

The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan
Ministry of Agriculture

Status of soil information in Jordan

Soil Survey in Jordan - Context and History

- 1950s at a scale of 1:1,000,000, using USDA of 1938, twelve great soil groups being recognized, the most common of which being:
 - grey desert soils,
 - alluvial soils developed under desert climate, yellow soils developed under steppe conditions,
 - yellow and red Mediterranean soils developed where annual rainfall exceeds 250mm.
- 1960s, mapped the soils of Baqa'a Valley at a scale of (1:10,000) using the using Soil Taxonomy (7th Approximation).
- 1970s to Irbid and Karak regions. A detailed survey was carried out for 2,500 ha, and a semidetailed survey for 70,000 ha in Irbid region.

Soil Survey in Jordan - Context and History

- 1975 Land Regions for Jordan were defined by Mitchell and interpretation of 1:250,000 scale LANDSAT MSS imagery to refine these units provided the basis for the soil mapping programme of the National Soil Map and Land Use Project (NSM&LUP) 1989-95.

The study consists of 3 levels

- The Level 1 soil survey, a broad reconnaissance of the soils of the whole Kingdom with mapping at 1:250,000 scale.
- Level 2 involved semi-detailed soil survey and production of soil, land use and land suitability maps of 9000 km² at 1:50,000 scale.
- Level 3 presents soil, land cover and land suitability maps at 1:10,000 scale of about 800 km² based on a detailed soil survey.

Soil Survey & Land Use Division

OBJECTIVES

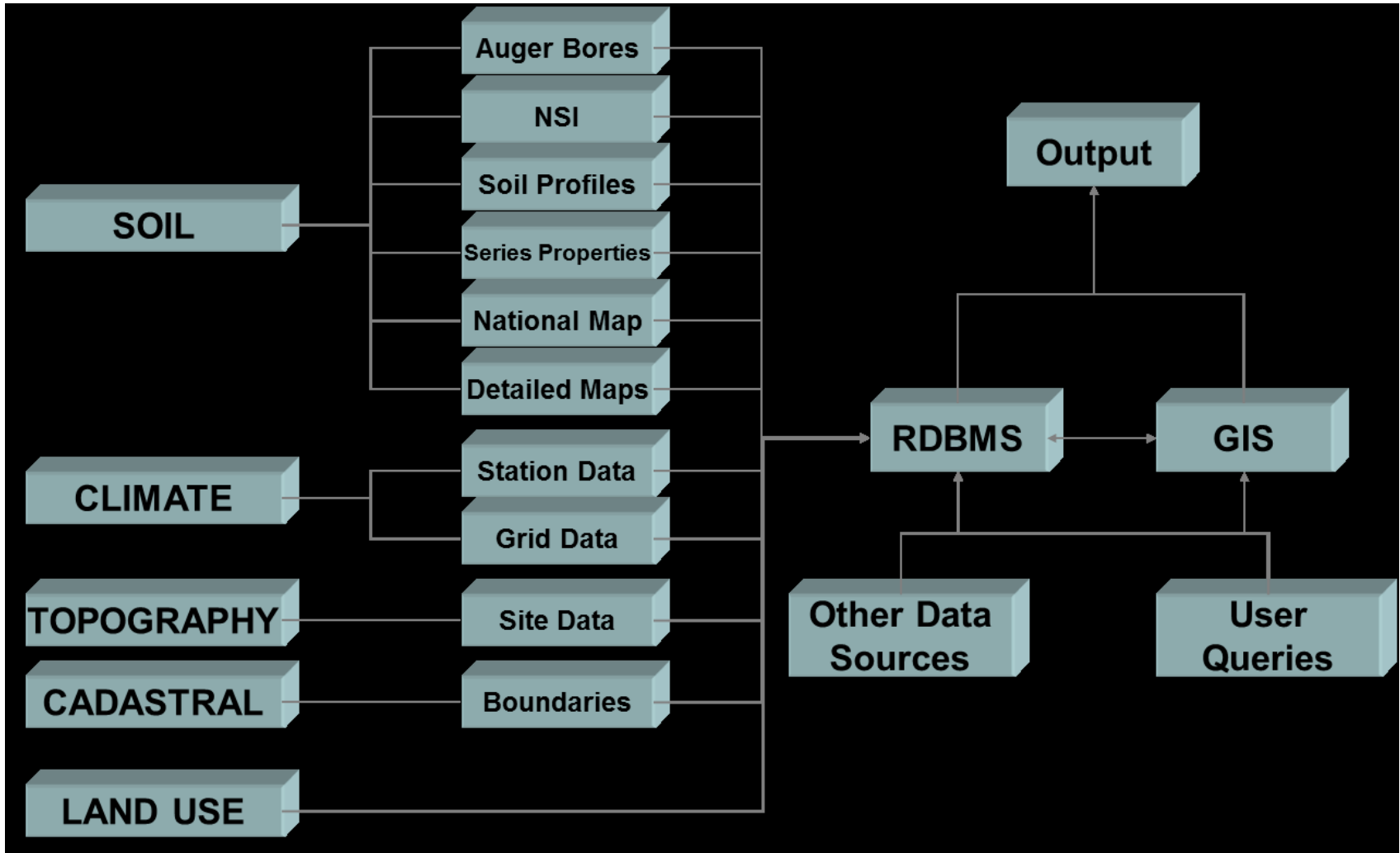
- Create a Computerized Data Storage System and Geographical Information System (GIS).
- Select and Train a Cadre of Scientists in Soil and Land Evaluation, Data Management Techniques, and Digital Map Production.
- Provide Needed Information in Land Resources to Planning Bodies and Decision Makers.

