PROVISIONAL
FAO SPECIFICATIONS
FOR PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS

ALDICARB

2-methyl-2-(methylthio) propionaldehyde
0-methylcarbamoyloxime

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS
Rome, 1988
Group on Pesticide Specifications

FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Specifications, Registration Requirements and Application Standards

Technical Secretary: Dr. A.V. Adam
Plant Protection Service
Plant Production and Protection Division

FAO
Via delle Terme di Caracalla
00100 Rome, Italy - Telex: 610181 FAO I
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DISCLAIMER

FAO specifications are developed with the basic objective of promoting, as far as practicable, the manufacture, distribution and use of pesticides that meet basic quality requirements.

Compliance with the specifications does not constitute an endorsement or warranty of the fitness of a particular pesticide for a particular purpose, including its suitability for the control of any given pest, or its suitability for use in a particular area. Owing to the complexity of the problems involved, the suitability of pesticides for a particular purpose and the content of the labelling instructions must be decided at the national or provincial level.

Furthermore, pesticides which are manufactured to comply with these specifications are not exempted from any safety regulation or other legal or administrative provision applicable to their manufacture, sale, transportation, storage, handling, preparation and/or use.

FAO disclaims any and all liability for any injury, death, loss, damage or other prejudice of any kind that may arise as a result of, or in connection with, the manufacture, sale, transportation, storage, handling, preparation and/or use of pesticides which are found, or are claimed, to have been manufactured to comply with these specifications.

Additionally, FAO wishes to alert users to the fact that improper storage, handling, preparation and/or use of pesticides can result in either a lowering or complete loss of safety and/or efficacy.

FAO is not responsible, and does not accept any liability, for the testing of pesticides for compliance with the specifications, nor for any methods recommended and/or used for testing compliance. As a result, FAO does not in any way warrant or represent that any pesticide claimed to comply with a FAO specification actually does so.

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1 This disclaimer applies to all specifications published by FAO.
INTRODUCTION TO FAO SPECIFICATIONS
DEVELOPED UNDER THE OLD PROCEDURE


This manual contained detailed definitions and other essential background information on basic procedures and technical principles adopted by the group on Pesticide Specifications of the FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Specifications, Registration Requirements, Application Standards and Prior Informed Consent, such as:


FAO (full) specifications (Code "S"). Specifications that have all necessary requirements together with CIPAC (full) methods, or other collaboratively studied (proven) methods. 2/ and 3/.

FAO Provisional specifications [Code (S)] are those for which more evidence of the necessary parameters is available and where some collaborative study of the methods of analysis has been carried out.

FAO Tentative specifications (Code "ts") are those which have been recommended by FAO as preliminary specifications which are based on minimum requirements. The methods of analysis cited are normally supplied by the manufacturer or may already have been published or be the subject of collaborative work.

Wherever possible, standards for apparatus and common names for pesticides are those approved by the International Standards Organization (ISO).

2. Expression of Active Ingredient Content (page 18 of the Manual)

- for solids, liquid technical materials, volatile liquids (of maximum boiling point 50°C) and viscous liquids (with minimum kinematic viscosity of $1 \times 10^{-3} \text{m}^2 / \text{s at } 20^\circ\text{C}$) the FAO Specification shall be based on g/ kg expression of content;
- for all other liquids the active ingredient content of the product shall be declared in terms of g/kg or g/l at 20°C. If the buyer requires both g/kg and g/l at 20°C, then, in case of dispute, the analytical results shall be calculated as g/kg.

3. Tolerance on Content (page 19 of the Manual).

A declared content of active ingredient must be included in all specifications, and one of the problems immediately arising is the level of tolerance acceptable above the nominal figures. The tolerance is influenced by (a) the reproducibility of the method of analysis, (b) the sampling error and (c) the manufacturing variance.

Allowable variations in analytical results (i.e., tolerances in content of active ingredient) with respect to specific pesticide consignments are intended to cover reasonable variations in content of active ingredient. For examples of such permitted tolerances, see the table on page 20 of the Manual.


Containers shall comply with pertinent national and international transport and safety regulations.

- **Technical material, dustable powders and granules**

  Containers shall be suitable, clean, dry and as specified, and shall not adversely affect, or be affected by, the product/material, but shall adequately protect it against external conditions.

