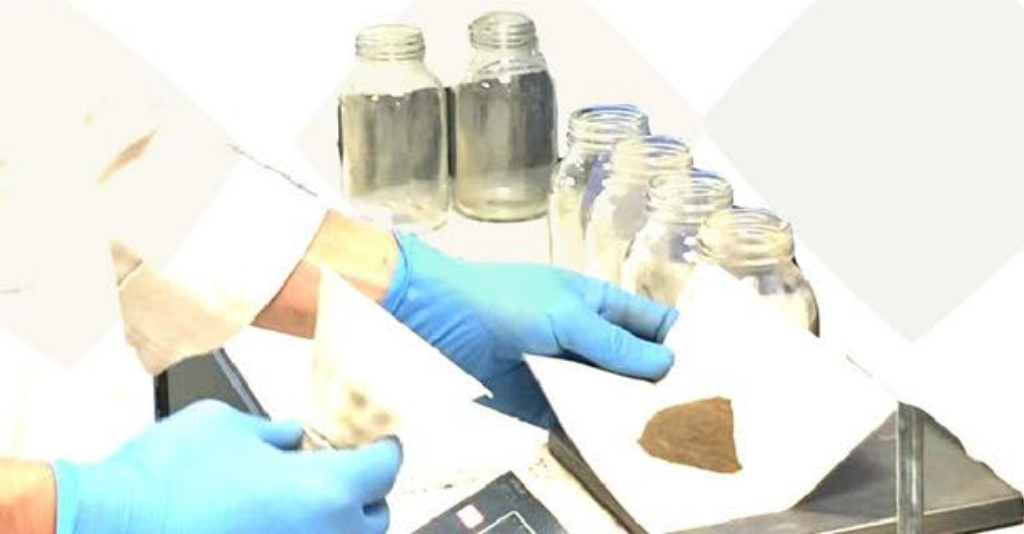


4th Meeting of the European and Eurasian Soil Laboratory Network (EUROSOLAN)

5-6 October 2022

How SOPs are harmonized

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GSP Secretariat - FAO*



EUROSOLAN
EUROPEAN AND EURASIAN SOIL LABORATORY NETWORK

SOP = Standard Operating Procedure

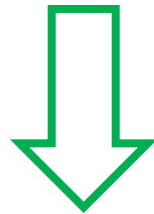
- Globally harmonized
- Ensures the replicability of a measurement and the credibility and traceability of data
- Available online, for free
- Step-by-step instructions
- Includes sections on health and safety, quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) – and in some cases sampling guidelines



Global harmonization process

1. Decide which SOP to harmonize (parameter + method)

Regional Soil Laboratory Networks (RESOLANs) discussed during their annual meetings and share proposals to GLOSOLAN



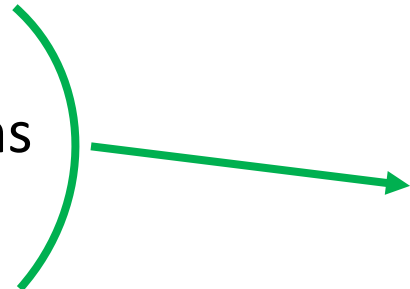
During the GLOSOLAN annual meeting, network members discuss on which SOPs to include in the GLOSOLAN work plan



