m)

Marine mammals

Class B

Type 8

Aquatic animal products Group 044 **Group Letter Code WM**

Several sea mammals are caught on a large scale. The meat of various species is used as food or feed in some areas of the world. The blubber (=whale or seal fat) fat and train oil (oil derived from whale fat) is used after processing as raw material in food or feed manufacture; the sperm oil, as well as the spermaceti (a waxy substance from the head of sperm whales) is mainly used in cosmetics and some other industrial products.

The meat and other product originating from various species of marine mammals are still consumed in some areas of the world. However, the hunting of sea mammals is considered controversial and a ban on commercial whaling is recognized by a majority of countries around the world.

Exposure to pesticides is by consumption of contaminated prey or through water pollution.

The entire commodity except the bones and other inedible parts may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as marketed, without bones. For fat-soluble pesticides a portion of the fat is analysed and MRLs apply to the fat.

Two subgroup are defined

Subgroup 044A Marine mammalian meat

Subgroup 044B Fat of marine mammals, unprocessed

Group 044	Marine mammalian products	
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>	
WM 0141	<mark>Group of</mark> Marine mammalian products	
	(includes all commodities in group 044)	

Subgroup 044A Marine mammalian meat

<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WM XXXX	Subgroup of Marine mammalian meat
	(includes all commodities in group 044A)
WM 0142	Fat of Dolphins, Seals and Whales, unprocessed
WM 0970	Dolphins
	spp. of the family Dolphinidae
-	Dolphin, Bottlenose, see Dolphins, , WM 0970
	Tursiops truncatus (Mont.)
-	Dolphin, Humpback, see Dolphins, WM 0970
-	Dolphin, Spinner, see Dolphins, WM 0970
	Stenella longirostris
-	Porpoise, see Whales, WM 0972
	Phocaena phocaena
-	Sea-lions, see Seals, WM 0971
	Otaria spp.; Eumetopius spp.;
	Zalophus spp. (all Pacific Ocean)
WM 0971	Seals
	spp. of the families Otariidae, Phocidae and Trichechidae.
	syn: Odobenidae
-	Seal, Common, see Seals, WM 0971
	Phoca vitulina

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-	Seals, Eared, see Seals, WM 0971
	Otariidae spp.
-	Seals, Earless, see Seals, WM 0971
	Phocidae spp.
-	Seals, Fur, see Seals, WM 0971
	Arctocephalus pusillus (South Africa);
	A. australis (South America, Australia);
	Callorhinus ursinus (North Atlantic)
-	Seal, Grey, see Seals, WM 0971
	Halichoerus grypus (North Atlantic)
-	Seal, Harp, see Seals WM 0971
	Pagophillus groenlandicus (North Atlantic)
-	Seal, Hooded, see Seals, WM 0971
	<i>Cystophora cristata</i> (North Atlantic)
-	Seal, Ringed, see Seals, WM 0971
	Phoca hispida (North Atlantic)
WM 0972	Whales
	spp. of the zoological order of the Cetacae
-	Whales, Baleen, see Whales WM 0972
	spp. of the family Balaenopteridae (Sub-order Mystacoceti)
-	Whale, Blue, see Whales, WM 0972
	Balaenoptera musculus
-	Whale, False killer, see Whales, WM 0972
	Pseudorca crassidens
-	Whale, Fin, see Whales, WM 0972
	Balaenoptera physalus
-	Whale, Humpback, see whales, WM 0972
	Megaptera novacangliae
-	Whale, Killer, see Whales, WM 0972
	Orcinus orca
-	Whale, Minke, see Whales, WM 0972
	Balaenoptera acutorostrata
-	Whale, Sei, see Whales, WM 0972
	Balaenoptera borealis
-	Whale, Short-finned pilot, see Whales, WM 0972
	Globicephala macrorhynchus
-	Whale, Sperm, see Whales, WM 0972
	Physeter catodon
-	Whales, Toothed, see Whales, WM 0972
	spp. of the families Physeteridae, Ziphiidae and Orcinus orca (family Delphinidae)

Subgroup 044B Fat of marine mammals	
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
WM XXXX	Subgroup of fat of marine mammals, unprocessed
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 044B)
WM XXXX	Dolphins, fat unprocessed
WM XXXX	Seals, fat unprocessed
WM XXXX	Whales, fat unprocessed

Crustaceans

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<u>Class B</u>

Type 8 Aquatic animal products Group 045 Group Letter Code WC

Crustaceans are aquatic animals of various species, wild or cultivated, which have an inedible chitinous outer shell.

A small number of species live in fresh water, but most of species live in brackish water and/or in the sea.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism or water pollution.

Crustaceans are prepared for wholesale or retail distribution at a "raw" stage, often still live, "raw" and deep-frozen, or cooked directly after catching and deep-frozen. Shrimps or prawns may also be parboiled and thereafter deep-frozen.

Although the cooked or parboiled crustaceans should be regarded as processed foods, the animals of this group are primarily classified in the Chapter on Primary food commodities, type 8: Aquatic animal products, since several crustaceans are also marketed in a "raw" form, i.e. not exposed to temperatures sufficiently high to coagulate the protein at the surface. A short reference to processed Crustaceans is given at type 17: Derived edible products of animal origin, Group 084 Crustaceans, processed.

The entire commodity except the shell may be consumed: the "raw" commodities, in general, after cooking.

