



# FAO-OEA/CIE-IICA WORKING GROUP ON AGRICULTURAL AND LIVESTOCK STATISTICS FOR LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

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## Development of Sector Strategic Plans for Agricultural and Rural Statistics (SSPARS) and integration in the NSDS

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# NSDS (National Strategies for the Development of Statistics)

Long-term vision of statistical development of a country with a detailed and a costed action plan covering the entire production process of official statistics, developed in a participatory process

Success depending on 6 factors:

- Government's commitment
- Country's ownership
- mobilization of funding and quality dialogue with technical and financial partners
- Effective governance and coordination
- Prioritized activities
- Linkage with policies

International benchmark

But weaknesses

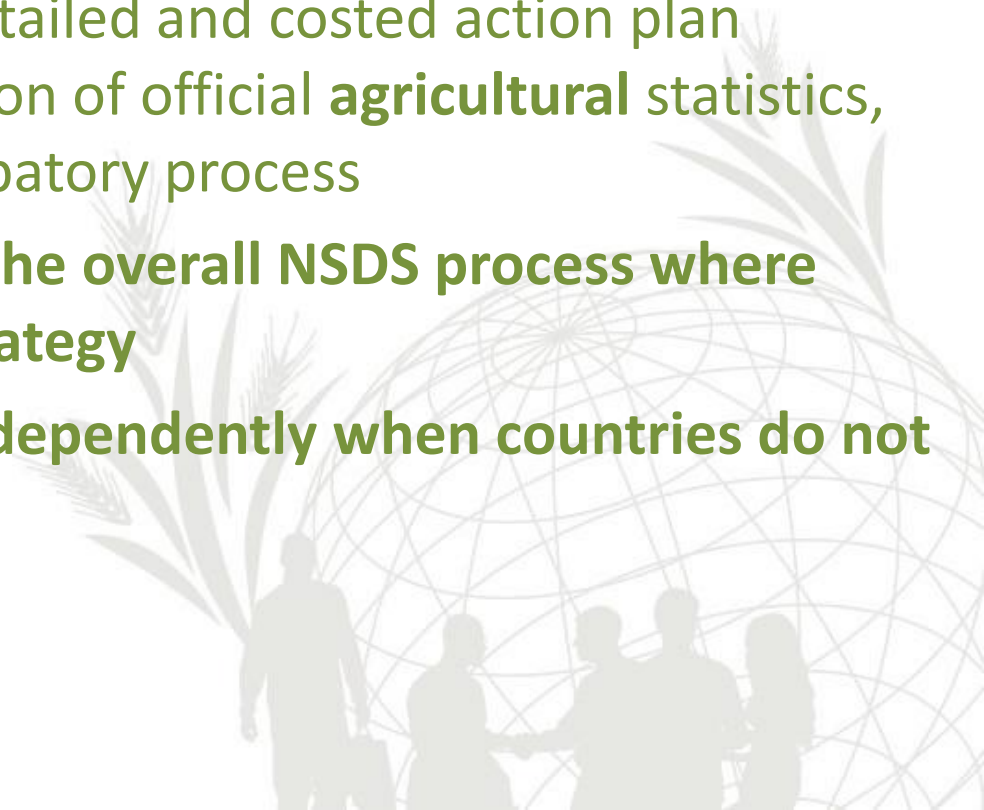
- Integration of agriculture (amongst others) >>>>>> **SSPARS**



