



Progress report of the CWP adhoc Task Group on Aquaculture

Review of progress of CWP-AS activities since CWP-26 and presentation of the aquaculture section in the revised handbook.

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Major Activities Undertaken:

Structure of 2013 version

PREFACE

- 1. Definition and characteristics of aquaculture
- 2. Aquaculture living resources and their attributes
- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture
- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
- 9. Bibliography





Reasons for revision of 2013 version:

- Too general and focused on broad concepts in aquaculture, it seems more a manual on aquaculture than a handbook on statistics
- Too redundant, same concepts spread along the whole document
- Information are not always focused in the appropriate section
- Not practical in statistical issues, lacks in examples and specific recommendations
- Lacking in definitions and guidance for statisticians
- Structure is unclear and readability is low
- Doesn't always apply to a worldwide context
- Needs updated hyperlinks and references



Objectives:

Updated content

Worldwide application

Improved readibility



Relevant hyperlinks and references







To improve readibility, in main paragraphs **«for statistical purposes» blue boxes**, highlighting specific guidance suggestions were added, some examples:

For statistical purposes the desired compilation level should consist in separate tables for each cultivated species for each individual farm and production system, thus allowing for full flexibility and utility at data analysis level. At the time of compilation into national and sub-national statistics, it may be necessary to convert estimates of the biomass into number and vice versa. It is strongly encouraged to collect conversion factors for this purpose.

For statistical purposes, the aquaculture production is attributed to the nations within whose territories including Exclusive Economic Zones where the farming facilities are located, regardless of the nationalities of owners of facilities.

For statistical purposes since the area under culture can change considerably during the year, it is recommended to measure the areas at their final production phase.

For statistical purposes the breakdown in culture environments (freshwater, brackishwater and marine water) is not simple and it is often left to the subjective judgment of reporters. An interpretation for breaking down the salinity level is related to the percentage of dissolved salts over time: while in freshwater the salinity is constantly neglectable and in saltwater the level is always high and appreciable, water bodies where the salinity is under continuous periodic fluctuations due to the influx of freshwater or saltwater are considered brackishwater bodies.

For statistical purposes, the key elements defining aquaculture activities is that aquaculture includes the production of all aquatic organisms, regardless its taxonomic classifications and its final utilization in all those situations in which there is an artificial intervention in the rearing process and ownership of cultivated organisms.



From **PREFACE** (only)

To tailored introductory chapters

- Preface → introduction on CWP, mandate and ownership of the document Executive Summary of the Handbook → a quick overview of each chapter
- Why Collecting Aquaculture Data -> explanation over the need of reliable and timely aquaculture data in the framework of the CCRF
- Handbook Preparation and Background

 milestones in the preparation of the handbook, including the hyperlinks to the relevant documents and decisions taken
- $\stackrel{\text{\tiny Nature}}{}$ Nature and Scope \rightarrow overview on the handbook and its purposes
- Institutional Benchmarks

 institutional framework and principles of the Handbook



REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Definitions and characteristic of Aquaculture -> Terms and Definitions
- 2. Aquaculture Living Resources and their Attributes
- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture
- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
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Ch. 1: Terms and Definitions

2013 version

- 1-1. Definition of Aquaculture
- 1-2. Stages in Aquaculture
- 1-3. Classifications of aquaculture
- 1-3-1. Intensity of culture practices
- 1-3-2. Scale of aquaculture operations
- 1-4. Interaction between aquaculture and

capture fisheries

2021 revision

- 1-1. Definition of Aquaculture
- 1-2. Stages in Aquaculture



1-2-1. Aquaculture organisms life stages practical

glossary

- 1-3. Classifications of aquaculture
 - 1-3-1. Intensity of culture practices
- 1-4. Interaction between aquaculture and capture fisheries

<u>CWP</u>



Ch. 1: Terms and Definitions

"Definition and Characteristics of Aquaculture"
Was renamed and focused on definitions and glossary

1-1. Definition of Aquaculture

→ Introductory chapter focusing the relevance of the definitions used (FAO, ISIC Rev.4)



1-2. Stages in Aquaculture

- → examples provided making references to FAO factsheets on cultured aquatic species
- 1-2-1. Aquaculture organisms life stages practical glossary
- → glossary and definitions on life stages organized

- 1-3. Classifications of aquaculture
- 1-3-1. Intensity of culture practices

→ practical approach on interpretation on classifications and intensity

1-4. Interaction between aquaculture and capture fisheries -> revised content, updated definitions and related bibliography

Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided



Ch. 1: Terms and Definitions: 1-2-1. Aquaculture organisms life stages practical glossary



