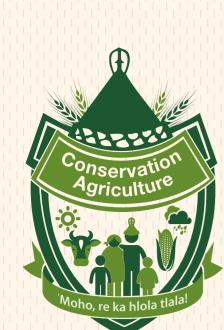
CONSERVATION AGRICULTURE: AN OVERVIEW

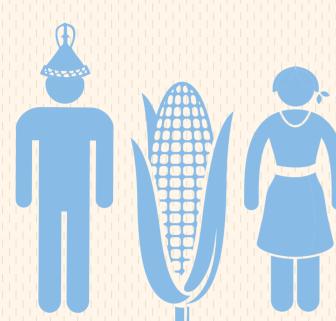


CONSERVATION AGRICULTURE: FOOD SECURITY IN LESOTHO FOR A CHANGING CLIMATE

Adapting our farming system to ensure a sustainable future We must protect the environment that feeds us. We must protect our families.

While we have produced food crops through conventional tillage for many years, this has come at great cost to our environment and soil productivity with negative impact on our households' food security. Conservation agriculture offers us the best opportunity for climate change adaptation.

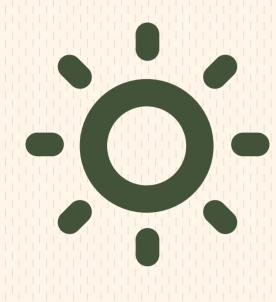
Climate Change Adaptation: why is it urgent?



Adapt to unpredictable and erratic rainfall. Reduce incidents of crop failures. Improve food seurity. Reduce poverty.

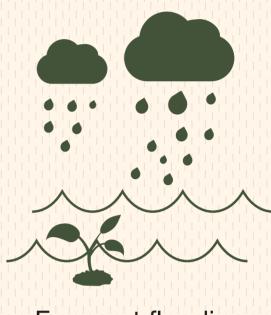
Climate Change Consequences

Weather has become more unpredictable, less regular.



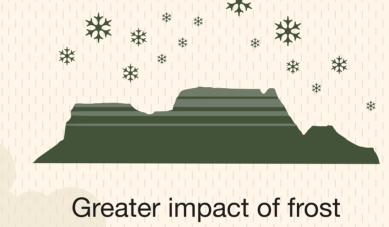
Extreme temperatures





Frequent flooding





How do we adapt to Climate Change?



(e.g. Likoti)



irrigation systems





Conservation Agriculture & Climate Change Adaptation

(e.g. Keyhole gardening)



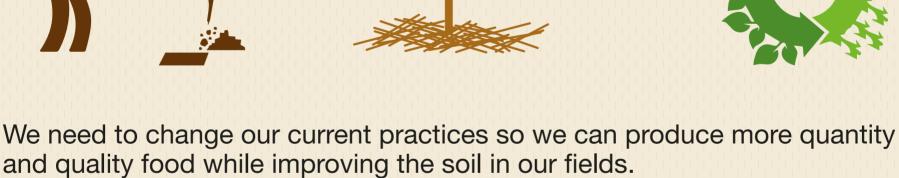
to coincide with first rains

Conservation Agriculture (CA) is one of the best adaptation techniques in Lesotho context and it is accessible to all. The principles of CA are:

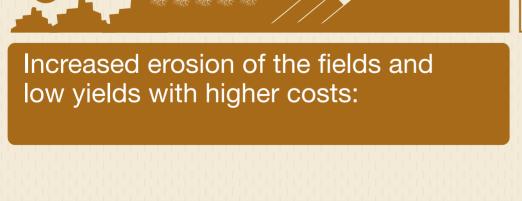
permanent soil cover: crop rotation and/or minimum soil disturbance. crop residue or live mulch. intercropping.



Conventional Tillage





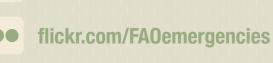




Conservation Agriculture







@FA0emergencies

www.fao.org/emergencies/results/en/?keywords=conservation%20agriculture

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