





PHOSPHORUS AS LIFE'S BOTTLENECK & ARE WE RUNNING OUT OF PHOSPHORUS?

"... LIFE CAN MULTIPLY UNTIL ALL THE PHOSPHORUS IS GONE, AND THEN THERE IS AN INEXORABLE HALT WHICH NOTHING CAN PREVENT ..."

Asimov, I. Asimov on Chemistry; Doubleday & Company: Garden City, NY, USA, 1974; ISBN 978-0-385-04100-3.

ARE WE RUNNING OUT OF PHOSPHORUS?

REFUTING THE PHOSPHORUS SCARCITY FALLACY



FUTURE IMPLICATIONS: FUNCTIONAL & INSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS TO AVOID SIMILAR FALLACIES





WHO WE ARE:

THE GLOBAL PHOSPHORUS INSTITUTE (GPI) &

THE TRANSDISCIPLINARITY LAB FOR SUSTAINABLE MINERAL RESOURCES (DANUBE UNIVERSITY AUSTRIA)





THE GLOBAL PHOSPHORUS INSTITUTE (GPI)

https://www.tgpi.org/en/home

IS A GLOBAL ORGANIZATION WITH A HOLISTIC VISION, FOOTPRINT AND PARTICIPATION TO ENSURE RESPONSIBLE USE OF PHOSPHORUS THROUGH CUTTING-EDGE SCIENCE AND STAKEHOLDER DIALOGUE.

KNOWLEDGE

COLLABORATION

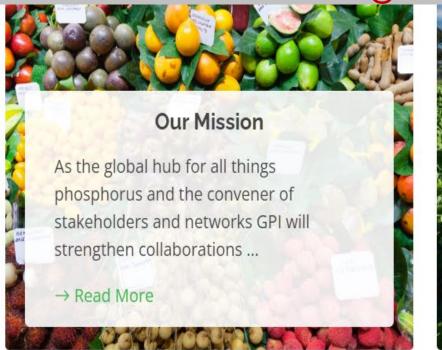
INTEGRITY

How to build a global data and knowledge hub for phosphorus?

Our Vision

GPI envisions a world where food is plentiful for everyone, not just a few. By making a difference through excellence in knowledge management ...

→ Read More



Our Values

We adhere to the highest professional standards and assure the integrity of our work by uncompromising truthfulness, transparency ...

→ Read More





THE TRANSDISCIPLINARITY LAB FOR SUSTAINABLE MINERAL RESOURCES

(SMR TD-LAB) WITH EMPHASIS ON GLOBAL FOOD SECURITY AND PHOSPHATE ROCK DOING RESEARCH FOR A RESPONSIBLE, SUSTAINABLE, AND EFFICIENT USE OF THE ESSENTIAL ELEMENT PHOSPHORUS.

Co-Lead Science (Full Professors)		Co-Lead Practice WWW.0		www.donau-uni.ac.at/smr-tdlab
	Gerald Steiner (Danube University Austria & CSH, Systems- and Complexity Sciences)		Michael C. Mew (CRU International, Mineral Resources Management Advisor)	
	Roland W. Scholz (Danube University & ETH Zürich, Environmental System Sciences)		Ludwig Hermann (President of the European Sustainable P Platform ESPP and Proman Consulting)	
	Martin Bertau (TU Bergakademie Freiberg, Technical Chemistry)		Nils Haneklaus (UN & Danube University, Nuclear Energy)	
	Michael Obersteiner (Oxford University, Global Change)		Friedrich-W. Wellmer (Former president of The Federal German Geological Survey)	





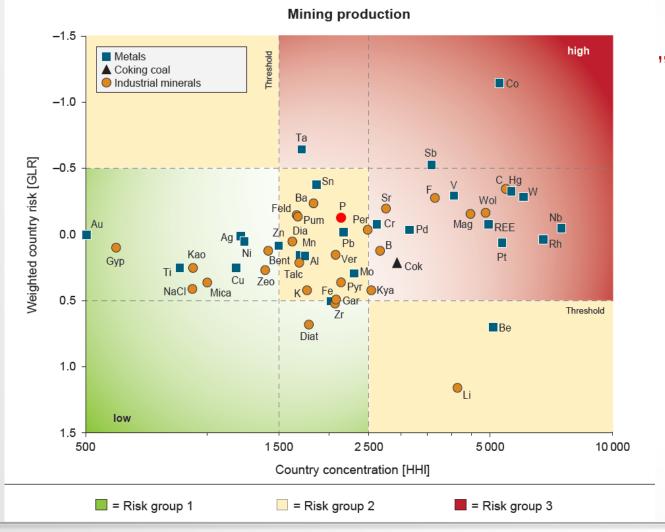
BACKGROUND:

TWO PERSPECTIVES ON SCARCITY
(1) SHORT-TERM CRITICALITY
(2) LONG-TERM PHYSICAL ACCESS





HHI-INDICES FOR MINING PRODUCTION OF 53 COMMODITIES IN 2018



"The few countries fallacy"