Soil Survey & Land Use Division

OBJECTIVES

- Prepare SOIL MAPS of Jordan.
- Identify, Describe and Locate Areas of Arable Land
- Classify Arable Land According To Suitability For Various Agricultural Uses

LANDIS INFORMATION



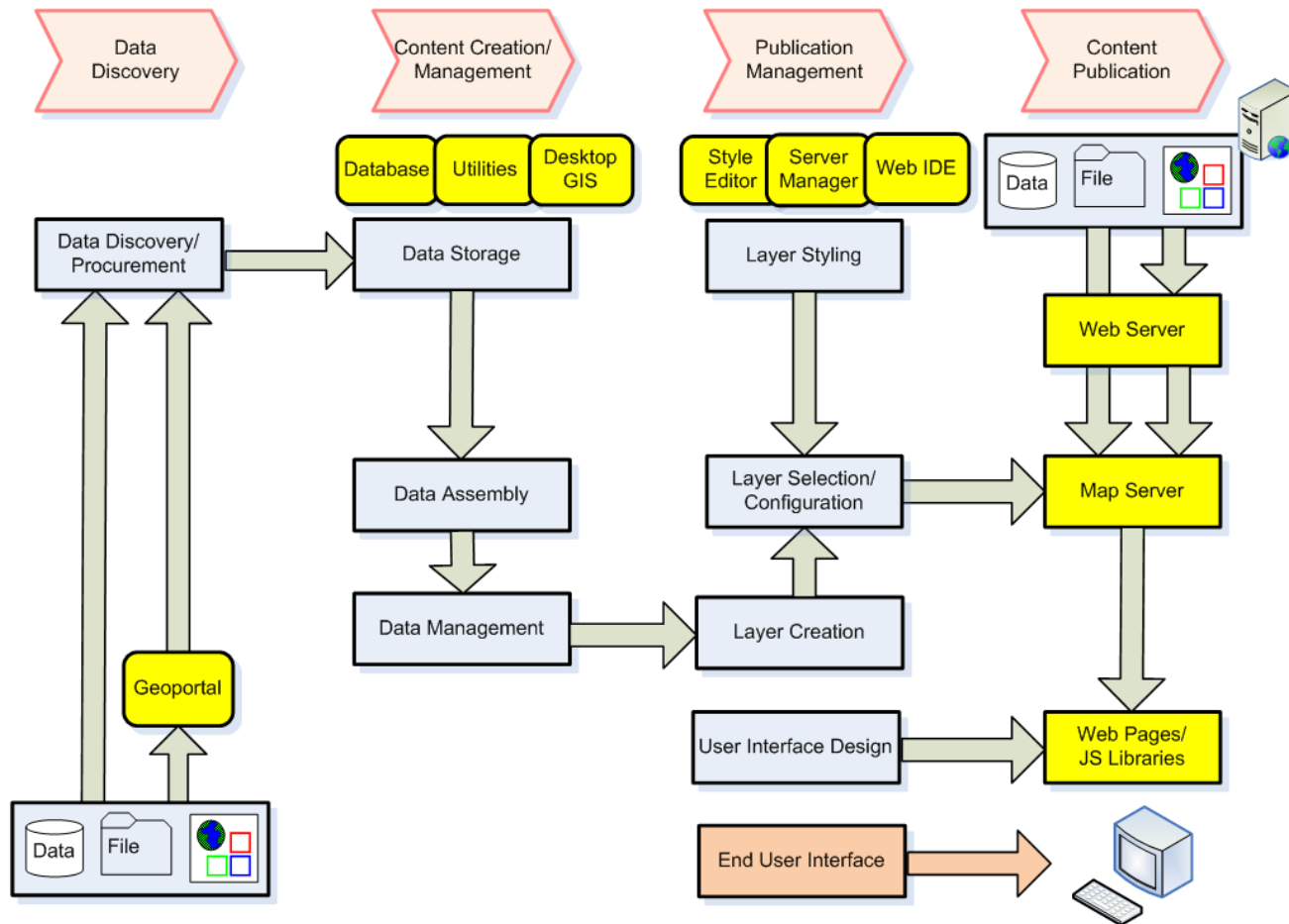
Jordanian soils data sources

The Jordan Soil and Climatic Information System, (JOSCIS) established in 1993,. The original JOSCIS system reported on held a broad range of environmental thematic data, for instance soil, land use, land qualities and climatologically data.

Data that available from the (JOSCIS) are:

Rainfall, soil depth, temperature, available water holding capacity, slope, altitude, surface stoniness, erosion type and class, surface cover type (stones, boulders, rockiness), and drainage class. In addition, some data about salinity, alkalinity, and Calcium Carbonate percentage were available from the National Soil Map and Land Use Project reports.