- **Wettable Powders**

  The product shall be packed in suitable, clean, dry containers as specified in the order. The container shall provide all necessary protection against compaction, atmospheric moisture, oxidation, loss by vaporization and/or contamination to ensure that the product suffers no deterioration under normal transit and storage conditions.

  The product shall be protected by an adequate moisture barrier. This may be a suitable bag of polyethylene or alternative means of giving equal or better protection.

- **Solutions and emulsifiable concentrates**

  Containers shall be lined, where necessary, with a suitable material, or the interior surfaces treated to prevent corrosion and/or deterioration of the contents.

  Additional information should be given in all specifications where particular pesticides present problems in packaging.


- **Phytotoxicity**
No test can be specified to cover possible phytotoxicity of formulation to all crops. When a crop is not mentioned in the instructions for use, purchasers should check with the supplier that the material is suitable, always provided that such a use is not restricted or legally forbidden.

- **Wetting of crops**

The dilute spray should satisfactorily wet the leaves of the specified crops when used in accordance with the instructions. Test method MT 53.2, CIPAC 1, p. 965 may be useful.

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1/ Should national pesticide specifications developed from these approved FAO specifications deviate from them, the national Authority responsible for making such changes is requested to inform the FAO Plant Protection Service of the nature of and the reasons for the modifications.

2/ Methods or analysis and miscellaneous techniques referred to in these specifications have been developed and adopted by CIPAC (Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council Ltd.). See CIPAC Handbooks, 1 (1970), 1A (1980), 1B (1983), 1C (1985) and ID (1988), CIPAC Proceedings 1980 and 1981, obtainable from Black Bear Press Limited, King's Hedges Road, Cambridge CB4 2PQ, England. The page numbers of specific methods are given in brackets in the specifications. A copy of a method not yet published can be obtained from the FAO Plant Protection Service.

3/ Information on standard waters for laboratory evaluation of pesticidal formulations will be found in "CIPAC Monograph 1, Standard Waters and an FAO survey on Naturally Occurring Waters" (1972). Black Bear Press Limited, King's Hedges Road, Cambridge CB4 2PO, England.
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT SPECIFICATIONS TO FAO

Any organization, commercial firm or interested individual is encouraged to submit relevant specifications, or proposals for revision of existing specifications, for pesticide products for consideration and possible adoption by FAO. Correspondence should be addressed to the Pesticides Control Officer, Plant Production and Protection Division, FAO, Via delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100, Rome, Italy.


Specifications which are considered suitable for further processing are assigned priorities and circulated to appropriate organizations and specialists to comment. Comments, together with other relevant information, are then reviewed in detail by the Group on Specifications of the FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Specifications, Registration Requirements, Application Standards and Prior Informed Consent. The drafts are converted into FAO Provisional Specifications, or full FAO Specifications.
INFORMATION

COMMON NAME:   Aldicarb (ISO)

STRUCTURAL FORMULA:

\[
\text{CH}_3
\]

\[
\text{CH}_3\text{S.C.CH=NO.CO.NHCH}_3
\]

\[
\text{CH}_3
\]

EMPIRICAL FORMULA:   C\textsubscript{7}H\textsubscript{14}N\textsubscript{2}O\textsubscript{2}S

RMM:      190.3

CAS REGISTRY NUMBER:  116-06-3

CIPAC CODE NUMBER:   215

CHEMICAL NAMES:

2-methyl-2-(methylthio)propionaldehyde 0-methylcarbamoyloxime (IUPAC)
2-methyl-2-(methylthio)propanal 0[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (CA)
ALDICARB TECHNICAL  
FAO Provisional Specification 215/TC/(S)/(1988)

.1 DESCRIPTION  
The material shall consist of aldicarb together with related manufacturing impurities. It shall be white crystals free from visible extraneous matter and added modifying agents.

.2 ACTIVE INGREDIENT  
.2.1 Identity Tests*  
Where the identity of the material is in doubt, then it shall comply with at least one additional test.

.2.2 Aldicarb (215/1/M/1.3, CIPAC, 1A, p. 1094, CIPAC H, p. 10 (IR))  
The aldicarb content shall be declared (minimum declared 920 g/kg) and when determined, the content obtained shall not differ from that declared by more than +/-20 g.

