

Analytical Method of Limit Test for Hexachlorobenzene in Picloram TC and Method Validation Data*

Test Method (ABCTM-2010-01-07)

1. Apparatus

Electronic Balance
GC/MS System with NCI
Ultrasonic Water Bath
Constant Temperature Water Shaker

2. Reagents

Chloroform: AR grade
Water: Redistilled
Sodium Chloride: AR grade

3. Procedure

3.1 Conditions

Column:	Agilent HP-5MS 5% phenyl methyl siloxane		
Oven:	100°C	1min	
	25°C/min	200°C	7min
Ion Source Temperature:	150.0 °C		
Quadrupole Temperature:	150.0 °C		
Methane Flow Rate:	2.5 ml/min		
Injection Volume:	1.0 µl		
Split rate:	50:1		
Analysis Time:	12 min		
Thermal AUX:	280°C		
MS Source:	NCI		

Acquisition mode: SIM

Plot Ion: 282, 284, 286

3.2. Standard Solution (1)

In a 10 ml volumetric flask transfer about 12.5 mg, accurately weighed, of Reference Item of Hexachlorobenzene. Dissolve and make to volume with Chloroform.

Pipette 400 µl of the solution into a 10 ml volumetric flask and make to volume with Chloroform.

Pipette 20 µl of the solution into a 100 ml volumetric flask again and make to volume with Chloroform.

3.3. Quality Control Solution (1)

In a 10 ml volumetric flask transfer about 12.5 mg, accurately weighed, of Reference Item of Hexachlorobenzene. Dissolve and make to volume with Chloroform.

Pipette 400 µl of the solution into a 10 ml volumetric flask and make to volume with Chloroform.

Pipette 20 µl of the solution into a 100 ml volumetric flask again and make to volume with Chloroform.

3.4. 0.89 M NaCl Solution

An aqueous solution of sodium chloride (NaCl) will be prepared by dissolving 26g of NaCl in 500 ml of water.

3.5. Sample Solution (2 for each batch)

Each batch of Test Item was extracted by weighing 2.0 g, accurately weighed, of each batch of Test Item into a 40 ml vial and adding 10.0 ml of chloroform. The vials were then placed in an ultrasonic bath for 5 minutes. The vials were removed from the ultrasonic bath and 20 ml of 0.89 M NaCl solution will be added to each. The samples were shaken on a shaker for 2 hours and the phases allowed separating before a portion of the chloroform phase was transferred to an autosampler vial for GC/MS analysis.

3.6. Determination

After instrument equilibrium is reached, inject standard solution several times until the areas of the nearest two peaks agree within 1.5%. Inject standard solution (R), quality control solution (QC) and sample solutions in the following sequence: R, QC, 2×S-1-1, 2×S-1-2, R, QC, 2×S-2-1, 2×S-2-2...

3.7. Data and Result

The retention time of Hexachlorobenzene is about 8.1 min. Calculate the

content of Hexachlorobenzene by the following equation:

$$W'' = \frac{A}{A'} \times W' \times P \times 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$HCB(ppm) = \frac{W''}{W} \times 10^6$$

Where:

A is the average peak area of Hexachlorobenzene in sample solution;

A' is the average peak area of Hexachlorobenzene in standard solution;

W is the mass of sample;

W' is the mass of Reference Item of Hexachlorobenzene;

P is the purity of Reference Item of Hexachlorobenzene.

Method validation of the Limit Test for Hexachlorobenzene in

Picloram Technical (ABCTM-2010-01-07)