- 12 Nouns based on the vocabulary used in the Handbook
- Broad definition to avoid losing focus on statistics due to complex differentiations of larval stages of crustaceans, fish and molluscs
- Simple structure: noun (alphabetical order), definition and source(s)
- Room for improvements mainly regarding the macroalgae definitions

Noun	Definition	Source
Adult	Any animal that has attained full growth or is sexually mature that is not precocious.	Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.;
		Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010

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Ch. 1: Terms and Definitions: 1-2-1. Aquaculture organisms life stages practical glossary

Noun	Definition	Source
Adult	Any animal that has attained full growth or is sexually mature that is not precocious.	Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Broodstock	Specimen or species, either as eggs, juveniles, or adults, from which a first or subsequent generation may be produced in captivity, whether for growing as aquaculture or for release to the wild for stock enhancement.	FAO Fisheries Department (2003) World Fisheries and Aquaculture Atlas. CD-ROM. Rome, FAO. 2nd ed.Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.;
	Sexually mature specimens of both sexes kept for the purpose of controlled reproduction (independent of whether a first or subsequent generation is produced) as well as younger specimens destined to be used for the same purpose	Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Egg	The mature female germ cell	FAO Glossary National Sea Grant College Program (2003) Aquaculture Network Information Network Center (AquaNIC). Aquaculture course 448, glossary (5 pages). Online at (http://aquanic.org/courses/aq448/glossary.htm); Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Eyed egg	Eggs in which the embryo has reached an advanced developmental stage, and where fully pigmented eyes can easily be seen. In the opaque salmonid eggs, this stage is resistant to mechanical shock; eggs are therefore commonly shipped upon reaching this stage	Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue



Ch. 1: Terms and Definitions 1-2-1. Aquaculture organisms life stages practical glossary

Fry	A term used to describe a fish at the postlarval stage. All stages from hatchling to fingerling stage can potentially be covered by "fry".	Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.; International Center for Aquaculture and Aquatic Environments (1990) Water harvesting and aquaculture for rural development manuals. General manuals (9 pamphlets), Fertilization manuals (3 pamphlets) and Tilapia manuals (8 pamphlets). Auburn, Alabama (USA), Auburn University, v.p.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Juveniles	Young stage of animals, usually up to the time they first become sexually mature. For fish usually between the postlarval stages up to the time they first become sexually mature. They are generally hardy at this stage	O'sullivan, D., Hilder, M. & Rough, K. (comp.) (1996) A dictionary of aquaculture. A guide to commonly used words and terms. Aquaculture Sourcebook, (6):64p. Launceston, Tasmania, Univ. Tasmania Key Centre for Aquaculture/ Turtle Press Pty Ltd., 2nd. Ed.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Larva (crustaceans)	The most widespread and typical larva to emerge from crustacean eggs is called a nauplius, which has a simple, unsegmented body and three pairs of appendages (antennules, antennae and mandibles) and a single, simple "naupliar" eye. Even when there are not nauplius (some groups omit it and emerge from the egg very similar to adults), other groups of crustaceans pass through similar stages. Depending on the groups, crustaceans will successively metamorphose into more complex larval forms which are normally characterized by different forms of locomotion.	EU Eurostat Aquaculture Handbook (2018 edition)
Larva (fish)	In a general sense, it is the individual which has not yet acquired either the morphology or the meristic characters of adults, presenting specialized larval structures. The term larvae can be applied also to the developmental stages comprised between those of yolk-sac larvae and postlarvae. An organism from the beginning of exogenous feeding to metamorphosis into juvenile. At the larval stage the animal differs greatly in appearance and behaviour from a juvenile or an adult.	GFCM Aquaculture Glossary, 2015; Terminology (A9.3)/CPAM, FAO, 2015. Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Larva (molluscs)	Once the eggs are hatched, many molluscs develop into free-swimming larvae. There can be either one or two larval stages (depending on the species): trocophore (free-swimming larvae with cilia) and veliger (second larval stage, with beginnings of foot, shell and mantle). Veligers can develop from earlier, free-swimming trocophores, or hatch directly from egg capsules having had the trocophore stage while still in the egg	EU Eurostat Aquaculture Handbook (2018 edition)



Ch. 1: Terms and Definitions 1-2-1. Aquaculture organisms life stages practical glossary