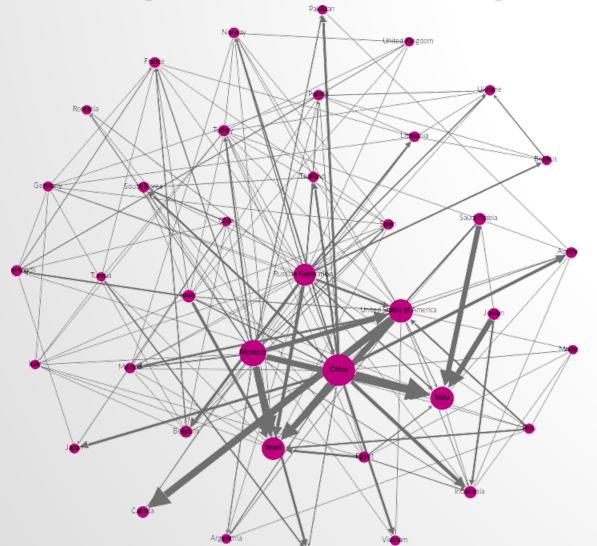
BGR (2021): Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe BGR-raw materials databank;

Bertau, M., Wellmer, F.-W., Scholz, R.W., Fröhlich, P., Haneklaus, N., Laubichler, M.D., Birmann, B.M., Caniglia, G., Schernhammer, E., Weitzer, J., Steffelbauer, I., Zenk, L., Mew, M., Steiner, G. (2022). The Future of Phosphate Rock-Processing – Why We Have to Leave Trodden Paths (forthcoming).





DISTURBANCES: POLITICAL TURMOIL RISK ANALYSIS (WORK IN PROGRESS)



Phosphorus-related trade flows

- including raw minerals, fertilizers and chemical products for the 39 largest countries by trade. The node size and link width is proportional to the traded amount in USD. Bilateral flows are netted.*
- based on Comtrade data from Harvard Growth lab for 2019. Based on SITC (Rev2) 2713, 5622, 5222**, 5232**, 5629**
- *links with less then 10m USD are not visualized
- **weighted according to approx. P content





ORIGINS OF THE PHOSPHORUS SCARCITY FALLACY & COUNTER VOICES



April 27, 2010, 6:42 AM

Peak Phosphorus

Today's idea: Our dwindling supply of phosphorus for fertilizer threatens to disrupt food security across the planet during the coming century, an article argues. "This is the gravest natural resource shortage you've never heard of."



The world relies on phosphate fertilizer to meet rising demand for food: tilling the soil in Kenya.

Experts Warn of Impending Phosphorus Crisis

By Hilmar Schmundt



The element phosphorus is essential to human life and the most important ingredient in fertilizer. But experts warn that the world's reserves of phosphate rock are becoming depleted. Is recycling sewage the answer?

Potential P-Scarcity triggered by, e.g.:

-Roosevelt FD (1938) Message to congress on phosphates for soil fertility, 20 May 1938. In: G Peters, JT Woolley, The American Presidency Project.

http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/ws/?pid=15643

- -Déry P, Anderson B (2007) Peak phosphorus. Energy Bulletin.
- Cordell D, Drangert JO, White S (2009) The story of phosphorus: global food security and food for thought. Glob Environ Change-Human Policy Dims 19(2).



Counter voices, e.a.:

- -van Kauwenbergh, S. J. (2010). World phosphate rock reserves and resources. Muscle Shoals, AL: IFDC.
- -Scholz, R.W., Wellmer, F.-W., 2013. Approaching a dynamic view on the availability of mineral resources: what we may learn from the case of phosphorus? Glob. Environ. Chang. 23, 11–27.

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gloenvcha.2012.10.013.

-Jasinski, S. M. (2022). Phosphate rock. In US Geological Survey (Ed.), Mineral Commodity Summaries 2018 (pp. 122-123). Washington, DC: USGS.



Igneous Deposits

X Island Deposits

Sedimentary Deposits



PHOSPHATE ROCK: WORLD RESERVES AND MINE PRODUCTION (2013/2020/2021)

2013

_		
data for 2013	Production volume (USGS, 2015)	Reserves (USGS, 2015)
	million metric tons / [share of world production]	million metric tons / [share of world reserves]
Morocco	26.4 [11.73%]	50,000 [74.63%]
China	108 [48%]	3,700 [5.52%]
South Africa	2.3 [1.02%]	1,500 [2.24%]
United States	31.2 [13.87%]	1,100[1.64%]
Russia	10 [4.44%]	1,300 [1.94%]
Brazil	6 [2.68%]	270 [0.4%]

2020/ 2021

(Data in thousand metric tons)

United States Algeria Australia Brazil China ⁶ Egypt Finland India Israel Jordan Kazakhstan Mexico Morocco Peru Russia Saudi Arabia Senegal South Africa Togo Tunisia Turkey Uzbekistan Vietnam Other countries	
World total (rounded)	

