## FAO's approach to science-based evidence for monitoring capture fishery sector ...



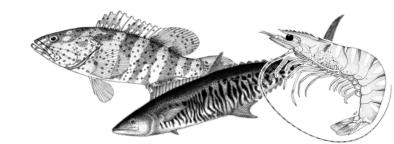
... and how FAO can support RECOFI and its Member countries

With contributions from colleagues from FIAS :

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FAO Fisheries Statistics and Information Branch







- 1. Sector needs to data, statistics and information
- 2. Fishery statistics
  - Monitoring schemes— Global, regional, RECOFI Minimum Data Requirement (MDR)
- Information on status and trends of fisheries
  - The Fisheries and Resources Monitoring System (FIRMS)
- 4. Issues and gaps in RECOFI, and how FAO can support
  - RECOFI MDR
  - FIRMS

### Fisheries Management

### Monitoring

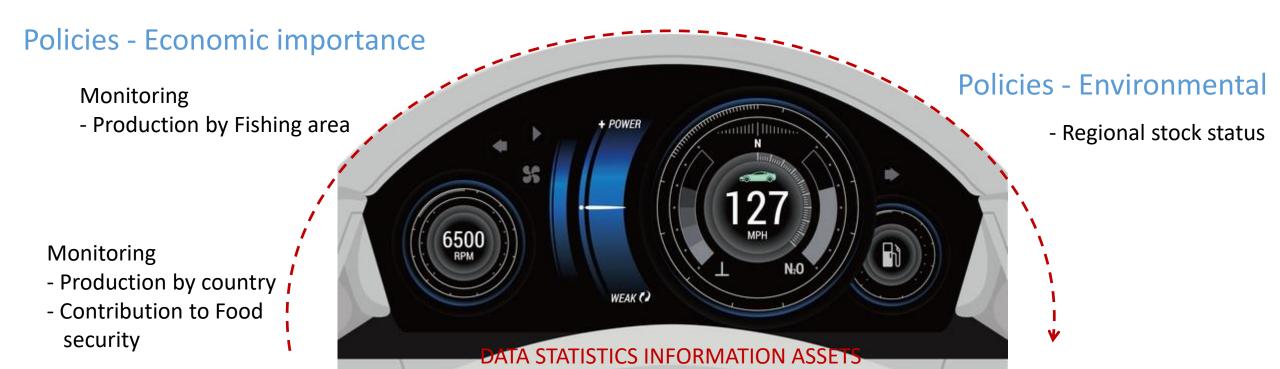
- fishing activity
- socio-economics and livelihoods benefits

### Status of fishery resources

### Monitoring

- Health of Fishery resources

- Individual stocks



### Fisheries Management

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- fishing activity
- socio-economics and livelihoods benefits

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### Policies - Economic importance

### Monitoring

- Production by Fishing area

### Monitoring

- Production by country
- Contribution to Food security

### Policies - Environmental

- Regional stock status

DATA STATISTICS INFORMATION ASSETS

### Monitoring

- fishing activity
- socio-economics and livelihoods benefits

Monitoring

- Health of Fishery resources

- Individual stocks

### Policies - Economic importance Monitoring - Production by Fishing area - Regional stock status - Regional (Statlant) Monitoring Capture - Production by country **Production** - Global - Contribution to Food statistics security

DATA STATISTICS INFORMATION ASSETS



### Capture statistics – Reporting by Member States to FAO

### **GLOBAL**

### **Questionnaire: FishSTAT-FI-NS**

(FAO Global Capture production questionnaire)



### once a year by:

- Country / territory
- Species item (Name, Scientific name, 3-Alpha code)
- FAO Major Fishing Area

Published: In global capture production dataset through Online Query Panels, FishStatJ and FAO Yearbook Fisheries and Aquaculture Statistics – Once a year

### **REGIONAL**

### **Questionnaire: FAO Statlant 51**

#### questionnaire

	FISHSTAT 51A	FORM FOR REPORTING STATISTICS ON CATCHES IN WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN FORMULAIRE POUR LA DÉCLARATION DES STATISTIQUES DES CAPTURES DANS L'OCÉAN INDIEN OUEST FORMULARIO PARA INFORMACIÓN ESTADÍSTICA DE CAPTURAS EN EL OCÉANO INDICO OCCIDENTAL										
YEAR ANNÉE AÑO 20	COUNTRY PAYS PAÍS	Toute la pêche	All commercial, industrial and subsistence fisheries Toute la pêche commerciale, industrielle et de subsistence Toda la pesca comercial, industrial y de subsistencia				Tonnes Tonnes Toneladas					
3-alpha code code código	Species items Catégories d'espèces Partidas de especies	TOTAL AREA 51	Subarea Not known Inconnue Desconocida	Subarea 51.1.0 Red Sea	Subarea 51.2.0 Persian Gulf	Division 51.3.1 Oman Sea		Subarea 51.4.0 Eastern Arabian Sea, Laccadives		Subarea 51.6.0 Madagascar & Mozambique Channel	Subarea 51.7.0 Oceanic	Subarea 51.8.0 Mozambique