<u>Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed)</u>: Whole commodity (especially with the small sized species) or the meat without the outer shell, as prepared for wholesale and retail distribution.

Group 045	Crustaceans
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
WC 0143	<mark>Group of</mark> Crustaceans
	(includes all commodities of group 045)
WC XXXX	Barnacles
	Cirripedia subclass
WC 0146	Crabs
	According to Codex Stan. 90-1981
	edible species of the sub-order <i>Brachyura</i> of the order of the <i>Decapoda</i> and the species of the family <i>Lithodidae</i> (= King Crabs), <i>Scylla</i> spp. (Mud Crabs)
	Freshwater crabs, see crabs, WO 0146
	Sub-order <i>Brachyura</i>
-	Crab, Blue, see crabs, WO 0146
	Callinectes sapidus Rathbun
-	Crab, Edible, see crabs, WO 0146
	Cancer pagurus L.
-	Crab, Tanner, see crabs, WO 0146
	Chionoecetes spp.
WC 0976	Freshwater crayfishes
	Astacus spp. (Europe);
	Procambarus spp. (USA);
	Eustacus spp. (Australia)
WC 0144	Freshwater crustaceans
	Astacus spp. (Europe),
	Procambarus spp. (USA);
	Macrobrachium spp. (Asia, Australia, South and Middle America);
	species of the family Palaemonidae

WC 0977	Freshwater shrimps or prawns, see note 2
	Palaemon spp.; Macrobrachium spp.; Cherax spp.
-	Langouste, see Spiny Lobster
WC 0978	Lobsters
	According to Codex Stan. 95-1981 include
	Homarus spp., family of Nephropsidae and spp. of the families Palinuridae and Scyllaridae, i.e., Spiny lobsters and Slipper lobsters
-	Lobster, American, see Lobsters, WC 0978
	Homarus americanus
-	Lobster, European, see Lobsters, WC 0978
	Homarus gammarus L.;
	syn: Cancer gammarus L.
-	Lobster, Norway, see Lobsters, WC 0978
	Nephrops norvegicus L.;
	syn: Cancer norvegicus L. see also note 1
WC 0145	Marine crustaceans
	All species mentioned in this group, except those recorded as Freshwater Crustaceans
-	Prawns, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
-	Prawn, Banana, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus merguiensis (Australia, Indo-Pacific)
-	Prawn, Brown tiger, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus esculentus (Australia)
-	Prawn, Caramote, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus kerathurus Forskal (Mediterranean)
-	Prawn, Common, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Palaemon serratus Pennant (Europe, Mediterranean)
-	Prawn, Eastern king, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus plebejus (Australia, Indo-Pacific)
-	Prawn, Endeavour, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus endeavouri (Australia)
-	Prawn, Giant tiger, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus monodon (Australia, Indo-Pacific)
-	Prawn, Green tiger, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus semisulcatus (Indo-Pacific)
-	Prawn, Japanese king, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus japonicus (Asia)
-	Prawn, Kuruma, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
-	Prawn, Northern, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus borealis (Northern Atlantic)
-	Prawn, Western king, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus latisulcatus (Australia, Indo-Pacific)
-	Rock lobster, see Lobsters, WC 0978
	Jasus spp. (family Palinuridae)

WC 0979	Shrimps or Prawns, see note 2
	According to Codex Stan. 37-1981 and 92-1981 include spp. of the families Crangonidae
	Palaemonidae, see note 3, Pandalidae and Penaidae
-	Shrimp, Common, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Crangon crangon L. ;
	syn: C. vulgaris Fabr. (Europe, Mediterranean)
-	Shrimp, Deepwater rose, see Shrimps or Prawns, , WC 0979
	Parapenaeus longirostris Lucas (Atlantic)
-	Shrimp, Metapenaeus, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Metapenaeus spp.
-	Shrimp, Northern brown, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus aztecus (USA)
-	Shrimp, Northern pink, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus notialis;
	syn: P. duorarum (USA, West Africa)
-	Shrimp, Northern white, see Shrimps or Prawns, WC 0979
	Penaeus sertiferus (USA)
-	Shrimp, white, see Shrimps or Prawns , WC 0979
	Penaeus vannamei Boone
-	Slipper Lobster, see Lobsters, WC 0978
	spp. of the family Scyllaridae
-	Spiny Lobster, see Lobsters, WC 0978
	Palinurus vulgaris Latreille, other Palinurus spp.
WC XXXX	Squat Lobster
	Cervimunida spp.

- <u>Note 1</u>: In some countries, species such as the Norway lobster (*Nephrops norvegicus* L.) are included in the commodity "Prawns" with some qualifying designation, such as Dublin Bay Prawn or Prawn of Bantry Bay (both Ireland). The Codex Stan. 92-1981 on Quick Frozen Shrimps and Prawns does not prevent this practice, provided that the designation on the label ensures that the consumer will not be misled.
- **Note 2:** There is no clear-cut distinction between Shrimps and Prawns. In several countries the commodity name Shrimps is used for the small species whereas the slightly larger ones are called Prawns. However, a species marked in certain regions of the world as "Prawn" may be called in the local English language in other areas a shrimp and visa versa, e.g., *Pandalus borcalis* is called Northern prawn or Deepwater prawn in the United Kingdom and the same species is named Pink shrimp in Canada. In Australia only the name Prawn is used for animals included in this commodity.
- **Note 3:** Not including the freshwater species of the *Palaemonidae*.

