

# Global Strategy to Improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics: Identified needs of Bangladesh

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#### The National Statistical System in Bangladesh

- The Statistics Act 2013 entrusts BBS with the responsibility to collect, disseminate and coordinate official statistics, including censuses and surveys.
  - The act envisages the BBS supports and coordinates the efforts of line ministries.
- A National Strategy for Development of Statistics
   (NSDS) was developed in 2013 which provides the
   framework for the development of official statistics
   until 2023.
  - 61 Strategic goals are identified. More than half of these goals are in line with the Global Strategy
  - About 30 strategic goals are already being implemented.

#### **Work Environment**

- Government Commitment to Improve Agricultural Statistics
- NSDS already in place to improve NSS
- Good progress has been made to improve Inter-Ministerial Coordination under FAO project to improve Paddy yield estimation
- Working with FAO, BMGF, USAID, NASS, USDA, KOICA, JAICA etc.
- Strategic Plan for Agricultural Statistics should be based on NSDS and support Agriculture Sector development plans in the national planning process.

#### Short-Medium Term Needs

- Design of a Strategic Plan for Agriculture and Rural Statistics (SPARS) in Bangladesh that will involve:
  - (1) Strengthening the **coordination**, having clear definition of institutional roles of agencies based upon relative comparative advantages and resource sharing
  - (2) Establishing an national **integrated plan of surveys** for agricultural and rural statistics which is shared among agencies
  - (3) A clear strategy outlining a **framework of ARS that is integrated with the NSDS**
- ✓ SPARS will set a path of development of ARS

# Strengthening Coordination among Stakeholders

#### Identified Gap:

- There is no Formal coordination mechanism focused on agricultural and rural statistics.
- Need to consider some country experiences

#### Planned Activities:

 Develop a proposal for establishing a coordination mechanism involving line ministries, data producers and users, based upon good practices.

#### Impact:

- Enhanced synergies between players to improve quantity and quality of information
- Avoid duplication of efforts and ensure pooling of resources to build a sustainable ARS System.

## Establishing an Integrated Plan of Surveys

- Identified Gap:
  - There is no comprehensive national calendar of ARS surveys
  - Existing Surveys do not fully meet national needs
  - Sampling frames are not complete and out dated
- Planned Activities:
  - Develop an integrated plan for surveys and a survey calendar prepared in consultation with all stakeholders based upon a master sampling frame.
- Impact:
  - Ensures the efficient use of available scarce resources
  - Avoid conflicting statistics.

# Drafting of a Strategic Plan for Agriculture and Rural Statistics (SPARS)

- Identified Gap:
  - There is no long term specific strategy for the development of agricultural and rural statistics (ARS) in the country.
- Based on a strategy that outlines a framework of ARS that is integrated with the NSDS, the SPARS will cover:
  - Strengthen agricultural crop estimation;
  - Improving analytical capacity of relevant agencies;
  - Human capacity building;
  - Application of ICT in the country.
- Impact:
  - Ensures that the statistical system sustainably generates coherent, reliable, trusted, gender responsive and demand driven statistics on the agricultural and rural sector to support policy formulation and decision making in the country

### Thank You!



Government of Bangladesh will welcome partnership and collaboration.