Postlarva	Stage occurring after the larval stage, resembling the juvenile but still lacking certain characteristics.	Adapted from: Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.; International Center for Aquaculture and Aquatic Environments (1990) Water harvesting and aquaculture for rural development manuals. General manuals (9 pamphlets), Fertilization manuals (3 pamphlets) and Tilapia manuals (8 pamphlets). Auburn, Alabama (USA), Auburn University, v.p.; Bondad-Reantaso, M.G., McGladdery, S.E., East, I. & Subasinghe, R.P. (2001) Asia diagnostic guide to aquatic animal diseases. FAO Fisheries Technical Paper, (402/2): 237p.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010
Seed	For statistical purposes taken to mean eggs, spawn, offspring, progeny or brood of the aquatic organism (including aquatic plants) being cultured. At this infantile stage, seed may also be referred to or known as fry, larvae, postlarvae, spat, and fingerlings. They may originate from two principal sources: from captive breeding programmes or caught from the wild.	Rana, K.J. (1997) Guidelines on the collection of structural aquaculture statistics. Supplement to the Programme for the World Census of Agriculture 2000. FAO Statistical Development Ser. (5b): 56p. Rome, FAO. Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; FTG/CSCM, FAO, 2010; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSGM, FAO, 2018
Spat	Fertilized shellfish larvae, e.g. of oysters or mussels. Spat commence life as free-swimming individuals in the plankton (the veliger stage), then settle onto suitable substrates (a spatfall). The term is also used to indicate shellfish larvae that have attached to some hard object.	FAO Fisheries Department (2003) World Fisheries and Aquaculture Atlas. CD-ROM. Rome, FAO. 2nd ed.; Anonymous (1998) AQUALEX. Multilingual glossary of aquaculture terms / Glossaire multilingue relatif aux termes utilisés en aquaculture. CD ROM, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. & Praxis Publ., UK.; Glossary of Aquaculture, FAO, 2008; FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Department, FAO; Terminology (A9.3G)/CSCM, FAO, 2010



REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Definitions and characteristic of Aquaculture → Terms and Definitions
- 2. Aquaculture Living Resources and their Attributes -> Accounting and Codes for Aquatic Productions
- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture

- The previous chapter 8 «Common concepts and codes to be used" was advanced in the handbook and aggregated to chapter 2.
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture
- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
- 9. Bibliography



Presentation of the aquaculture section in the

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revised handbook

• Ch. 2: Accounting and codes for aquatic productions

2-1. General concepts and administrative information

2-1-1. The Monitoring unit

2-1-2. Aquaculture production \rightarrow focused chapter on statistic unit, tentative definition

2-2. Harmonized codes for aquatic productions

→ Attributes and codes gathered in a sole section

- 2-2-1. Identifiers for aquatic animals and plants
- 2-2-2. Ownership and nationality of production
- 2-2-3. Culture environments
- 2-2-4. Location of production
- 2-2-5. Time unit
- 2-2-6. Currencies and funds
- 2-2-7. Fishery Commodities Classification
- 2-2-8. Converting product weight to live weight in aquatic productions

3. Farming systems and culture methods

2-3-1. Classification of farming systems

2-3-2. Measuring units for farming systems

Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided

"AQUACULTURE LIVING RESOURCES AND

THEIR ATTRIBUTES"