.3 IMPURITIES  
.3.1 Manufacturing Impurities2*  
- .3.1.1 Aldicarb Oxime Maximum: 4.0 g/kg
- .3.1.2 Methyl Isocyanate Maximum: 12.5 g/kg
- .3.1.3 Trimethylamine Maximum: 12.5 g/kg
- .3.1.4 Aldicarb Nitrile Maximum: 35.0 g/kg
- .3.1.5 Dimethylurea + Trimethylbiuret Maximum: 50.0 g/kg

.3.2 Water (MT 30.1, CIPAC 1, p. 897)  
Maximum: 2.5 g/kg

.4 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES  
.4.1 pH of 1% Aqueous suspension (MT 75.2, CIPAC 1A, p. 1590)  
Minimum pH: 5  
Maximum pH: 8

2 Methods are available from the Plant Protection Officer, FAO, or download here Aldicarb Oxime, Methyl Isocyanate, Trimethylamine, Aldicarb Nitrile, Dimethylurea and Trimethylbiuret
.1 DESCRIPTION

The material shall consist of aldicarb together with related manufacturing impurities and shall be a solution free from visible extraneous matter and added modifying agents. The solution shall be water clear to light amber in color.

.2 ACTIVE INGREDIENT

.2.1 Identity Tests

Where the identity of the active ingredient is in doubt, then the isolated active ingredient shall comply with at least one additional test.

.2.2 Aldicarb (215/1/M/1.3, CIPAC. 1A, p. 1094, CIPAC H, p. 10 (IR))

The aldicarb content shall be declared (minimum declared 356 g/kg) and when determined, the content obtained shall not differ from that by more than +/- 18g.

.3 IMPURITIES

.3.1 Manufacturing Impurities

.3.1.1 Aldicarb Oxime Maximum: 1.0 g/kg
.3.1.2 Methyl Isocyanate Maximum: 5.0 g/kg
.3.1.3 Trimethylamine Maximum: 5.0 g/kg
.3.1.4 Aldicarb Nitrile Maximum: 15.0 g/kg
.3.1.5 Dimethylurea + Trimethylbiuret Maximum: 20.0 g/kg

.3.2 Water (MT 30.1, CIPAC 1, p.897)

Maximum: 1.0 g/kg
ALDICARB GRANULES
(For Application by Mechanical Equipment)
FAO Provisional Specification (215/GR/(S)/1988)

.1 DESCRIPTION

The material shall consist of granules containing technical or technical concentrate
aldicarb [complying with the requirements of FAO Specifications 215/TC/(S)/(1988) or
215/TK/(S)/(1988), together with suitable carriers and any necessary formulants. It shall be
dry, free from visible extraneous matter and hard lumps, free flowing, essentially non-dusty
and intended for application by mechanical equipment.

.2 ACTIVE INGREDIENT

.2.1 Identity Tests

Where the identity of the active ingredient is in doubt, then the isolated active
ingredient shall comply with at least one additional test.

.2.2 Aldicarb (215/12/M/1.3, CIPAC 1A, p.1095, CIPAC H, p. 10 (IR))

The aldicarb content shall be declared (g/kg) and when determined, the content
obtained shall not differ from that declared by more than the following amounts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Declared Content</th>
<th>Permitted Tolerance</th>
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<tr>
<td>up to 25 g/kg</td>
<td>+/- 20% of the declared content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above 25 g/kg up to 50 g/kg</td>
<td>+/- 15% of the declared content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above 50 g/kg up to 100 g/kg</td>
<td>+/- 10% of the declared content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>above 100 g/kg</td>
<td>+/- 6% of the declared content</td>
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.3 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

.3.1 Apparent density range after compaction without pressure (MT 58.4,
CIPAC 1, p. 977)

The apparent density range after compaction without pressure shall be
declared.

.3.2 Nominal size range (MT 58.3, CIPAC 1, p. 974)

The nominal size range of the product shall be declared (Note 1). The ratio of the
lower to the upper declared limit shall not exceed 1:6 (Note 2). Not less than 85% of the
product shall be within the declared nominal size range.

.3.3 Material retained on a 250 µm test sieve (MT 58.3, CIPAC 1, p. 974)
.4 STORAGE STABILITY

.4.1 Stability at 54°C

After storage at 54 +/- 2°C for 14 days, the product shall continue to comply with .2.2 (except that the minimum permitted aldicarb content shall be 95% of that found under .2.2), .3.2 and .3.3.

Note 1 e.g. 250 to 350 μm, 250 to 850 μm, 250 to 1410 μm, etc.

Note 2 Higher ratios may increase the risk of segregation which may adversely affect the flow rate. This should be checked with the machines to be used.