

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF NEW RENEWABLE ENERGY AND ENERGY CONSERVATION
MINISTRY OF ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES

UPDATES ON INDONESIAN BIOFUEL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

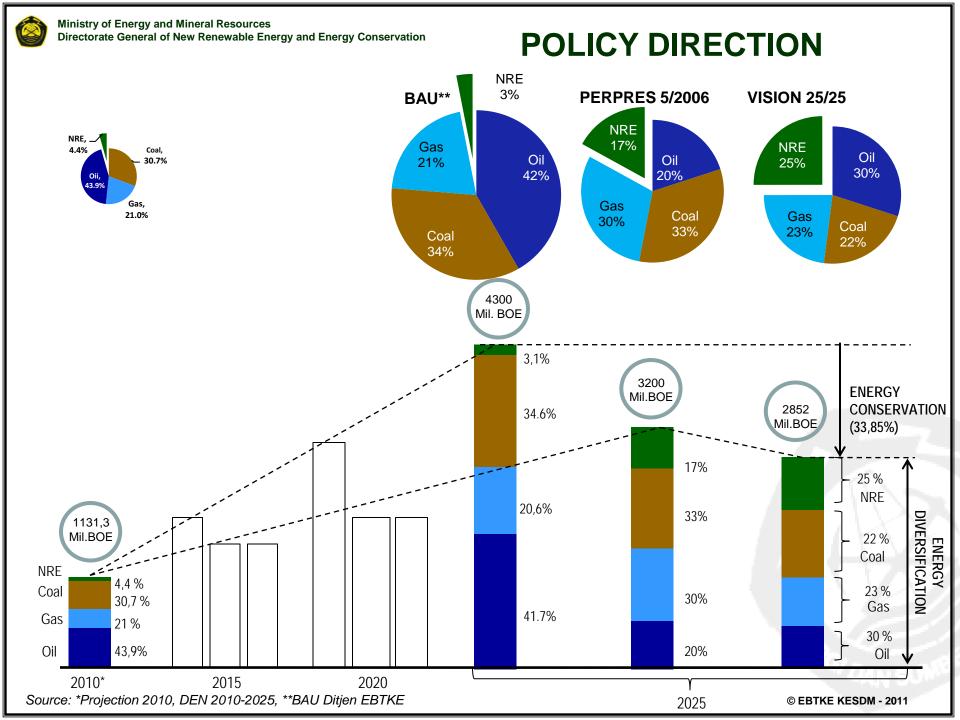
by:

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OUTLINE

- I. Biofuel Policy Updates
- **II.** Implementation Progress
 - 1) Commercial Approach
 - 2) Rural Development Approach
- III. Current Research and Development Activities
- IV. Concluding Remarks



REFF-Burn : Reducing Emissions from Fossil Fuel Burning*

- 1. Pre-Fossil Combustion to avoid fossil energy utilization, such as:
 - Efficient Energy Technology
 - Renewable Energy Technology
 - Fugitive Emission Reduction
- 2. During Fossil Combustion to reduce GHGs emissions:
 - Clean Coal Technology
 - Clean Fuel Technology
 - Flared Gas Reduction Technology
 - Clean Energy Utilization (Household, Commercial, Transportation, Industry)
- 3. Post Fossil Combustion to mitigate existing GHGs emission:
 - Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS)
 - Algae
 - Post-Mining Reclamation
 - Utilization of CO2
- *) Presented at IEA meeting on 29 April in Paris

Biofuel Incentives

- Staging of mandatory biofuel utilization
- Tax exemption on VAT
- Investment tax incentives
- Direct subsidy on retail price for transportation sector
- Interest rate subsidy for biofuel feedstock plantation
- Simplifying the license procedure on biofuel business

Incentives for commercial on grid implementation

- 1. Giving priority for locally available renewable energy resources (no need for tender)
- 2. Mandatory for electric utility to purchase electricity generated from renewable energy
- 3. Regulated Purchasing Price
- 4. Tax investment credit for electricity generated from renewable energy (currently applies for geothermal)
- Reduced or exempted custom tax for renewable energy technologies
- 6. Simple permit procedure
- 7. Support from the government for selected FS

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BIOFUEL IMPLEMENTATION APPROACHES

Independent Producers
(Independent Fuel
Producers or Independent
Power Producer)
Approach (On-Grid Like)

- Aimed to develop the national bioenergy industries and markets
- The independent fuel producers can sell their products to the companies which hold the commercial license on fuel (such as PT Pertamina Persero)
- The independent fuel producers can sell their products to the companies which hold the license to generate and sell the electricity for public needs (such as PT PLN Persero).