Was renamed, restructured to be

attributes and codes focused

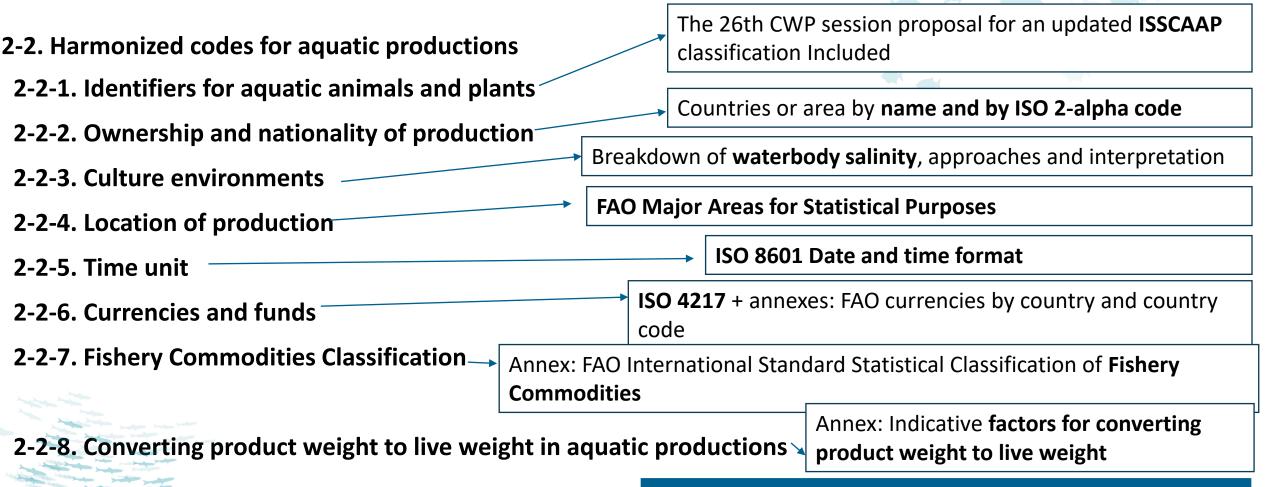


Presentation of the aquaculture section in the

revised handbook

Ch. 2: Accounting and codes for aquatic productions

Attributes and codes relevant to aquaculture production were gathered here to be found easily by readers



Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided



Ch. 2: Accounting and codes for aquatic productions

2-3-1. Classification of farming systems

For statistical purpose, the 2013 version of the HB presented this classification:

- 1. Ponds
- 2. Cages, raceways, tanks, enclosures, pens
- 3. Lake, reservoirs, dams, barrages, flood plains, irrigation systems
- 4. Rice-fish paddies (rice fields used for aquaculture)
- 5. Suspended/hanging systems, on-bottom systems, off-bottom systems

Description + Exhaustive list of examples + graphics to be included

Description and definitions didn't match

Very high level of aggregation

Drafted to the 15 categories proposal of 2019

To be updated to the 12 categories consolidated version of 2019 (Pres. 5.6.3) + new proposals

Report of the

TWENTY-SIXTH SESSION OF THE COORDINATING WORKING PARTY ON FISHERY STATISTICS

Rome, 15-18 May 2019



Presentation of the aquaculture section in the

revised handbook

Ch. 2: Accounting and codes for aquatic productions 2-3-2. Measuring units for farming

				ing diffes for	
Farming system categories	Quantity (n°)	Water surface area (Ha; m²)	Water volume (m³)	Water turnover (m³ d-1)	Other
1. Earthen ponds	*	*	*		
2. Tanks and raceways	*	*	*	*	
3. Man-made and semi man-made water bodies		*			Information on setting environments
4. Lakes, coastal lagoons and other natural water bodies		*			
5. Cages	*	*	*		Information on setting environments
6. Pens and enclosures	*	*			Information on setting environments
7. Close containment systems	NA	NA	NA	NA	
8. Fish rearing vessels	NA	NA	NA	NA	
9. RAS (recirculation aquaculture systems)	*		*	*	
10. Aquaponics system	*		*	*	
11. Rice-Fish culture and integration with another aquatic crop plantation		*			
12. Culture methods for shelled molluscs	*	*			Length of lines or ropes
13. Culture methods for seaweeds (marine macroalgae)	*	*			Length of lines or ropes
14. Culture methods for microalgae, including cyanobacteria	*	*	*	*	
15. Other culture methods	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA



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REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Definitions and characteristic of Aquaculture
- 2. Aquaculture Living Resources and their Attributes
- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources \rightarrow Accounting Aquaculture Productions
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture
- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
- 9. Bibliography





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Ch. 3: Accounting aquaculture productions

"addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources"

Was renamed and including all information on accounting spread over the document

- 3-1. Account table for aquaculture \rightarrow Account table separated in a chapter for better readability
- 3-2. Inputs to aquaculture stock
- 3-3. Aquaculture output products
 - 3-3-1. Output products for food
 - 3-3-2. Output products for non-food use
 - 3-3-3. Output for farms and stock enhancement
- 3-4. Stock of aquaculture fish resources
- 3-5. Losses of aquaculture fish resources and farming facilities

All information spread over the document was gathered in the section to avoid redundancy

Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided



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Ch. 3: Accounting aquaculture productions

3-1. Account table for aquaculture

- Previously this section was included in chapter 2, then it was revised and moved to this renamed section
- The detailing of inputs, outputs, losses and stock can be found in the same section
- The explanation of the SEEA approach on the basis of this accounting is detailed along with the table