### once a year by:

- Country / territory
- Species item (Name, Scientific name, 3-Alpha code)
- Sub-areas: RECOFI statistical division

Published: as RECOFI capture production dataset in Online Query Panels and FishStatJ— Once a year

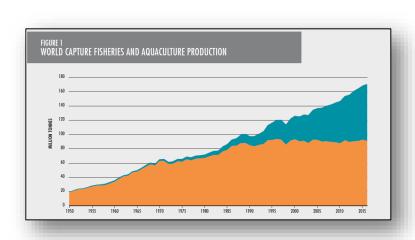


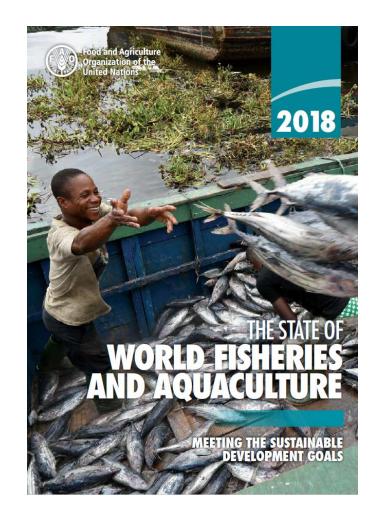
### Supporting trends analysis for national, regional and global policies



SOFIA 2018 highlights the critical importance of fisheries and aquaculture for the FOOD, NUTRITION AND EMPLOYMENT of millions of people, many of whom struggle to maintain reasonable livelihoods.







### Fisheries Management

### Monitoring

- fishing activity
- socio-economics and livelihoods benefits

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# Monitoring - Production by Fishing area - Regional (Statlant) - Production by country - Production by country - Contribution to Food security - DATA STATISTICS INFORMATION ASSETS

### Fisheries Management

### Monitoring

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# Monitoring - Production by Fishing area RECOFI MDR Catch & Effort statistics Monitoring - Production by country - Contribution to Food security Policies - Environmental - Regional stock status RECOFI MDR Catch & Effort statistics