Conversion and Distribution Approach (Off-grid like)

- Aimed to fulfill the need of local energy demand
- The bioenergy entrepreneur convert the raw material into the bioenergy and can sell the energy in their own business areas.

Social/Pilot Project

- Aimed to increase the access of electricity and increase the welfare of society
- The project is fully financed by the Government/Local Government/Stated Owned Enterprise.
- The asset of the project is then bestowed to the business entity with a legal license.

BIOFUEL MANDATORY

AS ENERGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES MINISTER REGULATION NO 32, 2008

BIOETHANOL (Minimum)								
Sector	2008	2009	2010	2015	2020	2025		
Transportation, PSO	3% (Existing)	1%	3%	5%	10%	15%		
Transportation, Non PSO	5% (Existing)	5%	7%	10%	12%	15%		
Industry		5%	7%	10%	12%	15%		
BIODIESEL (Minimum)								
Sector	2008	2009	2010	2015	2020	2025		
Transportation, PSO	1% (Existing)	1%	2.5%	5%	10%	20%		
Transportation, Non PSO		1%	3%	7%	10%	20%		
Industry	2.5%	2.5%	5%	10%	15%	20%		
Electricity	0.1%	0.25%	1%	10%	15%	20%		

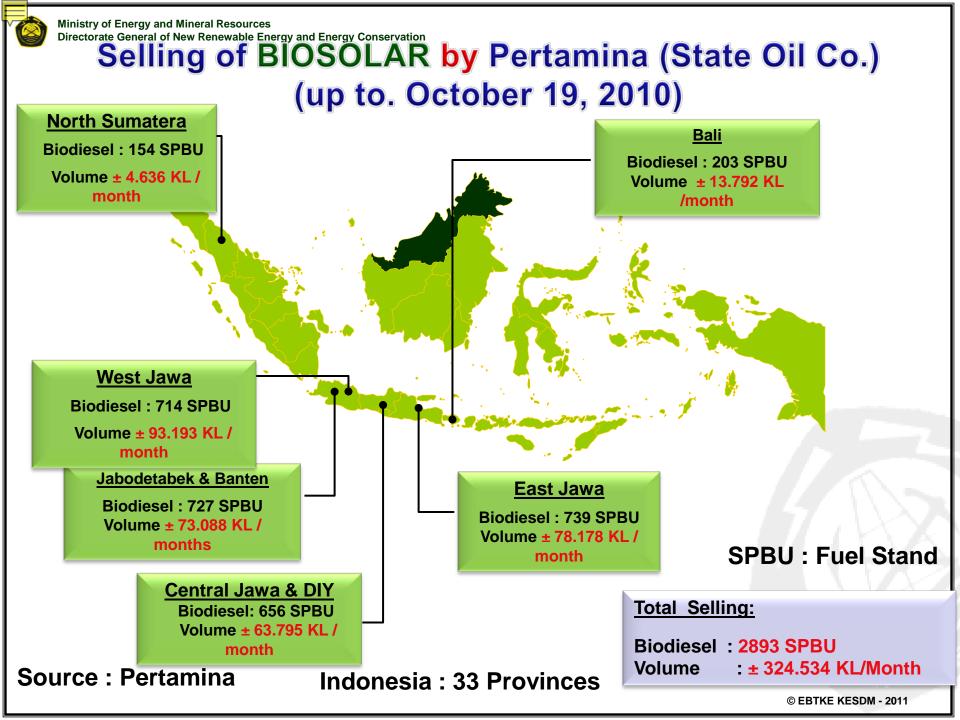
NATIONAL BIOFUEL INDUSTRY

I. BIOFUEL PRODUCTION CAPACITY

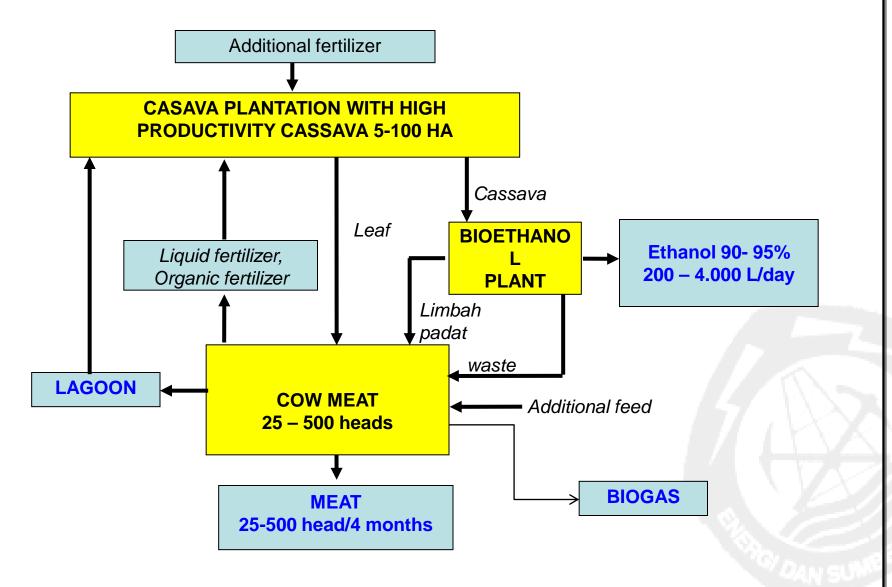
Biofuel	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Biodiesel (kL)	214,943	1,709,195	3,137,931	4,277,440	3,900,000
Bioetanol (kL)	10,000	12,500	102,000	153,000	153,000
Total (kL)	224,943	1,721,695	3,239,931	4,431,440	4,053,000