TYPE 9 AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES

Frogs, lizards, snakes and turtles

Class B

Type 9 Amphibians and reptiles Group 048 Group Letter Code AR

Frog, lizard, snake, crocodile and turtle products are the edible parts from various animal species of the zoological classes Amphibia and Reptilia, usually wild, harvested for food. Some frog species are cultivated in a few European and Asian countries and to a small extent in the USA and marked in the form of deep-frozen frog legs. The wild species are marketed in the same manner.

A few turtle species are raised from eggs or hatchlings in some tropical countries, especially the Green Turtle.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism.

The entire product, except the bones and the bony or horny outer shell (turtles), may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as marketed without bones or the outer shell.

Five subgroups are defined

• •	
Subgroup 048A	Crocodiles
Subgroup 048B	Frogs
Subgroup 048C	Lizards
Subgroup 048D	Snakes
Subgroup 048E	Turtles
Group 048	Frogs, lizards, snakes and turtles-Amphibians and reptile
Code No.	<u>Commodity</u>
AR 0148	Group of Amphibians and reptiles
	(includes all commodities in group 048)
Subgroup 048A Crocodiles	
Code No.	Commodity
0000 1101	<u>Commodity</u>

AR XXXX Subgroup of Crocodiles

(includes all commodities in subgroup 048A)

Crocodylus spp.

Subgroup 048B Frogs

<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
AR 0990	Subgroup of Frogs
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 048B)
	Rana spp.; especially Rana catesbeiana;
	R. esculenta L. ; R. dactyla Lesson ; R. ridibunda Pall.; R. tigrina
	other spp. of the family Ranidae
-	Bullfrog, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana catesbeiana; R. tigrina
-	Bullfrog, Indian, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana tigrina
-	Frog, Agile, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana dalmatina Bonap.
-	Frog, Common, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana temporaria L.
-	Frog, Edible, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana esculenta L.
-	Frog, Marsh, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana ridibunda Pall.
-	Frog, Pool, see Subgroup of Frogs, AR 0990
	Rana lessonae Camer
Subgroup 048C Lizar	ds

Code No. Commodity AR 0991 Subgroup of Lizards (includes all commodities in subgroup 048C)

Species of the zoological <mark>sub</mark>order *Lacertilia*

Subgroup 048D Snakes	
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
AR 0992	Subgroup of Snakes
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 048D)
	Several spp. of the zoological order <mark>clade</mark> Ophidia
Subgroup 048E	Turtles
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
AR 0993	Subgroup of Turtles
	(includes all commodities in subgroup 048E)
	Species of the zoological order <i>Chelonia-<mark>Testudines</mark></i>
-	Turtle, Green, see Subgroup of Turtles, AR 0993
	Chelone midas L.;
	syn: <i>Ch. viridis</i> Schneid.
-	Turtle, Hawksbill, see Subgroup of Turtles, AR 0993
	Eretmochelys imbricata
-	Turtle, Loggerhead, see Subgroup of Turtles, AR 0993
	Caretta caretta L.;
	syn: Thalassochelys caretta L.
<mark>AR 0149</mark>	Reptiles
	Lizards, snakes, turtles

TYPE 10 INVERTEBRATE ANIMALS

Invertebrate animals are cold-blooded animals without a vertebral column, or spine. Invertebrate animals can live on land or in water.

Molluscs (including cephalopods) and other invertebrate animals

Molluscs and various other invertebrate animals

Class B

Type 10 Invertebrate animals Group 049 Group Letter Code IM

Molluscs are aquatic or land animals of various species, wild or cultivated, which have an inedible outer or inner shell.

The edible aquatic Molluscs live mainly in brackish water or in the sea; several species are cultivated. A few edible species of land snails are cultivated.

Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism: the aquatic species also through water contamination.

The entire commodity except the outer or inner shell may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity after removal of shell.

Four subgroups are	edefined:
Subgroup 049A	Bivalves
Subgroup 049B	Cephalopods
Subgroup 049C	Snails and slugs
Subgroup 049D	Various other invertebrate animals
Group 049	Molluscs and various other invertebrate animals
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
IM 0150	Group of Molluscs and various other invertebrate animals
	(includes all commodities in group 049)
<mark>IM 0151</mark>	Subgroup of Marine bivalve molluscs
	Clams, Cockles, Mussels, Oysters, Scallops
I M 0152	Subgroup of Cephalopods
	Cuttlefishes, Octopuses, Squids

Subgroup 049A Bivalves		
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity	
IM XXXX	Subgroup of bivalves	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup	
IM 1000	Clams	
	Species of the families	
	Arcidae; Mactridae; Veneridae	
-	Clam, ark, see Clams IM 1000	
	Species of the Arcidae family	
IM XXXX	Clam, razor	
	Solen marginatus T. Pennant	
IM 1001	Cockles	
	Cardium edule L.; other Cardium spp.	
-	Cockle, Common, see Cockles IM 1001	
	Cardium edule L	
IM 1003	Mussels	
	Mytilus edulis L. (Europe);	
	M. galloprovincialis Lam. (Mediterranean);	
	M. smaragdinus (Asia); other Mytilus spp.	
IM 1004	Oysters (including Cupped oysters)	
	Ostrea edulis L.; other Ostrea spp.; Crassostrea angulata Lam.;	
	syn: Gryphaea angulata Lam.; Crassostrea gigas;	
	C. virginica; other Crassostrea spp.	
-	Oyster, American cupped, see Oysters IM 1004	
	Crassostrea virginica (American)	
-	Oyster, European, see Oysters IM 1004	
	Ostrea edulis L.	
-	Oyster, Pacific cupped, see Oysters IM 1004	
	Crassostrea gigas (Asia, Canada)	
-	Oyster, Portuguese cupped, see Oysters IM 1004	
	Crassostrea angulata Lam.;	
	syn: Gryphaea angulata Lam. (S.W. Europe)	
-	Oyster, Sydney rock, see Oysters (including Cupped Oysters) IM 1004	
	Crassostrea commercalis (Australia)	