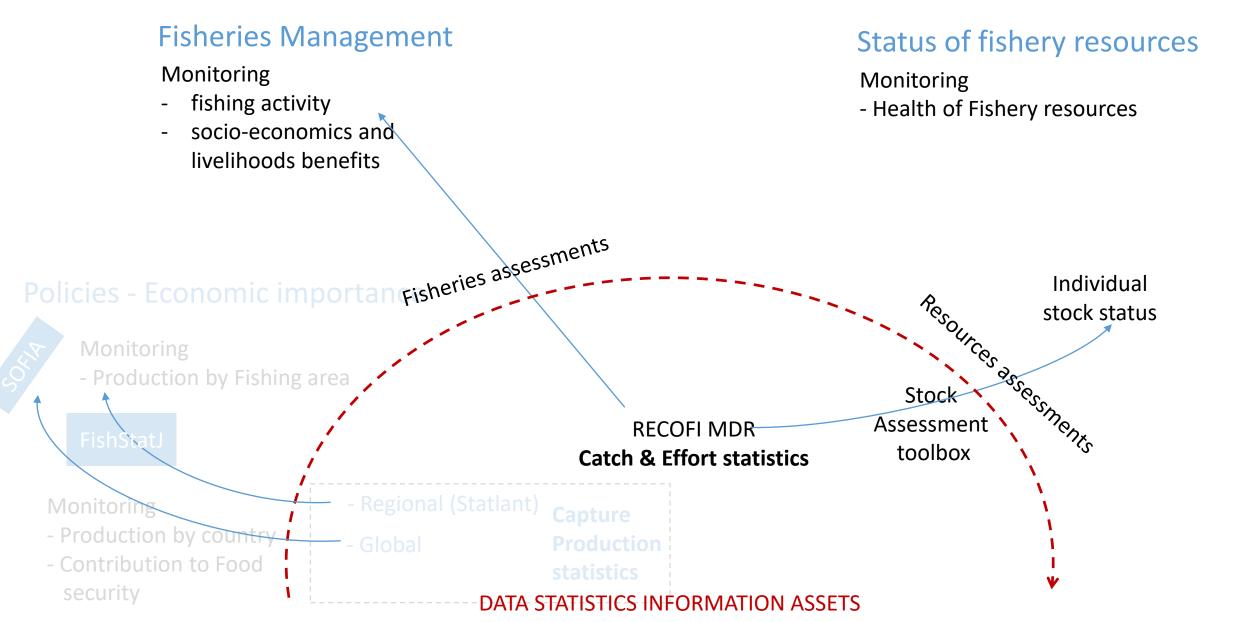
### Fishery statistics – RECOFI MDR

- The RECOFI Recommendation on Minimum Data Reporting (MDR)
  - established to support pragmatic management scheme based on EAF
  - with principles of adaptive management procedures.
- RECOFI 2009 Workshop on Stock Indicators and Stock Status Reporting (Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran, 26–29 July 2009)
  - reviewed data and statistics availability in the region and stock status reporting
  - recognized the lack of information commonly accessible through the region.
  - three key issues identified:
    - i) the impact of shrimp trawls,
    - ii) status of general finfish resources, signified with emperors and groupers, biologically vulnerable component
    - iii) status of priority species
- RECOFI 6, in 2011 (Rome, Italy, 10-12 May 2011)
  - endorsed Recommendation RECOFI/6/2011/1, entitled: "Recommendation on minimum data reporting in the RECOFI area". (RECOFI MDR)



### Fishery statistics and information – RECOFI MDR

	Shrimp Trawl			illnets, Wire-traps, Hook- and-line	Wire-traps		
Fleet capacity	2-a-ii	Number of vessels by types and size categories					
	2-a-iii	Average tow duration by vessel type/ category	3-a	Number of days at sea	4-a-iii	Catch, effort and fork length composition of targeted gears	
Fishing Effort		Average number of tows per day by vessel type/ category		Alternative annual efforts			
		Total number of days at sea by vessel type/ category					
	2-a-iv	Catch of shrimp	3-b	Total catch	4-a-i	Annual catch	
Catch		Catch of narrow-barred Spanish mackerel		Catch of narrow-barred Spanish mackerel		Monthly catch	
		Catch of swimming crab, cuttlefish, emperors, groupers, sharks, and rays		Catch of emperors, groupers, sharks, and rays			
		Catch of other finfishes					
	5-a	Shrimp species composition					
Ecosystem	2-a-v	Amount of discards	5-b	Species composition of discards			
	2-a-vi	Species composition of bycatch and discard		Amount of discards	4-a-ii	Fork length composition	
	2-a-i	Opening/closing dates					
Management	2-b	BRD related information					
	4-b Relevant information on narrow-barred Spanish mackerel						



### Fisheries Management

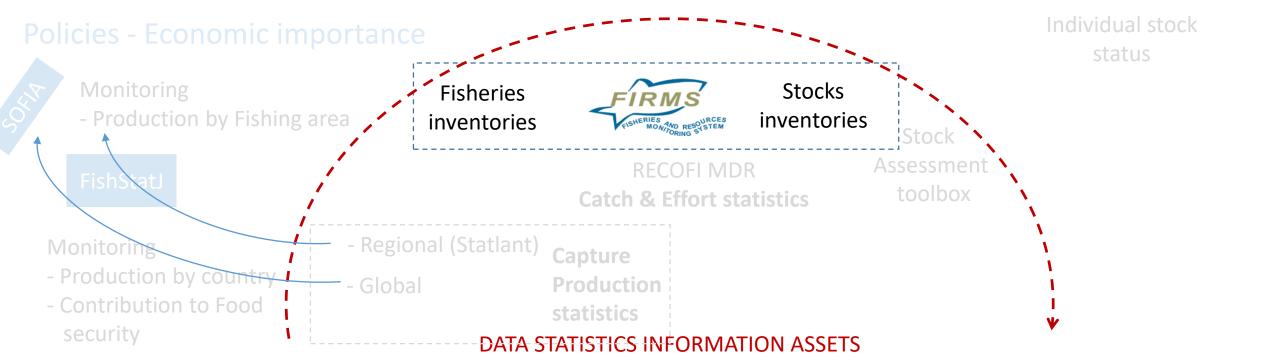
### Monitoring

- fishing activity
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# Fisheries and Resources Monitoring System (FIRMS)

Founded in 2004, 15 years of experience...