Ctions				
	Cultivated resources – inventories	Cultivated resources – fixed assets		
Opening stock				
Overall opening stock	[Quantity of resources at the beginning of a time period] [tonnes/numbers]	[Quantity of resources at the beginning of a time period] [tonnes/numbers]		
Additions to stock				
Entry to stock	[Introduction from other monitoring unit(s)]	[Introduction from other monitoring unit(s)]		
Growth in stock	[Overall growth in quantity during a time period]	[Overall growth in quantity during a time period] [Introduction from wild]		
Reclassifications (from natural aquatic to cultivated resources)	[Introduction from wild]			
Total additions	[tonnes/numbers]	[tonnes/numbers]		
Reductions in stock				
Gross harvest	[Quantity harvested during a time period]	Not applicable		
Catastrophic losses and uncompensated seizure	[Loss in quantity due to extreme events, diseases and farming failures]	[Loss in quantity due to extreme events, diseases and farming failures]		
Reclassifications (from cultivated to natural aquatic resources)	[Released seed for stocking, escapement etc]	[Export of breeding stock to other monitoring unit(s)]		
Total reductions	[tonnes/numbers]	[tonnes/numbers]		
Closing stock of aquatic resources	[Opening stock] + [total additions] – [total reductions]	[Opening stock] + [total additions] – [total reductions]		



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Ch. 3: Accounting aquaculture productions

- 3-2. Inputs to aquaculture stock
- 3-3. Aquaculture output products
 - 3-3-1. Output products for food
 - 3-3-2. Output products for non-food use
 - 3-3-3. Output for farms and stock enhancement
- 3-4. Stock of aquaculture fish resources
- 3-5. Losses of aquaculture fish resources and farming facilities

- This section was revised in order to be applicable to a wider array of aquaculture practices
- The market for adults specimens for final grow out and not for broodstock purposes was added (stockers organisms)





REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Definitions and characteristic of Aquaculture \rightarrow 1. Terms and Definitions
- 2. Aquaculture Living Resources and their Attributes \rightarrow 2. Accounting and Codes for Aquatic Productions

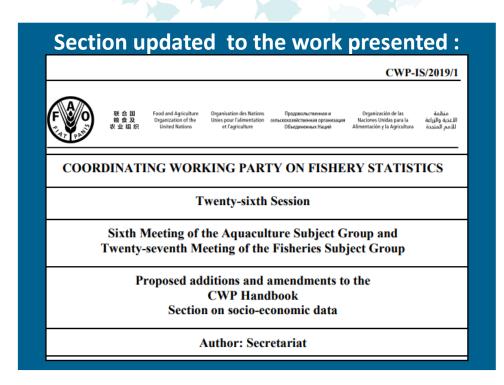
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- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources \rightarrow 3. Accounting Aquaculture Productions
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture → Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture
- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
- 9. Bibliography



4: Socio-Economic Aspects of Aquaculture

- 4-1. Aquaculture socio-economic core variables
 - 4-1-1. The gross value of production
 - 4-1-2. Employment
- 4-2. Additional variables in the aquaculture socio-economic dimension
 - 4-2-1. Employment
 - 4-2-2. Value of production
- 4-3. Structure of farming operations



Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided





Presentation of the aquaculture section in the

revised handbook

Ch. 4: Socio-Economic Aspects of Aquaculture Employment

_					CWP-I	S/2019/
F\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	联合国 粮食及 农业组织	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation et l'agriculture	Продовольственныя и овльскохозяйственный организация Объединенных Наций	Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura	منظمة تخذية والزراعة لأمم المنددة
COOF	DINATI	NG WORI	KING PAR	TY ON FISHE	RY STATIST	TICS
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				ture Subject G Fisheries Subj		
	Pı	•	CWP Hand	amendments to dbook conomic data	the	
			Author: Sec			

2013 version

- •Full-time farmers
- Part-time farmers
- Occasional farmers

or

- Employee
- Own-account worker
- Contributing family worker
- Others



International Standard Classification of Occupation

MAJOR GROUP	1	Managers
CUD 111 IOD CDOUD	40	
SUB-MAJOR GROUP	13	Production and Specialized Services Managers
Minor Group	131	Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
	1312	Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers
MAJOR GROUP	6	SKILLED AGRICULTURAL AND FISHERY WORKERS
SUB-MAJOR GROUP	62	Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers
Minor Group	622	Fishery Workers, Hunters and Trappers
	6221	Aquaculture Workers
MAJOR GROUP	9	Elementary occupations
SUB-MAJOR GROUP	92	Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
Minor Group	921	Agricultural, Fishery and Related Labourers
	9216	Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers

FTE (full-time equivalent concept included) + additional variables (age, nationality, education (Unesco classification, average wage)



Presentation of the aquaculture section in the

revised handbook

Ch. 4: Socio-Economic Aspects of Aquaculture Employment

Sixth Meeting of the Aquaculture Subject Group and Twenty-seventh Meeting of the Fisheries Subject Group

> Proposed additions and amendments to the **CWP Handbook** Section on socio-economic data

> > **Author: Secretariat**

2013 version

No economic data indicated other than "investments"



2019 Revision

Gross value of productions

Additional variables:

