

منظمة الأغذية والزراعة للأمم المتحدة

联合国 粮食及 农业组织 Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation et l'agriculture

Продовольственная и сельскохозяйственная организация О бъединенных Наций Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura

ASIA AND PACIFIC COMMISSION ON AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

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Agenda Item 8

Case study of Smart Farm Map Agricultural Policy in Korea

Contributed by: Park Kyung-ah, Director

Information & Statistical Policy Division,
Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs

pka@korea.kr



26th APCAS Session on Building Digital Farm Map for Supporting Agricultural Policy in Korea



Case study of Smart Farm Map For supporting Agricultural Policy in Korea

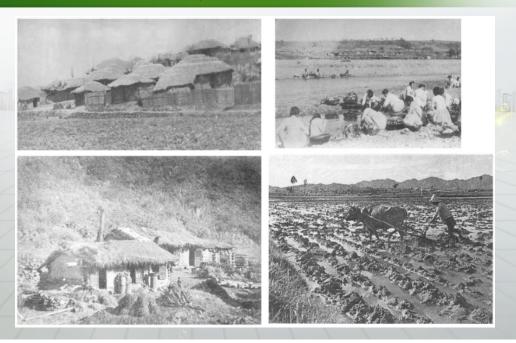
Feb. 2016.

Park, Kyung-ah
Director of Information & Statistical Policy Div.
Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs





The Past of rural community

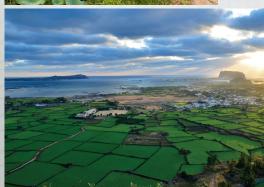




The Present of rural community











Introduction: Changes in Korean Agriculture

Pre-industrial Revolution Period 1945-1960

Rapid Economic Development Period 1961-1976

Stable Economic Development Period 1977-1988

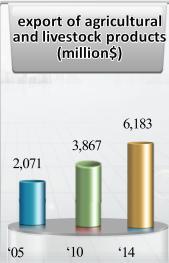
> Globalization Period 1989~

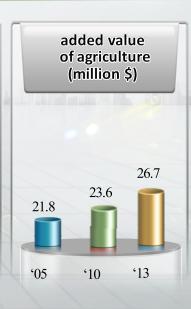
- Agrarian Society
- To resolve food shortage and landowner-tenant issue
- Agrarian reform
- 1960's 5 year economic development plan focused on light industries
- Food production increase to resolve chronic food shortages
- GNP increased by 8.4% per year on average
 - → The annual GNP for agricultural sector declined to 1.0%
- Focus of the policy shifted from self-sufficiency in major crops to market liberalization
- Rapid market liberalization process due to the Uruguay round
- The focus point of the policy was enhancing competitiveness in the international market and undertaking structural reform



Stable increase of the economic index









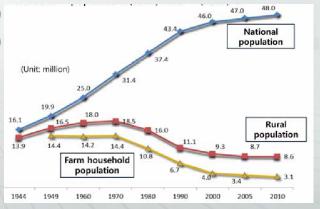
Introduction: Changes in Korean Agriculture

The population of rural areas

But, the population in rural areas has continuously decreased.

- Proportion in the national population (%)
 Rural population : 82.9 (49) → 17.9 (40)
 - Farm household population: 72.4('49) → 6.5('10)

		uni	t: million, %
Year	1949	2001	2010
National	19.9	46.0	48.0
population	100.0	100.0	100.0
Rural	16.5	9.3	8.6
population	82.9	20.2	17.9
Farm	14.4	4.0	3.1
household	72.4	8.7	6.5
	National population Rural population Farm	National population 19.9 Rural population 16.5 population 82.9 Farm 14.4	Year 1949 2001 National population 19.9 46.0 Rural population 100.0 100.0 Rural population 82.9 20.2 Farm 14.4 4.0



The population is aging at a fast pace, with more and more young people leaving villages.





And, the income gap between urban and rural areas expands and polarization among farmhouses intensified.