FIRMS aims to facilitate access
to high-quality information on the status and trends of marine
resources and fisheries

for decision makers and other relevant stakeholders to develop effective fisheries policies and management plans

16 intergovernmental organizations / 21 RFBs.



RECOFI as FAO associated Member (Commission 7, 2013)



























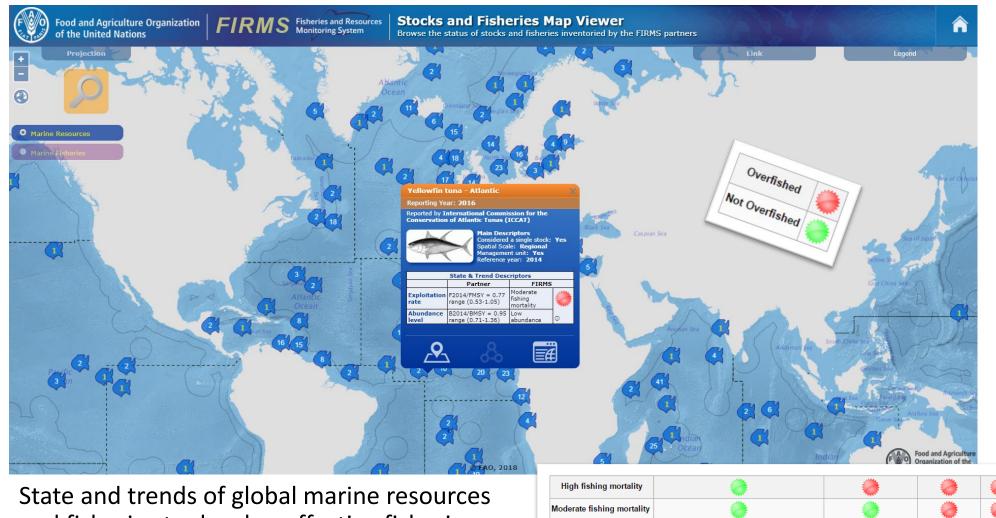












read for easy access to high quality information for the development/enhancem ent of fisheries policies and management plans at national and regional levels.

State and trends of global marine resources and fisheries to develop effective fisheries policies and management plans

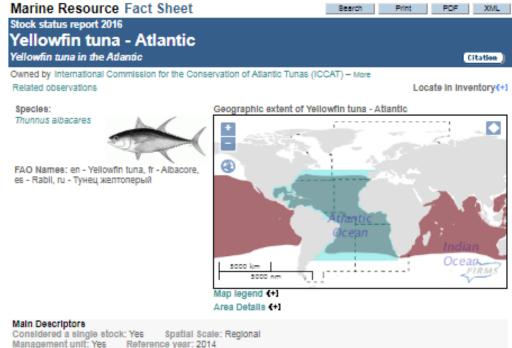
No or low fishing mortality

Pre-exploitation biomass or high abundance Intermediate abundance Low abundance Depleted









Biological State and Trend

State & Trend Descriptors									
Partner FIRMS									
Exploitation rate	F2014/FMSY = 0.77 range (0.53-1.05)	Moderate fishing mortality	-						
Abundance level	B2014/BMSY = 0.95 range (0.71-1.36)	Low abundance	ō						

Structure - Exploitation - Assessment - Management - Biological State and Trend - Source of Information

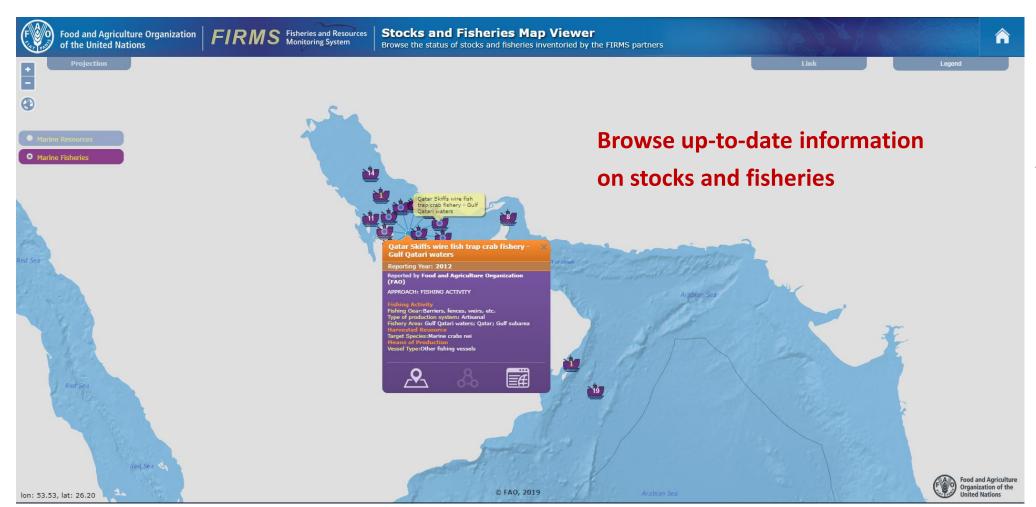
Water Area Overview - History - Habitat and Biology - Geographical Distribution - Resource