3.1.1. Method Validation

Linearity

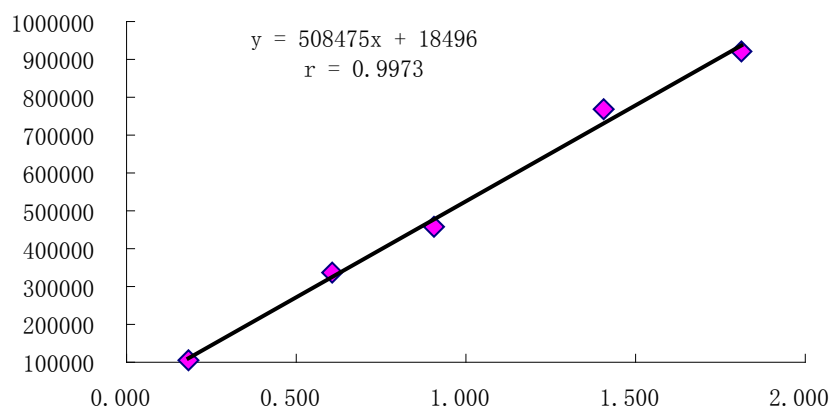
12.69 mg Reference Item of Hexachlorobenzene was accurately weighed and transferred in a 10 ml volumetric flask and was dissolved and made to volume with chloroform, the stock solution was labeled as 1001-R5-L-001. 1001-R5-L-001 was then diluted by pipetting 0.4 ml into a 10 ml volumetric flask, dissolving and making to volume with chloroform. The solution was labeled as 1001-R5-L-101. 1001-R5-L-101 was then diluted to 5 concentrations by pipetting 0.018 ml, 0.060 ml, 0.090 ml, 0.140 ml, 0.180 ml into five 5 ml volumetric flasks respectively, dissolving and making to volume with chloroform. The diluted solutions were labeled from 1001-R5-L-201 to 1001-R5-L-205.

The above five diluted solutions were subjected to GC/MSD analysis with NCI mode in the condition described in ABCTM-2010-01-07. Each solution was injected twice. The results are listed below:

Table 33

The Linearity of the Test Method for Hexachlorobenzene in Picloram Technical

Reference of Test Solutions	Amount Weighed (mg)	Conc. (mg/L)	Peak Area	Mean of Peak Area	Correlation Coefficient
1001-R5-L-201	12.69	0.1810	106199	105211	0.9973
			104222		
1001-R5-L-202	12.69	0.6033	338955	336835	
			334714		
1001-R5-L-203	12.69	0.9050	452630	456882	
			461134		
1001-R5-L-204	12.69	1.4078	770674	770154	
			769633		
1001-R5-L-205	12.69	1.8100	919042	918535	
			918027		



The correlation coefficient is greater than 0.99, indicating that the linearity is acceptable for Hexachlorobenzene. The range of linearity is 0.1810 ~ 1.8100 mg/L.

Precision

Pipette 0.020 ml of 1001-R5-L-101 into a 5 ml volumetric flask, dissolve and make to volume with chloroform. The diluted solution was labeled as 1001-R5-L-206.

Pipette 0.016 ml of 1001-R5-L-001 into a 100 ml volumetric flask and make to volume with chloroform and was labeled as 1001-R5-L-103

1.9918 g, 1.9972 g, 1.9876 g, 1.9958 g, 2.0030 g of Test Item (Batch Number: 20091046) were accurately weighed and transferred into a 50 ml volumetric flask respectively. Add 10 ml of the solution 1001-R5-L-103 into each flask and shake for 5min. Then add 25 ml of 0.89M NaCl solution, shake the flasks at 20 °C for 2 hours. The solutions were labeled from 1001-T3-L-003 to 1001-T3-L-007

The standard solution 1001-R5-L-206 and the chloroform phase in the above five solutions were subjected to GC/MSD analysis in the condition described in ABCTM-2010-01-07. Each solution was injected twice. The results are listed below:

Table 34

The Precision of the Test Method for Hexachlorobenzene in Picloram Technical

Batch Number	Reference of Test Solutions	Amount Weighed (mg)	Peak Area	Mean of Peak Area	Amount Found (µg)	Impurity Content (ppm)	Mean of Impurity Content (ppm)	SD (%)	RSD (%)
20090918	1001-R5-L-206	12.69	100161	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.23	4.92	4.00
20091046	1001-T3-L-003	1991.8	115429	111576	2.38	1.19			
			107722						
20091046	1001-T3-L-004	1997.2	109258	109077	2.33	1.17			
			108896						
20090918	1001-R5-L-206	12.69	88487	N/A	N/A	N/A			
20091046	1001-T3-L-005	1987.6	109403	108639	2.52	1.27			
			107874						
20091046	1001-T3-L-006	1995.8	107239	107532	2.50	1.25			
			107825						
20090918	1001-R5-L-206	12.69	84697	N/A	N/A	N/A			
20091046	1001-T3-L-007	2003.0	107987	108029	2.56	1.28			
			108070						
20090918	1001-R5-L-206	12.69	84976	N/A	N/A	N/A			

*Amount of the Standard Solution of Hexachlorobenzene: 0.20304 mg/L

The relative standard deviation is less than 11%, indicating that the precision is acceptable for Hexachlorobenzene.