II. BIOFUEL PRODUCTION

Biofuel	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
					Prod.	Exporte d	Local Consum ption
Biodiesel (kL)	24,000	35,000	119,348	350,000	455,000	235,000	220,000
Bioetanol (kL)	300	1,000	1,058	1,722	-	-	-
Total (kL)	24,300	36,000	111,200	351,722	455,000	235,000	220,000

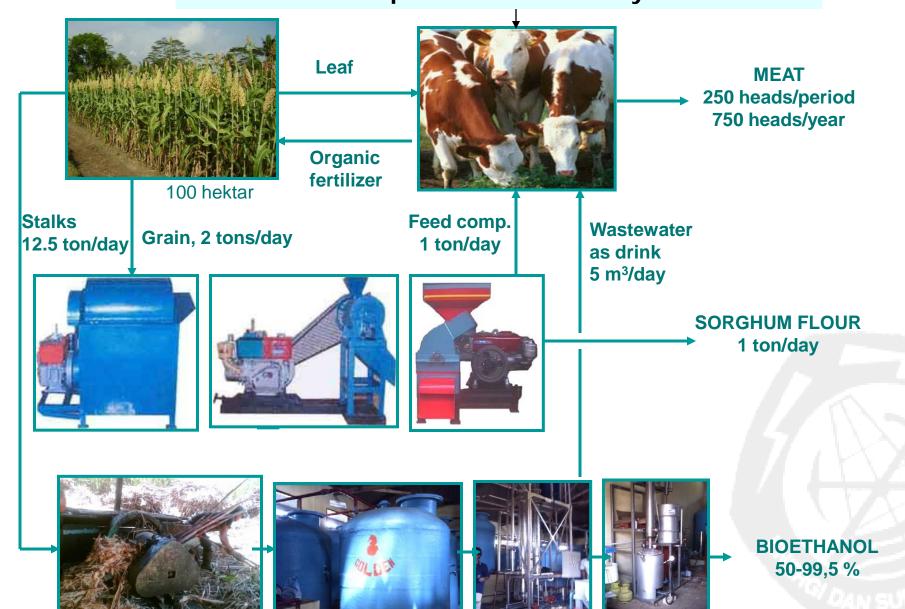


Integrated Small Scale Bioethanol Plant





Integrated sweet sorghum based bioethanol plant Cap. 400-720 Liter/Day



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R & D on Bioenergy in Indonesia

FEEDSTOCK

- Agronomic researches on *Jatropha curcas* L has been carried carried out since 2005 by
 the Pakuwon Jatropha Nursery and Experimental Plantation, Indonesian Center for
 Estate-crops Research and Development (ICERD), Ministry of Agriculture. The activities
 include developing Jatropha breed with higher seed productivity, simultaneously
 maturing fruits for efficient harvesting, genetic, pest, and disease controls, certification of
 distributed seed and inter-crop selection.
- Among others, they have succeded to develop the third improved population (IP-3) of Jatropha curcas, expected to yield 8 – 9 ton/ha/yr seeds (on the 4th year and afterward).
- Agronomic researches on *Pongamia pinnata*, a fast growing tree that yields non edible
 oil as well as potentially high value-added chemicals, are being carried out by the R & D
 Center of the Ministry of Forestry (Bogor, West Java) and the Department of Agronomy,
 University of Sebelas Maret (Surakarta, Central Java).
- Agronomic researches on *Calophyllum inophyllum*, a tree that is useful for coastal area conservation and productively yield oil containing potential medicinal chemicals, is being carried out by the R & D Center of the Ministry of Forestry (Bogor, West Java).

