



## Salt-affected soils: threats and potentials

# Assessing Soil Potassium and Phosphorus Dynamics in Potato and Maize under Drip Irrigation

Joint meeting of INSAS and SUSTAIN



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**Valencia**, Spain **May 27-31**, 2024























































**PARTNERSHIPS** FOR THE GOALS



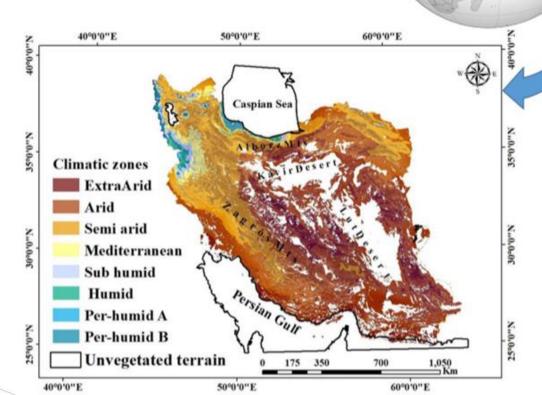


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- ~ 85% of **Iran** is arid, semi-arid or hyper arid environment with
- ~ 30 50% salinity problem (Khorsandi et al. (2009); Rezaei et al. (2021))

- Climate change
- Population growth
- Agriculture development
- Low water use efficiency
- Food demand
- Soil and water quality
- Improper practices/management



Water crisis; Food security

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(Eskandari dameneh et al. (2021))

#### The combination of fertigation and drip irrigation system

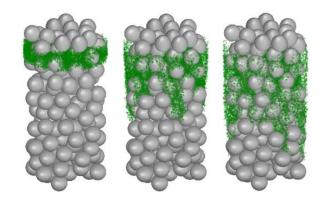
#### Main Advantages:

- ✓ Reduces resource loss
- ✓ Improves water use efficiency
- ✓ Precise nutrient application; fertilizer use efficiency
- ✓ Synchronizing the Water and nutrients application with crop demand





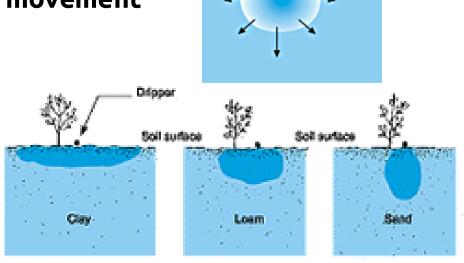
## Spatial distribution of water, solute and nutrients



Mass flow & Diffusion: the main mechanisms in the transport/movement of K and P

#### Factors affecting the spatial distribution and movement

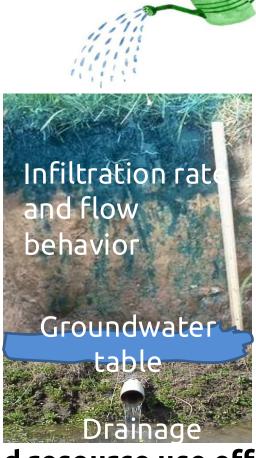
- soil characteristics; texture, CEC, HP, pH
- quality of irrigation water; EC, TDS
- •fertilizer composition
- irrigation pattern and strategy
- concentration of the fertilizer solution
- Boundary condition; ET, GW



(Ajdary et al., 2007; Gärdenäs et al., 2005; Phogat et al., 2014; Ramos et al., 2011&2012; Rezaei et al., 2021; Šimůnek and Hopmans, 2009; Wang et al., 2017 Joint meeting of the International network of salt-affected soils (INSAS) and the COST Action on the sustainable use of salt-affected lands (SUSTAIN)

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The spatial/vertical distribution of water, K and P ===== **fertigation and resource use efficiency** 

#### knowledge of water, K and P and movement and transformation





### The problem statement...

Understanding the interrelated dynamics of nutrient (NPK) and salt transport, as well as plant uptake processes, in order to improve the efficiency and sustainability using drip irrigation systems

## Objectives

- ➤ Identify P&K distribution and movement pattern and transformation in different soils
- >Developing modeling approach for optimizing water and P&K fertilizer use efficiency