Accuracy

Pipette 0.048 ml of 1001-R5-L-001 into a 100 ml volumetric flask and make to volume with chloroform. The solution was labeled as 1001-R5-L-104.

1.9957 g, 1.9951 g, 1.9977 g, 1.9976 g, 1.9974 g of Test Item (Batch Number: 20091046) were accurately weighed and transferred into five 50 ml volumetric flasks respectively. Add 10 ml of 1001-R5-L-104 into each flask and shake for 5min. Then add 25 ml 0.89M NaCl solution and shake the flasks at 20 °C for 2 hours. The solutions were labeled from 1001-T3-L-008 to 1001-T3-L-012.

Pipette 0.080 ml of 1001-R5-L-001 into a 100 ml volumetric flask and make to volume with chloroform. The solution was labeled as 1001-R5-L-105.

2.0058 g, 1.9993 g, 1.9978 g, 1.9980 g, 2.0045 g of Test Item (Batch Number: 20091046) were accurately weighed and transferred in five 50 ml volumetric flasks respectively. Add 10 ml of 1001-R5-L-105 into each flask and shake for 5min. Then add 25 ml 0.89M NaCl solution and shake the samples at 20 °C for

2 hours. The solutions were labeled from 1001-T3-L-013 to 1001-T3-L-017

The chloroform phase in the above ten solutions were subjected to GC/MSD NCI analysis in the condition described in ABCTM-2010-01-07. Each solution was injected twice. The results are listed less than:

Table 35
The Accuracy of the Test Method for Hexachlorobenzene in Picloram Technical

Reference of Test Solutions	Amount Weighed (mg)	Spike Level (mg)	Peak Area	Mean of Peak Area	Amount Found (mg)	Recovery	Mean of Recoveries	SD (%)	RSD (%)			
1001-T3-L-008	1995.7	0.004061	363777	364286	0.006801	107.03%	104.23%	2.05	1.97			
			364795									
1001-T3-L-009	1995.1	0.004061	355442	352563	0.006570	101.36%						
			349684									
1001-T3-L-010	1997.7	0.004061	359917	359809	0.006712	104.77%						
			359701									
1001-T3-L-011	1997.6	0.004061	353659	357467	0.006666	103.64%						
			361274									
1001-T3-L-012	1997.4	0.004061	359132	358850	0.006694	104.34%						
			358567									
1001-T3-L-013	2005.8	0.008122	474805	479922	0.009075	81.36%	80.20%	1.52	1.90			
			485039									
1001-T3-L-014	1999.3	0.008122	463377	464229	0.0088	78.07%						
			465080									
1001-T3-L-015	1997.8	0.008122	470721	470634	0.0089	79.32%						
			470546									
1001-T3-L-016	1998.0	0.008122	474018	480269	0.0091	81.78%						
			486520									
1001-T3-L-017	2004.5	0.008122	489830	478019	0.0090	80.45%						
			466208									

The mean recoveries are between 80~110% and their relative standard deviations are less than 11%, indicating that the accuracy is acceptable for Hexachlorobenzene.

Limit of Quantitation

Pipette 0.016 ml, 0.024 ml of 1001-R5-L-101 into two 5 ml volumetric flasks respectively, dissolve and make to volume with chloroform. The diluted solutions were labeled as 1001-R5-L-208 and 1001-R5-L-209.

1001-R5-L-206 and the above two solutions were subjected to GC/MSD analysis in the condition described in ABCTM-2010-01-07. Each solution was injected twice. The results are listed below:

Table 36
The LOQ of the Test Method for Hexachlorobenzene in Picloram Technical

Reference of Test Solutions	Concentration (mg/L)	Peak Area	Mean of Peak Area	Amount Found (mg)	Recovery	Mean of Recovery	SD (%)	RSD (%)
1001-R5-L-206	0.20	87294	N/A	N/A	N/A	108.75%	5.09	4.68
1001-R5-L-208	0.16	74005	73703	13.344	105.15%			
		73400						
1001-R5-L-209	0.24	118044	118119	14.257	112.35%			
		118194						
1001-R5-L-206	0.20	87933	N/A	N/A	N/A			

The mean recovery is between 80~110% and the relative standard deviation is less than 11%, indicating that the assumed LOQ, 0.20 mg/L, corresponding to 1 ppm in wt. % Hexachlorobenzene in the Test Item.