Global harmonization process

2. Establishment of the working group:

- 1 global leader
- Experts from all regions
- Review panel



Developing of the **matrix**

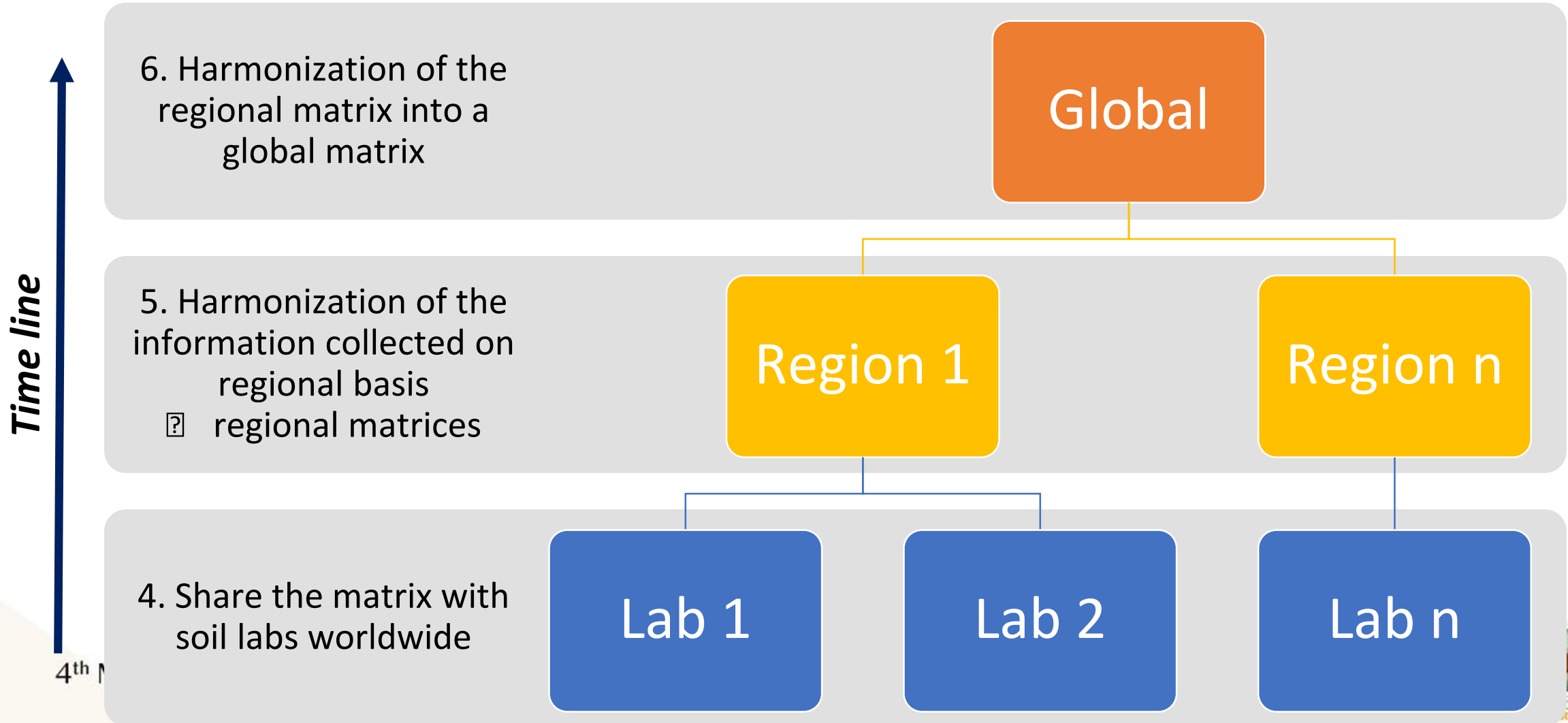


Excel file, reporting all the steps of the procedure, from sample preparation to QA/QC and interpretation

Name and Last name	Email address	Country	Institute name	Sample Condition (disturbed or undisturbed)	Core sampler size	Volume of sample	Equipment	Fresh Sample	Oven Drying time	Oven-dried sample	Computation	Report unit	Quality Control Measures	Number of decimals	Reference
XXXX	XXXX	Philippines	Bureau of Soils and Water Management	Undisturbed	d= 4.2 cm h=5.5 cm	100 cm ³	1. Drying oven 2. weighing balance 3. dessicator	Weighing of undisturbed sample before oven-drying	24 hours	Weighing of oven-dried undisturbed sample	$\text{Bulk Density} = \frac{\text{Dry Soil Weight (g)}}{\text{Volume of core (cm}^3\text{)}}$	g/cm ³	1. Control chart 2. Precision Test	One decimal	I.C. Gupta, N.P.S Yadvanshi and SK Gupta, Standard Methods for Analysis of Soil, Plant and Water



Global harmonization process



Global harmonization process

7. Transform the matrix into a text  template <https://www.fao.org/3/ca7215en/ca7215en.pdf>

8. Review

(members of the review panel + GLOSOLAN Technical Committee + experts from other GSP Technical Networks)

9. Publication of the SOP

10. Translation of the SOP in multiple languages

The methods to quantify SOC already harmonized by GLOSOLAN are the following:



SOP Walkley-Black method - titration and colorimetric method (EN | ES | RU)

Soil organic carbon - Tyurin spectrophotometric method (EN | RU)



Training video: Walkley and Black - **titration** and **colorimetric** method

Training video: **Tyurin method**

Global harmonization process

11. Publication of the information on the sustainability of methods

Aim: **promote the transition to more sustainable methods**

The following information are provided per each SOP:

- Risk to human health (related to the use of chemicals and the overall implementation of the procedure by staff)
- Environmental risk (related to waste disposal)
- Level of technology required to perform the analysis
- Average duration of the test

Soil Nitrogen methods : Sustainability of methods					
Method	Risk for human health related to the use of chemicals and the overall implementation of procedure by staff	Environmental risk (waste disposal)	Level of technology required	Average duration of the analysis	Global median price of the analysis (for the customers)
Kjeldahl	High	High	Medium	> 1 working day	7.5 USD
Dumas	Low	Low	High	Up to half working day	11.6 USD
Distillation method	Medium	Medium	Medium	Up to one working day	8.3 USD

Global harmonization process

1. Decide which SOP to harmonize (parameter + method)
2. Establishment of the working group (experts from all regions)
3. Developing of the matrix
4. Share the matrix with soil labs worldwide
5. Harmonization of the information collected on regional basis ☐ regional matrices
6. Harmonization of the regional matrix into a global matrix
7. Transform the matrix into a text
8. Review
9. Publication of the SOP
10. Translation of the SOP in multiple languages
11. Publication of the information on the sustainability of methods