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IM 1005	Scallops
	Pecten spp.; Placopecten spp.;
	Argopecten sp.
-	Scallop, Australian, see Scallops IM 1005
	Pecten meridionalis (Australia)
-	Scallop, Bay, see Scallops IM 1005
	Argopecten irradians (N. America)
-	Scallop, Giant pacific, see Scallops IM 1005
	Pecten caurinus (America)
-	Scallop, Great, see Scallops IM 1005
	Pecten maximus (L.) (W. Europe, Mediterranean)
-	Scallop, New Zealand, see Scallops IM 1005
	Pecten novaezealandiae (New Zealand)
-	Scallop, Queen, see Scallops IM 1005
	Pecten opercularis (L.);
	syn: Chlamys opercularis L. (W. Europe)
-	Scallop, Sea, see Scallops IM 1005

Placopecten magellanicus (N. America)

Subgroup 049B Cephalopods		
Code No. Commodity		
IM 0152	Subgroup of Cephalopods	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
IM 1002	Cuttlefishes	
	Sepia officinalis L.; S. elegans d'Orbigny; other Sepia spp.;	
	Sepiola atlantica d'Orbigny; S. rondeleti Leach	
-	Cuttlefish, Common, see Cuttlefishes IM 1002	
	Sepia officinalis L.	
-	Little cuttle, see Cuttlefishes IM 1002	
	Sepiola atlantica d'Orbigny; S. rondeleti Leach	
IM XXXX	Octopuses	
	Octopus vulgaris Lam.;	
	Eledone cirrhosa Lam.;	
	E. moschata Lam.	
-	Octopus, Common, see Octopuses IM XXXX	
	Octopus vulgaris Lam.	
-	Octopus, Curled, see Octopuses IM XXXX	
	Eledone cirrhosa Lam.	
-	Octopus, Musky, see Octopuses IM XXXX	
	Eledone moschata Lam.	
IM 1008	Squids	
	Loligo forbesi Steensrup;	
	L. vulgaris Lam.; other Loligo spp.	
	Allotheuthis subulata lam;	
	Ommastrephes sagittatus Lam.;	
	syn: Todarodes sagittatus Lam.; T. pacificus;	
	Illex illecebrosus, other Illex spp.	
IM 1009	Squid, Common, see Squids IM 1008	
	Loligo forbesi Steenstrup	
-	Squid, European flying, see Squids IM 1008	
	Ommastrephes sagittatus Lam. ;	
	syn: Todarodes sagittatus Lam. (Europe)	
-	Squid, Japanese flying, see Squids IM 1008	
	Todarodes pacificus (Asia)	
-	Squid, Short-finned, see Squids IM 1008	
	Illex illecebrosus	

Subgroup 049C	Snails and slugs
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
IM XXXX	Subgroup of Snails and slugs
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
IM XXXX	Abalone
	Haliotis asinine L.
-	Giant snail, see Snails, edible (Africa, Asia) IM 1007
	Achatina fulica fer.; A. achatina; Archachatina spp.
IM XXXX	Limpets
	Patellidae family
IM 1007	Snails, edible
	Helix spp.; Achatina spp.
-	Snail, Garden, see Snails, edible IM 1007
	Helix aspersa Müller
-	Snail, Giant, see Snails, edible IM 1007
	Achatina fulica Fer.; A. achatina
-	Snail, Roman, see Snails, edible IM 1007
	Helix pomatia L.
Subgroup 049D	Various other invertebrate animals
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
IM XXXX	Subgroup of Various other invertebrate animals
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
-	Beche-de-mer, see Sea-cucumbers IM 1010
IM XXXX	Earthworms
	Eisenia fetida Savigny
IM 1010	Sea-cucumbers
	species of the zoological Order of the Holothuroidea
IM 1006	Sea urchins
	Species of the zoological Order of the <i>Echinoidea</i>
IM XXXX	Squirts, Sea
	Ascidiacea class species

Insects and spiders

Class B

Type 10

Invertebrate animals Group 0XX Group Letter Code IN

Insects are wild-harvested, semi-domesticated or farmed. Several stages of the insects and spiders can be consumed: eggs, caterpillars, puppets and adults. Exposure to pesticides is through animal metabolism

Edible insects and spiders are rich in protein (dry matter), dietary fibre and beneficial fatty acids.

Insects have a exoskeleton made of chitin. The insect body consists of three parts; the head, thorax and abdomen, and insects contain three pairs of jointed legs, compound eyes and one pair of antennae.