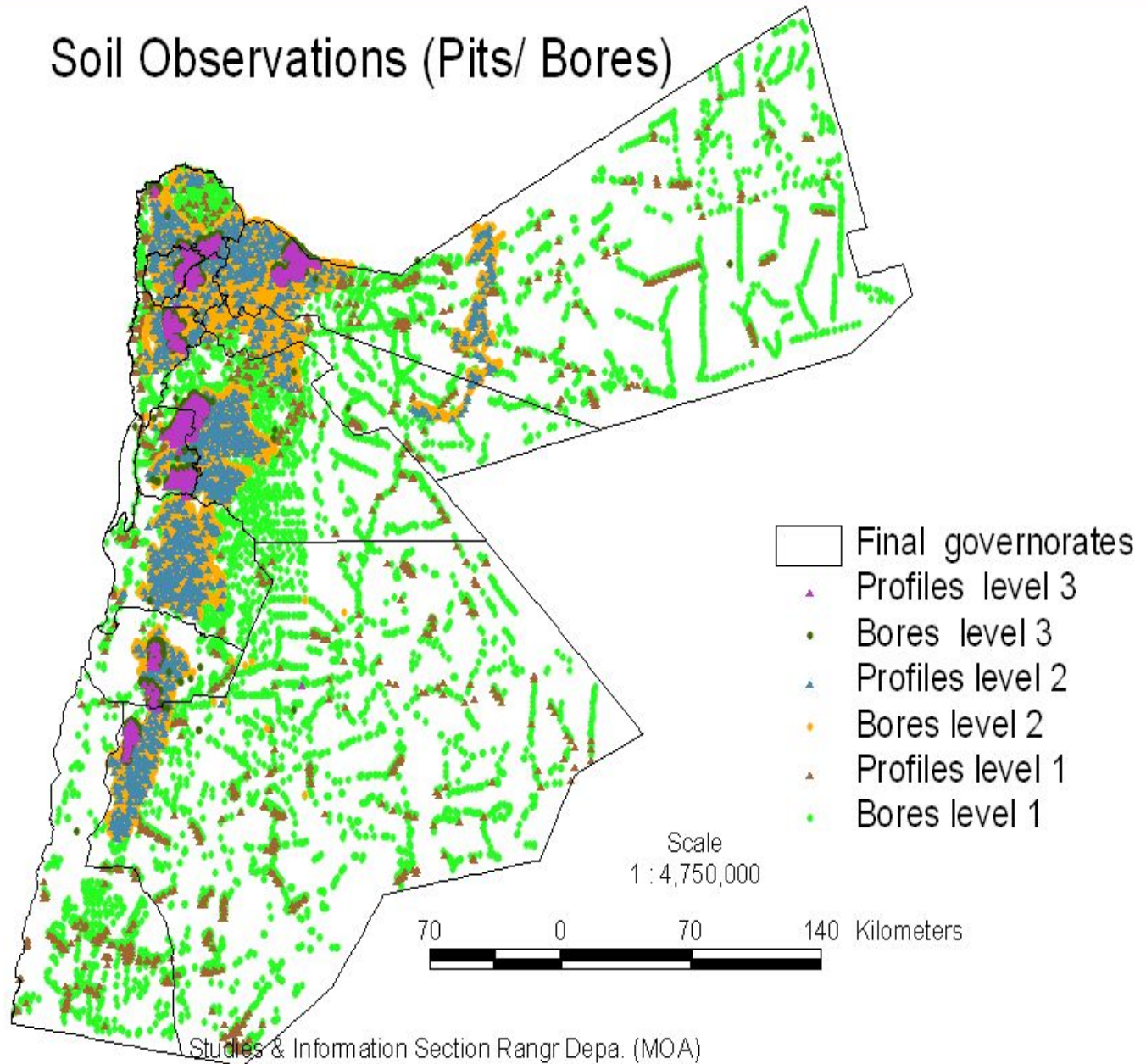
TYPICAL DESIGN ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION SYSTEM