#### History

A stock assessment for yellowfin tuna was conducted in 2016, at which time catch and effort data through 2014 were available. The catch table presented in this Executive Summary has been updated to include reported catches through 2015, including revisions to Ghanalan catches for the period 1973-2014 that have been incorporated since the last assessment. The revisions to Ghanalan yellowfin tuna catches for 2015 are still pending review by the SCRS. Readers

read for easy access to high quality information for the development/enhancem ent of fisheries policies and management plans at national and regional levels.





### At regional level:

RECOFI-FIRMS is providing the first experience/opportunity of a web-based information sharing system on fisheries among RECOFI countries.

http://firms.fao.org/firms/stocks-fisheries-map-viewer

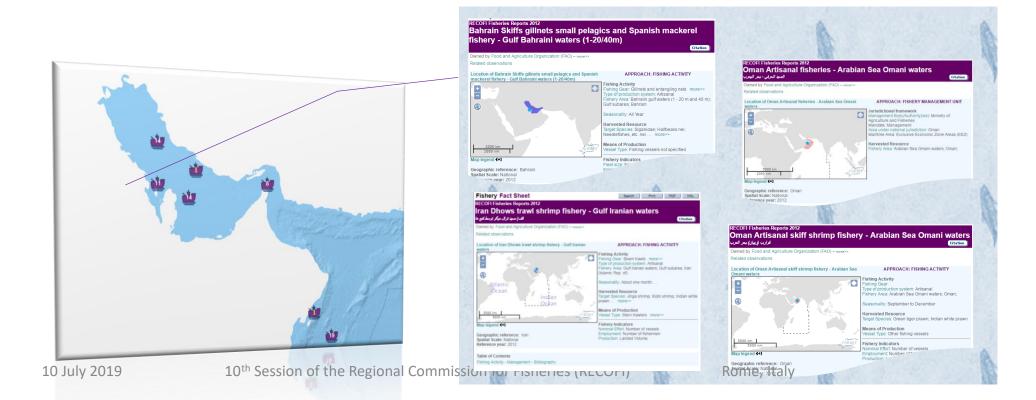


### Assessment of RECOFI-FIRMS reporting status

### 68 published fisheries status reports

Source: FIRMS-RECOFI workshop held in Cairo on July 2009

- The fact sheets, with reporting year = 2012, were produced by **Bahrain** (11), **Iran** (15), **Oman** (28) and **Qatar** (14).
- 37 more estimated from 2011 workshop from Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and UAE



### FIRMS and RECOFI MDR

Indicators/topics	RECOFI Minimum data requirements	FIRMS inventory
Priority species data	٧	
Nb Vessel / type / size (for shrimp trawler fisheries)	٧	٧
Catch & Effort / priority species – sp. group / country & EEZ / GearType / [ Fishing unit]	٧	٧
Discard data, Seasonal data	٧	٧
Vessel and gear information	٧	٧
Management Measures	٧	٧
other socio-economic	٧	V
Stock status and Scientific Advices		V

FIRMS inventories,

if properly articulated with the RECOFI MDR database,

can provide a powerful analytical and reporting structure in support to resource assessments and fishery management.