Spiders have an exoskeleton. Their body is organized into two tagmata, called the prosoma, or cephalothorax, and the opisthosoma, or abdomen. Almost all adult arachnids have eight legs, however, mites are variable: as well as eight, there are adult mites with six or even four legs

The entire commodity may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

Subgroup OXXA	Spiders (Arachnida)	
Subgroup OXXB	Insects (Insecta)	
Group 0XX	Insects and spiders	
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>	
IN XXXX	Group of insects and spiders	
	(includes all commodities in group 0XX)	
Subgroup OXXA	Arachnida	
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>	
IN XXXX	Subgroup of arachnida	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
IN XXXX	Spiders	
	Organisms belonging to the order of Araneae	
IN XXXX	Ticks	
	Organism belonging to the order of Ixodida	

Subgroup 0XXB	Insecta
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>
IN XXXX	Subgroup of insects (insecta)
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
IN XXXX	Beetles and weevils
	Organisms belonging to the order of Coleoptera
IN XXXX	Butterflies and moths
	Organisms belonging to the order of Lepidoptera
IN XXXX	Caddisflies
	Organisms belonging to the order of Trichoptera
IN XXXX	Dictyoptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Dictyoptera
IN XXXX	Diptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Diptera
IN XXXX	Earwigs
	Organisms belonging to the order of Dermaptera
IN XXXX	Ephemeroptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Ephemeroptera
IN XXXX	Hemiptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Hemiptera
IN XXXX	Hymenoptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Hymenoptera
IN XXXX	Lice
	Organisms belonging to the order of Phthiraptera
IN XXXX	Megaloptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Megaloptera
IN XXXX	Odonata
	Organisms belonging to the order of Odonata
IN XXXX	Orthoptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Orthoptera
IN XXXX	Phasmida
	Organisms belonging to the order of Phasmida
IN XXXX	Plecoptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Plecoptera
IN XXXX	Psocoptera
	Organisms belonging to the order of Psocoptera
IN XXXX	Termites
	Organisms belonging to the order of Isoptera

TYPE xx

MISCELLANEOUS PRIMARY FOOD COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

Miscellaneous commodities are those commodities which do not meet the criteria for crop grouping. These criteria include (1) commodity's similar potential for pesticide residues, (2) similar morphology, (3) similar production practices, growth habits, etc., (4) edible portion, (5) similar GAP for pesticides uses, (6) similar residue behavior, and (7) to provide flexibility for setting subgroup tolerances. Due to the heterogeneous nature of miscellaneous commodities, no representative commodity will be established for miscellaneous groups.

Portion of commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

Class B

Туре хх	Miscellaneous	Group 0xx	Group Letter Code MU
Group 0xx	Miscellaneous primary	<mark>food commodit</mark>	ies of animal origin
MU XXXX	Honey		
	the nectar of plants or f on the living parts of pla	from secretions of ants, which the b	y is the natural sweet substance produced by honey bees from of living parts of plants or excretions of plant sucking insects pees collect, transform by combining with specific substances and leave in the honey comb to ripen and mature.
MU XXXX	Honeycomb		
MU XXXX	Pollen, bee		
	alternative name bee bi	<mark>read</mark>	
MU XXXX	Propolis		
	alternative name bee gl	lue	
MU XXXX	Royal jelly		

CLASS E PROCESSED FOODS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

BACKGROUND

Revisions to Class E are highlighted in yellow and are based on the discussion in the eWG and comments received from the CL.

CLASS E PROCESSED FOODS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

Definition, see Class D.

TYPE 16 SECONDARY FOOD COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

The term "secondary food commodity" means a "primary food commodity" which has undergone simple processing, such as removal of certain portions, drying, and comminution, which do not basically alter the composition or identity of the commodity.

Secondary food commodities may be processed further, or used as ingredients in the manufacture of food, or sold directly to the consumer.

This type of processed food includes groups of processed primary food commodities of animal origin which have undergone simple processing, such as processed mammalian meat and poultry meat, fishes and other aquatic animals, e.g. dried meat, dried fish.

Dried meat and dried fish products

Class E

Type 16 Secondary food commodities of animal origin

Group 080 Group Letter Code MD

Group 080. Dried meat and dried fish products, includes natural or artificial dried meat products and dried fishes, mainly marine fishes. Most of the dried fishes are naturally dried (wind and sun). For convenience other marine animals, whether or not fishes or Crustaceans, are classified in this group.

The entire commodity may be consumed, either as such or after processing (e.g. dried fish).

Portion of commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

other

This Gro	up is divided into 3 subgroups:
080A	Dried meat (from mammals other than marine mammals)
080B	Dried fish
080C	Echinoderms
Group 0	80 Dried meat and fish products
Subgrou	p 080A Dried Meat (from mammals other than marine mammals)
<u>Code No</u>	<u>.</u> <u>Commodity</u>
MD 0095	5 Subgroup of dried meat (from mammals other than marine mammals)
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)
<mark>MD 018(</mark>) Dried fish
MD XXX)	Bovine meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of bovine)
MD XXX)	Camelid meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030B (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of camelid)
MD XXX)	Caprine meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030C (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of caprine)
MD 0812	2 Cattle meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
MD XXX)	Cervine meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030D (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of cervine)
MD XXX)	Equine meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030E (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of equine)
<mark>MD 081</mark> 4	Goat meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
MD 0816	5 Horse meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
MD XXX)	Ovine meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030F (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of ovine)
MD 0818	Pig meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
MD XXX)	Swine meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030G (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of swine)
MD XXX)	Various other Mammalian meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
	(see subgroup 030H (Code MM <mark>XXXX</mark>) for species included in the group of various (mammalian meats)