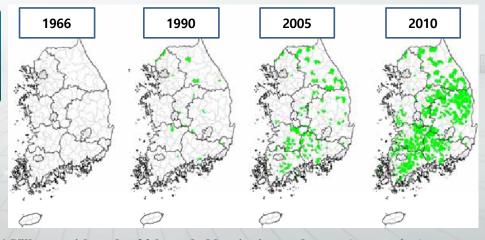
Share of Agricultural Income Decreased and Non-Agricultural Income and Transfer Income Increased Income of farm households(Compared to laboring households): KRW 23million(80.5%,'00) → 35million(62.5%,'13)
The ratio of farm households(above 3ha/under 0.5ha): 6.25%/32.8%('00) → 8.6%/42.2%('12)



Introduction: Changes in Korean Agriculture

A number of towns and townships with less then 2,000 residents is increasing

Conditions For settlement

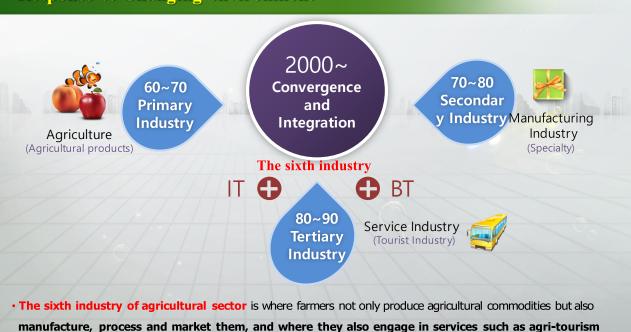


^{*} Villages with under 20 household units in rural areas (proportion) : 2,048 household units (5.7%, 2005) \rightarrow 3,091(8.7%, 2010)



Introduction: Response

Response to Changing environment







Introduction: the basis of policy

The basis of policy is a statistics

Accurate field information is required to develop, implement and evaluate such policies







The basis of agricultural statistics, It is the farm land statistics

Requires accurate information reflecting spatial information on the farmland



About Smart Farm Map

Smart Farm Map ??

A Digital Farm Map for Supporting Agricultural Policy in Korea

Technological Conditions

- Able to use high-resolution aerial image and satellite image (KOMPSAT-
- 2,3)

Economic/social conditions

- Increase in demand of smart policy based on objective farming information and the needs of basic partial data
- Increase in practical policy
- Establishment of scientific agricultural policy based on field data
- Establishment of basic infrastructure to manage administrative data and statistics of agri-food

Changes in administration

It enables the integration of the correct attribute information and spatial information



About Smart Farm Map

Promotion status

Measures to establish research services('13)

- Analysis, construction manual development, inter-agency cooperation deriving
- Pilot projects carried out
- Established detailed plans to build nationwide

Smart Farm Map Step 1('14), Step 2('15)

- · Aerial images and satellite images utilized by the national arable land boundary DB
- ID, Area, pointed (paddy, garden, fruit trees, facilities, etc.), enter basic property information
- · After the sampling data, and then verify the accuracy calculation
- · Smart Farm Map agri-food statistics and administrative data linked

The final step, Nationwide building completion ('16)

- Managing Authority decision
- Updates Development Plan



About Smart Farm Map

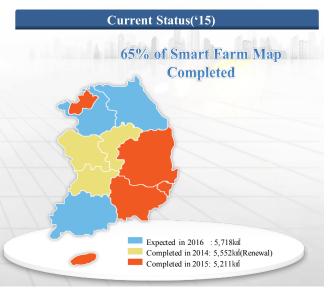
Promotion status

List of Available Basic Data



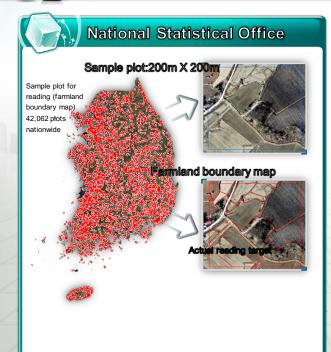
Basic image data

Image data	Source	Spatial Resolution	Remark
Aerial data	National Geographic Information Institute	0.25m	Using aerial images nationwide





