Asia-Pacific Regional Action Plan to Improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics (RAP)

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Background

- FAO brought the Global Strategy to Improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics to attention of ESCAP Committee on Statistics (CST) in December 2010.
- CST strongly endorsed proposal of FAO to develop implementation plan for Global Strategy for Asia-Pacific region.
- CST and APCAS established Steering Group for Agricultural Statistics (SGAS) to guide development of regional plan

Background

- Under guidance of, and substantive input from SGAS, the three "implementing partners" (ADB, ESCAP, and FAO) prepared the plan entitled "Asia-Pacific Regional Action Plan to Improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics (RAP)".
- RAP has been submitted to APCAS, and ESCAP Committee on Statistics for consideration and endorsement.

Outline: The RAP

- Governance
 - Regional
 - National
- Current Situation in the Asia Pacific Region
- Expected results (Impact, Outcome, Output)
- The Implementation Strategy
 - Integrating Agriculture into National Statistical System
 - Sustainability of Agricultural Statistics through Governance and Statistical Capacity Building
 - Overview of Technical Assistance,
 Training and Research

Outline: The RAP

- Implementation Steps
 - In-depth Country Assessments
 - Sector Strategic Plan
- Advocacy
- Three Components: Technical Assistance, Training and Research
- Regional Centers of Excellence
- Work Plan and Budget
- Monitoring and Evaluation

Governance

Regional

- Regional Steering Committee (RSC):
 - ultimate decision-making body at regional level
 - provide guidance and oversight for implementation
 - ensure coordination with GS
 - approve Regional Action Plan and annual work plans
 - decide on allocation of funds, etc.

> Regional Office:

- Secretariat of RSC
- one-stop access point for countries and dev't partners
- coordinate with Global Office
- prepare M&E

Governance

National

- ➤ Will be decided by each country, availing of existing or enhanced mechanisms
- ➤ National coordination mechanism must involve all relevant subsectors

Impact

Evidence-based policies for poverty reduction, increased food security and sustainable natural resources management

Outcome

Significant increase in the availability and quality of agricultural and rural statistics, produced by a sustainable agricultural statistical system with appropriate institutional, human and financial capacity

Outputs

- > Regional governance in place
- > Country-specific minimum set
- Sector Strategic Plans
- > Improved political support
- Strengthened legal and coordination mechanisms and frameworks
- ➤ Enhanced capacity of NSS to advocate for adequate resources

Outputs (cont)

- > Increased ability of NSS to access and use ICT
- ➤ Improved competencies of NSS to produce and disseminate minimum set
- Strengthened capacity of national and regional training institutions
- Improved capacity of countries to adopt cost effective and reliable methods
- Increased capacity of countries in the use of agricultural statistics

Implementation strategy

- Implementation strategy will be centered on the three pillars of the Global Strategy
- National coordination mechanism will be set up as a first step
- Country-specific minimum set will be developed in consultation with all stakeholders
- Integration will be achieved in the long-term by development of a master sample frame, an integrated survey framework, and a data management system
- Sustainability will be achieved by implementing the Sector Strategic Plan

Advocacy

- > Identified as essential for successful implementation
- ➤ Advocacy will be led by countries with support from the Regional Office and development partners
- Advocacy will be achieved by
 - Establishing trust in statistical system
 - Developing communication strategy within gov't system
 - Developing communication strategy with external stakeholders
 - Being pro-active in explaining value of statistics
 - Learning from other countries' experiences

Three components of RAP

- Three implementing partners, under the guidance of SGAS, were responsible for development of the three components of the RAP
 - Technical Assistance component → FAO RAP
 - Training components → ESCAP/SIAP
 - Research component → ADB
- The three components are inter-linked, and thus they will be delivered in a coordinated way and seek to achieve shared results (outputs of the RAP)

Monitoring & Evaluation

- ➤ M&E will be made against agreed expected results of the RAP
- Regional Office will coordinate the M&E
- ➤ The RSC will approve regional M&E and forward to Global Steering Committee (GSC)
- > The RSC will report to
 - ESCAP Committee on Statistics
 - APCAS
 - Governing Board of ADB
 - GSC

Steering Group Members

- 1. Afghanistan
- Australia
- 3. Bangladesh
- 4. Bhutan (Vice-Chair)
- 5. India
- 6. Indonesia
- 7. Iran (Islamic Republic of)
- 8. Japan
- 9. Maldives
- 10. Myanmar
- 11. Philippines (Chair)
- 12. Russian Federation

Steering Group Members

- 13. Samoa
- 14. Sri Lanka
- 15. Thailand
- 16. Viet Nam
- 17. Asian Development Bank (ADB)
- 18. Department for International Development (DFID)
- 19. Internat'l Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)
- 20. Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC)
- 21. Indian Agricultural Statistics Research Institute (IASRI)
- 22. Chairman, APCAS
- 23. FAO

Action Requested from APCAS

Endorsement of the RAP to the Committee on Statistics of ESCAP.

Thank you.