Subgroup 080B Dried fish		
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>	
MD XXXX	Subgroup of dried fish	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
MD 0120	Diadromous fish, dried	
MD 0127	Flat-fishes, dried	
	(see Group 042, Subgroup 0127)	
MD 0125	Marine fish, dried	
MD 0126	Stockfish (= dried Cod and Cod-like fishes)	
	(see Group 042, Subgroup WS 0126)	
MD 0927	Cod, dried	
MD 0929	Dab or Common dab, dried	
MD 0935	Hakes, dried	
MD 0936	Halibut, dried	
MD 0940	Ling, dried	
MD XXXX	Fresh water fish, dried and smoked	
Subgroup 080C Echinoderms		
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>	
MD XXXX	Subgroup of echinoderms	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
MD 5297	Beche-de-mer, dried, see Sea-cucumbers, dried	
MD 1010	Sea cucumber, dried	

<u>Class E</u>	
Type 16	Secondary food commodities of animal origin
	Group 081 Group Letter Code AD
Group 081. Avian	products, includes natural or artificial dried meat products and products from eggs.
The entire commo	odity may be consumed, either as such or after processing (e.g. egg yolk in pastry).
	dity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesa
or retail distributi	
Group 081	Avian Products
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
AD XXXX	Subgroup of Avian egg products
AD XXXX	Chicken egg, pasteurized liquid egg yolk
AD XXXX	Chicken egg, pasteurized liquid egg white
AD XXXX	Chicken egg, pasteurized scrambled egg
AD 0840	Chicken egg, powder
AD 0841	Chicken egg, white
AD 0842	Chicken egg, white, dried
AD 0843	Chicken egg, yolk
AD 0844	Chicken egg, yolk, dried
AD XXXX	Subgroup of Avian meat products
AD 0845	Chicken meat, dried (including dried and smoked)
AD 0848	Turkey meat, dried (including dried and smoked)

Secondary milk products

<u>Class E</u>

Type 16Secondary Food Commodities of animal originGroup 082Group Letter Code LS

Group 082, secondary milk products, includes milk products which have undergone simple processing such as removal or part removal of certain ingredients e.g. water, milk fat etc. The group and the commodities therein will only be used for pesticides which are not partitioned exclusively or nearly exclusively into the milk fat.

The recommended system for expressing the MRLs for the fat-soluble pesticides in milk and milk products is explained in the introduction to CAC/Vol. XIII-Ed. 2.

The group includes among others the following commodities as defined in the relevant Codex Standards, see CAC/Vol. XVI-Ed.1 (1984). The reference no. of the standard is indicated between brackets.

Milk powders (whole, skimmed and partly skimmed) (Standard A-5 1971); evaporated milks (whole, skimmed) (Standard A-3 1971); skimmed milk.

Specific commodities will be listed in this group with their code nos. according as the necessity for this arises.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

TYPE 17 DERIVED EDIBLE PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

The term "Derived edible products" means foods or edible substances isolated from primary food commodities or raw agricultural commodities not intended for human consumption as such, using physical, biological and chemical processes.

This type includes processed (rendered or extracted, possibly refined and/or clarified) fats from mammals, including aquatic mammals, poultry and aquatic organisms such as fishes.

Crustaceans, processed

<u>Class E</u>

Type 17 Derived edible products of animal origin

Group 084 Group Letter Code SC

Group 084, Crustaceans, processed. Crustaceans are processed to a large extent before entering the national or international trade channels.

Crabs, lobsters and shrimps or prawns are in general cooked directly after catching. Thereafter either the animals are deep-frozen with or without shell, or the meat without shell is canned, with or without a packing medium. The latter may consist of water, salt, lemon juice and sugars.

Shrimps or prawns may also be "parboiled" and thereafter deep-frozen.

According to the relevant Codex Standards, namely 92-1981, and 95-1981 "cooked" means heated for a period of time such that the thermal centre reaches a temperature adequate to coagulate the protein and "parboiled" means heated for a period of such time that the surface of the product reaches a temperature adequate to coagulate the protein at the surface but inadequate to coagulate the protein at the thermal centre.

The cooked commodities are in general subjected to deep-freezing directly after cooking or the cooking is part of the canning process.

The designation cooked after the commodity may include any of the processes mentioned except the parboiled and deep-frozen shrimps or prawns.

The entire commodity except the shell may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity (especially with the small sized species) or the cooked meat without shell as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

For commodity description and scientific family or species names see Group 045, Crustaceans.