About Smart Farm Map _ Utilize



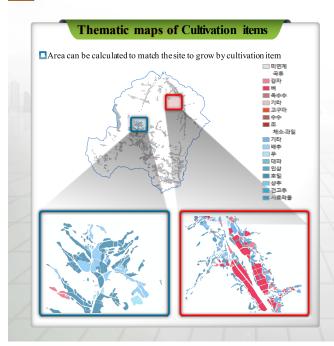
Utilize for scientific sample selection

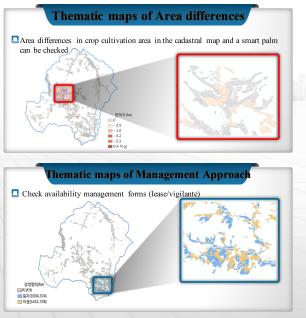
- Calculating farmland area by reading satellite images
- Developing farmland boundary map for just sample plots
- Utilization for selecting sample plots



About Smart Farm Map _ Utilize

Thematic maps are Linked administrative data

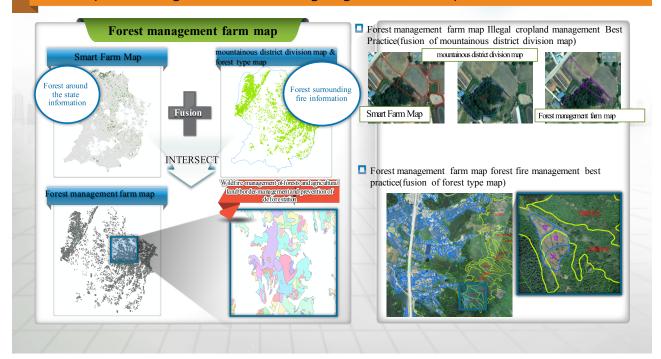






About Smart Farm Map _ Utilize

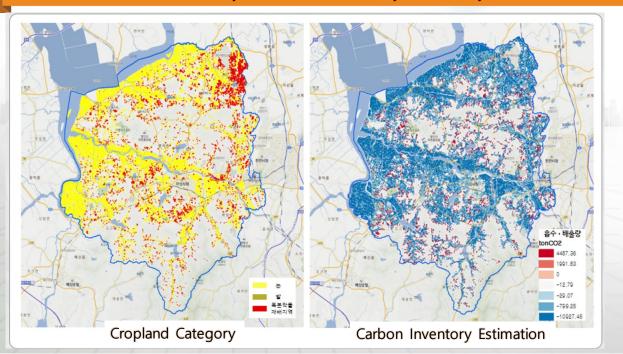
Cropland management and checking illegal use, wildfire prevention utilization





About Smart Farm Map _ Utilize

Carbon Inventory Estimation: Case study of Asan city



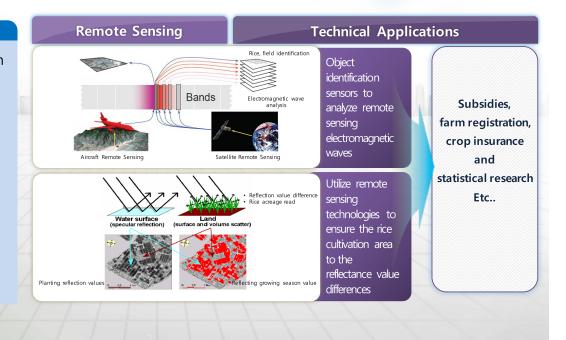


Remote Sensing Technologies

Increase administrative efficiency by utilizing remote sensing technology

Expectation

Promotion policy quickly by aerial and satellite images without visiting sites





Next Project

Future Challenges

Expectation

- Increase the efficiency of agri-food production statistics system using ICT technologies
- To express spatial information and administrative data based on the smart farm map