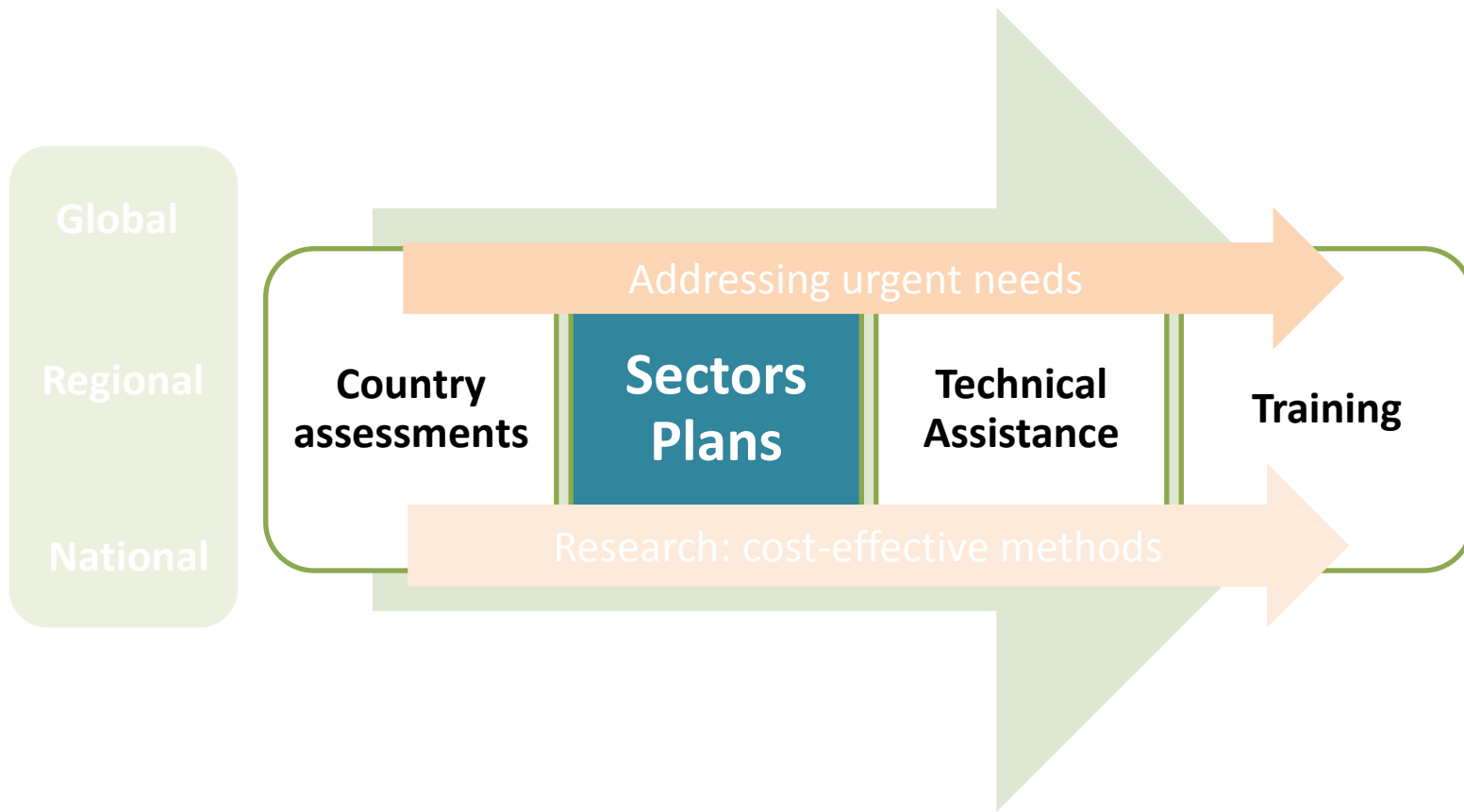
# SSPARS

## Sector Strategic Plan for Agricultural and rural statistics

- **Building block of agriculture into NSDS**
- Long-term vision of statistical development of a country **in the agricultural sector** with a detailed and costed action plan covering the whole production of official **agricultural** statistics, developed through a participatory process
- **SSPARS are integrated into the overall NSDS process where countries have already a strategy**
- **SSPARS may be designed independently when countries do not have an NSDS**



# *Main features of the GS Action Plan*



# Core of the Global Strategy: SSPARS

**One of the main objective of the GS: having 90 targeted countries with a SSPARS implemented**

## **Modalities:**

- **Guidelines to be published**
- **Countries will receive TA, training**
- **Required from countries:**
  - **Commitment -Ownership**
  - **Pragmatism – Demand-driven**
  - **Covering the broad scope of agriculture**



**Thank you**

