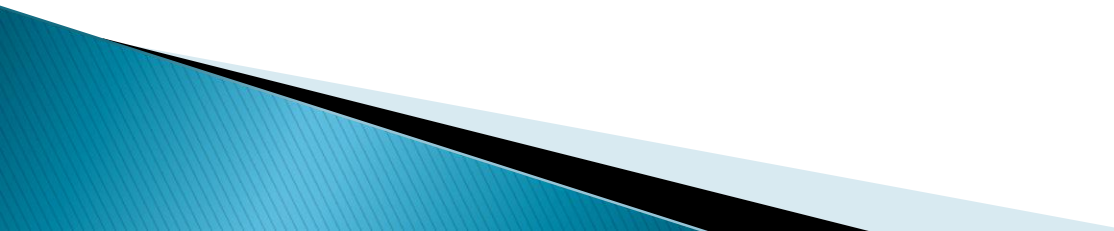


Group 3 –Dominican Republic, Haiti, Jamaica

Full Agriculture Census Module for a linked
Population and Housing and Agriculture
Censuses

Approach most relevant

- ▶ DOMINICAN REPUBLIC – separate censuses with a few agriculture questions on the housing questionnaire (did this in 2010)
 - ▶ HAITI – separate censuses with a few agriculture questions on the housing questionnaire (did this in 2013)
 - ▶ JAMAICA – separate censuses with a few agriculture questions on the housing questionnaire
- 

Items in Annex 1 to be considered

Supplementary Questionnaire:

Q1 – include

Q2 – include total area of parcels

Q3 – include

Q4 – decide main temporary crops – total of 6 to 10 dependent on country situation

Q5 – include

Q6 – decide main fruit trees or other permanent crops – total of 6 to 10 dependent on country situation

Items in Annex 1 to be considered

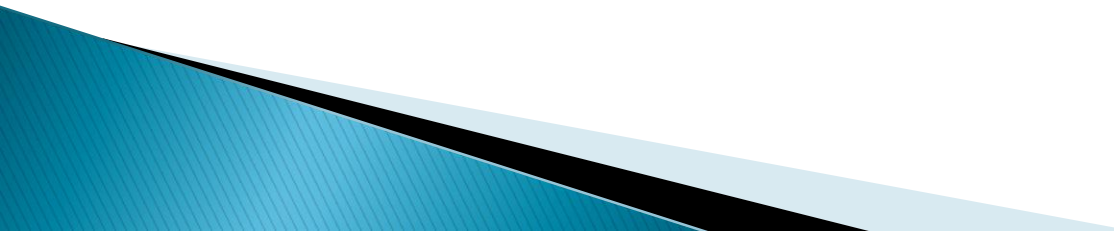
Q7 – Q11 – not included

Q12 – include

Questions related to livestock Q13 – 21 are relevant – country determines the type of livestock (make one question – like a table)

Q 22 – Question could be restructured and moved to the start of the questionnaire

Q23 – 24 – include

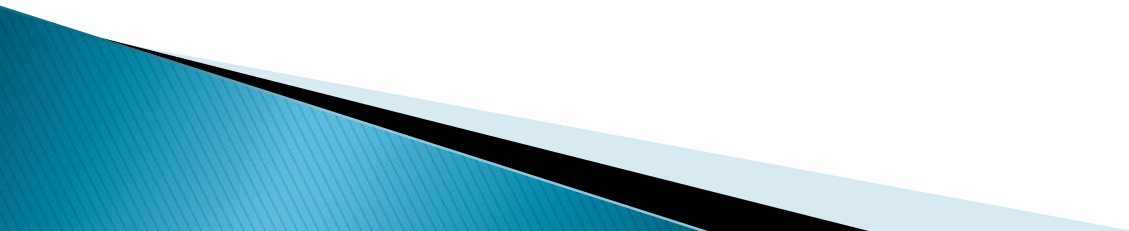


Other Key Agricultural Items to be added

Aquaculture (all countries)

Horticulture (for Jamaica)

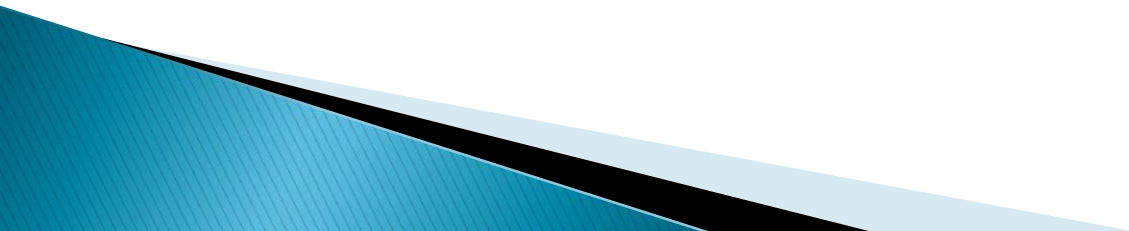
Fertilizer (for Haiti)



Is the Questionnaire too much of a burden?