- Total revenue
- Total costs
- Capital value
- Remuneration

Investment is mentioned but doesn't hold a specific section



REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Definitions and characteristic of Aquaculture > 1.Terms and Definitions
- 2. Aquaculture Living Resources and their Attributes \rightarrow 2. Accounting and Codes for Aquatic Productions
- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources \rightarrow 3. Accounting Aquaculture Productions
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture \rightarrow 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture →5. Moved to chapter 5, before the "other key factors"
- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
- 9. Bibliography







Ch. 5: Minimum Reporting Requirements For National Statistics On Aquaculture

5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions



To address the needs for examples and summarize what proposed:

PROPOSALS TABLE FOR DATA COLLECTION

- 1. Administrative data and farming structure
- 2. Farming system data
- 3. Detailed account table for the aquaculture production
- 4. Socio-economic data table

TO BE REFINED

At the moment the tables are structured on the basis of the concepts provided in the chapters of the Aquaculture section

Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided



Ch. 5: Minimum Reporting Requirements for National Statistics on Aquaculture

5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions

1. Administrative data and farming structure

n°	Type of data	Data required
0	Time of the data collection	DD-MM-YYYY
1	Producer name or identifier	Noun
2	Producer typology	Noun
3	Address	Noun
4	Households involved	Number
5	Ownership and nationality of production	Code
6	Number of production units registered and/or licensed	Number
7	Number of Hatcheries	Number
8	Number of Grow-out facilities	Number
9	Number of facilities with hatchery and grow-out activities combined	Number



5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions 2. Farming system data

N°	Type of data		Data required
10	Name or identifier of farmi	ing facility	Noun
11	Location of production		Code
12	Type of facility	1 Hatchery 2 Grow-out	Noun
	Type of facility	3 Hatchery and grow-out combined	Tioun
		1 Mariculture	
13	Culture environment	2 Brackishwater Culture	Noun
		3 Freshwater Culture	
		1 Extensive	
14	Intensity of culture	2 Semi-intensive	Noun
		3 Intensive	
		1 Earthen ponds	
		2 Tanks and raceways	
		3 Man-made and semi man-made water bodies	
		4 Lakes, lagoons and other natural water bodies	
		5 Cages	
		6 Pens and enclosures	
		7 Close containment systems	
15	Farming system	8 Fish rearing vessels	Noun
		9 RAS (recirculation aquaculture systems)	
		10 Aquaponics system	
		11 Rice-Fish culture and integration with another aquatic crop plantation	
		12 Culture methods for shelled molluscs	
		13 Culture methods for seaweeds (marine macroalgae)	
,		14 Culture methods for microalgae, including cyanobacteria	
		15 Other culture methods	
16	Dimension(s) of the produc	ctive site	Number
	H		
17	Number of species farmed		Number



5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions

3. Detailed account table for the aquaculture production (1)



N°	Type of data	Data required						
18	Identifier for farmed species	entifier for farmed species						
19	Opening stock 1	Inventories opening stock				*	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value	
	2	Fixed assets - opening stock					Number/Biomass - ex-gate value	
20	Entry to 1 stock	Entry to stock - Inventories - Broodstock	from the wild				Number/Biomass - purchase value	
	Stock	inventories - Broodstock 2	from other aquaculture facilities	1	Domestic Market	1Non genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
						2Genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
				2	Imported	1Non genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
						2Genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
	2	Inputs - Fixed assets – Seeds - Larvae	from the wild	Number/Biomass - purchase value				
		peeds Eurvae 2	from other aquaculture facilities	1 Domestic Market		1Non genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
						2Genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
				2	Imported	1Non genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
						2Genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
+	3	Inputs - Fixed assets – Juveniles and Adults for	from the wild				Number/Biomass - purchase value	
		grow out 2	from other aquaculture facilities	1	Domestic Market	1Non genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
						2Genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
T X				2	Imported	1 Non genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	
						2Genetically modified	Number/Biomass - purchase value	



5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions 3. Detailed account table for the aquaculture production (2)