Group 084	Crustaceans, processed
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity
SC 0143	Crustaceans, cooked
SC 0144	Freshwater crustaceans, cooked
SC 0145	Marine crustaceans, cooked
SC 0146	Crabmeat, cooked
SC 0976	Freshwater crayfishes, cooked
SC 0977	Freshwater shrimps or prawns, cooked
SC 0978	Lobsters (including Lobster meat), cooked
SC 0979	Shrimps or Prawns, cooked
SC 1220	Shrimps or Prawns, parboiled

Animal fats, processed

<u>Class E</u>

Type 17 Derived edible products of animal origin

Group 085 Group Letter Code FA

The group 085, processed animal fats, includes rendered or extracted (possibly refined and/or clarified) fats from land and aquatic mammals and poultry and fats and oils derived from fishes.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

This Group is divided into 4 subgroups:		
085A Fats from mammals (other than marine mammals)		
085B Fats from Marine mammals		
085C Fats from Avian species		
085D Fats from Fish species		
Group 085 Animal fats, processed		
Subgroup 085A Fats f	rom mammals other than marine mammals	
<u>Code No.</u>	<u>Commodity</u>	
FA XXXX	Subgroup of fats from mammals (other than marine mammals)	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
FA XXXX	Bovine tallow	
	(see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of bovine)	
FA 0810	Buffalo tallow	
	Bubalis bubalis L.;	
	Syncerus caffer Sparrman	
	Bison bison L.	
FA 0811	Camel tallow	
	Camelus bactrianus L. ; C. dromedarius L.;	
	Lama glama L.; L. pacos L.	
FA 0812	Cattle tallow (including processed suet)	
	Bos taurus L.;	
	see further Group 037, no. MM 0812	
FA XXXX	Cervine tallow	
	(see subgroup 030D (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of cervine)	
FA XXXX	Equine tallow	
	(see subgroup 030E (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of equine)	
FA 0814	Goat tallow	
	Capra hircus L.; other Capra spp.	
FA 0816	Horse tallow	
	Equus caballus L.	
FA 0818	Lard (of pigs)	
	among others Sus domesticus Erxleben; other Sus spp. and ssp.	
FA 0822	Sheep tallow	
	Ovis aries L.; other Ovis spp.	

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FA XXXX	Swine tallow	
	(see subgroup 030G (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of swine)	
FA XXXX	Various other mammalian meats tallow	
	(see subgroup 030H (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of various otl mammalian meats)	<mark>าer</mark>
Subgroup 085B Fate	s from marine mammals	
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity	
FA XXXX	Subgroup of fats from marine mammals	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
FA 0972	Whales, Blubber of, processed	
FA 0142	Processed Fat (Blubber), of Whales, Dolphins and Seals	
Subgroup 085C Fats	s from Avian species	
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity	
FA XXXX	Subgroup of fats from avian species	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	
FA 0111	Poultry fats, processed	
FA 0840	Chicken fat, processed	
	Gallus gallus L.; other Gallus spp.	
FA 0841	Duck fat, processed	
	Anas platyrhynchos L.; other Anas spp.	
FA 0842	Goose fat, processed	
	Anser anser L.; other Anser spp.	
FA 0848	Turkey fat, processed	
	Meleagris gallopavo L.	
Subgroup 085D Fat	s from Fish species	
<u>Code No.</u>	Commodity	
FA XXXX	Subgroup of fats from fish species	
	(includes all commodities in this subgroup)	

FA 0125 Fish, oil

Milk fats

<u>Class E</u>

Type 17 Derived edible products of animal origin

Group 086 Group Letter Code FM

Group 086. Milk fats are the fatty ingredients derived from the milk of various mammals.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

Group 086	Milk fats
Code No.	Commodity
FM 0183	Milk fats
	(from milk of Buffalo, Camel, Cattle, Goat or Sheep)
FM XXXX	Bovine milk fat
	(see subgroup 030A (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of bovine)
FM 0810	Buffalo milk fat
	Bubalis bubalis L.;
	Syncerus caffer Sparrman; Bison bison L.
FM 0811	Camel milk fat
	Camelus bactrianus L. ; C. dromedarius L.;
	Lama glama L.; L. pacos L.
FM 0812	Cattle milk fat
	Bos taurus L.; see further Group 037 no. MM 0812
FM XXXX	Cervine milk fat
	(see subgroup 030D (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of cervine)
FM XXXX	Equine milk fat
	(see subgroup 030E (Code MM XXXX) for species included in the group of equine)
FM 0814	Goat milk fat
	Capra hircus L.; other Capra spp.
FM 0822	Sheep milk fat
	Ovis aries L.; other Ovis spp.

Derived milk products

<u>Class E</u>

Type 17 Derived edible products of Animal Origin

Group 087 Group Letter Code LD

Group 087: Derived milk products, includes food or edible substances isolated from the primary food commodity cattle milk, or milks from other mammals, using physical, biological and chemical processes. This group and the commodities therein will only be used if necessary for pesticides which are not partitioned exclusively or nearly exclusively into the milk fat. For further explanation, see Group 082.

This group include among others the following food commodities, as defined in the relevant Codex Standards, see CAC/Vol. XXI, Ed-1 (1984): Butter, whey butter, both in Standard A-1 (1971): Butteroil, anhydrous butteroil, both in Standard A-2 (1973): Cream, Standard A-9 (1976): Cream powders (half cream, high fat), Standard A-10 (1971): Edible acid casein, Standard A-12 (1976): Edible caseinates, Standard A-13 (1976).

Specific commodities will be listed in this group with their code nos. according as the necessity for this arises.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity.

TYPE 18 MANUFACTURED FOOD (SINGLE-INGREDIENT) OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

The term "single ingredient manufactured food" means a processed food which consists of one identifiable food ingredient, with or without packing medium or minor ingredients such as flavouring agents, spices and condiments, and which is normally pre-packaged and ready for consumption, with or without cooking.

