

## **53rd Session of the Committee on World Food Security (CFS53)**

October 20, 2025

FAO HQ, Rome, Italy

By Ms. Hirunya Srasom

II. The state of food security and nutrition in the world 2025 - Strengthening coordination and collaborative actions.

- Thank you, Madame Chair
- Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen
- First and foremost, Thailand would like to express our sincere appreciation to FAO, IFAD, UNICEF, WFP, and WHO for their collaborative efforts in preparing the report of the State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World 2025.
- The SOFI 2025 shows clearly that high food price inflation is still a serious global problem. Since 2020, food prices have increased faster than the income of vulnerable people. This has reduced their buying power, causing hundreds of millions to face hunger, while billions of people still cannot afford a healthy diet. With the 2030 Agenda deadline coming soon, the goal to end hunger is in danger.
- The report underscores the critical need for enhanced coordination and collaborative actions to combat global food insecurity and malnutrition. This is particularly pertinent for Thailand, where rising food prices and nutritional disparities pose significant challenges to achieving food security.

- Thailand supports the importance of coherent implementation of fiscal and monetary policies to stabilize markets, promote open and resilient trade, and protect vulnerable populations.
- Thailand recognizes the importance of market transparency and timely information. The Agricultural Market Information System has played a crucial role in enhancing transparency of global food markets by providing reliable data and improving communication among countries.
- We believe that sustained investment in resilient agrifood systems is essential to achieving long-term food security and nutrition.
- Thailand is implementing several key policies to strengthen food security and nutrition.
- First, we are speeding up land reform by changing land-use documents to agricultural title deeds and improving important infrastructure in these areas.
- Thailand is also empowering farmers and farmer groups grow stronger and provide full agricultural services. At the same time, we are encouraging eco-friendly farming and improving soil health through “Go Green” programs.
- In addition, we aim to expand markets, increase farmers’ income, and create more opportunities by enhancing their capacity building.
- In the area of nutrition, Thailand has implemented the National Plan of Action on Nutrition 2023 – 2027 to guide our efforts. E-Books on food and nutrition management have been updated for teachers and local officers to

improve nutrition at the provincial level. In addition, the Thai School Lunch system has also been introduced to promote balanced meals and ensure that every child has access to healthy diets and nutritious food.

- We also utilize provincial crop calendars, which convert agricultural production data into essential nutrient values to ensure adequate food and nutrition across all provinces.
- Last but not least, Thailand strongly believes that strengthening food security and nutrition for all must be built upon a solid foundation of national policies combined with multi-sectoral cooperation. Together, we can make our country stronger and contribute to enhancing global food security.
- Thank you for your attention.