Mine production		Reserves ⁴
<u> 2020</u>	<u>2021^e</u>	
23,500	22,000	1,000,000
1,200	1,200	2,200,000
2,000	2,200	⁵ 1,100,000
6,000	5,500	1,600,000
88,000	85,000	3,200,000
4,800	5,000	2,800,000
995	1,000	1,000,000
1,400	1,400	46,000
3,090	3,000	53,000
8,940	9,200	1,000,000
1,300	1,500	260,000
577	530	30,000
37,400	38,000	50,000,000
3,300	3,800	210,000
14,000	14,000	600,000
8,000	8,500	1,400,000
1,600	2,200	50,000
1,800	2,000	1,600,000
942	1,200	30,000
3,190	3,200	100,000
600	600	50,000
900	900	100,000
4,500	4,700	30,000
<u>870</u>	1,000	
219,000	220,000	71,000,000

U.S. Geological Survey,
Mineral Commodity
Summaries, Phosphate
Rock, prepared by
Stephen M. Jasinski,
January 2022.
https://pubs.usgs.gov/periodicals/mcs2022/mcs2022
-phosphate.pdf

Steiner, G., , B., Watson, I., & Mew, M. C. (2015). Efficiency developments in phosphate rock mining over the last three decades. Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 105, 235–245. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2015.10.004

Geissler, Bernhard, Mew, M. C., Weber, O., & Steiner, G. (2015). Efficiency performance of the world's leading corporations in phosphate rock mining. Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 105, 246–258. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2015.10.008





NO PHOSPHORUS SCARCITY BUT WHAT IS NEEDED FOR THE FUTURE

In a nutshell: A rough static 'rule-of-thumb calculation' (all data from the USGS Mineral Commodity Statistics, 2022)

→Annual PR consumption for 2021

0.22 Gt PR

→ Current reserves:

71 Gt PR (=318 times of the 2021 PR consumption)

→ Current resources:

300 Gt PR (=would last for 1,681 years based on 2021 PR consumption)

BUT

- (1) These figures will increase if prices increase, technology improves, or new phosphate rock resources are identified (Scholz & Wellmer, 2013).
- (2) The rule that price increases reserves (as lower ore grades can be mined) raises these numbers.





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Consequence: For a better understanding of this reserve-resource dynamics we need a new institutional setting and a rigorous science approach relying on transdisciplinarity (as an enabler of mutual learning).

- -Building a knowledge **network**
- -Standardization of data and classification schemes/instruments
- -Conceptual Framework of system mechanisms (feedback loops) of future P supply dynamics as a basis for the data architecture
- -Sufficient analysis and **state-of-the-art modeling** (e.g., complexity science with network analysis, ABM etc.) & **digitalization** (e.g., digital twin, decsion theatre etc.)

What is needed for doing so: A Global Phosphate Data and Knowledge Hub



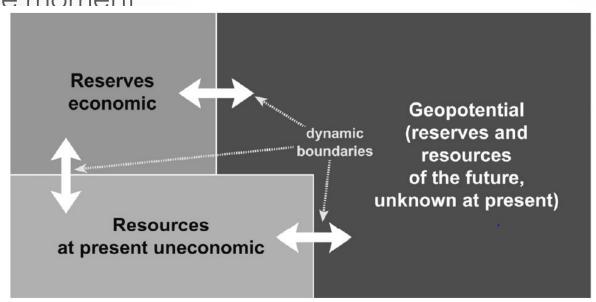


RESERVES, RESOURCES, AND GEOPOTENIAL: A DYNAMIC CONCEPT

→ Reserves: share of resource which can be economically extracted at currently given price and available technology under socio-ecologically acceptable conditions

→ Resources: known to a certain level, but economically not viable at the moment

→ Geopotential: only known by geological reasoning



Scholz, R.W., Wellmer, F.-W., 2013.
Approaching a dynamic view on the availability of mineral resources: what we may learn from the case of phosphorus? Glob. Environ. Chang. 23, 11–27. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gloenvcha.2012.10.013.

Steiner, G. (2019).
Phosphate supply security for importing countries:
Developments and the current situation.
Science of the Total Environment, 677: 511-523.

Geissler, B., Mew, M.,

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.s citotenv.2019.04.356

This is how we want to answer the question how much phosphorus will be available in the future, and with how much effort/at what price.





AN OUTLOOK FOR BETTER UNDERSTANDING & COLLABORATION

Looking forward to collaborate with you!

Executive Director Kaushik Majumdar and Mr. Abdellah El Houari & colleagues



Co-Leaders from Science and Practice & colleagues Roland Scholz, Friedrich Wellmer, Martin Bertau, Michael Mew, Ludwig Hermann, Michael Obersteiner & colleagues

Transdisciplinarity Laboratory Sustainable Mineral Resources (SMR Td-Lab)

Global Phosphate Data and Knowledge Hub
P-DaKH