Manufactured milk products (single ingredient)

<u>Class E</u>

Type 18 Manufactured Food (single ingredient) of animal origin

Group 090 Group Letter Code LI

Group 090 and the commodities therein will only be used, if the necessity arises, for pesticides which are not partitioned exclusively or nearly exclusively into the milk fat. For further explanation see Group 082.

This group include among others the following food commodities, as defined in the relevant Codex Standards (indicated between brackets): Yoghurt (Codex Standard A-11(a) 1975): Cheeses, individually named (Codex Standard A-6 1978 and Standard C-1 (1966-1978).

Specific commodities will be listed in this group with their code nos. according as the necessity for this arises.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

TYPE 19 MANUFACTURED FOOD (MULTI-INGREDIENT) OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

The term "multi-ingredient manufactured food" means a processed food consisting of more than one major ingredient.

A multi-ingredient food consisting of ingredients of both animal and plant origin will be included in this type if the ingredient(s) of animal origin is (are) predominant.

Manufactured milk products (multi-ingredient)

<u>Class E</u>

Type 19 Manufactured food (multi-ingredient) of animal origin

Group 092 Group Letter Code LM

Group 092 and the commodities therein will only be used in the classification if necessary for pesticides which are not partitioned exclusively or nearly exclusively into the milk fat. For further explanation see Group 082.

This group includes among others the following commodities, as defined in the relevant Codex Standards, see CAC/Vol XVI, Ed-1 (1984): Processed Cheese products, Codex Standard A-8(a) and A-8(b) (1978): Processed Cheese preparations, Standard A-8(c) (1978): Flavoured yoghurt, Standard A-11(b) (1976): Sweetened condensed milk, Standard A-4 (1971).

Specific commodities will be listed in this group with their code nos. according as the necessity for this arises.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution.

AGENDA ITEM 7(d)

COORDINATION OF WORK BETWEEN CCPR and CCRVDF:

Class B – Primary food commodities of animal origin

Harmonization of meat mammalian maximum residue limits between CCPR and CCRVDF: Harmonized Definition for Edible Offal and other edible animal tissues

Background

This CRD needs to be read in conjunction with CL 2022/36-PR and CX/PR 22/53/9. In those documents the background of the discussions in previous CCPR-meetings and the discussions in the Electronical Working Groups can be found.

In CX/PR 22/53/9 two definitions for edible offal were presented:

1. <u>Definition for Edible Offal</u> as agreed by CCRVDF25 and recommended for adoption by CCPR53:

• Edible offal: Those parts of an animal, apart from the skeletal muscle, fat and attached skin, that are considered fit for human consumption.

2. <u>Definition for Edible Offal</u> as proposed by Germany based on information and considerations provided in Appendix II for consideration by CCPR53:

• Edible offal: Those parts of an animal, apart from the skeletal muscle and adhering fat tissues, that are considered fit for human consumption.

Additionally, the following definitions were presented:

3. <u>Definition for "meats"</u> as proposed by Germany:

- "Meats are the muscular tissues, including adhering fatty tissues such as intramuscular, intermuscular and subcutaneous fat from animal carcases or cuts of these as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution in a "fresh" or frozen state."
- 4. <u>Definition for 'meat, fat and muscle'</u> as proposed by the JECFA/JMPR Working Group:
 - Meat: The edible part of any mammal.
 - Fat: The lipid-based tissue that is trimmable from an animal carcass or cuts from an animal carcass. It may include subcutaneous, omental or perirenal fat. It does not include interstitial or intramuscular carcass fat or milk fat.
 - **Muscle**: Muscle is the skeletal tissue of an animal carcass or cuts of these tissues from an animal carcass that contains interstitial and intramuscular fat. The muscular tissue may also include bone, connective tissue, tendons as well as nerves and lymph nodes in natural portions. It does not include edible offal or trimmable fat.

In CL 2022/36-PR Codex members and observers were invited to submit comments on the definitions and express their preferences. In this document the comments received on the CL 2022/36-PR are summarized.

COMMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVED ON CL 2022/34-PR

Comments on CL 2022/34-PR were received from: Canada, Chile, Colombia, Egypt, European Union, Iran, Kenya, Philippines, Thailand.

Philippines, European Union, Kenya, Thailand, Chile, and Kenya expressed support for edible offal definition as agreed by CCRVDF25 and recommended for adoption by CCPR53. The EU noted that the revised definition of edible offal, which excludes the skin attached to fat, is in line with the current definition for poultry meat and fish meat, but not for meat from mammals other than marine mammals.

Canada, Egypt and Iran expressed support for edible offal definition as proposed by Germany.

Kenya expressed support for definitions for fat, meat and muscle as proposed by JECFA/JMPR.

Thailand expressed a wish to align the definitions for edible animal tissues between CCPR and CCRVDF and noted that the chosen definition should not confuse readers and give mutual understanding, in particular where commodities contain attached skin as well as where there is connection between this term and the definition of edible offal. In relation to the revision of Classification of Foods and Animal Feeds (CXM 4-1989), terms appearing in list of commodities should be the same as the harmonized definitions to avoid confusion. The existing Codex classification and Codex MRLs which are clearly divided into MRL for muscle, fat and edible offal should be remained.

Recommendation

Continue the discussion on the best suitable definitions during the pre-meeting about the Revision of the Classification of Food and Feed and try to reach a consensus to present in CCPR53.