Filed monitoring setup and measurement (drip irrigation):







•Soil water content: TDR, at 10, 20, 30, 40 cm depth; daily

•Sampling method: micro/auger, at of 0-5, 5-10, 10-15,

15-20, 20-30, and 30-40 cm, P&K, EC

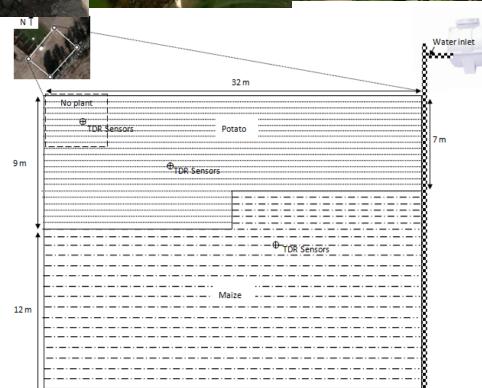
•Sampling time: 0, 4, 24, 98, 624, and 1632 h after fertigation: for 2 fertigation

•Irrigation: 21 times; 4 h

•Fertilizer: Urea,  $KH_2PO_4$  and  $K_2SO_4$  (450, 150 and 250 kg/ha NPK)

•Plant root and leaf analysis

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## Filed monitoring setup and measurement (drip irrigation):







- •Metrological data: nearby synoptic station at SWRI research station in Karaj,
- •Plot scale characterization:
- •Hydraulic properties Ks and SWRC:
  - a) Rosseta (PTF); b) Kopecky ring samples







#### Composition of irrigation water and fertilizer solutions

	рН	ECe	Р	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	NO <sub>3</sub> -	Ca <sup>2+</sup>	K <sup>+</sup>	Na <sup>+</sup>	Cl-	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	HCO <sub>3</sub> -	CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
		ds m <sup>-1</sup>	%					mg/	Ī			
Irrigation water	8.5	0.34	0	3.92	6.44	46	0.8	13.75	35.5	7.2	103.7	0.2
Fertilizer solution first event	7.8	1.1	0.044	516	504.6	3	514	18	18	3	256	48
Fertilizer solution second event	7.8	1	0.035	500	479.3	5	423	19	25	9	628	0





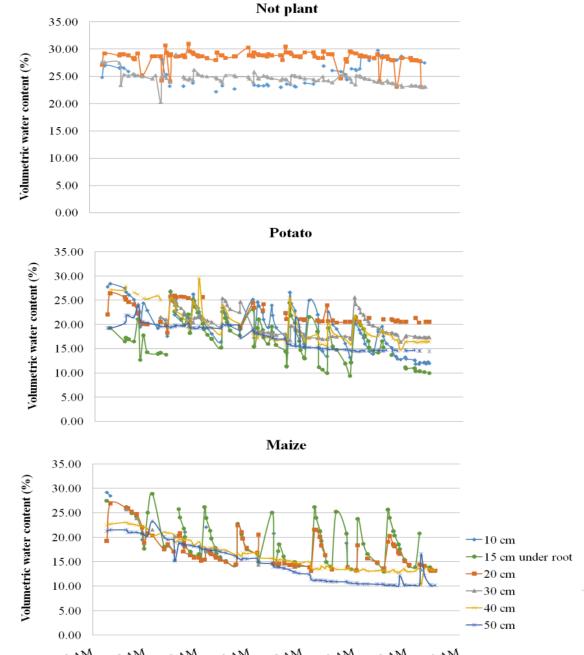
## Soil physical and chemical properties of four layers.