21 Reductio	ons 1	C	Output for	1	Egg	1	Local market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
to stock	k	f	ood			2	International market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
				L			1 Destination	n country	Code						
				2	Larvae	1	Local market	<i>'</i>	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
						2	International market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
								1 Destination country	Code						
				3	Juveniles	1	Local market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
						2	International market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
								1 Destination country	Code						
				4	Adults	1	Local market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
						2	International market		Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
.	L							1 Destination country	Code						
.	2	C	Output for	1	Ornamental	1	Eggs	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
		n	non-food use		(or aquaria)			2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
					organisms			1 Destination country	Code						
					-	2	Larvae	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
								2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
							1 Destination cou	1 Destination country	Code						
						3	Juveniles	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
														2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
							1 Destination country	Code							
												4	Adults	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
															2International market
								Destination country	Code						
				2	Raw	1	Eggs	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
								materials			2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value			
					for jewelry,			1 Destination country	Code						
					apparel,	2	Larvae	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
-					handicraft			2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
-					etc.			1 Destination country	Code						
						3	Juveniles	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
								2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
								1 Destination country	Code						
						4	Adults	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
	-							2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value						
	1							1 Destination country	Code						



5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions 3. Detailed account table for the aquaculture production (3)

	3	Industrial use	1 Eggs	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code
			2 Larvae	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code
			3 Juveniles	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code
			4 Adults	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2 International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
1 1				1 Destination country	Code
	4	Others	1 Eggs	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2 International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code
			2 Larvae	1Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2 International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code
			3 Juveniles	1 Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2 International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code
			4 Adults	1 Local market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				2International market	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
				1 Destination country	Code



5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions

3. Detailed account table for the aquaculture production (4)

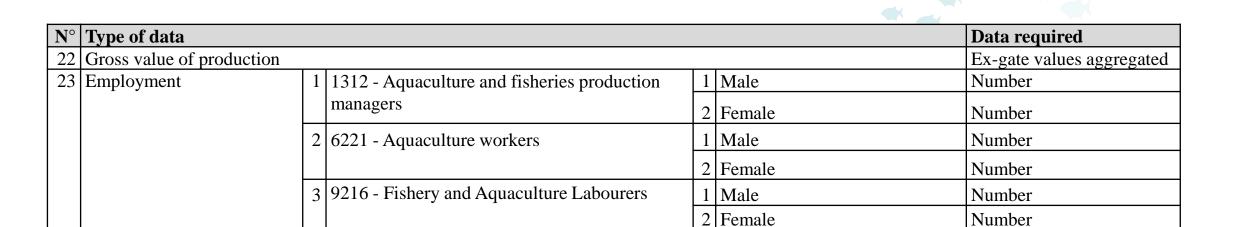


3	Output for farms and	1	Released to the wild	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
	stock enhancement	2	1 Location of release	Code
			Released to a controlled environment for recreational purposes	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
			1 Location of release	Code
		3	Destined for domestic aquatic practices	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
		4	Exported	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
			1 Destination country	Code
4	Catastrophic losses	1	Loss of cultured organisms due to diseases	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
	and uncompensated		Loss of cultured organisms due to natural disasters and other	
	seizure	2	environmental impact	Number/Biomass - ex-gate value
			Loss of culturing facilities/equipments due to natural disasters and other environmental	
<u> </u>		3	impacts	Number - ex-gate value



5.1 Aquaculture Questionnaire and Database Suggestions

4. Socio-economic data table





REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Definitions and characteristic of Aquaculture → 1.Terms and Definitions
- 2. Aquaculture Living Resources and their Attributes \rightarrow 2. Accounting and Codes for Aquatic Productions
- 3. Addition and reduction of aquaculture fish resources \rightarrow 3. Accounting Aquaculture Productions
- 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture \rightarrow 4. Socio-economic aspects of aquaculture
- 5. Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems \rightarrow 6. Beyond minimum requirements
- 6. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture \rightarrow 5. Minimum reporting requirements for national statistics on aquaculture

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- 7. Data collection and planning and implementing surveys
- 8. Common concepts and codes to be used
- 9. Bibliography



Presentation of the aquaculture section in the

revised handbook

"Other key factors affecting aquaculture production systems"

Was renamed, it was too generic, contestualized in the workflow of data collection

Ch. 6: Beyond Minimum Requirements

2013 version:

- 5-1. Water, sources and quality characteristics
- 5-2. Feeds and Fertilizers
- 5-3. Antibacterials
- 5-4. Energy

2021 revision

6-1. Climate Change

TO BE DEFINED



- 6-2. Water, sources and quality characteristics
- 6-2. Feeds and Fertilizers
- 6-3. Veterinary drugs in aquaculture
- 6-4. Energy
- 6-5. Land use Moved from ch. 7
- 6-6. Use of spatial information technology

Moved from ch. 7



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Ch. 6: Beyond Minimum Requirements

6-1. Climate Change

TO BE DEFINED



Added on the basis of experts recommendation, to be drafted

6-2. Water, sources and quality characteristics

Integrated on the basis of experts recommendation

6-2. Feeds and Fertilizers

The list of feeds and fertilizers was reorganized, content is unchanged, a proposal table was included