PROCESS

- Research on the extraction and further processing of crude oils from *Pongamia* pinnata and *Calophyllum inophyllum* is being carried out at the Department of Chemical Engineering, Institut Teknologi Bandung (West Java).
- The Agency for Assessment and Application of Technology and Institut Teknologi Bandung are collaborating in the R & D of processes based on nonacidic catalysts for biodiesel production from high-acid oils.
- Varios pretreatment methods for enhancing hydrolytic-enzymes access to the carbohydrates of oilpalm empty fruit bunches (an abundantly available lignocellulosic residue) are being investigated by various research institutions.
- The application of manure-based biogas for household cooking and electricity generation in the rural areas is growing and technology to enhance biogas production from crop residues are beng investigated by various research institutions.

- The technology of biomass gasification for small and medium scale electricity generation are being demostrated in several locations.
- The technical feasibility of biomass-based organic Rankine cycle technology for electricity generation in the remote areas is being envisaged/assessed.



Fruits and seeds of Pongamia pinnata



Fruit and seed of Calophyllum inophyllum



Microalgae Research Status

RESEARCH ROADMAP 2006-2011

Processing Product

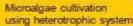
> Technology and



Microalgae Harvesting experiment using filtration system

Raceway pond design











Microalgae Sampling,

Identification and Isolation from Indonesian waters Indonesia

Microalgae Cultivation outdoor open system

Fotoperiod in laboratory scale microalgae cultivation system

Nutrient deppreviation in laboratory scale microalgae cultivation system



Photobioreactor design and prototype

Microalgae quality and quantity cultivation development

Microalgae cultivation in Industrial wastewater from PT Batamindo



Microalgae Cultivation for producing biofuel

2006

Collection from Indonesian

waters.

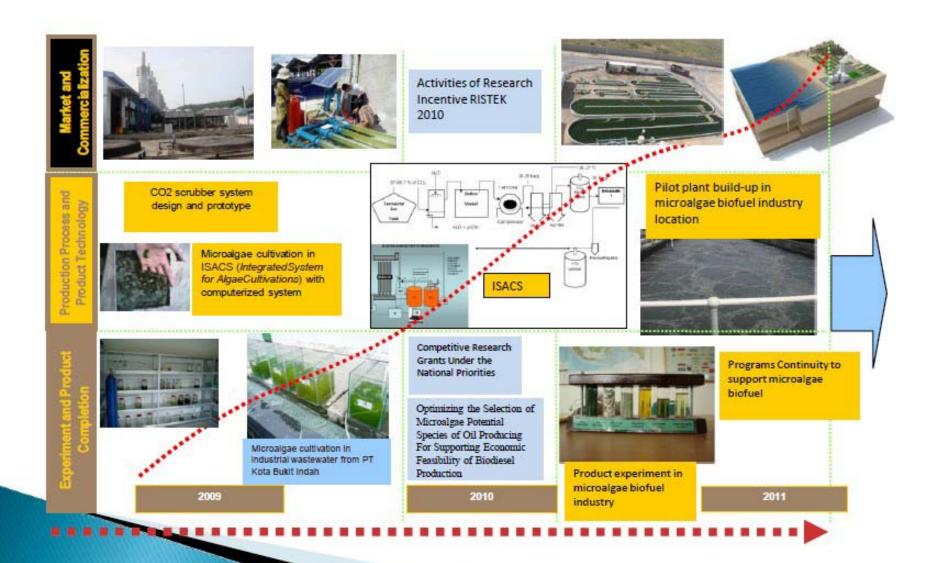
2007

2008

2009 ********************



RESEARCH ROADMAP 2006-2011



Current Research on Biofuel

Topic

BTL process improvement

Gasification process & catalysts for BTL fuels

Light oil production by hydrocracking of vegetable oil and FT wax over NiMo catalysts

Bioethanol production from Empty Fruit Bunch

Production of bioethanol & carbon fibers from palm derived biomass

Partial hydrogenation of BDF using various catalysts for improving oxidation stability

Hydrotreating reactor systems for upgrading BDF

Design of continuous catalytic reactor for upgrading BDF

High-quality biodiesel from low-grade and fatty acid rich triglycerides

Future sustainable biofuel development

- Not to cut tropical rain forest, but to optimize currently not utilized land (5.066 million ha available of non utilized arable land).
- Development of non-edible feedstock and dedicated feedstock for biofuel;
- Improving productivity of main feedstocks such as palm oil, jatropha, cassava and sugar cane;
- Development of second generation of biofuel that will create sustainable and low cost biofuel industry;
- To seek cooperation on R&D on lignocellulosic based or woody-biomass bioethanol.

Concluding Remarks

- Indonesia Biofuel Program is directed to support national sustainable development and energy security
- Sustainability aspect of biofuel/bioenergy is still a big issue and need more collaboration and cooperation among countries/regional/multilateral organization for development of criteria and indicator for sustainability of biofuel is necessary



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