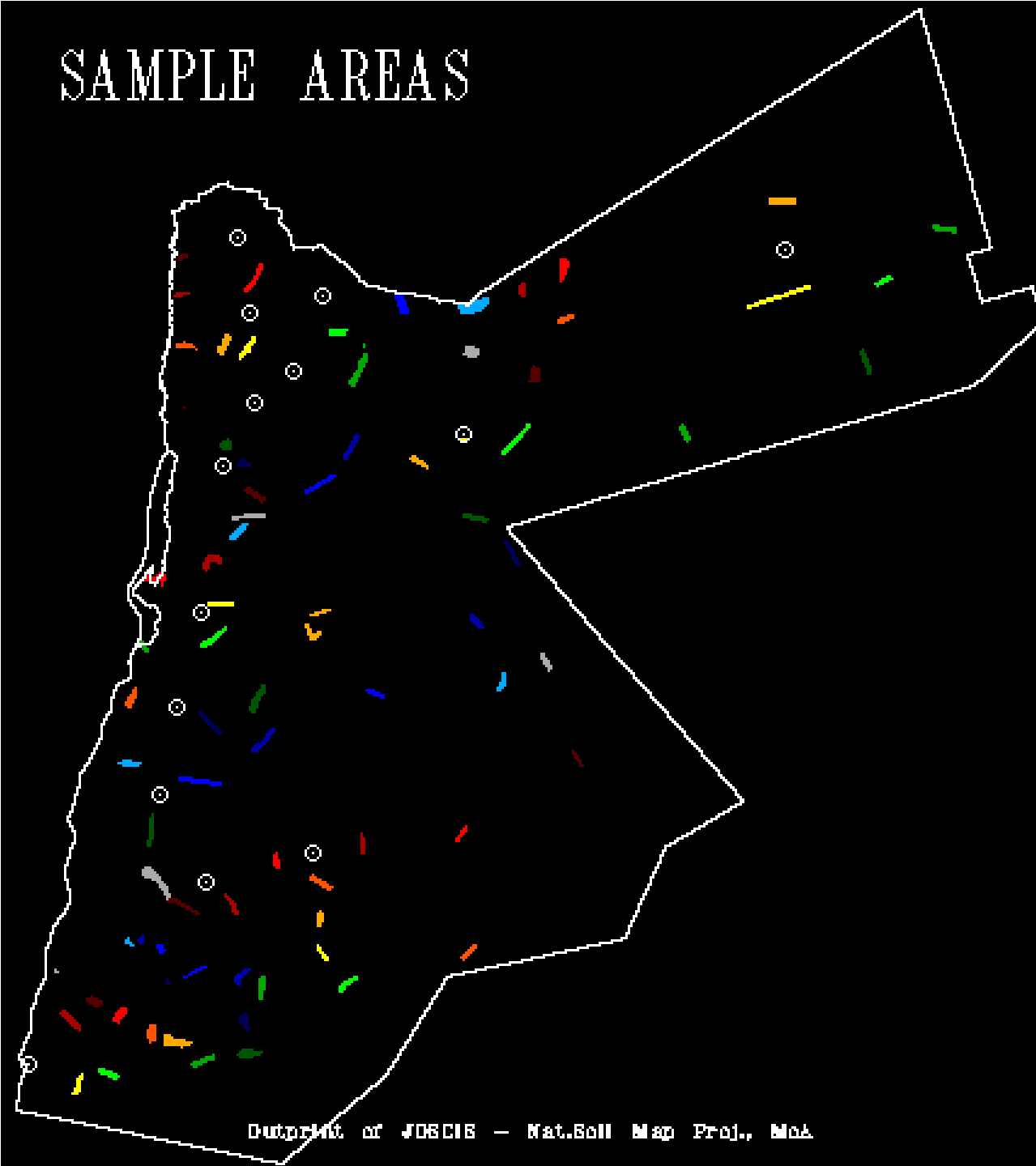
Number of Observation in Three levels

Observation Type	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total Sites
Profile Pits	380	1623	1736	3739
Auger Bores	3848	18131	15895	37874
Total	4228	19754	17631	41613

Soil Observations (Pits/ Bores)