YES it is a burden to include a full agriculture census module

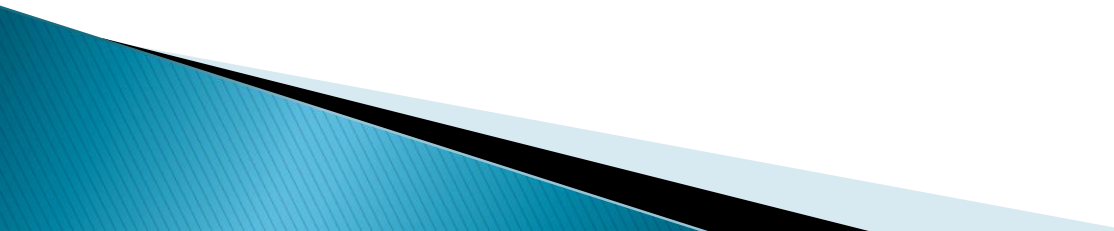
Instead – only ask the Minimum Core Questionnaire (5 questions) as a set of questions on the Household Questionnaire



Will information from farmers be reliable?

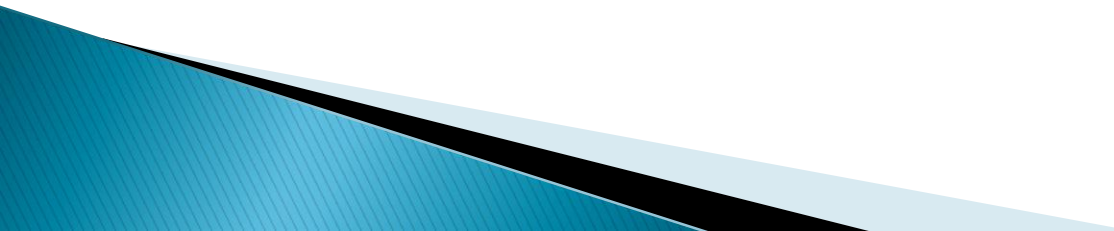
Probably not as the farmer will be asked so many questions – Housing questionnaire, Individual questionnaire and then questions related to the agricultural holding

In Dom Rep, usually the female (wife) who answers questions on behalf of the entire household and she may not know the accurate data as it relates to the agricultural holding



Practical Issues to be Addressed

General Issues

- Training time would have to be longer (more concepts and definitions to be learnt)
 - Supervisors with experience in agriculture
 - There will be a need to check the coverage of both the population and the number of farms/holdings
 - Publicity would need to explain that two censuses would be done at the same time
- 

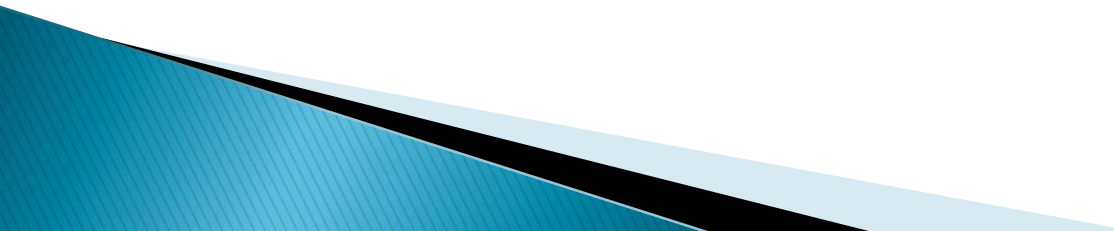
Practical Issues to be Addressed

- ▶ Need to have a collaboration and co-operation between the national statistical office and the ministry of agriculture if the two censuses are to be integrated

What would prohibit including a full agri census

Jamaica – already has a long history of an established system of conducting the censuses separately and both funded by the government
Agricultural Censuses – 1969, 1979, 1996, 2007
Population Census – 1970, 1982, 1991, 2001, 2011

Cost – although conducting censuses together would be more cost-effective in the long run it would be costly at the outset.



What would prohibit including a full agri census

- ▶ Haiti and Dominican Republic – Ministry of Agriculture would want a great deal of detail to be included and this would pose a problem if the two censuses were integrated