10 July 2019



## Fact sheet

security

### Fisheries Management

### Monitoring

- fishing activity
- socio-economics and livelihoods benefits

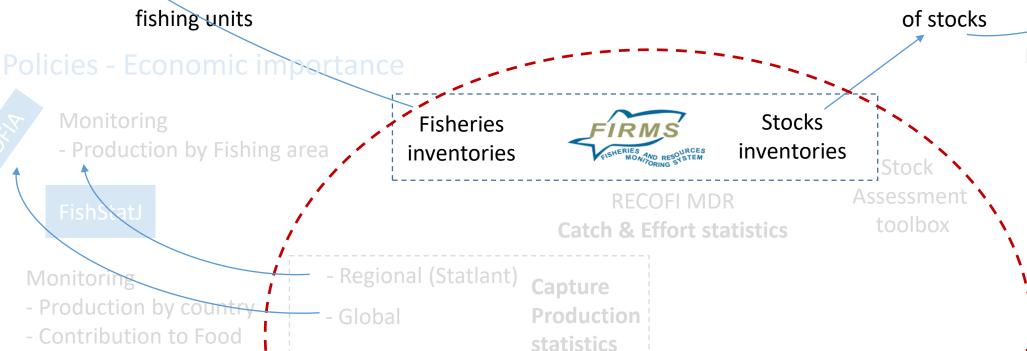
Reference list

### Status of fishery resources

**Monitoring** 

- Health of Fishery resources

Reference list



DATA STATISTICS INFORMATION ASSETS

Individual stock status

Fact

sheet

### ... and how FAO can support

- Discrepancies in reported total
- Multiple reporting:
  - redundancies?
  - Consistency across databases?
  - Doesn't reporting burden undermine some of these data sets?

- No agreed upon Data submission formats
- No functional regional database
- No capacity to disseminate and exchange

### Issues and gaps in RECOFI - MDR

### Multiple reporting:

Indicators/topics	FAO Global	FAO RECOFI Regional	RECODI Minimum data requirements
Capture / all species / country / FAO statistical areas	٧		
Capture / all species / country / FAO statistical sub-areas		٧	
Priority species data			٧
Catch & Effort / priority species – groups / country & EEZ / GearType / [			٧
Discard data, Seasonal catch data			V

- redundancies?
- Consistency across databases?
- Doesn't reporting burden undermine some of these data sets?

### Issues and gaps in RECOFI - MDR

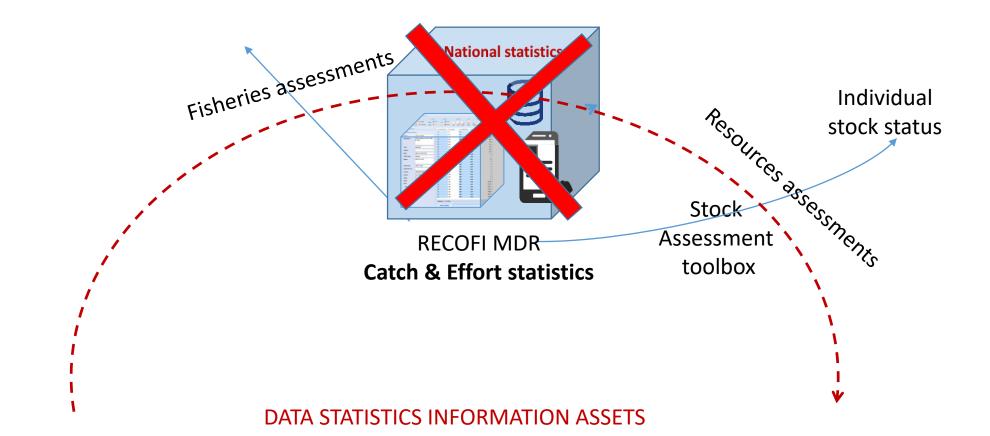
### Discrepancies in reported total

### Coverage in Catch amount [Min Data reporting]/[Regional Capture production DB]

	Bahrain	Iraq	Iran	Oman	Qatar	Saudi Arabia
Total catch	100%	38%	54%	99%	132%	92%
Shrimp	100%	100%	89%	97%	n.a.	85%
Kingfishes	100%	-	93%	105%	126%	67%
Groupers	100%	-	82%	84%	121%	119%
Emperors	100%	-	76%	327%	366%	122%

### Issues and gaps in RECOFI - MDR

No agreed upon Data submission formats No functional regional database No capacity to disseminate and exchange





### ... How can FAO support

 CWP - FAO body in charge of setting fishery statistical standard Best practices for streamlined data flows
 CWP Reference Harmonization Standard for:



- → Capture production, Catch, Catch and Effort
- Regional standards Technical support to the development of regional
   Data Collection Reference Framework GFCM, WECAFC experiences
- FAO can make available the infrastructure for a Regional Database