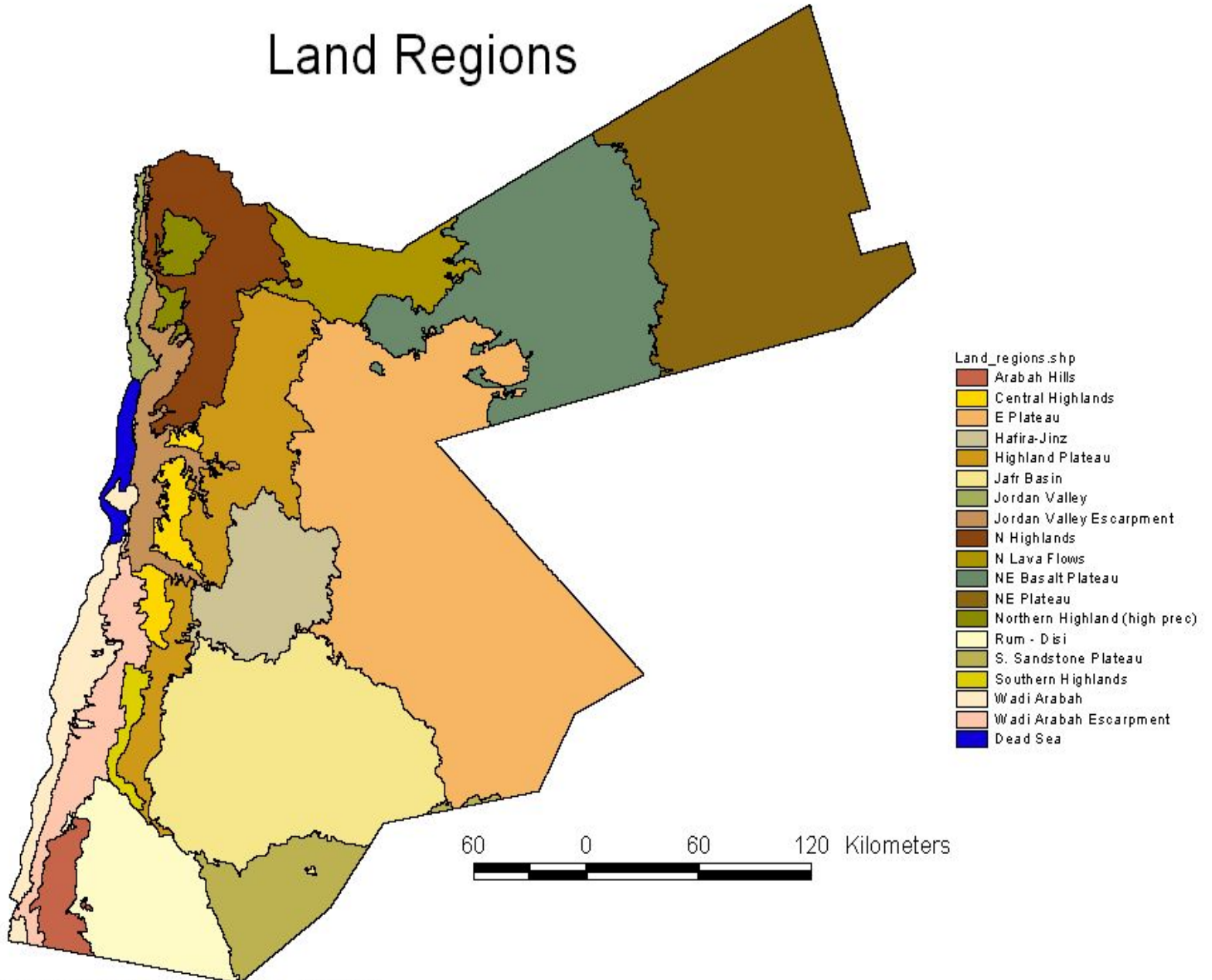


SAMPLE AREAS



100 km

Land Regions

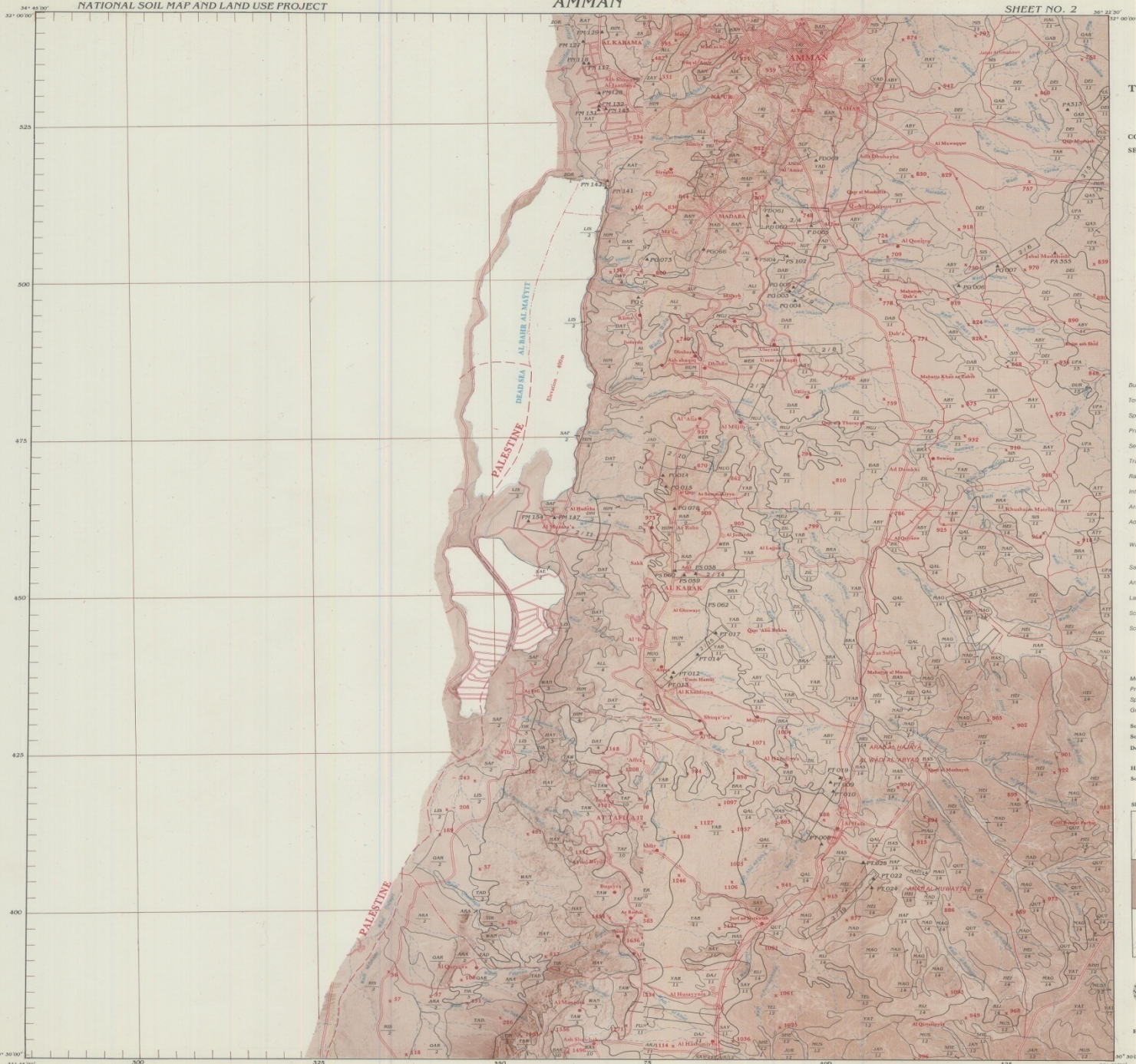


National Soil Map & Land Use Project

LEVEL I - Reconnaissance Survey:

Scale 1:250.000

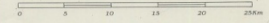
- Collation And Analysis Of All Existing Data
- Collection Of Soil Data By Field Surveys Over 89.3 Thousand Km Sq.
 - Classification Of Soil Data And Delineation Of Soil Mapping Units
 - General Analysis of Suitability For Agricultural Development.
 - Identification Of Priority Areas For Future Study At More Detailed Levels.
 - Production Of Maps And Reports.



THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES
SEM / 03 / 628 / 039

NATIONAL SOIL MAP
AND
LAND USE PROJECT
SOIL MAP OF JORDAN
LEVEL 1: RECONNAISSANCE SOIL SURVEY
AMMĀN
SHEET NO. 2
SCALE 1: 250 000



LEGEND

- Built up area
- Town / village
- Spot elevation
- Primary road
- Secondary road
- Track
- Railroad
- International boundary
- Armistice line
- Administrative boundary
- Wadis
- Intermittent
- Sample area and number
- Analyzed soil pit and number
- Land region boundary
- Soil unit boundary
- Soil unit symbol

Mosaic of Landsat MSS Bands 7,5,4 (RGB) (1987/88)
Projection JTM International
Spheroid International
Grid Interval 25km

Soil survey by:
Soil Survey and Land Classification Section:
Dept of Afforestation and Forests

Hunting Technical Services LTD. UK.
Soil Survey and Land Research Centre UK

Sheet Layout



Cartographic works and printing by:
THE ROYAL JORDANIAN GEOGRAPHIC CENTRE
AMMĀN

Edition 1 - 1994

National Soil Map & Land Use

LEVEL I *Reconnaissance Survey:*

Scale 1:250.000 Cover 89.3 Thousand Km Sq.

The level I Report consists of three volumes

Volume 1- Summary Report in Arabic.

Volume 2- The Main Report.

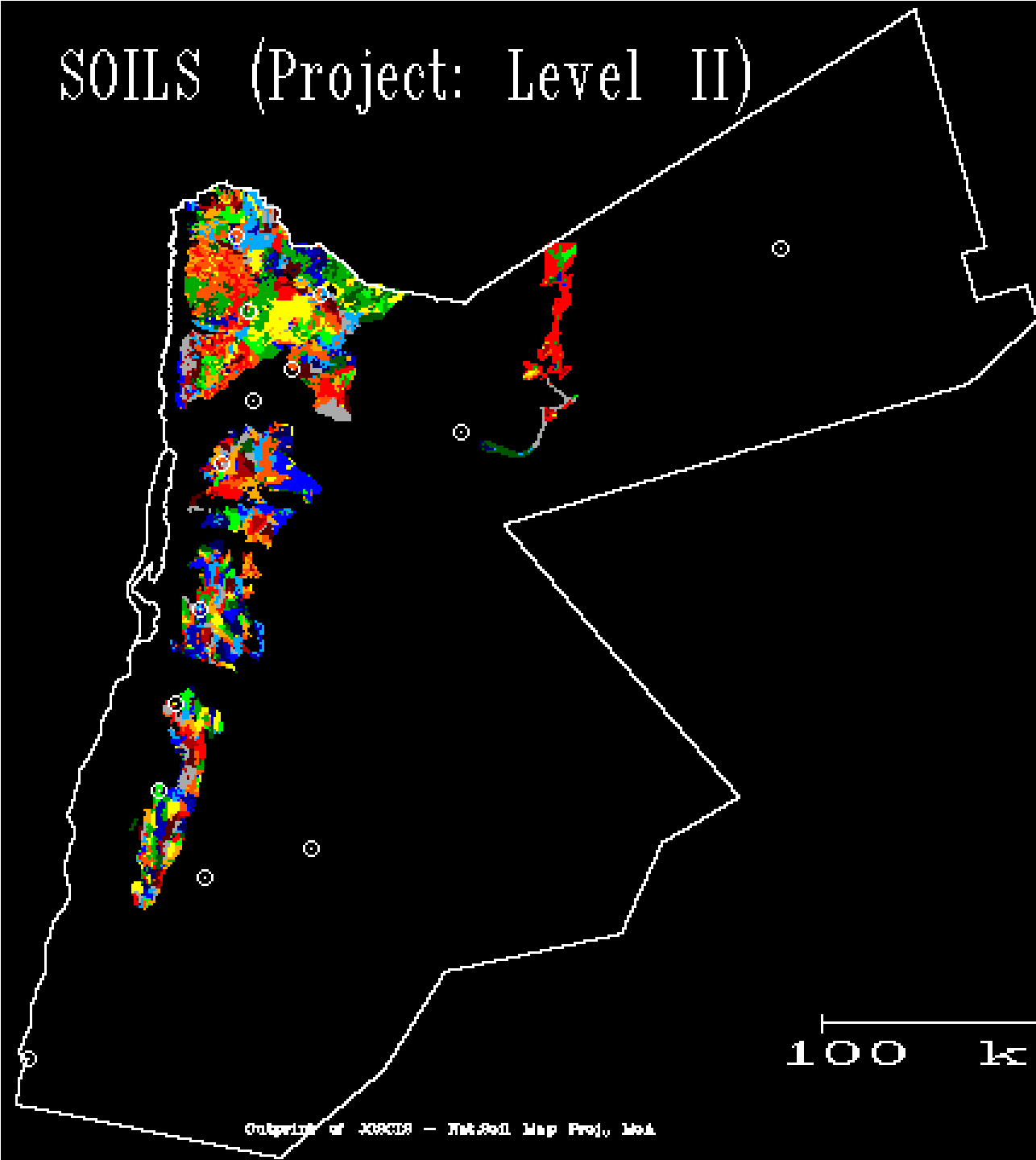
Volume 3-Representitive Profile and soil analyses.

Map Album Consists : 7 Sheets at scale 1:250.000

LEVEL 2 SOIL SURVEY

- Level 2 involved semi-detailed soil survey and production of soil, land use and land suitability maps of 9000 km² at 1:50,000 scale.

SOILS (Project: Level II)



100 km

National Soil Map & Land Use

LEVEL I | *Semi Detailed Survey:*

Scale 1:50.000 - Cover 900.000 ha

level II Report consists of three volumes

Volume 1 - Summary Report in Arabic.

Volume 2 - The Main Report.

Volume 3 - Representative Profile and soil analyses.