Depth (cm)	0-15	15-35	35-65	65-100
Sand (%)	42	44	30	50
Silt (%)	30	32	40	38
Clay (%)	28	24	30	12
Texture	Clay loam	loam	Clay loam	Loam
EC (dS/m)	2.51	2.55	2.66	2.58
рН	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8
Soluble ion (mg/l)				
K <sup>+</sup>	51.6	25.2	46.7	58.4
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	135	88	96	98
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	16	19	22	15
Na <sup>+</sup>	23.5	18	24	23
Р	0.07	1.1	0.8	0.7
Cl <sup>-</sup>	67.5	40	43	50
Exchangeable ion				
(meq/kg)				
K <sup>+</sup>	0.064	0.064	0.049	0.063
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	2.12	1.99	1.97	2.14
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	0.22	0.18	0.21	0.24
Na <sup>+</sup>	0.23	0.20	0.21	0.21
P ava (mg/kg)	7.9	7.1	5	4.9

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#### Soil water content



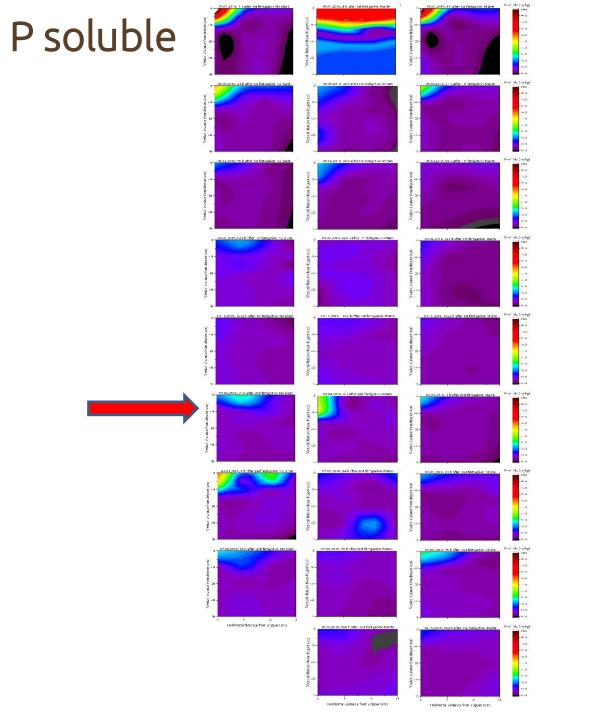
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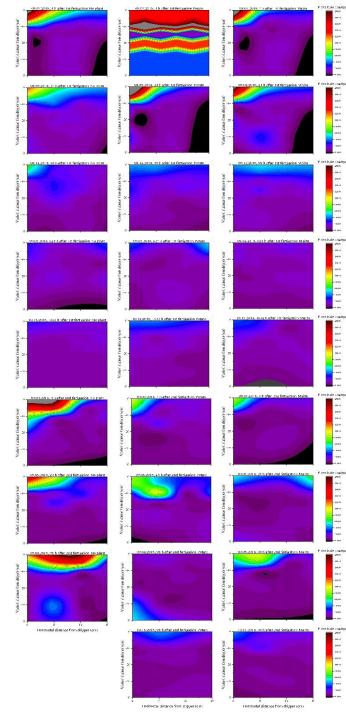
Time(hour)