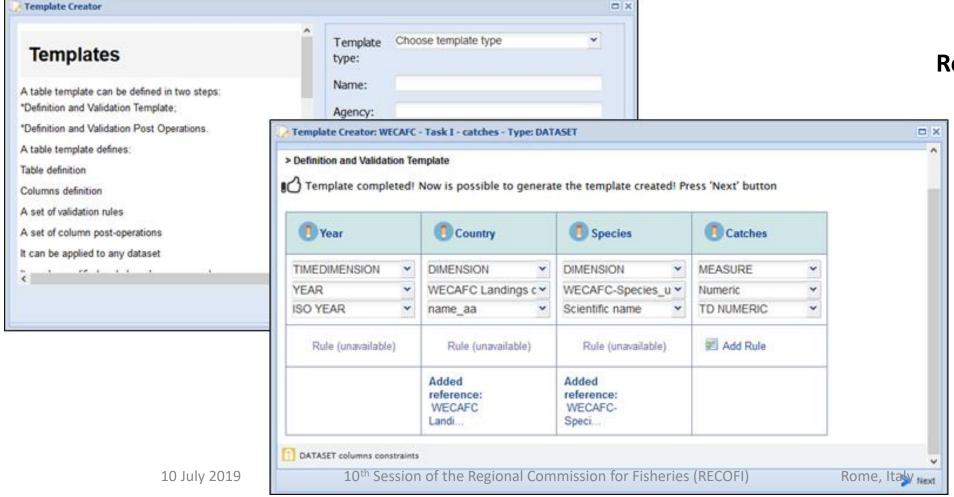


FAO provides capacity building for statistical data collection and national information systems



### FAO can make available the infrastructure for a Regional Database

- a series of tools developed to support reporting and publication



### Regional data manager

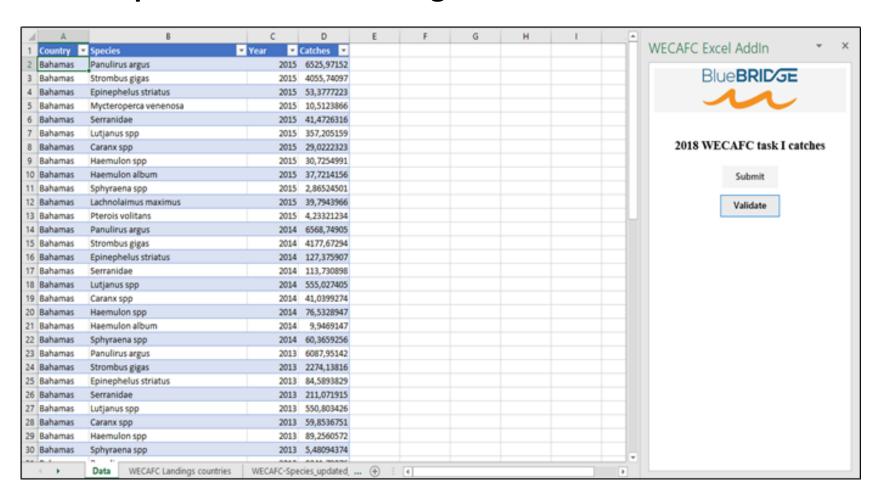
- 1- Creates a template according to the agreed format (Commission recommendations, Species Working group templates)
- 2- Creates the data call or collection



Rome, Italy

### FAO can make available the infrastructure for a Regional Database

- simple to use data exchange formats



### National data manager

- Uses the Excel plugin to upload, validate and publish data in the Regional Database for the selected call