Map Album Consists : 84 Sheets which includes:

28 Sheet/Soil map.

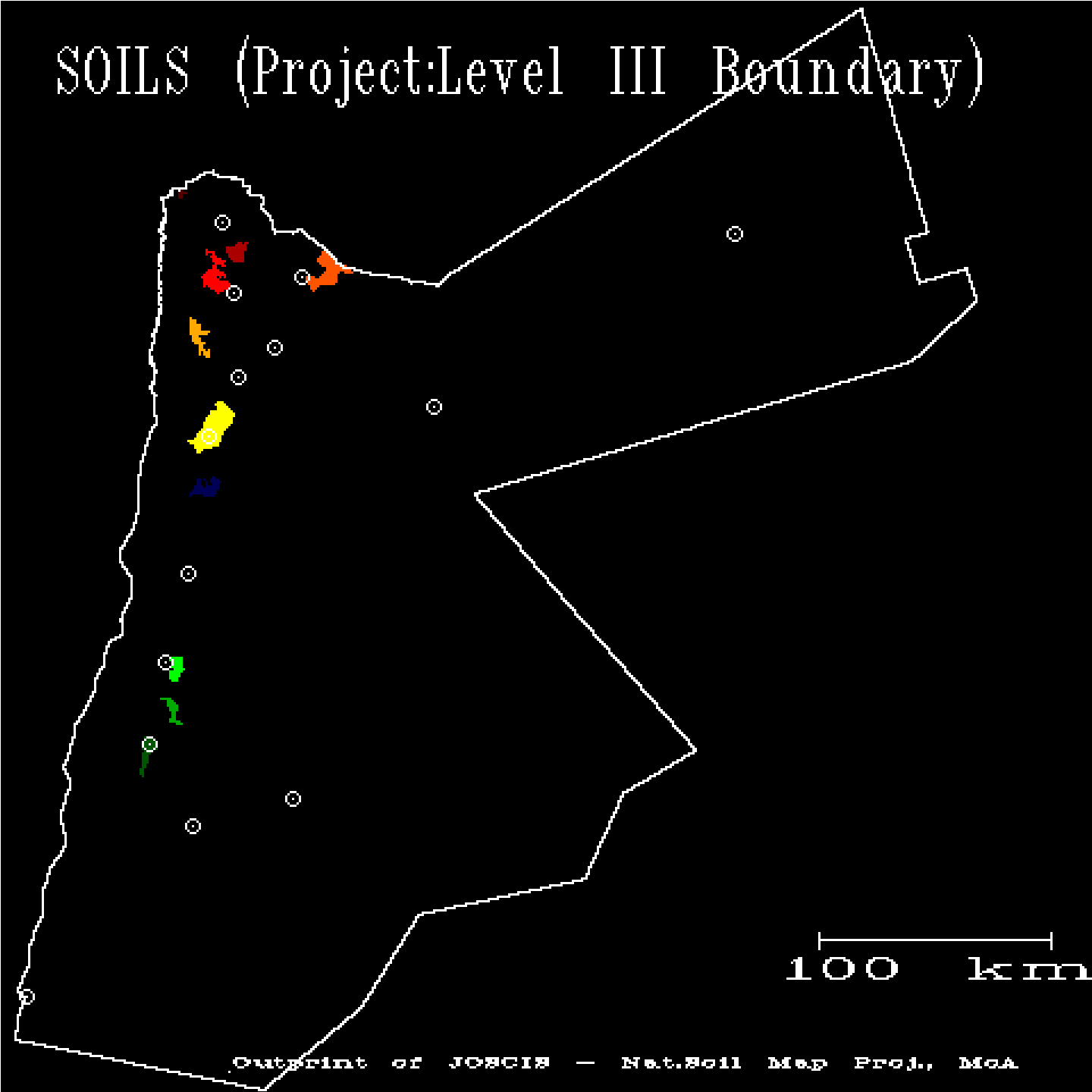
28 Sheet/ Land Cover map.

28 Sheet/ Land Suitability map at scale 1:50.000.

LEVEL 3 SOIL SURVEY

- Level 3 presents soil, land cover and land suitability maps at 1:10,000 scale of about 800 km² based on a detailed soil survey.

SOILS (Project:Level III Boundary)



National Soil Map & Land Use

LEVEL III *Detailed Survey:*

Scale 1:10.000 - Cover 1000 ha

level III Report consists of Six Volumes

Volume 1 - Summary Report in Arabic.

Volume 2 - The Main Report.

Volume 3 - Appendices.

Volume 4 - Soil Physics

Volume 5 - Thin section Studies

Volume 6 – Soil map legends.