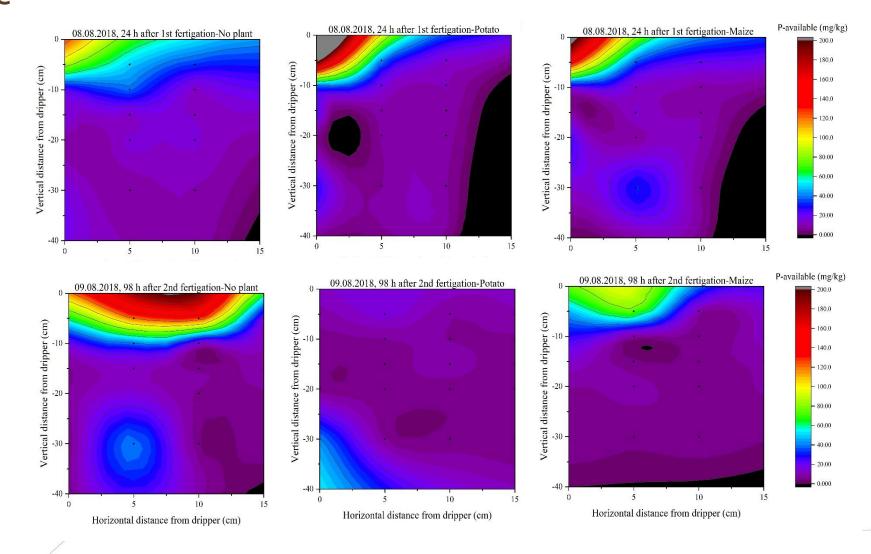




#### P available

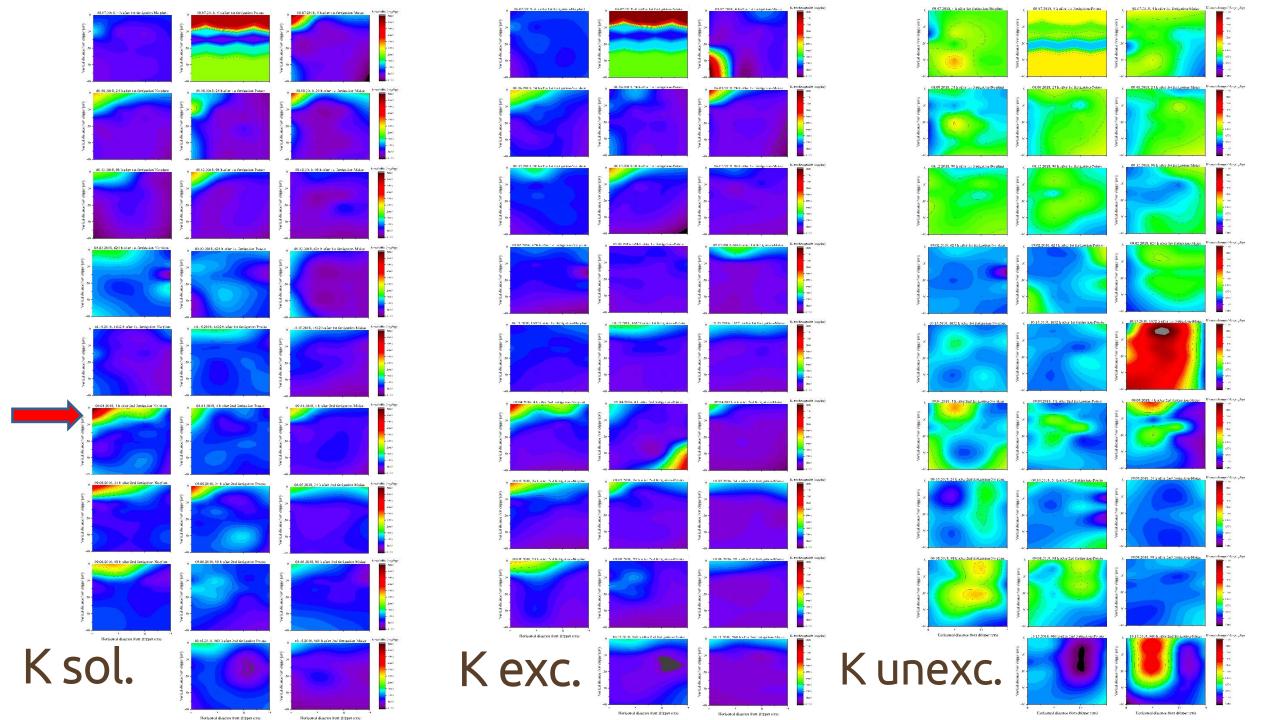


#### P available



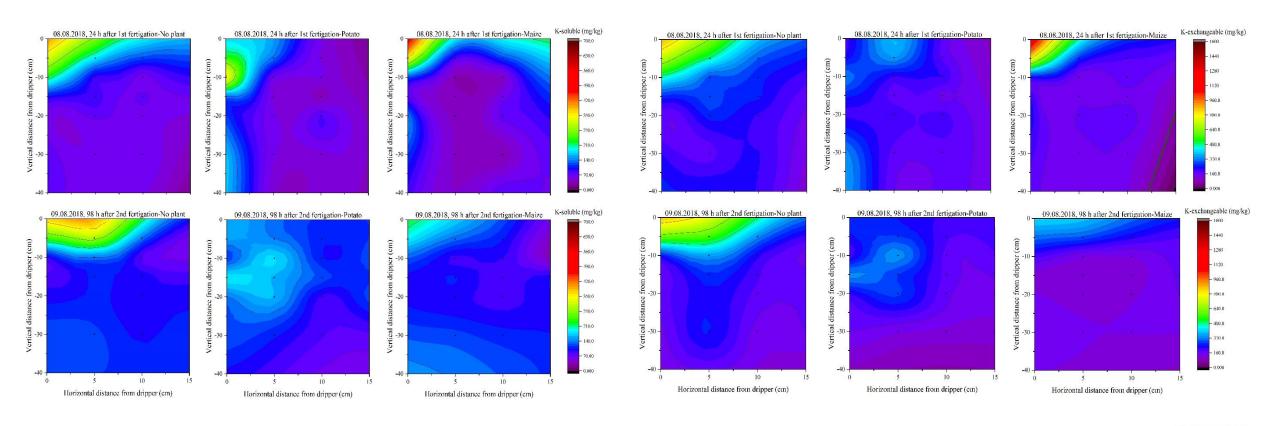






#### K soluble

#### K exchangeable



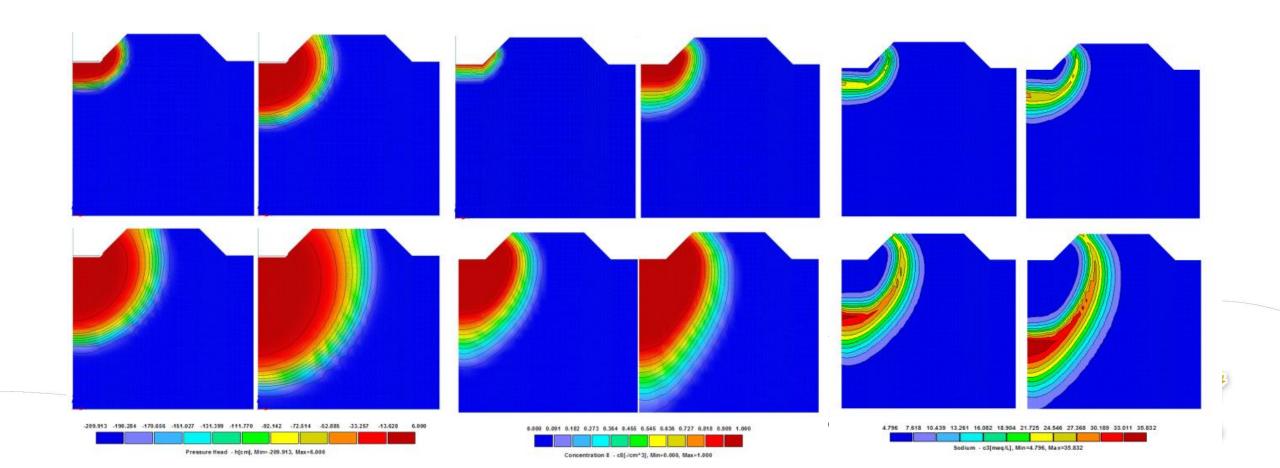
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#### Future perspective...

#### Developing modeling approach

- Crop growth model: DSSAT (Hoogenboom et al. 2019)
- Hydrological model: Hydrus 1/2/3D (Šimůnek et al. 2024)



## Take Home message

- Plant influences soil P and K distribution / movement.
- Soil heterogeneity impacts solute dynamics in soil.
- Understanding nutrient dynamics is key for designing efficient fertigation systems and water management.
- Advanced monitoring and modeling (scenario analysis) are necessary for optimal assessment and management.

Integration of these approaches enhances resource efficiency, improves nutrient distribution, avoid soil salinization and ultimately increases productivity.

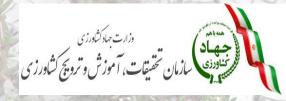














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