### FAO can make available the infrastructure for a Regional Database

- Publishing data

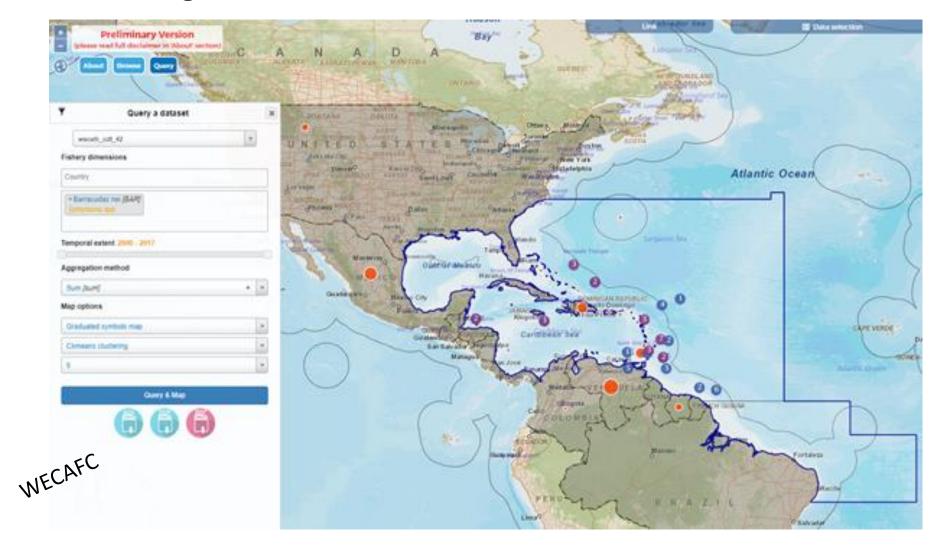
### Regional data manager

- Validate or reject the published data



### FAO can make available the infrastructure for a Regional Database

### - Publishing data



### National data manager

- Can view the data in the on-line viewer



### FAO can make available the infrastructure for a Regional Database

### - Publishing data



### National data manager

- Can view the data in the on-line viewer

### Fisheries inventories

- Not updated, incomplete
- Weak ownership
- No active network of RECOFI-FIRMS National Focal Points;

### Marine resources inventory

- inventory of stocks still to start,
- Lack of regional leadership
- Policy driver incentive missing?

### FIRMS - Moving forward with RECOFI

### ... How can FAO support

- ToRs now available for RECOFI-FIRMS Regional Focal Point
- With FIRMS Secretariat support:

Inventory could be initiated for stocks assessed at regional level in the RECOFI area during the past ten years

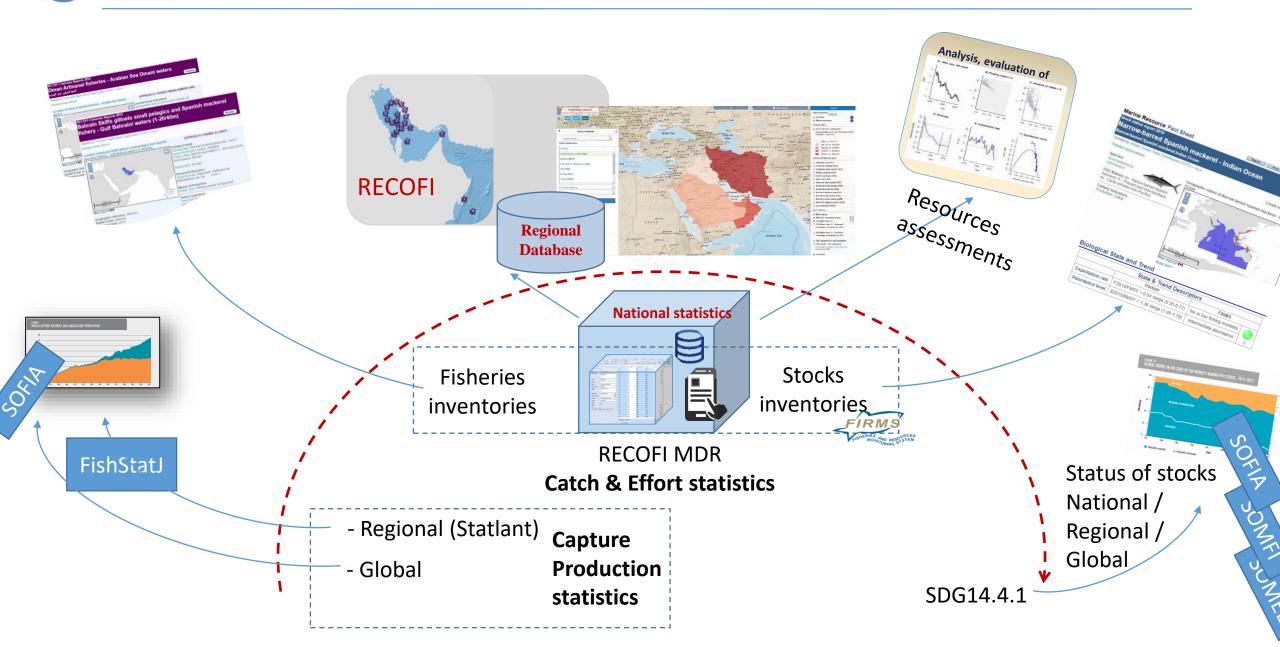
Capacity building in relation with SDG Indicator 14.4.1

SDG14.4.1 could be policy framework incentive to help develop Reference list of stocks at national level, aware of RECOFI priority species, and noting that RECOFI-FIRMS can support dissemination on the SDG Indicator 14.4.1

An opportunity to get started with SDG14.4.1 reporting?



### A comprehensive monitoring system is achievable





### **Thank You**



www.fao.org/fishery