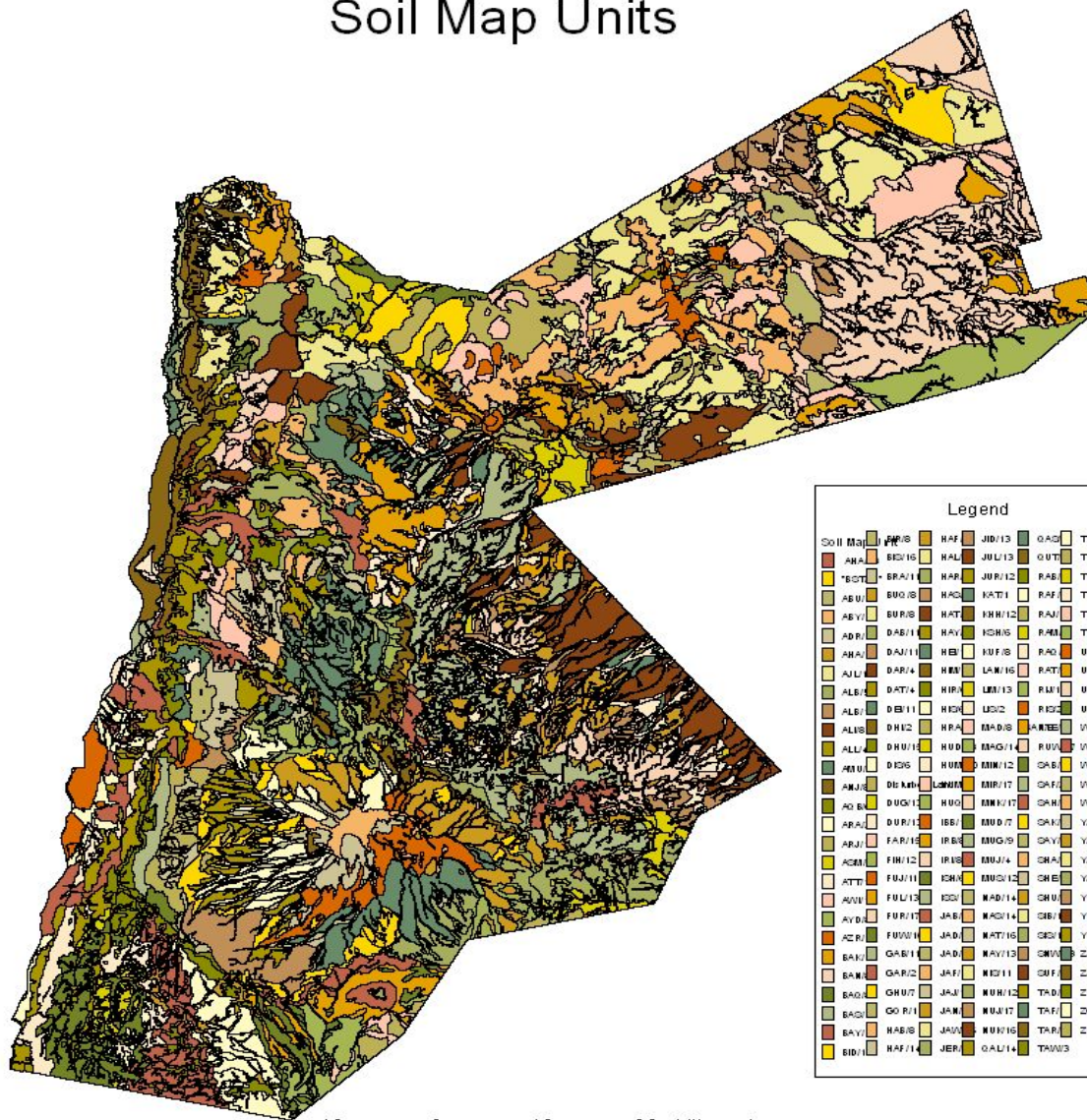
Map Album Consists : 36 Sheet which includes:

Soil map.

Land Cover map.

Land Suitability map at scale 1:10.000.

Soil Map Units



Legend

So II M3	PHS	HAF	JIB/13	QAG	TEL/12
ANA	BEI/16	HAL	JUL/13	OUT	TFI/6
BCT	BRA/1	HAP	JUR/12	PAB	THA/15
BEU	BUC/18	HAC	KAT/1	RAF	TR/5
BEV	BUP/18	HAT	KHM/12	RAJ	TUA/17
ADR	DAB/1	HAY	KCH/5	RAM	TUB/7
ARA	DAJ/1	HEB	KDF/8	RAD	UBU/6
AUL	DAR/4	HEN	LAW/16	PAT	UFA/13
ALB	DAT/4	HIP	LM/13	RMU	UWH/13
ALB	DE/11	HID	US/2	RIC	UR/5
ALB	DH/2	HFA	MB/8	ANES	WAK/13
ALL	DHU/11	HUD	MG/11	RUV	WAK/3
AMU	DIG/5	HUM	MM/12	CAB	WAX/15
AMU	DIK/16	LMM	MIR/17	CAF	WEB/10
AD B	DUG/11	HUG	MM/17	CAH	WEB/9
ARA	DUR/11	IBB	MND/7	CAK	YAB/11
ARJ	FAR/15	IRB	MOG/5	CAV	YAD/8
ACM	FIM/12	IRB	MOJ/4	CMA	YAP/8
ATT	FUJ/11	ICH	MOU/12	CHB	YAT/12
AVL	FUL/13	ICD	NAD/14	CRU	YIL/2
AVD	FUR/12	JAB	NAC/14	CSB	YIR/13
ACR	FUV/1	JAD	NAT/16	CSV	YUT/5
BAN	GAB/1	JAD	NAY/13	CMA	ZAR/8
BAN	GAC/2	JAF	NK/11	SMF	ZAY/4
BAG	CHU/7	JAJ	NU/12	TAD	ZIL/1
BAG	GO R/11	JAW	NU/12	TAH	ZOR/1
BAV	HAB/18	JAV	NU/16	TAP	ZUM/15
BID/1	HAF/1	JEP	OAL/14	TAW/3	

40 0 40 80 Kilometers

CONSTRAINTS TO DEVELOPMENT

- Population Increase
- Diversity Of Population Needs
- Land Deterioration
- Soil Erosion
- Lower Land Production Capability
- Desertification
- Unbalanced Competition In Land Use

Thank you