Special cases

- Few experts on the topic (e.g. biological parameters)
- Not many laboratories perform such procedures

Slow down the harmonization process
(make it not applicable)

New way to harmonize SOPs

The working group prepares the text of the SOP (no circulation of the matrix)

1. Decide which SOP to harmonize (parameter + method) by the joint working group, according to the proposal received from both GLOSOLAN and NETSOB members
2. Establishment of the working group (experts from all regions, from both networks)
3. Develop the text of the SOP, even starting from already-published SOPs
4. Share the text with soil labs worldwide
5. Collection of the inputs from all regions
6. Review
7. Publication of the SOP
8. Publication of the information on the sustainability of methods
9. Translation of the SOP in multiple languages

Template

<https://www.fao.org/3/ca7215en/ca7215en.pdf>

Contents

1. Brief introduction to the topic
2. Scope and field of application
3. Principle
4. Apparatus
5. Materials
6. Health and safety
7. Sample preparation
8. Procedure
9. Calculation
10. Quality assurance / quality control
11. Reference documents (if any)
12. Appendix I - Results of inter-laboratory comparison
13. Appendix II – Acknowledgments
14. Appendix III - List of authors
15. Appendix IV - Contributing laboratories

If needed, include also:

- Sample collection
- Sample storage

SOPs harmonized so far

	2019	2020	2021	2022
Chemical	OC Walkley and Black, TC Dumas, Calcium carbonate eq. (titrimetric and volumetric calcimeter methods)	Phosphorus (Bray I, Bray II, Olsen, Mehlich I), pH, electrical conductivity (in water and in saturated paste), nitrogen (Dumas, Kjeldah), carbon (Tyurin)	Particulate organic carbon (physical fractionation), Quasi-total elements (digestion using aqua regia and EPA), Exchangeable bases and CEC (ammonium acetate), available micronutrients (extraction using DTPA), Boron (hot water extraction), Mehlich III for macro and micronutrients (including S and B)	Organic matter (loss of ignition), Available phosphorus (KCl), Exchangeable acidity + Exchangeable Al (KCl), Soil buffer capacity (KOH), Fe and Al oxides (ammonium oxalate)
Physical			Particle size-distribution (hydrometer, pipette), bulk density, moisture content (gravimetric method)	Water retention (pF) curve, Particle density (pycnometer)
Biological			Microbial biomass C and N by chloroform fumigation-extraction, soil respiration	Microbial Enzyme Activities (B-Glucosidase, Arylsulfatase, Dehydrogenase), N Mineralization (incubation method), Nematodes trophic groups (wet extraction), QBSar, ISO-TSBF

Requests from EUROSOLAN

Is there any method used only in the region/few countries?

- Chemical:
- Physical:
- Biological:

Suggestions from **SEALNET**:

- DNA extraction
- Laser granulometry method and PARIO method

- **Chemical:**

GLOBAL: Mineral N – to be combined with Available N by calcium chloride extraction (Beata and Marjia to work together on it)

REGIONAL:

- CEC and exchangeable cations by hexammine cobalt trichloride extraction. Note: Base saturation can be calculated from CEC results
- CEC and exchangeable cations by Barium chloride
- Available anions and cations by calcium chloride extraction (NH₃, NO₃⁻, P, K, Mg, Zn, Cu, Fe, Na, S, Mn)
- P-AL/Ammonium lactate - acetic acid buffer
- soluble organic carbon (dry or/and wet chemistry)
- Micro- and macro-nutrients (also for heavy metals) by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry (Beata to lead) – Run a survey to see what labs use the method
- SOC by Mebius (potassium dichromate method)
- Review of the SOP on Dumas – Organic carbon by static temperature (prior acidification) ref. Ms. Beata. This is an update of the Dumas method we already published. Regional leader: Beata Tomczyk (Netherlands);
- Organic contaminants (eg polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, PCB polychlorinated Biphenyls) – collaboration with INSOP
- Review of the SOP on Dumas – to include Carbon fractions - temperature gradient (ref. Ms. Vinci: Temperature dependant differentiation of total carbon (TOC400, ROC, TIC900) draft EN 17505) (postponed). Regional leader: Ialina Vinci (Italy); **LIMIT: INSTRUMENT**

- **Physical:**

- Texture determination by laser diffraction. Regional leaders: Lauris Leitans (Latvia), Beata Tomczyk (Netherlands), Valmire Havolli (Kosovo); ☑ Aggregate stability. Regional leader: Remigio Paradelo (Spain).

- **Biological:**

- DNA extraction (it is at the basis of microbial identification). Regional leader: Thomas Lerch (France).

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Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations

A decorative graphic consisting of a series of squares and dots in shades of orange, yellow, and grey, arranged in a curved, descending pattern from the top left towards the right.

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Thanks for your attention