6-3. Veterinary drugs in aquaculture

Renamed to include other potentially abused drugs, AMR references added

6-4. Energy

Updated and revised, a more practical approach and suggestions are delivered

6-5. Land use

Revised and Moved from ch. 7

6-6. Use of spatial information technology

Revised and Moved from ch. 7



Ch. 7: Data Collection and Planning and Implementing Surveys

2013 version

- 7-1. Global Strategy of Improving Agricultural and Rural Statistics
- 7-2. Coordination with agriculture and population census
- 7-3. Use of spatial information technology

Moved to ch. 6

7-4. Administrative data

Included in ch. 6

2021 revision

- 7-1. Global Strategy of Improving Agricultural and Rural Statistics
- 7-2. Coordination with agriculture and population census

Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided



Ch. 7: Data Collection and Planning and Implementing Surveys

7-1. Global Strategy of Improving Agricultural and Rural Statistics

7-2. Coordination with agriculture and population census

Focused the chapter on the WCA approach on structuring and planning censuses

Shortened so to fit the style and context of the Handbook

Revised to not overlap word-to-word with the WCA chapter on aquaculture

Content revised and updated, working hyperlinks provided



REVISED STRUCTURE:

1: Terms and Definitions

- Renamed and focused on definitions and glossary
- 2: Accounting and Codes for Aquatic Productions

Renamed – attributes and codes focused

• 3: Accounting Aquaculture Productions

Renamed – gathering all information on accounting

• 4: Socio-Economic Aspects of Aquaculture

Name maintained – Updated content

• 5: Minimum Reporting Requirements

Name maintained – Updated content

• 6: Beyond Minimum Requirements

Renamed – too generic in the first place

7: Data Collection and Planning and Implementing Surveys

Name maintained – Updated content

8→7

The previous chapter 8 «Common concepts and codes to be used" was advanced in the handbook and aggregated to chapter 2.



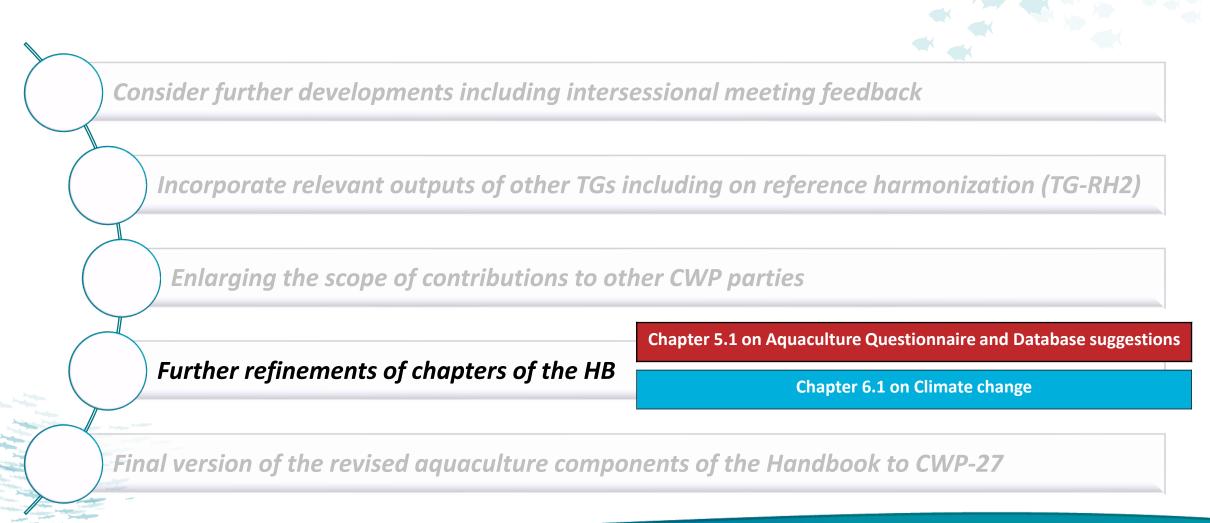
REVISED STRUCTURE:

- 1: Terms and Definitions
- 2: Accounting and Codes for Aquatic Productions
- 3: Accounting Aquaculture Productions
- 4: Socio-Economic Aspects of Aquaculture
- 5: Minimum Reporting Requirements
- 6: Beyond Minimum Requirements
- 7: Data Collection and Planning and Implementing Surveys

Structured to be adaptable: Can either work in the CWP webpage and as a stand-alone publication



NEXT STEPS





Thank you • Merci Благодарю • ¡Muchas gracias!

謝謝 - 加え

